

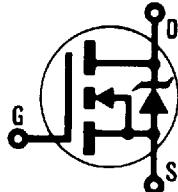
INTERNATIONAL RECTIFIER



## AVALANCHE ENERGY RATED AND dv/dt RATED

## HEXFET® TRANSISTOR

IRFM054



N-CHANNEL

## 60 Volt, 0.027 Ohm HEXFET

The HEXFET® technology is the key to International Rectifier's advanced line of power MOSFET transistors. The efficient geometry design achieves very low on-state resistance combined with high transconductance.

The HEXFET transistors also feature all of the well established advantages of MOSFETs such as voltage control, very fast switching, ease of paralleling and temperature stability of the electrical parameters.

They are well suited for applications such as switching power supplies and virtually any application where military and/or high reliability is required.

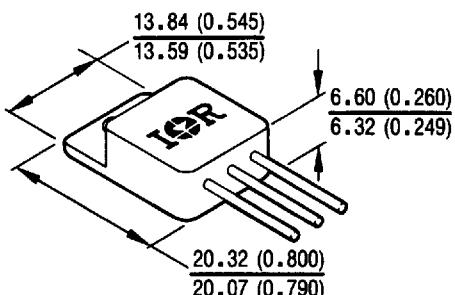
## Product Summary

Part Number	BV <sub>DSS</sub>	R <sub>D(on)</sub>	I <sub>D</sub>
IRFM054	60V	0.027Ω	35A*

## FEATURES:

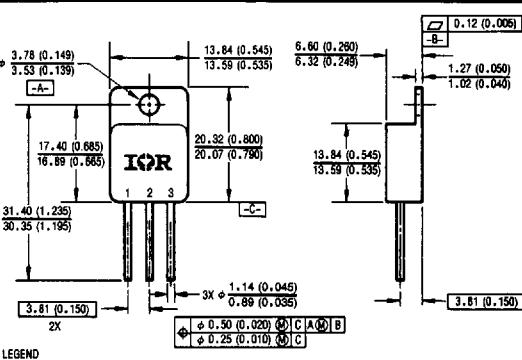
- Avalanche Energy Rating
- Isolated and Hermetically Sealed
- Alternative to TO-3 Package
- Simple Drive Requirements
- Ease of Paralleling
- Ceramic Eyelets

## CASE STYLE AND DIMENSIONS



## CAUTION

BERYLLOID WARNING PER MIL-S-19500  
SEE PAGE I-284



## LEGEND

- 1 DRAIN
- 2 SOURCE
- 3 GATE

## NOTES:

- 1 DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M - 1982.
- 2 ALL DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS (INCHES).

Conforms to JEDEC Outline TO-254AA\*  
Dimensions in Millimeters and (Inches)

\*For leadform configurations see page I-284, fig. 15

<sup>a</sup>I<sub>D</sub> current limited by pin diameter

**Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	IRFM054	Units
$I_D @ V_{GS} = 10V, T_C = 25^\circ C$ Continuous Drain Current	35*	A
$I_D @ V_{GS} = 10V, T_C = 100^\circ C$ Continuous Drain Current	35	
$I_{DM}$ Pulsed Drain Current ①	220	
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$ Max. Power Dissipation	150	W
Linear Derating Factor	1.2	W/K ⑤
$V_{GS}$ Gate-to-Source Voltage	$\pm 20$	V
$E_{AS}$ Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ②	480	mJ
$dv/dt$ Peak Diode Recovery $dv/dt$ ③	4.5	V/ns
$T_J$ $T_{STG}$ Operating Junction Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 150	$^\circ C$
Lead Temperature	300 (0.063 in. (1.6 mm) from case for 10s)	
Weight	9.3 (typical)	g

\*  $I_D$  current limited by pin diameter**Electrical Characteristics @  $T_J = 25^\circ C$  (Unless Otherwise Specified)**

Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
$V_{DSS}$ Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	60	—	—	V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = 1.0\text{ mA}$
$\Delta V_{DSS}/\Delta T_J$ Temperature Coefficient of Breakdown Voltage	—	0.68	—	V/ $^\circ C$	Reference to $25^\circ C, I_D = 1.0\text{ mA}$
$R_{DS(on)}$ Static Drain-to-Source On-State Resistance	—	—	0.027	$\Omega$	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 35A$ ④
$V_{GS(th)}$ Gate Threshold Voltage	2.0	—	4.0	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = 250\text{ }\mu A$
$g_{fs}$ Forward Transconductance	20	—	—	S ( $\Omega$ )	$V_{DS} \geq 15V, I_{DS} = 35A$ ④
$I_{DSS}$ Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	—	—	25	$\mu A$	$V_{DS} = 0.8\text{ Max. Rating}, V_{GS} = 0V$
	—	—	250		$V_{DS} = 0.8 \times \text{Max. Rating}$ $V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 125^\circ C$
$I_{GSS}$ Gate-to-Source Leakage Forward	—	—	100	$nA$	$V_{GS} = 20V$
$I_{GSS}$ Gate-to-Source Leakage Reverse	—	—	-100		$V_{GS} = -20V$
$Q_g$ Total Gate Charge	80	—	180	$nC$	$V_{GS} = 10V, I_D = 35A$
$Q_{gs}$ Gate-to-Source Charge	20	—	45		$V_{DS} = 0.5 \times \text{Max. Rating}$
$Q_{gd}$ Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge	34	—	105	$ns$	See Fig. 6 and 14
$t_{d(on)}$ Turn-On Delay Time	—	—	33		$V_{DD} = 30V, I_D = 35A, R_G = 2.35\Omega$
$t_r$ Rise Time	—	—	180	$ns$	See Fig. 11
$t_{d(off)}$ Turn-Off Delay Time	—	—	100		
$t_f$ Fall Time	—	—	100		
$L_D$ Internal Drain Inductance	—	8.7	—	$nH$	Measured from the drain lead, 6 mm (0.25 in.) from package to center of die.
$L_S$ Internal Source Inductance	—	8.7	—		Modified MOSFET symbol showing the internal inductances. 
$C_{iss}$ Input Capacitance	—	4600	—	$pF$	$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 25V$
$C_{oss}$ Output Capacitance	—	2000	—		$f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$
$C_{rss}$ Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	340	—		See Fig. 5
$C_{DC}$ Drain-to-Case Capacitance	—	12	—		

## Source-Drain Diode Ratings and Characteristics

Parameter		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
I <sub>S</sub>	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	35*	A	Modified MOSFET symbol showing the integral Reverse p-n junction rectifier.
I <sub>SM</sub>	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ①	—	—	220		
V <sub>SD</sub>	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	2.5	V	T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C, I <sub>S</sub> = 35A, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0V ④
t <sub>rr</sub>	Reverse Recovery Time	—	—	280	nS	T <sub>J</sub> = 25°C, I <sub>F</sub> = 35A, dI/dt ≤ 100 A/μs ④
Q <sub>RR</sub>	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	—	2.2	μC	V <sub>DD</sub> ≤ 50V
t <sub>on</sub>	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible. Turn-on speed is substantially controlled by L <sub>S</sub> + L <sub>D</sub> .				

