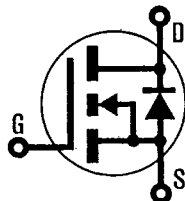


HEXFET® TRANSISTORS IRFJ220**N-CHANNEL
POWER MOSFETs****IRFJ221****IRFJ222****IRFJ223****200 Volt, 0.8 Ohm HEXFET**

The HEXFET® technology is the key to International Rectifier's advanced line of power MOSFET transistors. The efficient geometry and unique processing of the HEXFET design achieve very low on-state resistance combined with high transconductance and great device ruggedness.

The HEXFET transistors also feature all of the well established advantages of MOSFETs such as voltage control, very fast switching, ease of paralleling, and temperature stability of the electrical parameters.

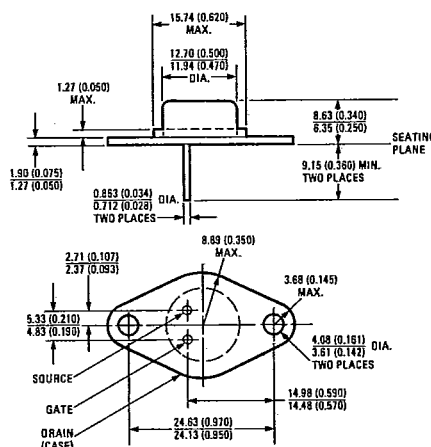
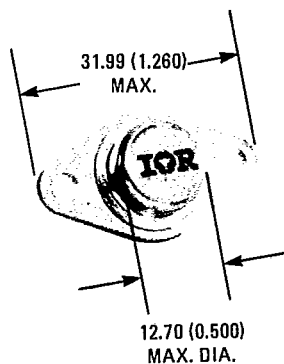
They are well suited for applications such as switching power supplies, motor controls, inverters, choppers, audio amplifiers, and high energy pulse circuits.

Features:

- Fast Switching
- Low Drive Current
- Ease of Paralleling
- Excellent Temperature Stability

Product Summary

Part Number	V _{DS}	R _{DS(on)}	I _D
IRFJ220	200V	0.8Ω	5.0A
IRFJ221	150V	0.8Ω	5.0A
IRFJ222	200V	1.2Ω	4.0A
IRFJ223	150V	1.2Ω	4.0A

CASE STYLE AND DIMENSIONS

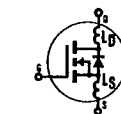
Conforms to JEDEC Case Style TO-213AA (TO-66)
Dimensions in Millimeters and (Inches)

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	IRFJ220	IRFJ221	IRFJ222	IRFJ223	Units
V_{DS} Drain - Source Voltage ①	200	150	200	150	V
V_{DGR} Drain - Gate Voltage ($R_{GS} = 20\text{ k}\Omega$) ①	200	150	200	150	V
$I_D @ T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Continuous Drain Current	5.0	5.0	4.0	4.0	A
$I_D @ T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$ Continuous Drain Current	3.0	3.0	2.5	2.5	A
I_{DM} Pulsed Drain Current ③	20	20	16	16	A
V_{GS} Gate - Source Voltage	± 20				V
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Max. Power Dissipation	40 (See Fig. 14)				W
Linear Derating Factor	0.32 (See Fig. 14)				W/K ④
I_{LM} Inductive Current, Clamped	(See Fig. 15 and 16) $L = 100\mu\text{H}$				A
T_J Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 150				$^\circ\text{C}$
Lead Temperature	300 (0.063 in. (1.6mm) from case for 10s)				$^\circ\text{C}$

Electrical Characteristics @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

