

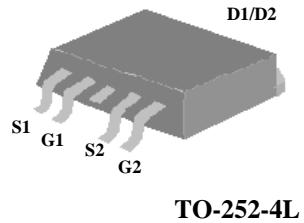


## ▼ Simple Drive Requirement

## ▼ Good Thermal Performance

## ▼ Fast Switching Performance

## ▼ RoHS Compliant

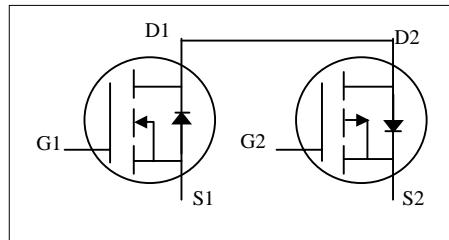


TO-252-4L

## Description

The Advanced Power MOSFETs from APEC provide the designer with the best combination of fast switching, ruggedized device design, low on-resistance and cost-effectiveness.

N-CH	$BV_{DSS}$	40V
	$R_{DS(ON)}$	30mΩ
	$I_D$	30A
P-CH	$BV_{DSS}$	-40V
	$R_{DS(ON)}$	36mΩ
	$I_D$	-27A



## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Rating		Units
		N-channel	P-channel	
$V_{DS}$	Drain-Source Voltage	40	-40	V
$V_{GS}$	Gate-Source Voltage	$\pm 20$	$\pm 20$	V
$I_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current <sup>3</sup>	30	-27	A
$I_D @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current <sup>3</sup>	19	-17	A
$I_{DM}$	Pulsed Drain Current <sup>1</sup>	100	-100	A
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Total Power Dissipation	39	-41.7	W
	Linear Derating Factor	0.31	-0.34	W/°C
$T_{STG}$	Storage Temperature Range	-55 to 150		°C
$T_J$	Operating Junction Temperature Range	-55 to 150		°C

## Thermal Data

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Units
$R_{thj-c}$ (N-CH)	Thermal Resistance Junction-case <sup>3</sup>	Max.	3.2 °C/W
$R_{thj-c}$ (P-CH)	Thermal Resistance Junction-case <sup>3</sup>	Max.	3 °C/W
$R_{thj-a}$	Thermal Resistance Junction-ambient <sup>3</sup>	Max.	110 °C/W



# AP4563GH

## N-CH Electrical Characteristics @ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$\text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}, I_{\text{D}}=250\mu\text{A}$	40	-	-	V
$\Delta \text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}/\Delta T_j$	Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient	Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}$ , $I_{\text{D}}=1\text{mA}$	-	0.04	-	$\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
$R_{\text{DS(ON)}}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance <sup>2</sup>	$V_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}, I_{\text{D}}=20\text{A}$	-	-	30	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{\text{GS}}=4.5\text{V}, I_{\text{D}}=15\text{A}$	-	-	40	$\text{m}\Omega$
$V_{\text{GS(th)}}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{\text{DS}}=V_{\text{GS}}, I_{\text{D}}=250\mu\text{A}$	1	-	3	V
$g_{\text{fs}}$	Forward Transconductance	$V_{\text{DS}}=10\text{V}, I_{\text{D}}=20\text{A}$	-	22	-	S
$I_{\text{DSS}}$	Drain-Source Leakage Current ( $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ )	$V_{\text{DS}}=40\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$	-	-	1	$\text{uA}$
	Drain-Source Leakage Current ( $T_j=150^\circ\text{C}$ )	$V_{\text{DS}}=32\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$	-	-	25	$\text{uA}$
$I_{\text{GSS}}$	Gate-Source Leakage	$V_{\text{GS}}=\pm 20\text{V}$	-	-	$\pm 100$	nA
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge <sup>2</sup>	$I_{\text{D}}=20\text{A}$	-	10	16	nC
$Q_{\text{gs}}$	Gate-Source Charge	$V_{\text{DS}}=30\text{V}$	-	4	-	nC
$Q_{\text{gd}}$	Gate-Drain ("Miller") Charge	$V_{\text{GS}}=4.5\text{V}$	-	5	-	nC
$t_{\text{d(on)}}$	Turn-on Delay Time <sup>2</sup>	$V_{\text{DS}}=20\text{V}$	-	10	-	ns
$t_r$	Rise Time	$I_{\text{D}}=1\text{A}$	-	5	-	ns
$t_{\text{d(off)}}$	Turn-off Delay Time	$R_G=3.3\Omega, V_{\text{GS}}=10\text{V}$	-	23	-	ns
$t_f$	Fall Time	$R_D=20\Omega$	-	7	-	ns
$C_{\text{iss}}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$	-	1100	1760	pF
$C_{\text{oss}}$	Output Capacitance	$V_{\text{DS}}=25\text{V}$	-	170	-	pF
$C_{\text{rss}}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	f=1.0MHz	-	95	-	pF
$R_g$	Gate Resistance	f=1.0MHz	-	1.8	2.7	$\Omega$

