# RD74VT1G245

## Bus Transceiver with 3–state Output / Dual Supply Voltage Translator

REJ03D0494-0200 Rev.2.00 Apr. 01, 2005

#### Description

The RD74VT1G245 has one buffer in a 6 pin package. When DIR is high, data is transferred from the A inputs to the B outputs, and when DIR is low, data is transferred from the B inputs to the A outputs. And this product has two terminals ( $V_{CCA}$ ,  $V_{CCB}$ ),  $V_{CCA}$  is connected with control input and A bus side  $V_{CCB}$  is connected with B bus side.  $V_{CCA}$  and  $V_{CCB}$  are isolated. The A port is designed to track  $V_{CCA}$ , which accepts voltages from 1.2V to 3.6V, and the B port is designed to track  $V_{CCB}$ , which operation at 1.2V to 3.6V. Therefore, Bidirectional board voltage conversion is possible. Low voltage and high-speed operation is suitable for the battery powered products (e.g., notebook computers), and the low power consumption extends the battery life.

#### Features

• This product function as level shift transceiver that change  $V_{CCA}$  input level to  $V_{CCB}$  output level,  $V_{CCB}$  input level to  $V_{CCA}$  output level by providing different supply voltage to  $V_{CCA}$  and  $V_{CCB}$ .

 $(@V_{CCA} = 0 \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V})$ 

B bus side:

- Supply voltage range:  $V_{CCA} = 1.2 \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V}$ 
  - $V_{CCB} = 1.2$  to 3.6 V
- Operating temperature range: -40 to +85°C
- Control input  $V_{I(max)} = 3.6 V$

• A bus side input outputs  $V_{I/O (max)} = 3.6 V$  (@V<sub>CCA</sub> = 0 V or Output off state)

- B bus side input outputs  $V_{I/O (max)} = 3.6 V$  (@V<sub>CCB</sub> = 0 V or Output off state)
- High output current
- A bus side:  $\pm 2 \text{ mA} (@V_{CCA} = 1.2 \text{ V})$  $\pm 4 \text{ mA} (@V_{CCA} = 1.5 \pm 0.1 \text{ V})$  $\pm 6 \text{ mA} (@V_{CCA} = 1.8 \pm 0.15 \text{ V})$  $\pm 18 \text{ mA} (@V_{CCA} = 2.5 \pm 0.2 \text{ V})$  $\pm 24 \text{ mA} (@V_{CCA} = 3.3 \pm 0.3 \text{ V})$

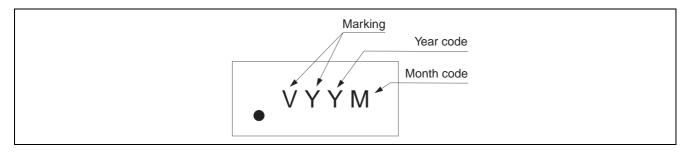
 $\pm 2 \text{ mA} (@V_{CCB} = 1.2 \text{ V})$  $\pm 4 \text{ mA} (@V_{CCB} = 1.5\pm0.1 \text{ V})$  $\pm 6 \text{ mA} (@V_{CCB} = 1.8\pm0.15 \text{ V})$  $\pm 18 \text{ mA} (@V_{CCB} = 2.5\pm0.2 \text{ V})$  $\pm 24 \text{ mA} (@V_{CCB} = 3.3\pm0.3 \text{ V})$ 

Ordering Information

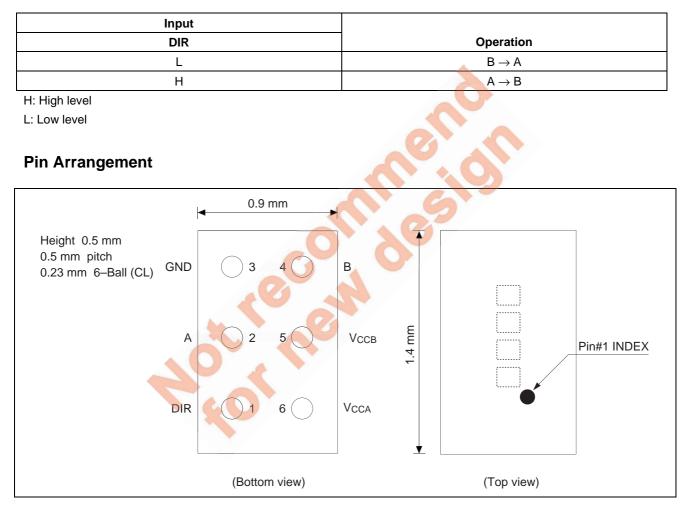
Part Name	Package Type	Package Code (Previous Code)	Package Abbreviation	Taping Abbreviation (Quantity)
RD74VT1G245CLE	WCSP-6 pin	SXBG0006KB–A (TBS–6AV)	CL	E (3,000 pcs / reel)