Parameter	Type	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
BV_{DSS} Drain - Source Breakdown Voltage	IRFJ220	200	—	—	V	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$
	IRFJ222	200	—	—	V	$I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$
	IRFJ221	150	—	—	V	
$V_{GS(th)}$ Gate Threshold Voltage	ALL	2.0	—	4.0	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}$, $I_D = 250\mu\text{A}$
I_{GSS} Gate - Source Leakage Forward	ALL	—	—	100	nA	$V_{GS} = 20\text{V}$
I_{GSS} Gate - Source Leakage Reverse	ALL	—	—	100	nA	$V_{GS} = -20\text{V}$
I_{DSS} Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	ALL	—	—	250	μA	$V_{DS} = \text{Max. Rating}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$
		—	—	1000	μA	$V_{DS} = \text{Max. Rating} \times 0.8$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$, $T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$
$I_{D(on)}$ On-State Drain Current ②	IRFJ220	5.0	—	—	A	$V_{DS} > I_{D(on)} \times R_{DS(on)max.}$, $V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$
	IRFJ221	—	—	—	A	
	IRFJ222	4.0	—	—	A	
$R_{DS(on)}$ Static Drain-Source On-State Resistance ②	IRFJ220	—	0.5	0.8	Ω	$V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$, $I_D = 2.5\text{A}$
	IRFJ221	—	—	—	Ω	
	IRFJ222	—	0.8	1.2	Ω	
g_{fs} Forward Transconductance ②	ALL	1.3	2.5	—	S (①)	$V_{DS} > I_{D(on)} \times R_{DS(on)max.}$, $I_D = 2.5\text{A}$
C_{iss} Input Capacitance	ALL	—	450	600	pF	$V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$, $V_{DS} = 25\text{V}$, $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$ See Fig. 10
C_{oss} Output Capacitance	ALL	—	150	300	pF	
C_{rss} Reverse Transfer Capacitance	ALL	—	40	80	pF	
$t_{d(on)}$ Turn-On Delay Time	ALL	—	20	40	ns	$V_{DD} = 0.5BV_{DSS}$, $I_D = 2.5\text{A}$, $Z_\theta = 50^\circ\text{C/W}$ See Fig. 17 (MOSFET switching times are essentially independent of operating temperature.)
t_r Rise Time	ALL	—	30	60	ns	
$t_{d(off)}$ Turn-Off Delay Time	ALL	—	50	100	ns	
t_f Fall Time	ALL	—	30	60	ns	$V_{GS} = 10\text{V}$, $I_D = 6.0\text{A}$, $V_{DS} = 0.8 \text{ Max. Rating}$. See Fig. 18 for test circuit. (Gate charge is essentially independent of operating temperature.)
Q_g Total Gate Charge (Gate-Source Plus Gate-Drain)	ALL	—	11	15	nC	
Q_{gs} Gate-Source Charge	ALL	—	5.0	—	nC	
Q_{gd} Gate-Drain ("Miller") Charge	ALL	—	6.0	—	nC	
L_D Internal Drain Inductance	ALL	—	5.0	—	nH	Measured between the contact screw on header that is closer to source and gate pins and center of die.
L_S Internal Source Inductance	ALL	—	12.5	—	nH	Measured from the source pin, 6 mm (0.25 in.) from header and source bonding pad.



Thermal Resistance

R_{thJC} Junction-to-Case	ALL	—	—	3.1	K/W ④	Mounting surface flat, smooth, and greased. Typical socket mount
R_{thCS} Case-to-Sink	ALL	—	0.2	—	K/W ④	
R_{thJA} Junction-to-Ambient	ALL	—	—	50	K/W ④	

Source-Drain Diode Ratings and Characteristics

INTERNATIONAL RECTIFIER

T-39-11

I_S	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	IRFJ220 IRFJ221	—	—	5.0	A	Modified MOSFET symbol showing the integral $\times$ reverse P-N junction rectifier.	
		IRFJ222 IRFJ223	—	—	4.0	A		
I_{SM}	Pulse Source Current (Body Diode) ③	IRFJ220 IRFJ221	—	—	20	A		
		IRFJ222 IRFJ223	—	—	16	A		
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage ②	IRFJ220 IRFJ221	—	—	2.0	V	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_S = 5.0\text{A}, V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$	
		IRFJ222 IRFJ223	—	—	1.8	V		
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	ALL	—	350	—	ns	$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}, I_F = 5.0\text{A}, dI_F/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	
Q_{RR}	Reverse Recovered Charge	ALL	—	2.3	—	μC		
t_{on}	Forward Turn-on Time	ALL	$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}, I_F = 5.0\text{A}, dI_F/dt = 100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$					
			Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible. Turn-on speed is substantially controlled by $L_S + L_D$.					

① $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ to 150°C .

② Pulse Test: Pulse width $< 300\mu\text{s}$, Duty Cycle $< 2\%$.

③ Repetitive Rating: Pulse width limited by max. junction temperature. See Transient Thermal Impedance Curve (Fig. 5).