## Source-Drain Diode

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$V_{\text{SD}}$	Forward On Voltage <sup>2</sup>	$I_S=20\text{A}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$	-	-	1.3	V
$t_{\text{rr}}$	Reverse Recovery Time	$I_S=20\text{A}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$	-	26	-	ns
$Q_{\text{rr}}$	Reverse Recovery Charge	$dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	17	-	nC



## P-CH Electrical Characteristics@ $T_j=25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$\text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}, I_{\text{D}}=-250\mu\text{A}$	-40	-	-	V
$\Delta \text{BV}_{\text{DSS}}/\Delta T_j$	Breakdown Voltage Temperature Coefficient	Reference to $25^\circ\text{C}, I_{\text{D}}=-1\text{mA}$	-	-0.03	-	$\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
$R_{\text{DS}(\text{ON})}$	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance <sup>2</sup>	$V_{\text{GS}}=-10\text{V}, I_{\text{D}}=-18\text{A}$	-	-	36	$\text{m}\Omega$
		$V_{\text{GS}}=-4.5\text{V}, I_{\text{D}}=-13\text{A}$	-	-	48	$\text{m}\Omega$
$V_{\text{GS}(\text{th})}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{\text{DS}}=V_{\text{GS}}, I_{\text{D}}=-250\mu\text{A}$	-1	-	-3	V
$g_{\text{fs}}$	Forward Transconductance	$V_{\text{DS}}=-10\text{V}, I_{\text{D}}=-18\text{A}$	-	19	-	S
$I_{\text{DSS}}$	Drain-Source Leakage Current ( $T=25^\circ\text{C}$ )	$V_{\text{DS}}=-40\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$	-	-	-1	$\text{uA}$
	Drain-Source Leakage Current ( $T=150^\circ\text{C}$ )	$V_{\text{DS}}=-32\text{V}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$	-	-	-25	$\text{uA}$
$I_{\text{GSS}}$	Gate-Source Leakage	$V_{\text{GS}}=\pm 20\text{V}$	-	-	$\pm 100$	nA
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge <sup>2</sup>	$I_{\text{D}}=-18\text{A}$	-	18	30	nC
$Q_{\text{gs}}$	Gate-Source Charge	$V_{\text{DS}}=-30\text{V}$	-	4	-	nC
$Q_{\text{gd}}$	Gate-Drain ("Miller") Charge	$V_{\text{GS}}=-4.5\text{V}$	-	11	-	nC
$t_{\text{d}(\text{on})}$	Turn-on Delay Time <sup>2</sup>	$V_{\text{DS}}=-20\text{V}$	-	12	-	ns
$t_r$	Rise Time	$I_{\text{D}}=-1\text{A}$	-	6	-	ns
$t_{\text{d}(\text{off})}$	Turn-off Delay Time	$R_G=3.3\Omega, V_{\text{GS}}=-10\text{V}$	-	68	-	ns
$t_f$	Fall Time	$R_D=20\Omega$	-	36	-	ns
$C_{\text{iss}}$	Input Capacitance	$V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$	-	1570	2500	pF
$C_{\text{oss}}$	Output Capacitance	$V_{\text{DS}}=-25\text{V}$	-	250	-	pF
$C_{\text{rss}}$	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	f=1.0MHz	-	200	-	pF
$R_g$	Gate Resistance	f=1.0MHz	-	8.5	13	$\Omega$