### **Article Indication**

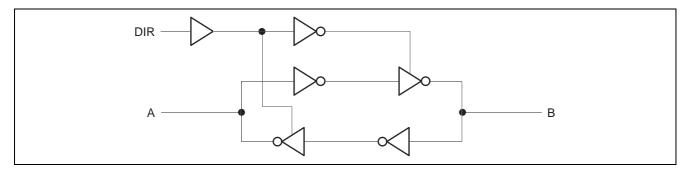


#### **Function Table**





### Logic Diagram



### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

ltem	Symbol	Ratings	Unit	Conditions
Supply voltage range	$V_{CCA}, V_{CCB}$	-0.5 to 4.6	V,	
Input voltage range <sup>*1</sup>	VI	-0.5 to 4.6	V	DIR
Input/output voltage range *1, 2	V <sub>I/O</sub>	–0.5 to V <sub>CCA</sub> +0.5	V	A port output: "H" or "L"
		-0.5 to 4.6		A port output: "Z" or V <sub>CCA</sub> : OFF
		–0.5 to V <sub>CCB</sub> +0.5	1	B port output: "H" or "L"
		-0.5 to 4.6		B port output: "Z" or V <sub>CCB</sub> : OFF
Input clamp current	I <sub>IK</sub>	-50	mA	V <sub>1</sub> < 0
Output clamp current	Ι <sub>οκ</sub>	-50	mA	V <sub>0</sub> < 0
		50		$V_{\rm O} > V_{\rm CC} + 0.5$
Continuous output current	lo	±50	mA	
Continuous output current	I <sub>CCA</sub> , I <sub>CCB</sub> , I <sub>GND</sub>	±100	mA	
V <sub>CC</sub> or GND				
Package Thermal impedance	θ <sub>ja</sub>	123	°C/W	
Storage temperature	Tstg	65 to 150	°C	

Notes: The absolute maximum ratings are values, which must not individually be exceeded, and furthermore, no two of which may be realized at the same time.

1. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.

2. This value is limited to 4.6 V maximum.

### **Recommended Operating Conditions**

Item	Symbol	Ratings	Unit	Conditions
Supply voltage range	V <sub>CCA</sub>	1.2 to 3.6	V	
	V <sub>CCB</sub>	1.2 to 3.6	1	
Input/Output voltage	VI	0 to 3.6	V	DIR
	V <sub>I/O</sub>	0 to V <sub>CCA</sub>	V	A port output: "H" or "L"
		0 to 3.6		A port output: "Z" or V <sub>CCA</sub> : OFF
		0 to V <sub>CCB</sub>		B port output: "H" or "L"
		0 to 3.6		B port output: "Z" or V <sub>CCB</sub> : OFF
Output current	I <sub>OHA</sub>	-2	mA	V <sub>CCA</sub> = 1.2 V
		-4		$V_{CCA} = 1.5 \pm 0.1 \text{ V}$
		-6		V <sub>CCA</sub> = 1.8±0.15 V
		-18		$V_{CCA} = 2.5 \pm 0.2 V$
		-24		$V_{CCA} = 3.3 \pm 0.3 V$
	I <sub>OHB</sub>	-2	mA	V <sub>CCB</sub> = 1.2 V
		-4		V <sub>CCB</sub> = 1.5±0.1 V
		-6		V <sub>CCB</sub> = 1.8±0.15 V
		–18		V <sub>CCB</sub> = 2.5±0.2 V
		-24		V <sub>CCB</sub> = 3.3±0.3 V
	I <sub>OLA</sub>	2	mA	V <sub>CCA</sub> = 1.2 V
		4		V <sub>CCA</sub> = 1.5±0.1 V
		6	2	V <sub>CCA</sub> = 1.8±0.15 V
		18	X	$V_{CCA} = 2.5 \pm 0.2 V$
		24	2	$V_{CCA} = 3.3 \pm 0.3 V$
	I <sub>OLB</sub>	2	mA	V <sub>CCB</sub> = 1.2 V
		4		V <sub>CCB</sub> = 1.5±0.1 V
		6		V <sub>CCB</sub> = 1.8±0.15 V
		18		$V_{CCB} = 2.5 \pm 0.2 V$
		24		V <sub>CCB</sub> = 3.3±0.3 V
nput transition rise or fall time	$\Delta t / \Delta v$	10	ns / V	
	Та	-40 to 85	°C	