④ $K/W = ^\circ\text{C}/W$
 $W/K = W/^\circ\text{C}$

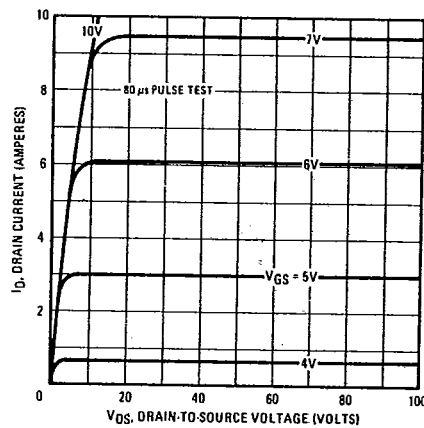


Fig. 1 - Typical Output Characteristics

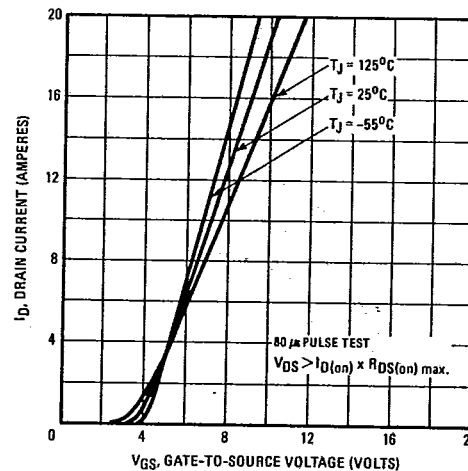


Fig. 2 - Typical Transfer Characteristics

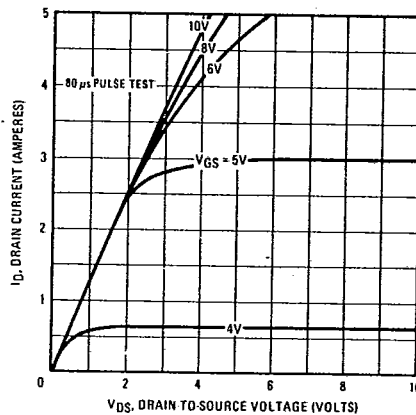


Fig. 3 - Typical Saturation Characteristics

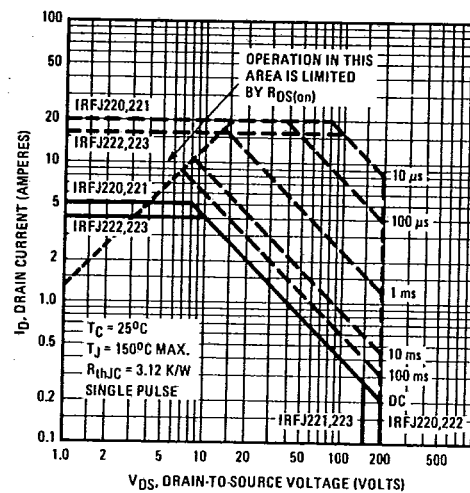


Fig. 4 - Maximum Safe Operating Area

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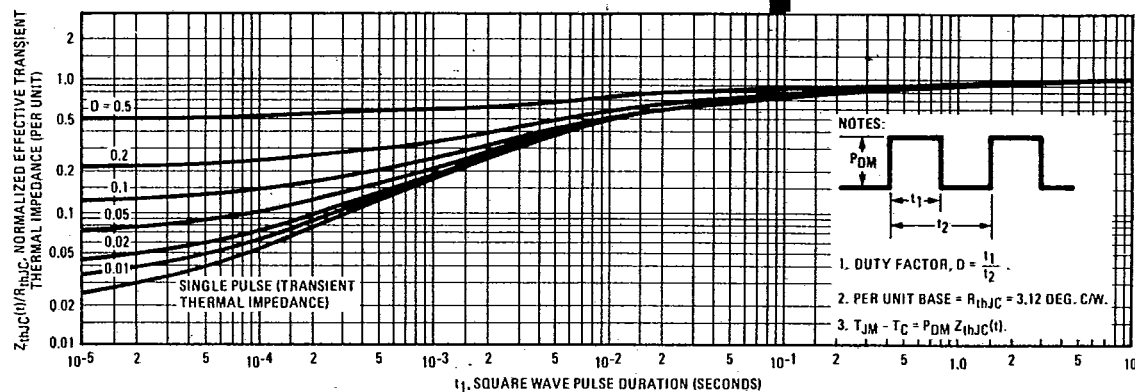


Fig. 5 - Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case Vs. Pulse Duration