## Source-Drain Diode

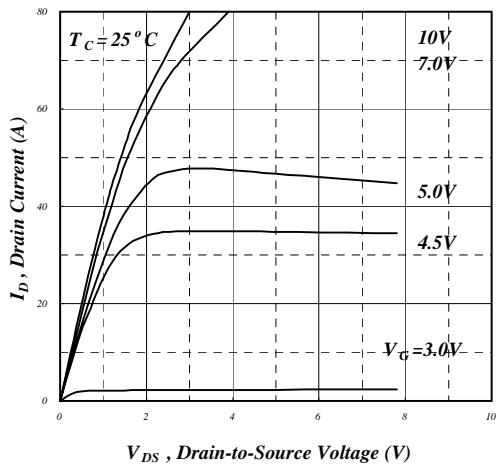
Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$V_{\text{SD}}$	Forward On Voltage <sup>2</sup>	$I_{\text{S}}=-18\text{A}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$	-	-	-1.3	V
$t_{\text{rr}}$	Reverse Recovery Time	$I_{\text{S}}=-18\text{A}, V_{\text{GS}}=0\text{V}$	-	33	-	ns
$Q_{\text{rr}}$	Reverse Recovery Charge	$dI/dt=-100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$	-	26	-	nC

## Notes:

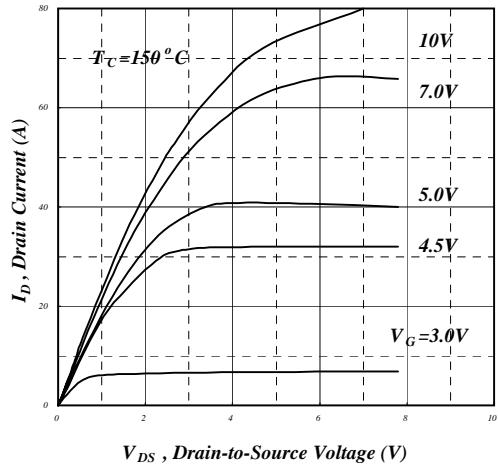
- 1.Pulse width limited by Max. junction temperature.
- 2.Pulse width  $\leq 300\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .
- 3.N-CH , P-CH are same .



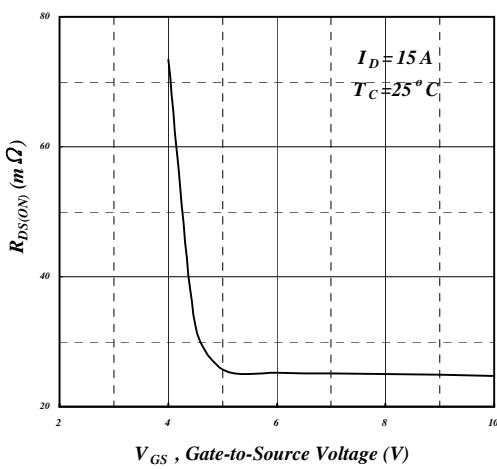
## N-Channel



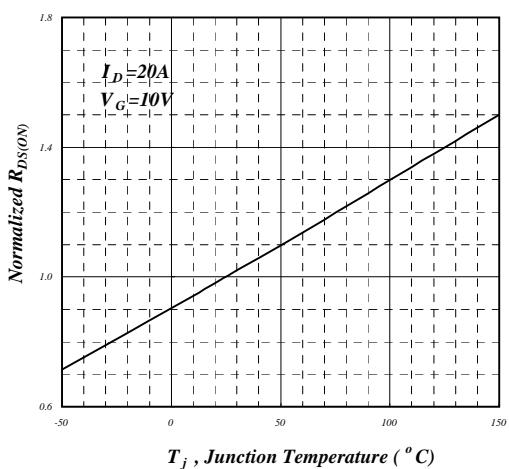
**Fig 1. Typical Output Characteristics**