\*I<sub>S</sub> current limited by pin diameter

## Thermal Resistance

Parameter		Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
R <sub>thJC</sub>	Junction-to-Case	—	—	0.83		
R <sub>thCS</sub>	Case-to-Sink	—	0.21	—	K/W ⑤	Mounting surface flat, smooth, and greased
R <sub>thJA</sub>	Junction-to-Ambient	—	—	48		Typical socket mount

① Repetitive Rating: Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature (see figure 9)  
Refer to current HEXFET reliability report

② @ V<sub>DD</sub> = 25V, Starting T<sub>J</sub> = 25°C,  
L ≥ 450 μH, R<sub>G</sub> = 25Ω,  
Peak I<sub>L</sub> = 35A

③ I<sub>SD</sub> ≤ 35A, dI/dt ≤ 200 A/μs,  
V<sub>DD</sub> ≤ BV<sub>DSS</sub>, T<sub>J</sub> ≤ 125°C  
Suggested R<sub>G</sub> = 2.35Ω

④ Pulse width ≤ 300 μs; Duty Cycle ≤ 2%

⑤ K/W = °C/W  
W/K = W/°C

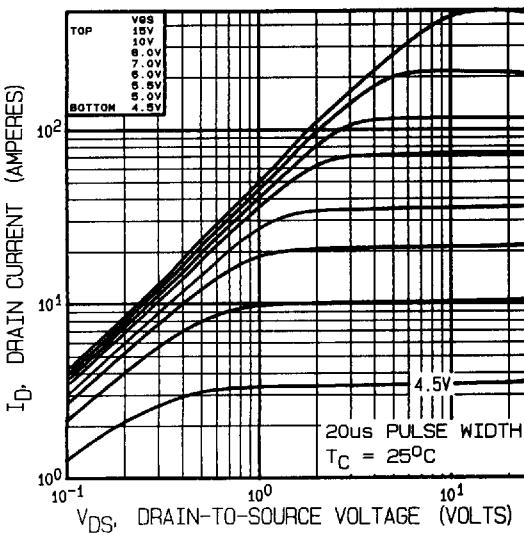
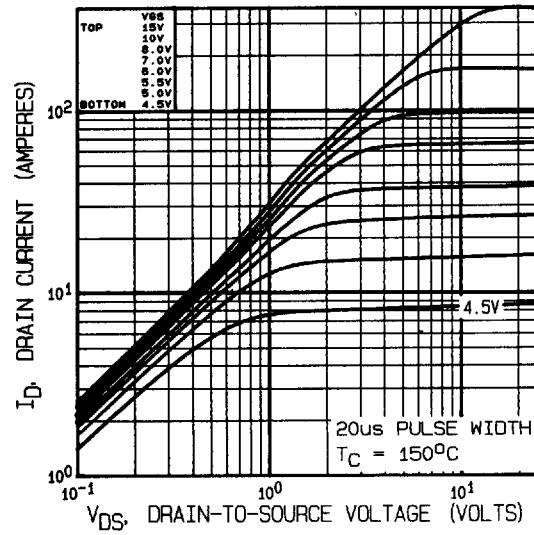
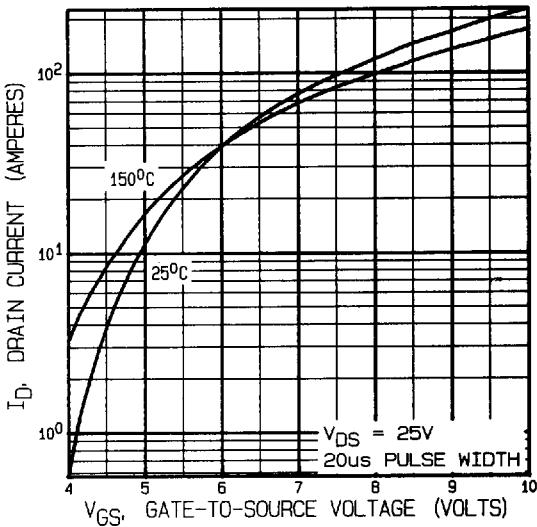
Fig. 1 — Typical Output Characteristics,  $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Fig. 2 — Typical Output Characteristics,  $T_C = 150^\circ\text{C}$ 

