

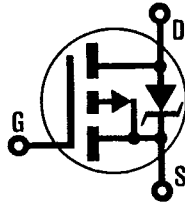
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T-39-23

REPETITIVE AVALANCHE AND dv/dt RATED HEXFET® TRANSISTORS IRFP9240

**P-CHANNEL
POWER MOSFETs
TO-247 AC PACKAGE**



**IRFP9241
IRFP9242
IRFP9243**

- 200 Volt, 0.50 Ohm HEXFET TO-247AC (TO-3P) Plastic Package

The HEXFET® technology is the key to International Rectifier's advanced line of power MOSFET transistors. The efficient geometry and unique processing of this latest "State of the Art" design achieves: very low on-state resistance combined with high transconductance; superior reverse energy and diode recovery dv/dt capability.

The HEXFET transistors also feature all of the well established advantages of MOSFETs such as voltage control, very fast switching, ease of paralleling and temperature stability of the electrical parameters.

They are well suited for applications such as switching power supplies, motor controls, inverters, choppers, audio amplifiers and high energy pulse circuits.

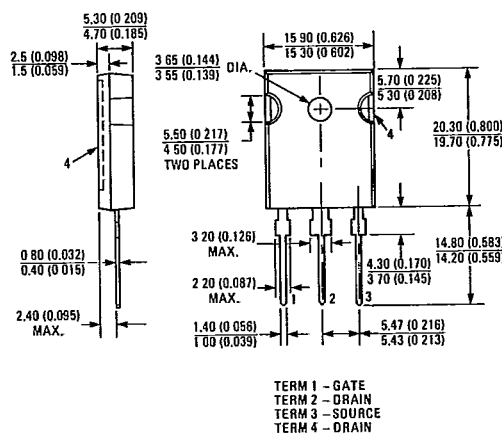
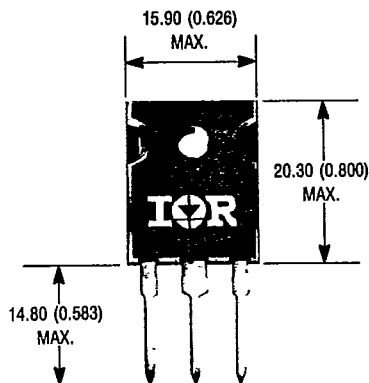
Product Summary

Part Number	V _{DS}	R _{DS(on)}	I _D
IRFP9240	-200V	0.50Ω	-12A
IRFP9241	-150V	0.50Ω	-12A
IRFP9242	-200V	0.70Ω	-10A
IRFP9243	-150V	0.70Ω	-10A

Features:

- Isolated Central Mounting Hole
- Rugged Package Design
- Repetitive Avalanche Ratings
- Dynamic dv/dt Rating
- Simple Drive Requirements
- Ease of Paralleling

CASE STYLE AND DIMENSIONS



TERM 1 - GATE
TERM 2 - DRAIN
TERM 3 - SOURCE
TERM 4 - DRAIN

Conforms to JEDEC Outline TO-247AC (TO-3P)
Dimensions in Millimeters and (Inches)

Absolute Maximum Ratings

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Parameter	IRFP9240, IRFP9241	IRFP9242, IRFP9243	Units
I_D @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Continuous Drain Current	-12	-10	A
I_D @ $T_C = 100^\circ\text{C}$ Continuous Drain Current	-7.5	-6.3	A
I_{DM} Pulsed Drain Current ①	-48	-40	A
P_D @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Max. Power Dissipation	150		W
Linear Derating Factor	1.2		W/K ⑤
V_{GS} Gate-to-Source Voltage	± 20		V
E_{AS} Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ②	790 (See Fig. 14)		mJ
I_{AR} Avalanche Current ③ (Repetitive or Non-Repetitive)	-11 (See E_{AR})		A
E_{AR} Repetitive Avalanche Energy ③	15 (See I_{AR})		mJ
dv/dt Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt ③	5.0 (See Fig. 17)		V/ns
T_J Operating Junction T_{STG} Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 150		$^\circ\text{C}$
Lead Temperature	300 (0.063 in. (1.6mm) from case for 10s)		$^\circ\text{C}$

Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (Unless Otherwise Specified)

Parameter	Type	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
BV_{DSS} Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	IRFP9240 IRFP9242 IRFP9241 IRFP9243	-200 -150	—	—	V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = -250 \mu A$
$R_{DS(on)}$ Static Drain-to-Source On-State Resistance ④	IRFP9240 IRFP9241 IRFP9242 IRFP9243	— —	0.38 0.50	0.50 0.70	Ω	$V_{GS} = -10V, I_D = -6.3A$
$I_{D(on)}$ On-State Drain Current ④	IRFP9240 IRFP9241 IRFP9242 IRFP9243	-12 -10	—	—	A	$V_{DS} > I_{D(on)} \times R_{DS(on)}$ Max. $V_{GS} = -10V$
$V_{GS(th)}$ Gate Threshold Voltage	ALL	-2.0	—	-4.0	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = -250 \mu A$
g_{fs} Forward Transconductance ④	ALL	3.8	5.7	—	S (①)	$V_{DS} = -50V, I_{DS} = -6.3A$
I_{DSS} Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	ALL	—	—	-250 -1000	μA	$V_{DS} = \text{Max. Rating}, V_{GS} = 0V$ $V_{DS} = 0.8 \times \text{Max. Rating}$ $V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
I_{GSS} Gate-to-Source Leakage Forward	ALL	—	—	-500	nA	$V_{GS} = -20V$
I_{GSS} Gate-to-Source Leakage Reverse	ALL	—	—	500	nA	$V_{GS} = 20V$
Q_g Total Gate Charge	ALL	—	38	57	nC	$V_{GS} = -10V, I_D = -11A$
Q_{gs} Gate-to-Source Charge	ALL	—	8.0	12	nC	$V_{DS} = 0.8 \times \text{Max. Rating}$ See Fig. 16
Q_{gd} Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge	ALL	—	21	32	nC	(Independent of operating temperature)
$t_{d(on)}$ Turn-On Delay Time	ALL	—	13	20	ns	$V_{DD} = -100V, I_D \approx -11A, R_G = 9.1\Omega$
t_r Rise Time	ALL	—	45	68	ns	$R_D = 8.2\Omega$
$t_{d(off)}$ Turn-Off Delay Time	ALL	—	29	44	ns	See Fig. 15
t_f Fall Time	ALL	—	29	44	ns	(Independent of operating temperature)
L_D Internal Drain Inductance	ALL	—	5.0	—	nH	Measured from the drain lead, 6mm (0.25 in.) from package to center of die.
L_S Internal Source Inductance	ALL	—	13	—	nH	Measured from the source lead, 6mm (0.25 in.) from package to source bonding pad.
C_{iss} Input Capacitance	ALL	—	1400	—	pF	$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = -25V$
C_{oss} Output Capacitance	ALL	—	350	—	pF	$f = 1.0 \text{ MHz}$
C_{rss} Reverse Transfer Capacitance	ALL	—	140	—	pF	See Fig. 10



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Source-Drain Diode Ratings and Characteristics

Parameter						Type	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
I_S	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	ALL	—	—	-12	A	Modified MOSFET symbol showing the integral Reverse p-n junction rectifier. 				
I_{SM}	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ①	ALL	—	—	-48	A					
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage ④	ALL	—	—	-4.6	V	$T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $I_S = -12\text{A}$, $V_{GS} = 0\text{V}$				
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	ALL	100	210	440	ns	$T_J = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $I_F = -11\text{A}$, $di/dt = 100\text{ A}/\mu\text{s}$				
Q_{RR}	Reverse Recovery Charge	ALL	0.93	2.0	4.4	μC					
t_{on}	Forward Turn-On Time	ALL	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible. Turn-on speed is substantially controlled by $L_S + L_D$.								