#### **Electrical Characteristics**

 $(Ta = -40 \text{ to } 85^{\circ}C)$ 

Item	Symbol	V <sub>CCA</sub> (V) <sup>*</sup>	V <sub>CCB</sub> (V) <sup>*</sup>	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test conditions
Input voltage	VIHA	1.2	1.2 to 3.6	V <sub>CCA</sub> ×0.75	.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		V	A port
input voltago	▼ I⊓A	1.5±0.1	1.2 10 0.0	V <sub>CCA</sub> ×0.70			v	Control input
		1.8±0.15		V <sub>CCA</sub> ×0.65				Control input
		2.5±0.2		1.6				
		3.3±0.3		2.0				
	VIHB	1.2 to 3.6	1.2	2.0 V <sub>CCB</sub> ×0.75			V	B port
	V IHB	1.2 10 3.0	1.5±0.1	V <sub>CCB</sub> ×0.70			v	вроп
			1.8±0.15		—			
				V <sub>CCB</sub> ×0.65				
			2.5±0.2	1.6				
	V	1.0	3.3±0.3	2.0			M	Anort
	V <sub>ILA</sub>	1.2	1.2 to 3.6			V <sub>CCA</sub> ×0.25	V	A port
		1.5±0.1				V <sub>CCA</sub> ×0.30		Control input
		1.8±0.15			—	V <sub>CCA</sub> ×0.35		
		2.5±0.2				0.7		
		3.3±0.3		—		0.8		
	V <sub>ILB</sub>	1.2 to 3.6	1.2	—		V <sub>ссв</sub> ×0.25	V	B port
			1.5±0.1	—	_	V <sub>ССВ</sub> ×0.30		
			1.8±0.15			V <sub>CCB</sub> ×0.35		
			2.5±0.2	—		0.7		
			3.3±0.3	—		0.8		
Output voltage	V <sub>OH</sub>	1.2 to 3.6	1.2 to 3.6	V <sub>CC</sub> -0.2			V	I <sub>OH</sub> = –100 µА
		1.2	1.2	0.9				I <sub>OH</sub> = -2 mA
		1.5±0.1	1.5±0.1	1.1		_		$I_{OH} = -4 \text{ mA}$
		1.8±0.15	1.8±0.15	1.25		_		I <sub>OH</sub> = –6 mA
		2.5±0.2	2.5±0.2	1.7				I <sub>OH</sub> = -18 mA
		3.3±0.3	3.3±0.3	2.2				I <sub>OH</sub> = –24 mA
	V <sub>OL</sub>	1.2 to 3.6	1.2 to 3.6			0.2	V	I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA
		1.2	1.2		_	0.3		$I_{OL} = 2 \text{ mA}$
		1.5±0.1	1.5±0.1	1		0.3		$I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}$
		1.8±0.15	1.8±0.15			0.3		$I_{OL} = 6 \text{ mA}$
		2.5±0.2	2.5±0.2	_	_	0.6		$I_{OL} = 18 \text{ mA}$
		3.3±0.3	3.3±0.3	_		0.55		$I_{OL} = 24 \text{ mA}$
Input current	I <sub>IN</sub>	3.6	3.6	-1.5		1.5	μA	$V_{IN} = GND \text{ or } V_{CCA}$
	-114						per t	control input
Off state output current	I <sub>oz</sub>	3.6	3.6	-1.5		1.5	μA	$V_{IN} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$
Output leakage current	I <sub>OFF</sub>	0	0	—	—	1.5	μA	V <sub>IN</sub> , V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 to 3.6 V
Quiescent supply current	I <sub>CCA</sub>	1.2 to 3.6	1.2 to 3.6	-3.0	—	3.0	μA	$I_{O(A \text{ port})} = 0$ V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CCB</sub> or GND
	Іссв	1.2 to 3.6	1.2 to 3.6	-3.0	_	3.0		$I_{O(B \text{ port})} = 0$ V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CCA</sub> or GND
Increase in ICC per input	$\Delta I_{CCA}$	3.6	3.6	—		250	μA	A port or control V <sub>CCA</sub> –0.6 (1 input)
	$\Delta I_{CCB}$	3.6	3.6	—		250		B port V <sub>CCB</sub> –0.6 (1 input)
Input capacitance	C <sub>IN</sub>	3.3	3.3	—	3.5	—	pF	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or GND
Input/output capacitance	C <sub>I/O</sub>	3.3	3.3		6.0	—	pF	$V_{O} = V_{CC}$ or GND