Fig. 3 — Typical Transfer Characteristics

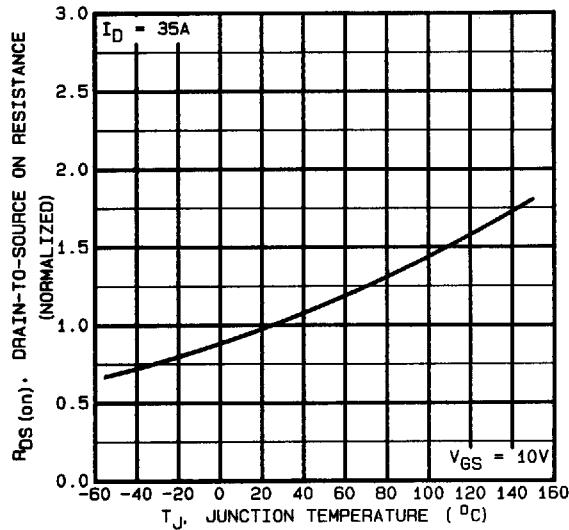


Fig. 4 — Normalized On-Resistance Vs. Temperature

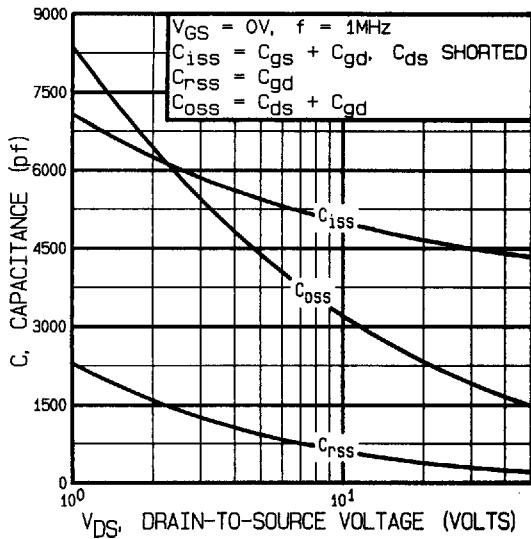


Fig. 5 — Typical Capacitance Vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

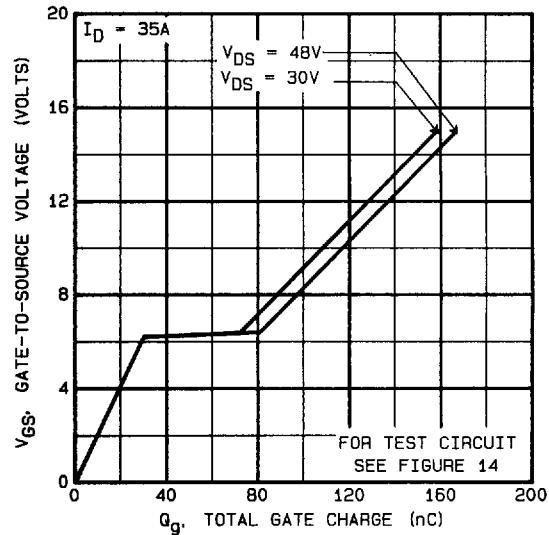


Fig. 6 — Typical Gate Charge Vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