Thermal Resistance

R_{thJC} Junction-to-Case	ALL	—	—	0.83	K/W ⑤	
R_{thCS} Case-to-Sink	ALL	—	0.24	—	K/W ⑤	Mounting surface flat, smooth, and greased
R_{thJA} Junction-to-Ambient	ALL	—	—	40	K/W ⑤	Typical socket mount
Mounting Torque	ALL	—	—	10	in. • lbs.	Standard 10-32 screw

① Repetitive Rating; Pulse width limited by maximum junction temperature (see figure 5) Refer to current HEXFET reliability report

② $I_{SD} \leq -11\text{A}$, $di/dt \leq 150\mu\text{s}$,
 $V_{DD} \leq BV_{DSS}$, $T_J \leq 150^\circ\text{C}$
Suggested $R_G = 9.1\Omega$

⑤ $K/W = ^\circ\text{C}/W$
 $W/K = W/^\circ\text{C}$

③ @ $V_{DD} = -50\text{V}$, Starting $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$,
 $L = 10\text{ mH}$, $R_G = 25\Omega$,
Peak $I_L = -11\text{A}$.

④ Pulse width $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$; Duty Cycle $\leq 2\%$

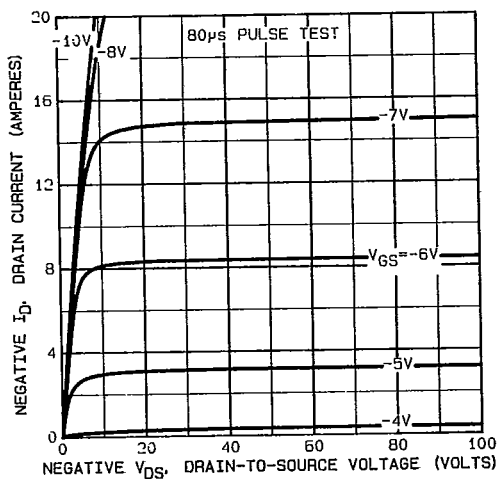


Fig. 1 — Typical Output Characteristics

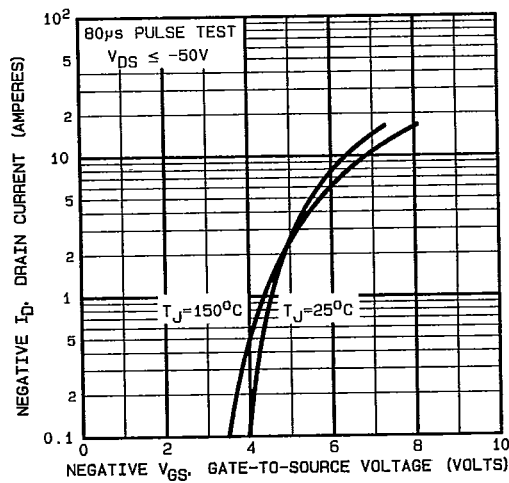


Fig. 2 — Typical Transfer Characteristics

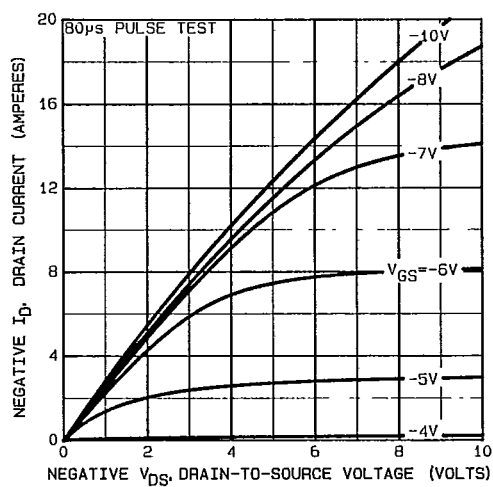


Fig. 3 — Typical Saturation Characteristics

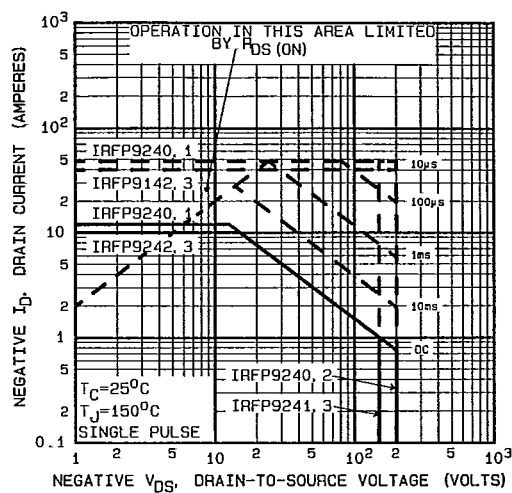


Fig. 4 — Maximum Safe Operating Area

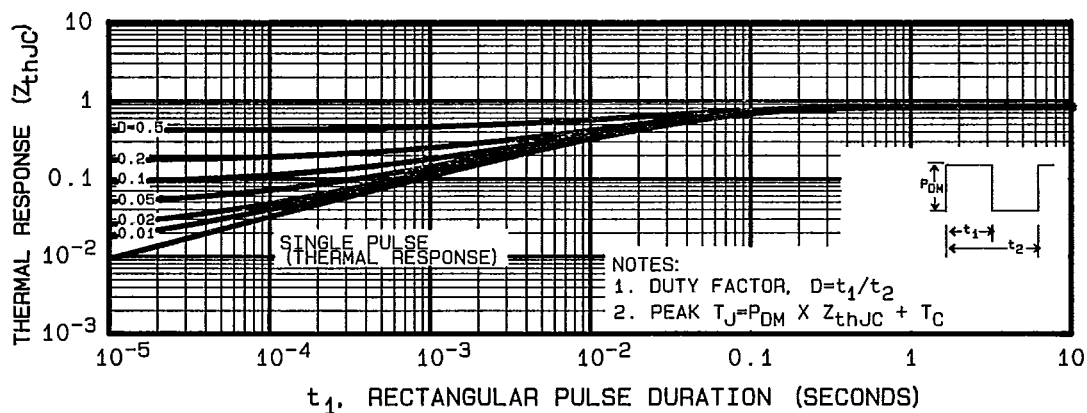


Fig. 5 — Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case Vs. Pulse Duration

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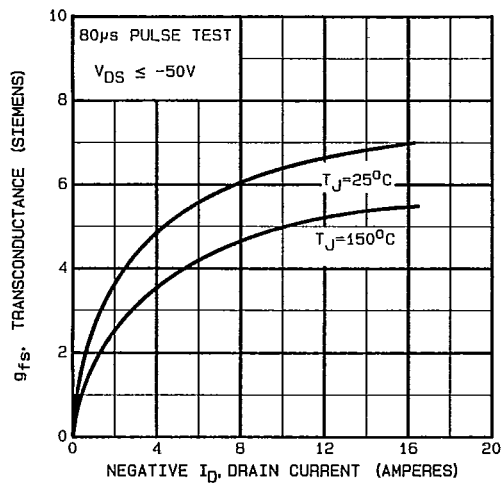