Note: For conditions shown as Min or Max, use the appropriate values under recommended operating conditions.



### **Switching Characteristics**

 $V_{CCA} = 3.3 \pm 0.3 V$ 

					Ta = -40 to 85°C									
				V <sub>CCB</sub> =	Vc	св=	Vc	св=	Vc	св=	Vc	св=		
		From	То	1.2 V	1.5±	0.1 V	1.8±0	).15 V	2.5±	0.2 V	3.3±	0.3 V		Test
ltem	Symbol	(input)	(output)	Тур	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit	conditions
Propagation	t <sub>PLH</sub>	A	В	9.1	2.0	8.8	1.5	5.8	1.0	4.0	1.0	3.2	ns	$C_L = 15 pF$
delay time	t <sub>PHL</sub>			9.1	2.0	8.8	1.5	5.8	1.0	4.0	1.0	3.2		$R_L = 2.0 k\Omega$
	t <sub>PLH</sub>	В	А	4.0	1.0	4.2	1.0	3.8	1.0	3.4	1.0	3.2		
	t <sub>PHL</sub>			4.0	1.0	4.2	1.0	3.8	1.0	3.4	1.0	3.2		
Output	t <sub>HZ</sub>	DIR	А	4.0	1.0	4.5	1.0	4.5	1.0	4.5	1.0	4.5	ns	$C_L = 15 pF$
Disable time	t <sub>LZ</sub>			4.0	1.0	4.5	1.0	4.5	1.0	4.5	1.0	4.5		$R_L = 2.0 k\Omega$
	t <sub>HZ</sub>	DIR	В	11.2	2.0	10.2	1.5	8.0	1.0	6.0	1.0	5.5		
	t <sub>LZ</sub>			11.2	2.0	10.2	1.5	8.0	1.0	6.0	1.0	5.5		
Output	t <sub>ZH</sub> <sup>*1</sup>	DIR	Α	15.2	_	14.4	_	11.8	-4	9.4	_	8.7	ns	$C_L = 15 pF$
Enable time	t <sub>ZL</sub> <sup>*1</sup>			15.2		14.4		11.8	-	9.4		8.7		$R_L = 2.0 k\Omega$
	t <sub>ZH</sub> *1	DIR	В	13.1		13.3		10.3		8.5	_	7.7		
	t <sub>ZL</sub> *1			13.1		13.3	_	10.3		8.5	-	7.7		

Note: 1. The enable time is a calculated value, derived using the formula shown in the section entitled enable times on page 12.