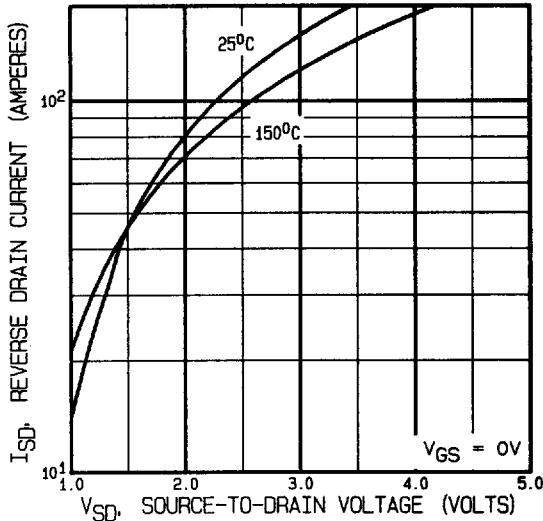


Fig. 7 — Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

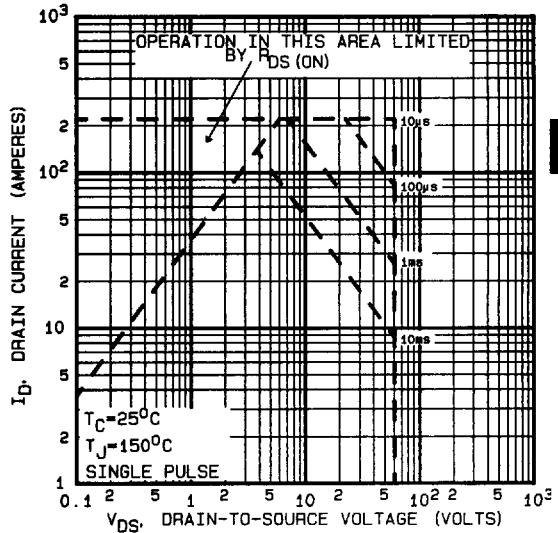


Fig. 8 — Maximum Safe Operating Area

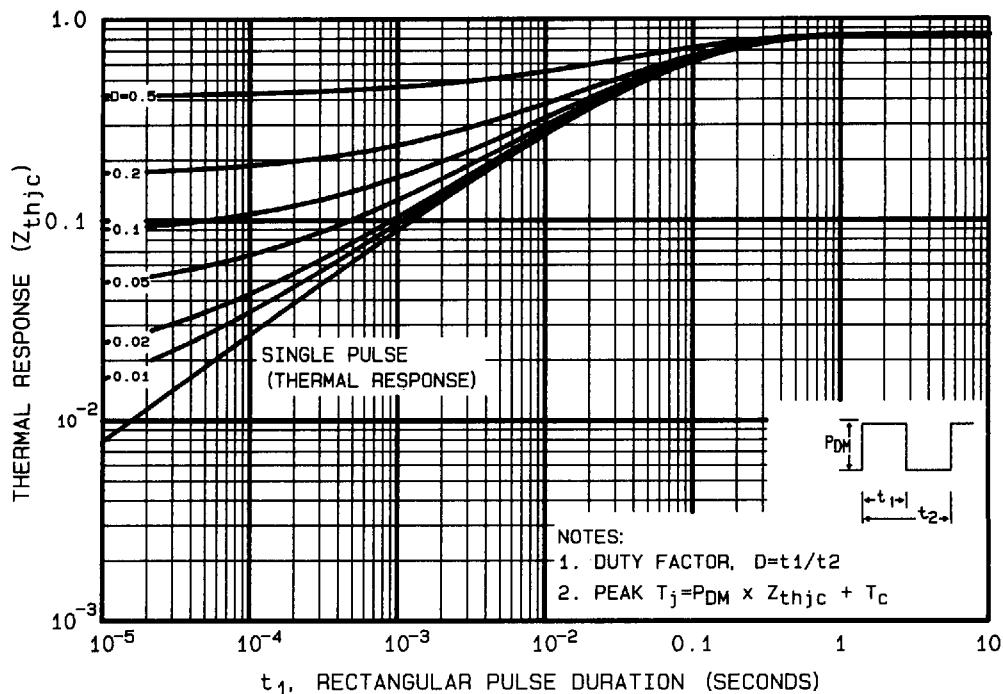


Fig. 9 — Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case Vs. Pulse Duration