Fig. 6 — Typical Transconductance Vs. Drain Current

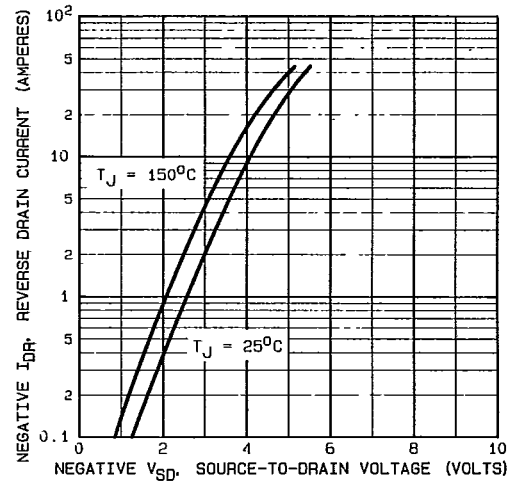


Fig. 7 — Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage

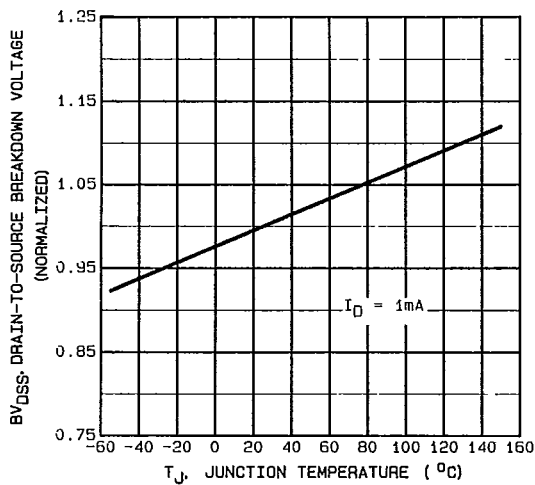


Fig. 8 — Breakdown Voltage Vs. Temperature

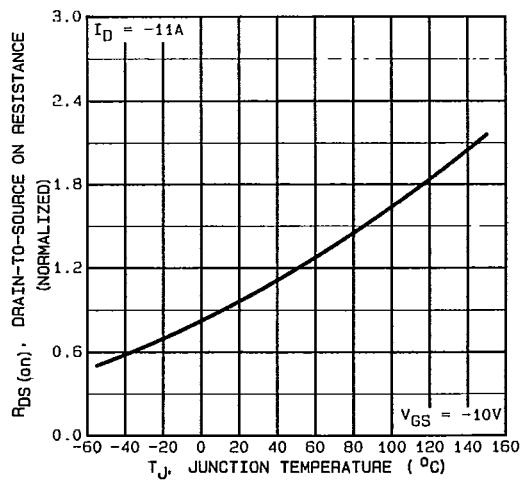


Fig. 9 — Normalized On-Resistance Vs. Temperature

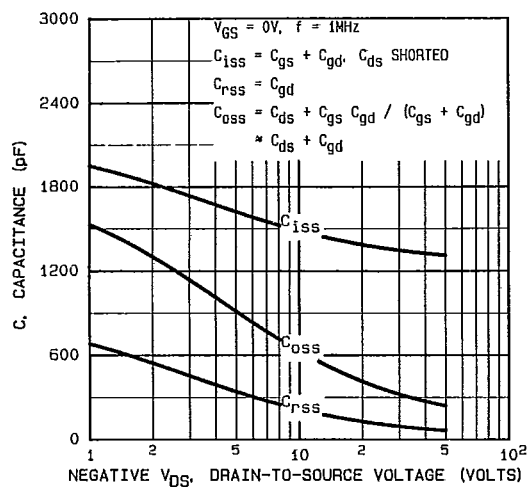


Fig. 10 — Typical Capacitance Vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

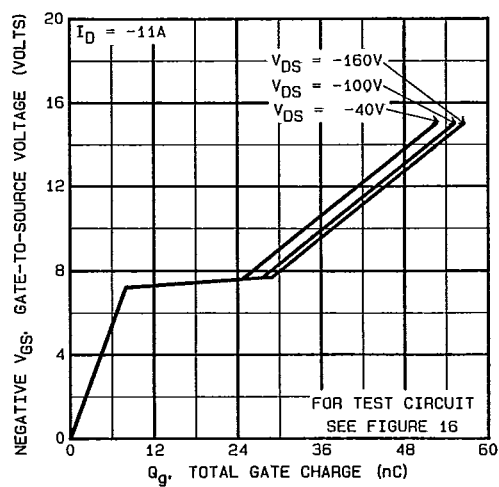


Fig. 11 — Typical Gate Charge Vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