 $V_{CCA}=2.5{\pm}0.2~V$ 

							Ta =	$Ta = -40 \text{ to } 85^{\circ}\text{C}$						
				V <sub>CCB</sub> =	Vc	св=	Vc	св=	Vc	св=	Vc	св=		
		From	То	1.2 V	1.5±	0.1 V	1.8±0	.15 V	2.5±	0.2 V	3.3±	0.3 V		Test
Item	Symbol	(input)	(output)	Тур	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit	conditions
Propagation	t <sub>PLH</sub>	А	В	9.5	2.0	9.2	1.5	6.0	1.0	4.2	1.0	3.4	ns	$C_L = 15 pF$
delay time	t <sub>PHL</sub>			9.5	2.0	9.2	1.5	6.0	1.0	4.2	1.0	3.4		$R_L = 2.0 k\Omega$
	t <sub>PLH</sub>	В	A	4.7	1.0	4.8	1.0	4.6	1.0	4.2	1.0	4.0		
	t <sub>PHL</sub>			4.7	1.0	4.8	1.0	4.6	1.0	4.2	1.0	4.0		
Output	t <sub>HZ</sub>	DIR	A	4.2	1.0	4.7	1.0	4.7	1.0	4.7	1.0	4.7	ns	$C_L = 15 pF$
Disable time	t <sub>LZ</sub>			4.2	1.0	4.7	1.0	4.7	1.0	4.7	1.0	4.7		$R_L = 2.0 k\Omega$
	t <sub>HZ</sub>	DIR		11.2	2.0	10.6	1.5	8.4	1.0	6.0	1.0	6.0		
	t <sub>LZ</sub>			11.2	2.0	10.6	1.5	8.4	1.0	6.0	1.0	6.0		
Output	t <sub>ZH</sub> <sup>*1</sup>	DIR		15.9	_	15.4		13.0	_	10.2	_	10.0	ns	C∟ = 15pF
Enable time	t <sub>ZL</sub> *1			15.9	_	15.4		13.0	—	10.2	—	10.0		$R_L = 2.0 k\Omega$
	t <sub>ZH</sub> <sup>*1</sup>	DIR	В	13.7		13.9		10.7	_	8.9	_	8.1	]	
	t <sub>ZL</sub> *1			13.7	_	13.9		10.7		8.9		8.1		

Note: 1. The enable time is a calculated value, derived using the formula shown in the section entitled enable times on page 12.

### Switching Characteristics (Cont.)

 $V_{CCA} = 1.8 \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$ 

					Ta = -40 to 85°C									
				V <sub>CCB</sub> =	Vc	св=	Vc	св=	Vc	св=	Vc	св=		
		From	То	1.2 V	1.5±	0.1 V	1.8±0	).15 V	2.5±	0.2 V	3.3±	0.3 V		Test
ltem	Symbol	(input)	(output)	Тур	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit	conditions
Propagation	t <sub>PLH</sub>	Α	В	9.8	2.0	9.6	1.5	6.5	1.0	4.6	1.0	3.8	ns	C <sub>L</sub> = 15pF
delay time	t <sub>PHL</sub>			9.8	2.0	9.6	1.5	6.5	1.0	4.6	1.0	3.8		$R_L = 2.0 k\Omega$
	t <sub>PLH</sub>	В	А	6.4	1.5	7.2	1.5	6.5	1.5	6.0	1.5	5.8		
	t <sub>PHL</sub>			6.4	1.5	7.2	1.5	6.5	1.5	6.0	1.5	5.8		
Output	t <sub>HZ</sub>	DIR	А	5.5	1.5	7.5	1.5	7.5	1.5	7.5	1.5	7.5	ns	$C_L = 15 pF$
Disable time	t <sub>LZ</sub>			5.5	1.5	7.5	1.5	7.5	1.5	7.5	1.5	7.5		$R_L = 2.0 k\Omega$
	t <sub>HZ</sub>	DIR	В	12.0	2.0	11.5	1.5	9.2	1.0	7.2	1.0	7.0		
	t <sub>LZ</sub>			12.0	2.0	11.5	1.5	9.2	1.0	7.2	1.0	7.0		
Output	t <sub>ZH</sub> *1	DIR	Α	18.4		18.7	_	15.7	-	13.2	_	12.8	ns	$C_L = 15 pF$
Enable time	t <sub>ZL</sub> *1			18.4	_	18.7	_	15.7	-	13.2	_	12.8		$R_L = 2.0 k\Omega$
	t <sub>ZH</sub> *1	DIR	В	15.3	_	17.1	_	14.0		12.1	—	11.3		
	t <sub>ZL</sub> *1			15.3		17.1	_	14.0		12.1	-	11.3		

Note: 1. The enable time is a calculated value, derived using the formula shown in the section entitled enable times on page 12.

