

# DATA SHEET

## **TDA3617** Multiple voltage regulator

Preliminary specification  
File under Integrated Circuits, IC01

1999 Jul 14

**Multiple voltage regulator****TDA3617****FEATURES****General**

- Three  $V_P$ -state controlled regulators (regulators 1, 2 and 3)
- Very good stability and noise behaviour
- Separate control pins for switching regulators 1, 2 and 3
- Supply voltage range from  $-18$  to  $+50$  V
- Low quiescent current (when regulators 1, 2 and 3 are switched off)
- High ripple rejection
- Hold output for indicating regulator 1 and/or 2 and/or 3 out of regulation.

**Protections**

- Reverse polarity safe (down to  $-18$  V without high reverse current)
- Able to withstand voltages up to  $18$  V at the outputs (supply line may be short circuited)
- ESD protection on all pins

- Thermal protection
- Load dump protection
- Foldback current limit protection for regulators 1, 2 and 3
- DC short-circuit safe to ground and  $V_P$  for all regulator outputs.

**GENERAL DESCRIPTION**

The TDA3617J is a multiple output voltage regulator with three independent regulators. It contains:

1. Three fixed voltage regulators with foldback current protection (regulators 1, 2 and 3)
2. A supply pin that can withstand load dump pulses and negative supply voltages
3. Independent enable inputs for regulators 1, 2 and 3
4. Local temperature protection for regulator 3
5. A hold output that can be used to interface with a microprocessor. The hold indicates that the selected output voltages are available and within their ranges.

**QUICK REFERENCE DATA**

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
<b>Supply</b>						
$V_P$	supply voltage operating jump start load dump protection	$t \leq 10$ minutes for 50 ms; $t_r \geq 2.5$ ms	9.5 – –	14.4 – –	17.5 30 50	V V V
$I_{q(tot)}$	total quiescent current	standby mode	–	5	40	$\mu$ A
$T_j$	junction temperature		–	–	175	°C
<b>Voltage regulators</b>						
$V_{REG1}$	output voltage regulator 1	$1 \text{ mA} \leq I_{REG1} \leq 1.3 \text{ A}$	8.55	9.0	9.45	V
$V_{REG2}$	output voltage regulator 2	$1 \text{ mA} \leq I_{REG2} \leq 600 \text{ mA};$ $V_P = 14.4 \text{ V}$	4.75	5.0	5.25	V
$V_{REG3}$	output voltage regulator 3	$1 \text{ mA} \leq I_{REG3} \leq 300 \text{ mA}$	3.14	3.3	3.46	V

**ORDERING INFORMATION**

TYPE NUMBER	PACKAGE		
	NAME	DESCRIPTION	VERSION
TDA3617J	DBS9P	plastic DIL-bent-SIL power package; 9 leads (lead length 7.7 mm)	SOT157-4