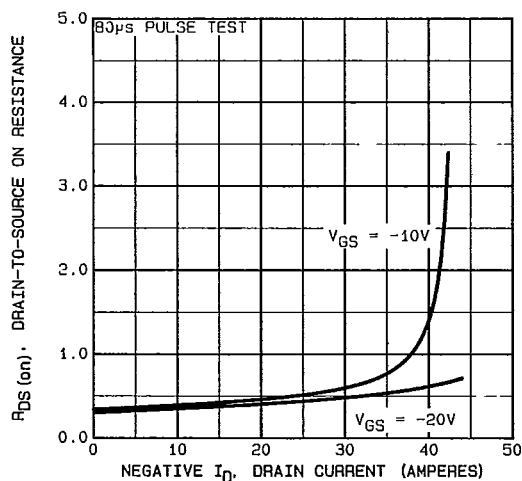


Fig. 12 — Typical On-Resistance Vs. Drain Current

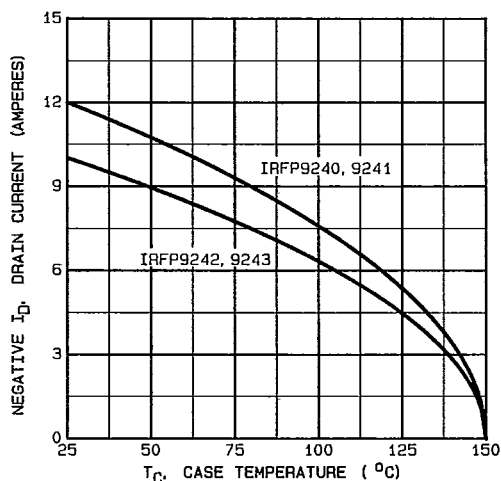


Fig. 13 — Maximum Drain Current Vs. Case Temperature

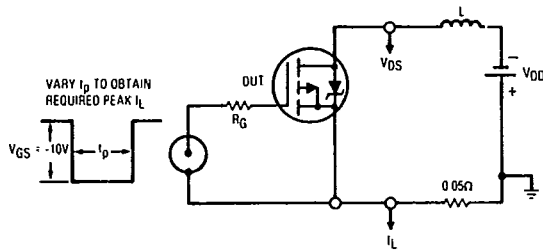


Fig. 14a — Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

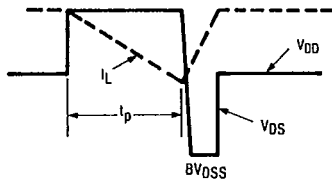


Fig. 14b — Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

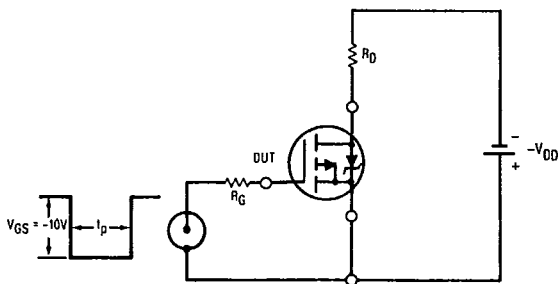


Fig. 15a — Switching Time Test Circuit

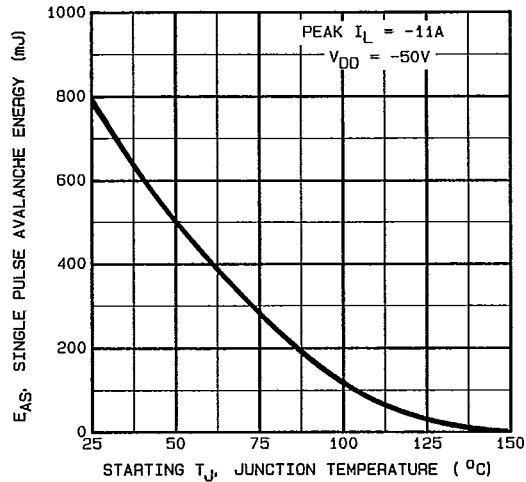


Fig. 14c — Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Starting Junction Temperature