 $V_{CCA} = 1.5 \pm 0.1 \text{ V}$ 

						-								
							Ta = -	-40 to	0 to 85°C					
				V <sub>CCB</sub> =	Vc	св=	Vc	CB	Vc	св=	Vc	св=		
		From	То	1.2 V	1.5±	0.1 V	1.8±0	.15 V	2.5±	0.2 V	3.3±	0.3 V		Test
Item	Symbol	(input)	(output)	Тур	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit	conditions
Propagation	t <sub>PLH</sub>	Α	B	10.0	2.0	10.5	1.5	7.2	1.0	4.8	1.0	4.2	ns	$C_L = 15 pF$
delay time	t <sub>PHL</sub>			10.0	2.0	10.5	1.5	7.2	1.0	4.8	1.0	4.2		$R_L = 2.0 k\Omega$
	t <sub>PLH</sub>	В		8.0	2.0	10.5	2.0	9.6	2.0	9.2	2.0	8.8	]	
	t <sub>PHL</sub>			8.0	2.0	10.5	2.0	9.6	2.0	9.2	2.0	8.8		
Output	t <sub>HZ</sub>	DIR	A	6.0	2.0	10.0	2.0	10.0	2.0	10.0	2.0	10.0	ns	$C_L = 15 pF$
Disable time	t <sub>LZ</sub>			6.0	2.0	10.0	2.0	10.0	2.0	10.0	2.0	10.0	]	$R_L = 2.0 k\Omega$
	t <sub>HZ</sub>	DIR	В	12.5	2.0	12.7	1.5	12.0	1.0	10.7	1.0	7.5		
	t <sub>LZ</sub>			12.5	2.0	12.7	1.5	12.0	1.0	10.7	1.0	7.5		
Output	t <sub>ZH</sub> <sup>*1</sup>	DIR		20.5	_	23.2	_	21.6	_	19.9	_	16.3	ns	C∟ = 15pF
Enable time	t <sub>ZL</sub> *1			20.5	_	23.2		21.6		19.9	_	16.3		$R_L = 2.0 k\Omega$
	t <sub>ZH</sub> *1	DIR	В	16.0		20.5		17.2		14.8		14.2	]	
	t <sub>ZL</sub> *1			16.0	_	20.5	_	17.2	_	14.8	_	14.2	]	

Note: 1. The enable time is a calculated value, derived using the formula shown in the section entitled enable times on page 12.

#### Switching Characteristics (Cont.)

#### $V_{CCA} = 1.2 V$ Ta = -40 to 85°C V<sub>CCB</sub>= V<sub>CCB</sub>= V<sub>CCB</sub>= V<sub>CCB</sub>= V<sub>CCB</sub>= 1.2 V 1.5±0.1 V 1.8±0.15 V 2.5±0.2 V 3.3±0.3 V From То Test Symbol Unit conditions Item (input) (output) Тур Тур Тур Тур Тур $C_L = 15 pF$ Propagation A В 10.5 8.0 6.4 4.7 4.0 ns t<sub>PLH</sub> delay time $R_L = 2.0 k\Omega$ 6.4 4.7 4.0 10.5 8.0 t<sub>PHL</sub> 10.5 10.0 В A 9.8 9.5 9.1 t<sub>PLH</sub> 10.5 10.0 9.8 9.5 9.1 $t_{\mathsf{PHL}}$ DIR А Output 8.0 8.0 8.0 8.0 8.0 $C_L = 15 pF$ ns t<sub>HZ</sub> Disable time $R_L = 2.0 k\Omega$ 8.0 8.0 8.0 8.0 8.0 $t_{LZ}$ t<sub>HZ</sub> DIR В 13.5 10.5 9.5 7.5 7.5 13.5 10.5 9.5 7.5 7.5 t<sub>LZ</sub> Output DIR А 24.0 20.5 19.3 17.0 16.6 $C_L = 15 pF$ t<sub>ZH</sub> ns $R_L = 2.0 k\Omega$ Enable time 24.0 17.0 20.5 19.3 16.6 t<sub>ZL</sub> В 14.4 DIR 18.5 16.0 12.7 12.0 t<sub>ZH</sub> 18.5 16.0 14.4 12.7 12.0 $t_{ZL}$

Note: 1. The enable time is a calculated value, derived using the formula shown in the section entitled enable times on page 12.

#### **Operating Characteristics**

 $Ta = 25^{\circ}C$ 

Item	Symbol	V <sub>CCAI</sub> (V)	V <sub>CCB</sub> (V)	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test conditions
Power dissipation	CPD	3.3	3.3		12	_	pF	f = 10 MHz
capacitance								$C_L = 0$

#### Power-up considerations

Level-translation devices offer an opportunity for successful mixed-voltage signal design.