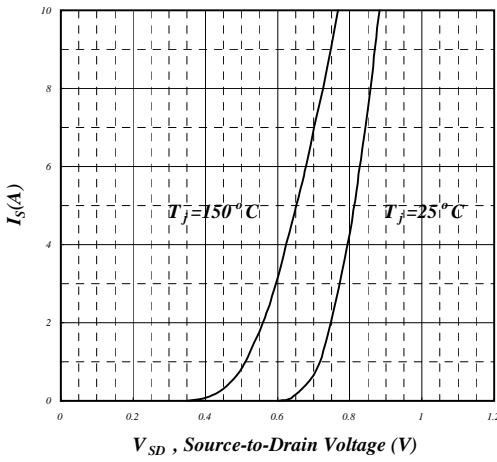
**Fig 2. Typical Output Characteristics**



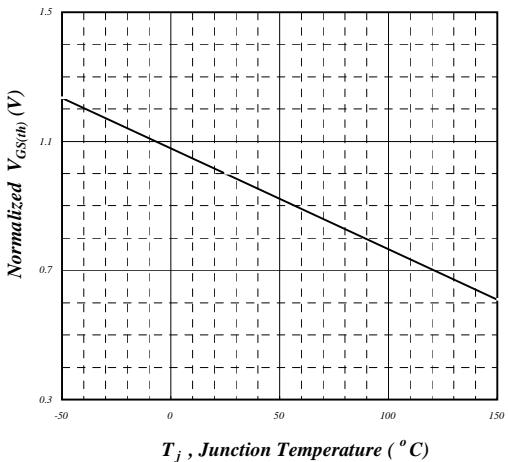
**Fig 3. On-Resistance v.s. Gate Voltage**