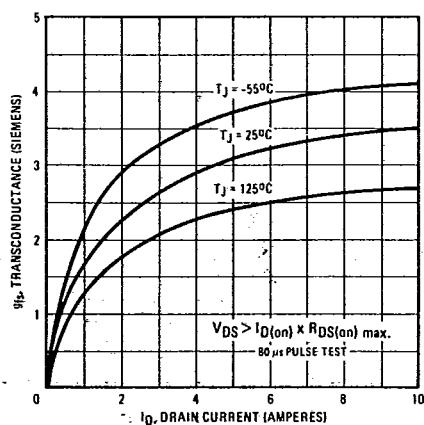


Fig. 6 - Typical Transconductance Vs. Drain Current

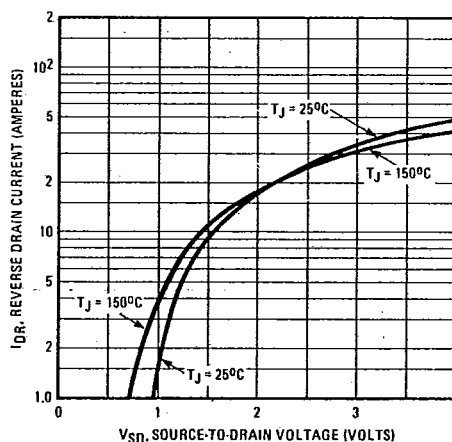


Fig. 7 - Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

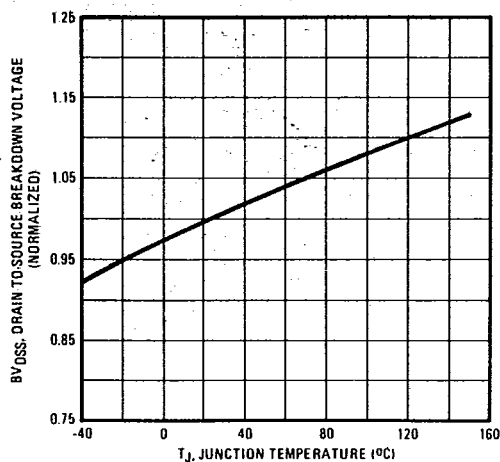


Fig. 8 - Breakdown Voltage Vs. Temperature

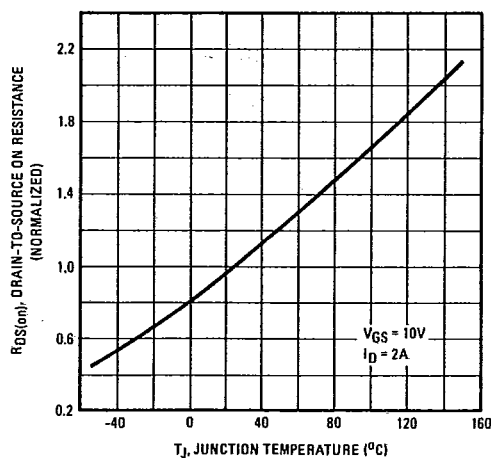


Fig. 9 - Normalized On-Resistance Vs. Temperature

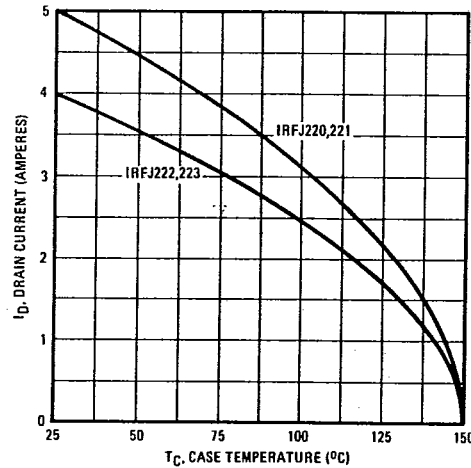
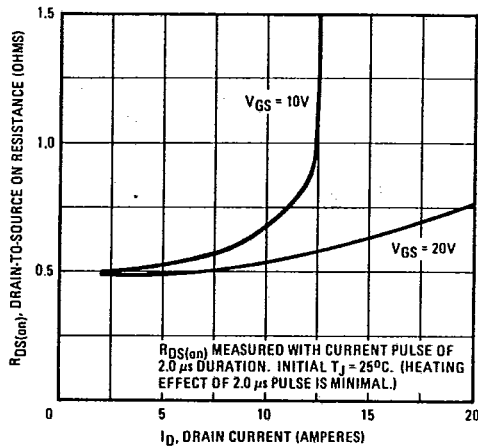
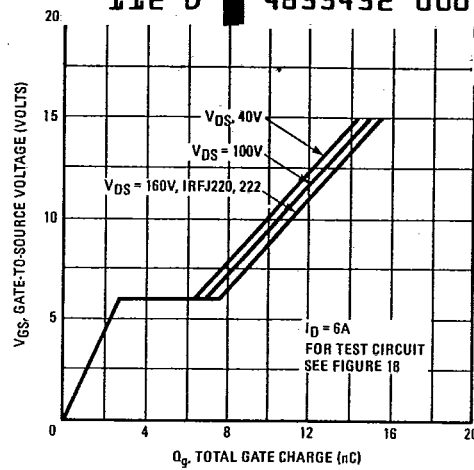
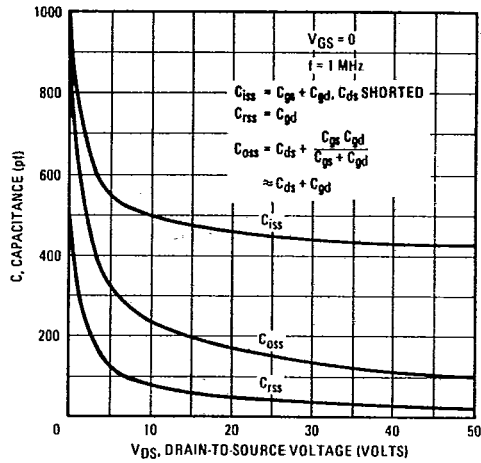