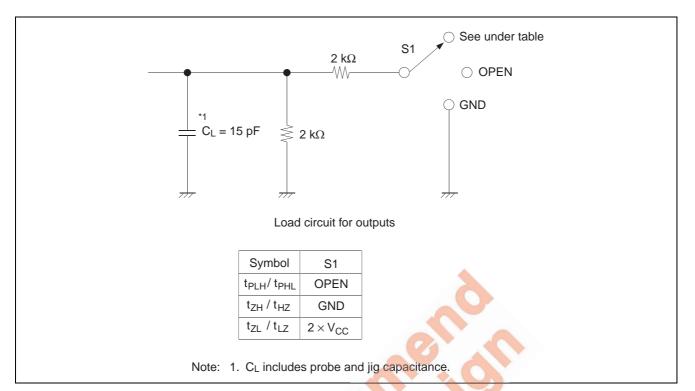
A proper power–up sequence always should be followed to avoid excessive supply current, bus contention, oscillations, or other anomalies caused by improperly biased device pins.

Take these precautions to guard against such power-up problems.

- 1. Connect ground before any supply voltage is applied.
- 2. Next, power up the control side of the device. (Power up of  $V_{CCA}$  is first. Next power up is  $V_{CCB}$ )
- 3. Depending on the direction of the data path, DIR can be high or low. If DIR high is needed (A data to B bus), ramp it with V<sub>CCA</sub>. Otherwise, DIR low is needed (B data to A bus), ramp it with GND.

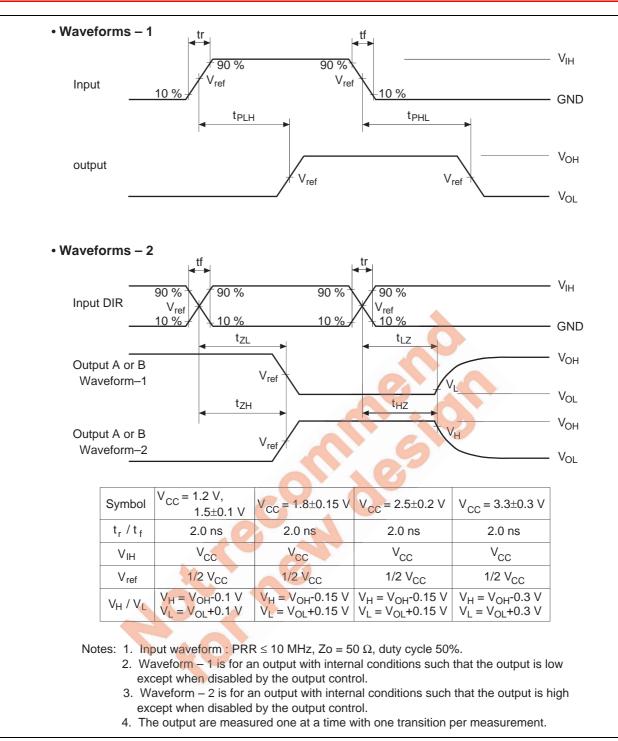


#### **Test Circuit**





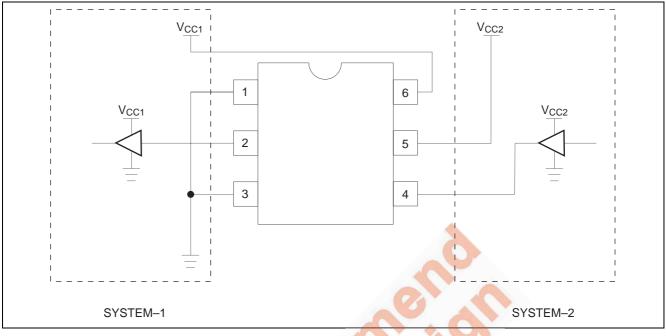






### **Application Information**

Figure 1 is an example circuit of the RD74VT1G245 being used in a bidirectional logic level-shifting application.





### **Pin Description**

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION	DESCRIPTION
1	DIR	DIR	The GND (low-level) determines B-port to A-port direction
2	А	OUT	Output level depends on V <sub>CC1</sub> voltage
3	GND	GND	Device GND
4	В	IN	Input threshold value depends on V <sub>CC2</sub> voltage
5	V <sub>CCB</sub>	V <sub>CC2</sub>	SYSTEM-2 supply voltage (1.2V to 3.6V)
6	Vcca	V <sub>CC1</sub>	SYSTEM-1 supply voltage (1.2V to 3.6V)



#### **Application Information (Cont.)**

Figure 2 shows the RD74VT1G245 used in a bidirectional logic level–shifting application. Since the RD74VT1G245 does not have an output enable (OE) pin, the system designer should take precautions to avoid bus contention between SYSTEM–1 and SYSTEM–2 when changing directions.