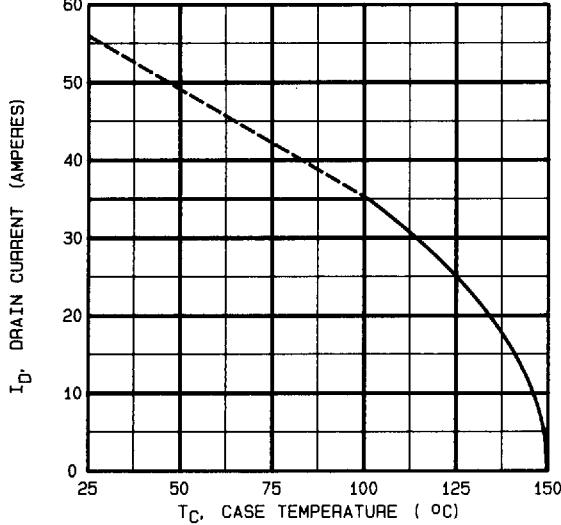


Fig. 10 — Maximum Drain Current Vs. Case Temperature

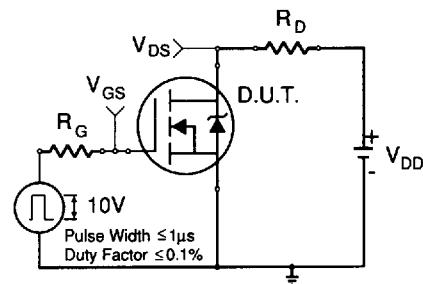


Fig. 11a — Switching Time Test Circuit

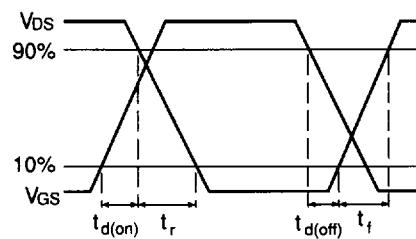


Fig. 11b — Switching Time Waveforms

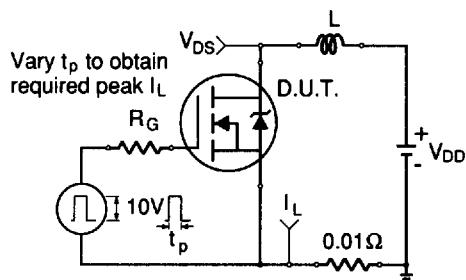


Fig. 12a — Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

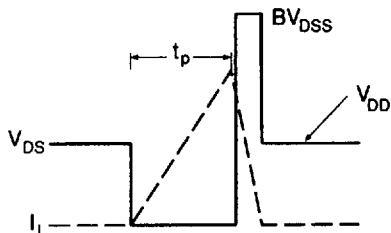


Fig. 12b — Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

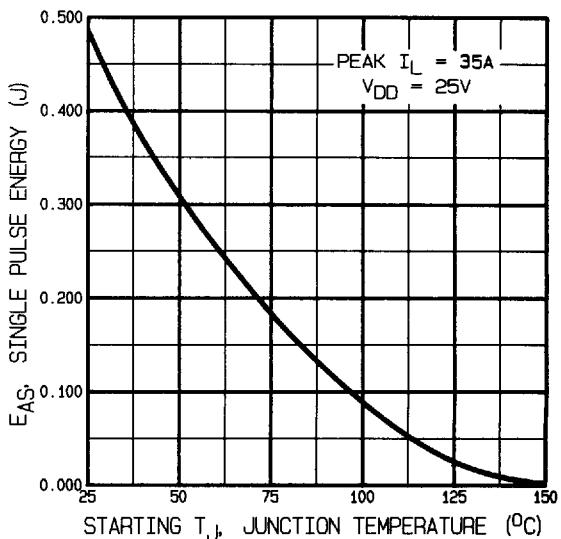
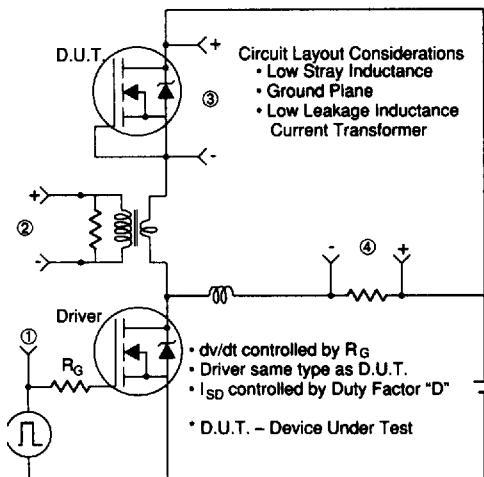