**Fig 4. Normalized On-Resistance v.s. Junction Temperature**



**Fig 5. Forward Characteristic of Reverse Diode**



**Fig 6. Gate Threshold Voltage v.s. Junction Temperature**



## N-Channel

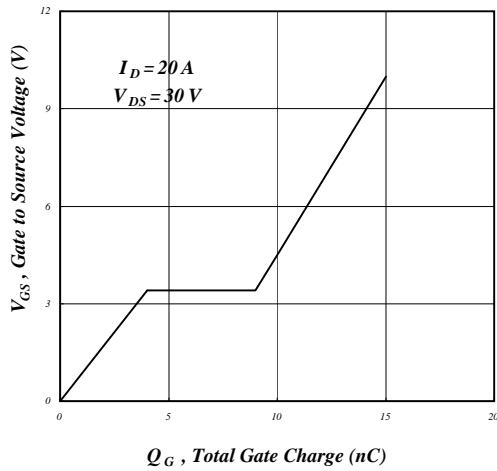


Fig 7. Gate Charge Characteristics

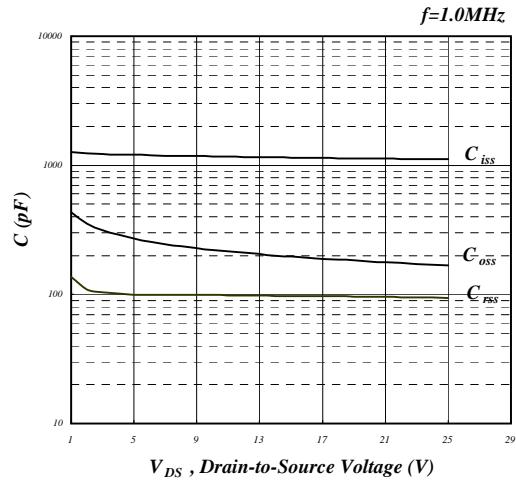


Fig 8. Typical Capacitance Characteristics

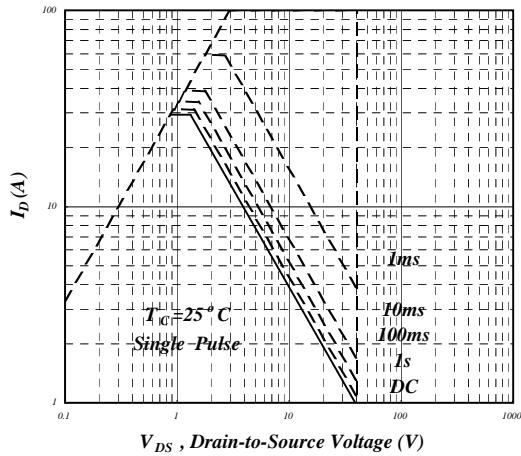


Fig 9. Maximum Safe Operating Area

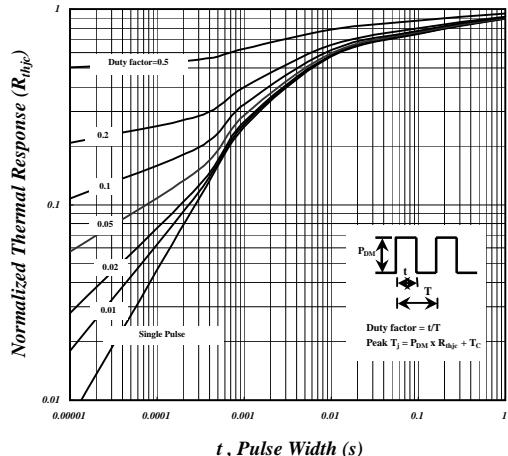


Fig 10. Effective Transient Thermal Impedance

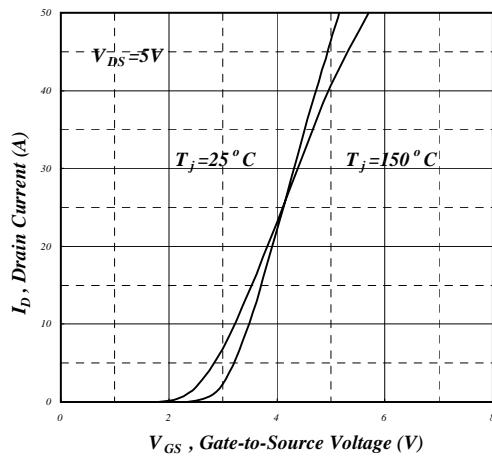


Fig 11. Transfer Characteristics

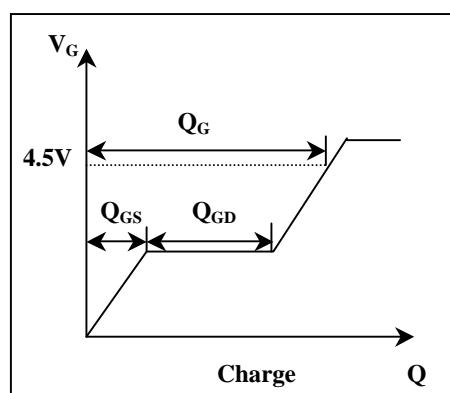
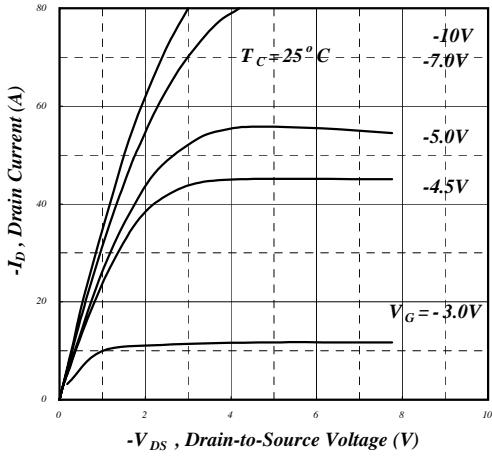