Fig. 12 - Typical On-Resistance Vs. Drain Current

Fig. 13 - Maximum Drain Current Vs. Case Temperature

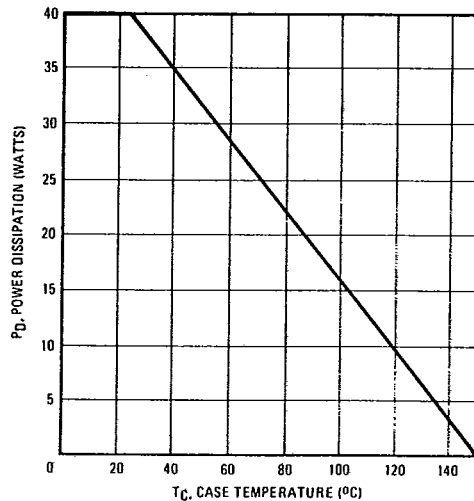


Fig. 14 - Power Vs. Temperature Derating Curve

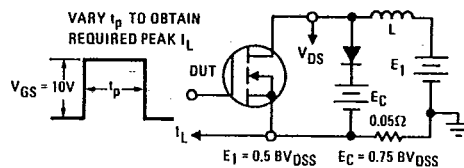


Fig. 15 - Clamped Inductive Test Circuit

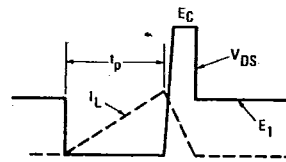


Fig. 16 - Clamped Inductive Waveforms

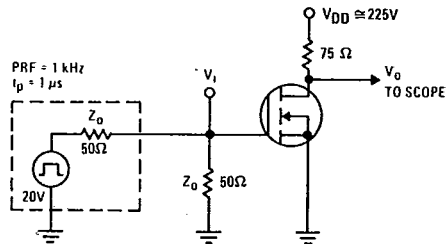


Fig. 17 - Switching Time Test Circuit

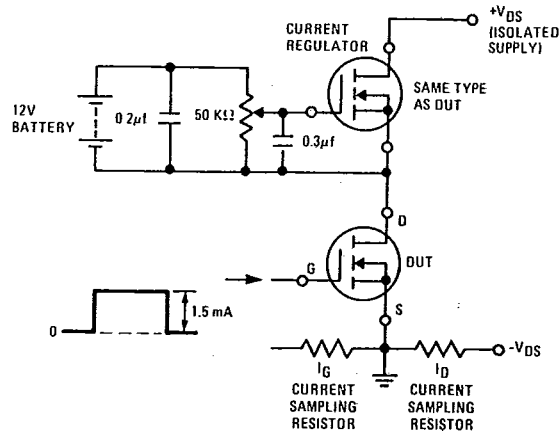


Fig. 18 - Gate Charge Test Circuit