Fig. 12c — Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Starting Junction Temperature

Fig. 13 — Peak Diode Recovery  $dv/dt$  Test Circuit

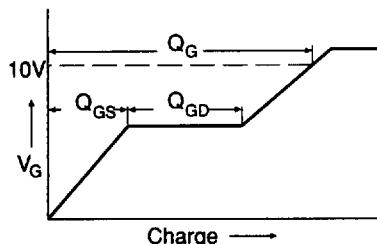


Fig. 14a — Basic Gate Charge Waveform

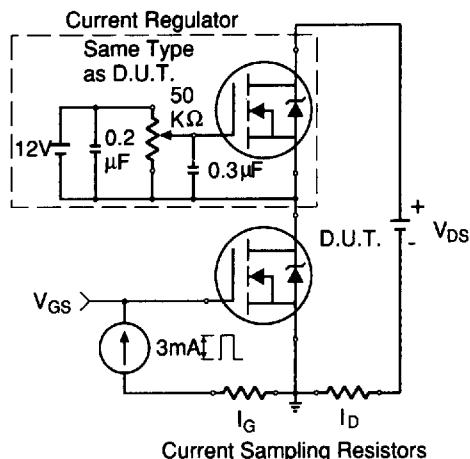


Fig. 14b — Gate Charge Test Circuit

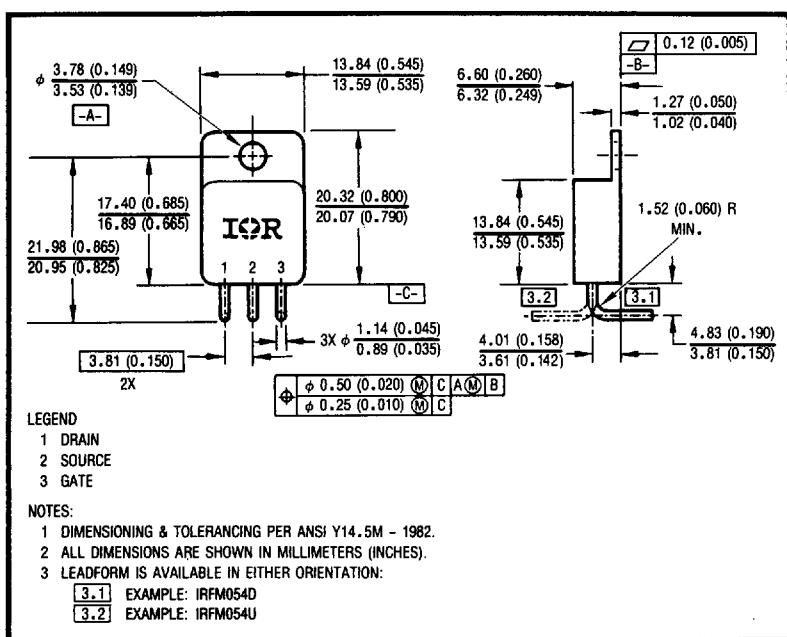


Fig. 15 — Optional Leadforms for Outline TO-254

**BERYLIA WARNING PER MIL-S-19500**  
 Packages containing beryllia shall not be ground, sandblasted, machined, or have other operations performed on them which will produce beryllia or beryllium dust. Furthermore, beryllium oxide packages shall not be placed in acids that will produce fumes containing beryllium.