Fig 12. Gate Charge Waveform

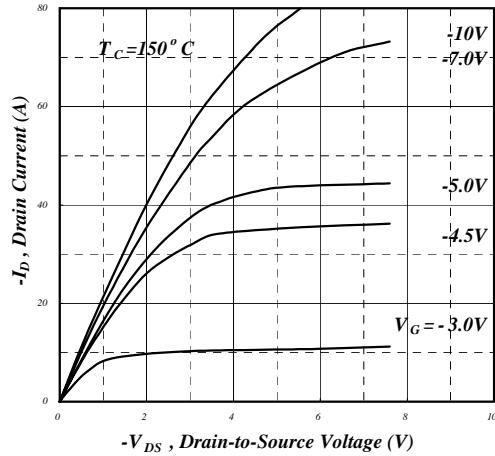


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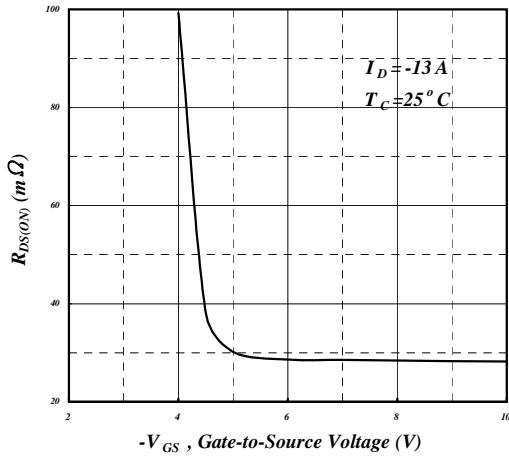
P-Channel



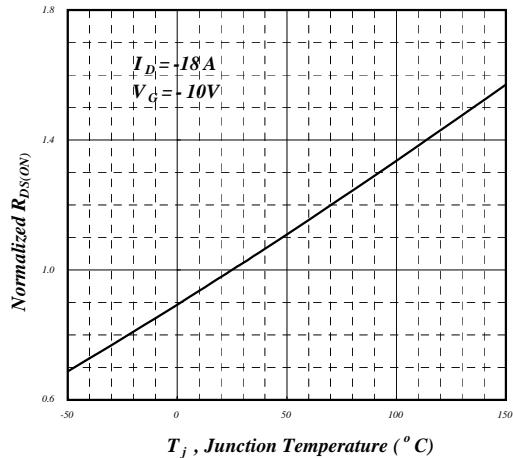
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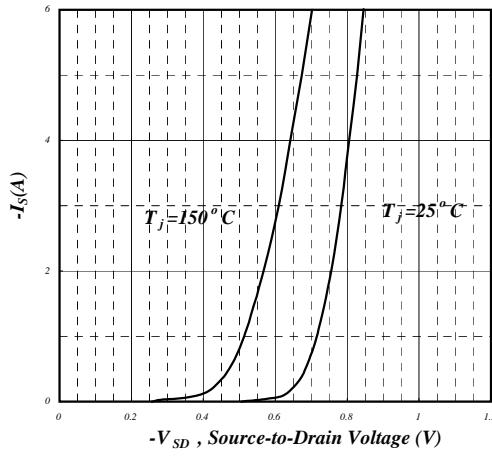
**Fig 2. Typical Output Characteristics**



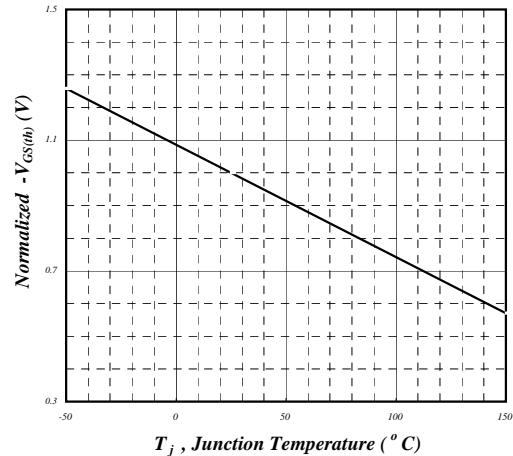
**Fig 3. On-Resistance v.s. Gate Voltage**



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**Fig 5. Forward Characteristic of Reverse Diode**