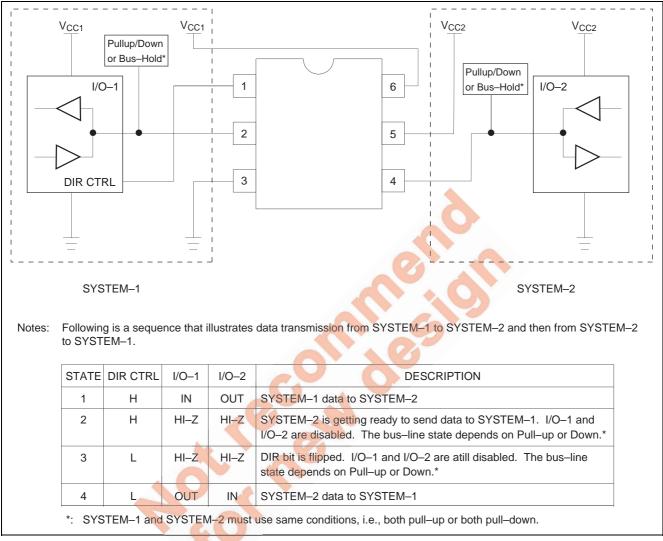


Figure 2. Bidirectional Logic Level-Shifting Application

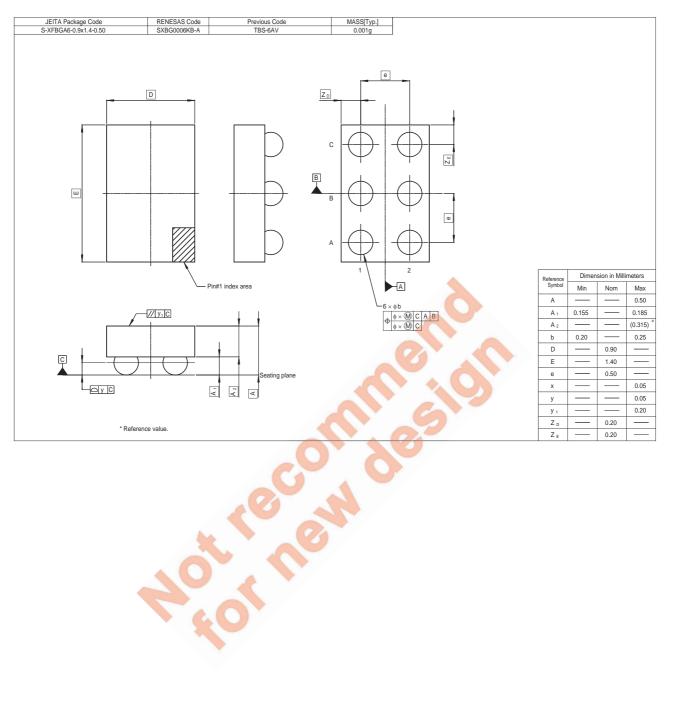
Calculate the enable times for the RD74VT1G245 using the following formulas:

- 1.  $t_{ZH}$  (DIR to A) =  $t_{LZ}$  (DIR to B) +  $t_{PLH}$  (B to A)
- 2.  $t_{ZL}$  (DIR to A) =  $t_{HZ}$  (DIR to B) +  $t_{PHL}$  (B to A)
- 3.  $t_{ZH}$  (DIR to B) =  $t_{LZ}$  (DIR to A) +  $t_{PLH}$  (A to B)
- 4.  $t_{ZL}$  (DIR to B) =  $t_{HZ}$  (DIR to A) +  $t_{PHL}$  (A to B)

In a bidirectional application, these enable times provide the maximum delay from the time the DIR bit is switched until an output is expected. For example, if the RD74VT1G245 initially is transmitting from A to B, then the DIR bit is switched, the B port of the device must be disabled before presenting it with an input. After the B port has been disabled, an input signal applied to it appears on the corresponding A port after the specified propagation delay.



#### **Package Dimensions**





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