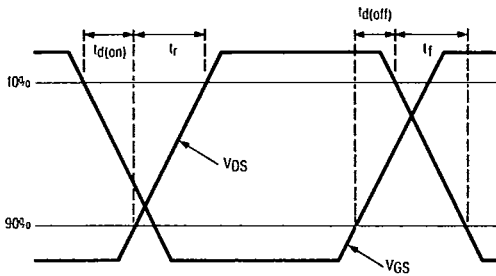


Fig. 15b — Switching Time Waveforms

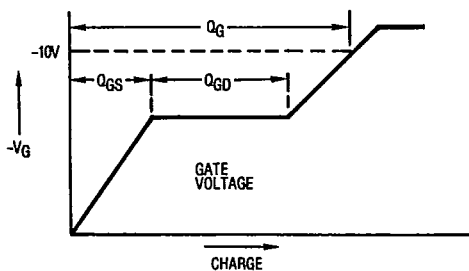


Fig. 16a — Basic Gate Charge Waveform

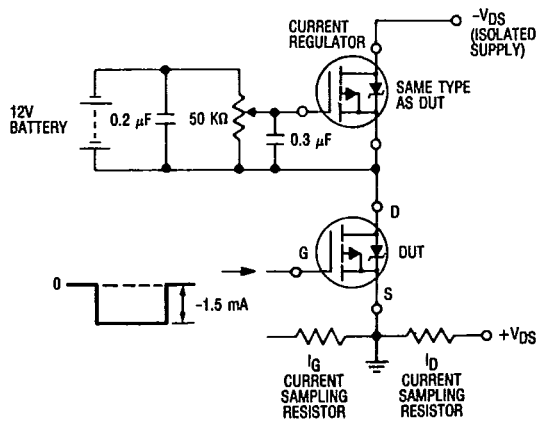


Fig. 16b — Gate Charge Test Circuit

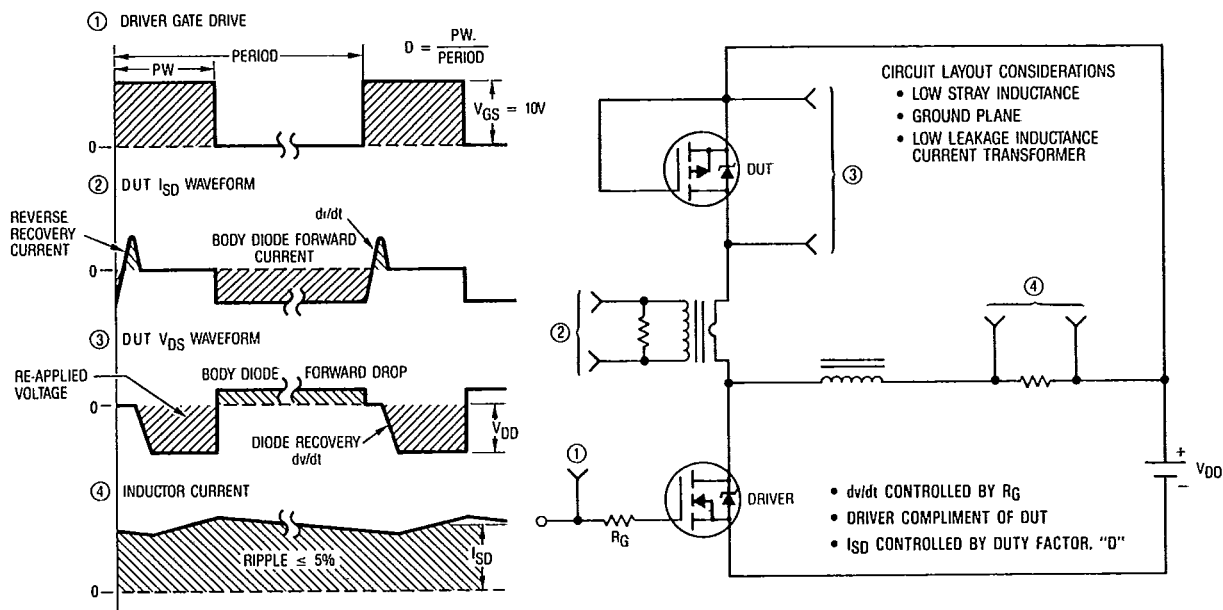


Fig. 17 — Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt Test Circuit