**Fig 6. Gate Threshold Voltage v.s. Junction Temperature**



## P-Channel

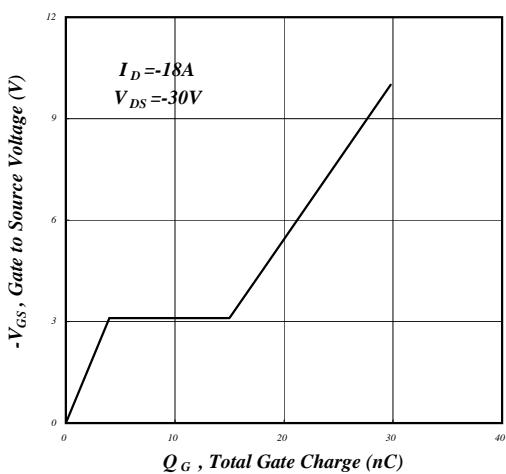


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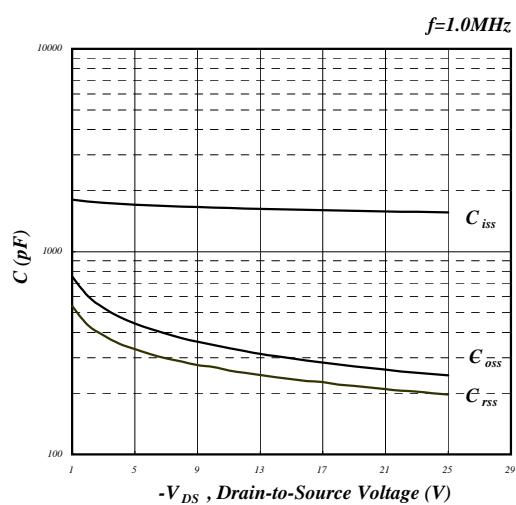


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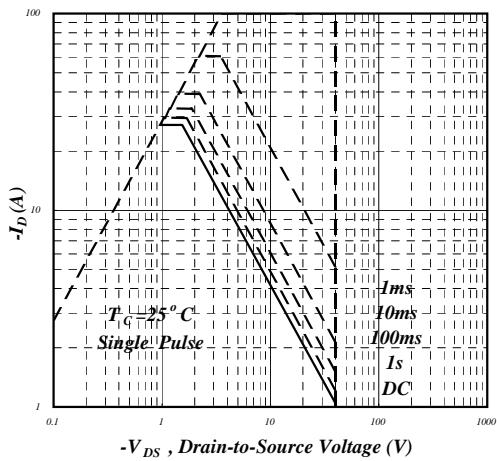


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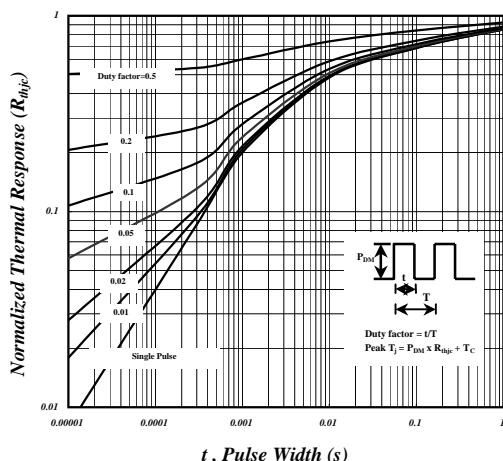


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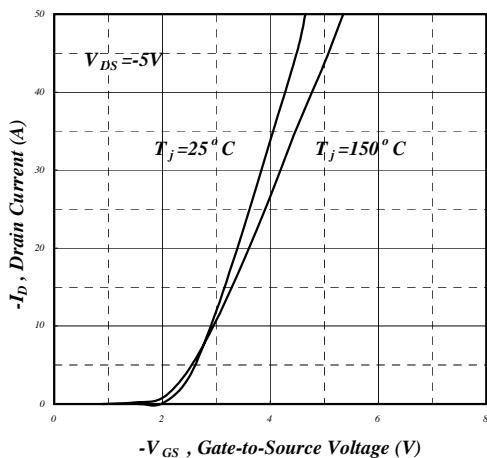


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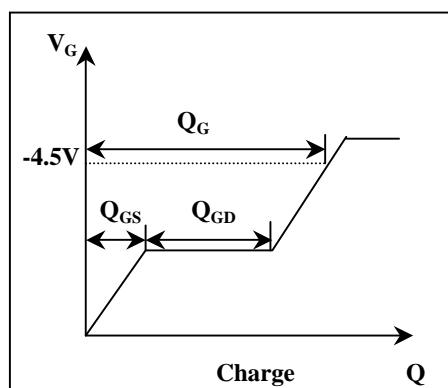


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