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## BLOCK DIAGRAM

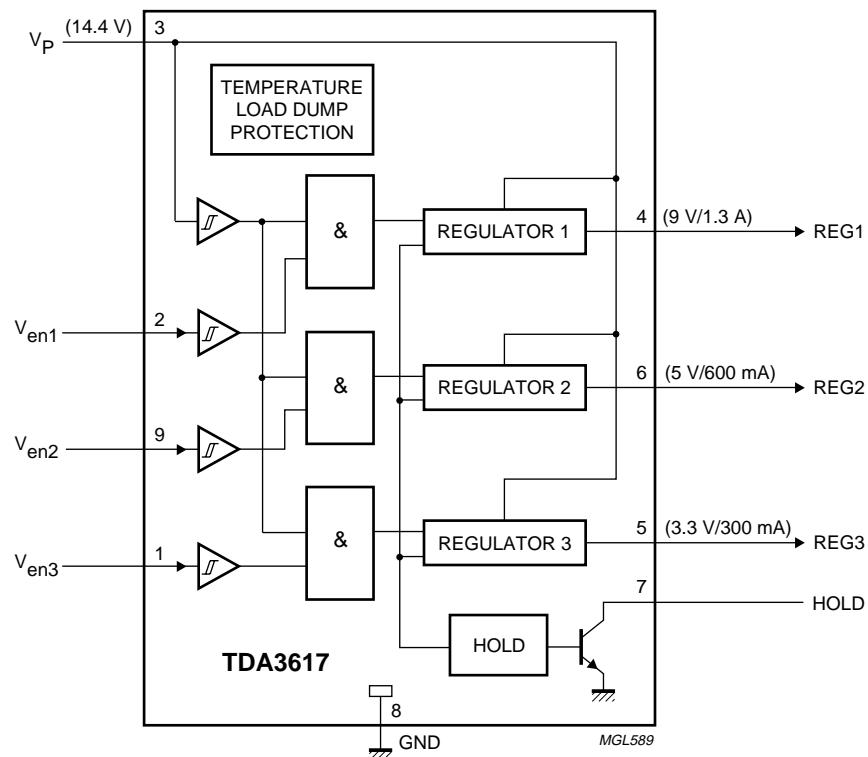


Fig.1 Block diagram.

## PINNING

SYMBOL	PIN	DESCRIPTION
V <sub>en3</sub>	1	enable input regulator 3
V <sub>en1</sub>	2	enable input regulator 1
V <sub>p</sub>	3	supply voltage
REG1	4	regulator 1 output
REG3	5	regulator 3 output
REG2	6	regulator 2 output
HOLD	7	hold output
GND	8	ground
V <sub>en2</sub>	9	enable input regulator 2

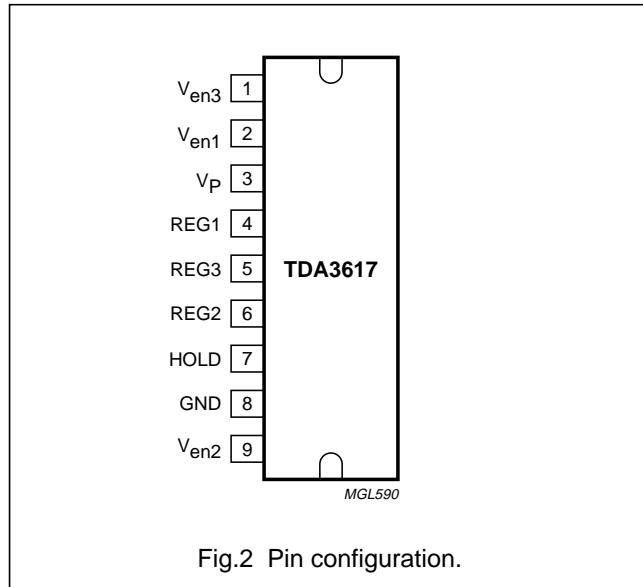


Fig.2 Pin configuration.

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### FUNCTIONAL DESCRIPTION

The TDA3617J is a multiple output voltage regulator with three independent switchable regulators. When the supply voltage ( $V_P > 4.5$  V) is available, regulators 1, 2 and 3 can be operated by means of three independent enable inputs.

Schmitt trigger functions are included to switch the regulators off at low battery voltage ( $V_P < 4$  V). A hysteresis is included to avoid random switching.

All output pins are fully protected. The regulators are protected against load dump (the regulators switch off at supply voltages higher than 20 V) and short circuit (foldback current protection).

The TDA3617J has a hold circuit which indicates when one of the regulators is out-of-regulation. The hold function is disabled when all the enable inputs are LOW (TDA3617J in standby mode). The HOLD output (open collector output) can be wired OR-ed with other hold outputs of other regulator parts (e.g. TDA3618). When all the regulators of the TDA3617J are disabled (switched off), the HOLD output will be high ohmic. Because of this feature, the hold will not influence the hold information when wired OR-ed with other regulator parts.

Figure 3 shows the total timing of a semi-on/off logic set. Figure 4 shows the total timing of the HOLD signal.

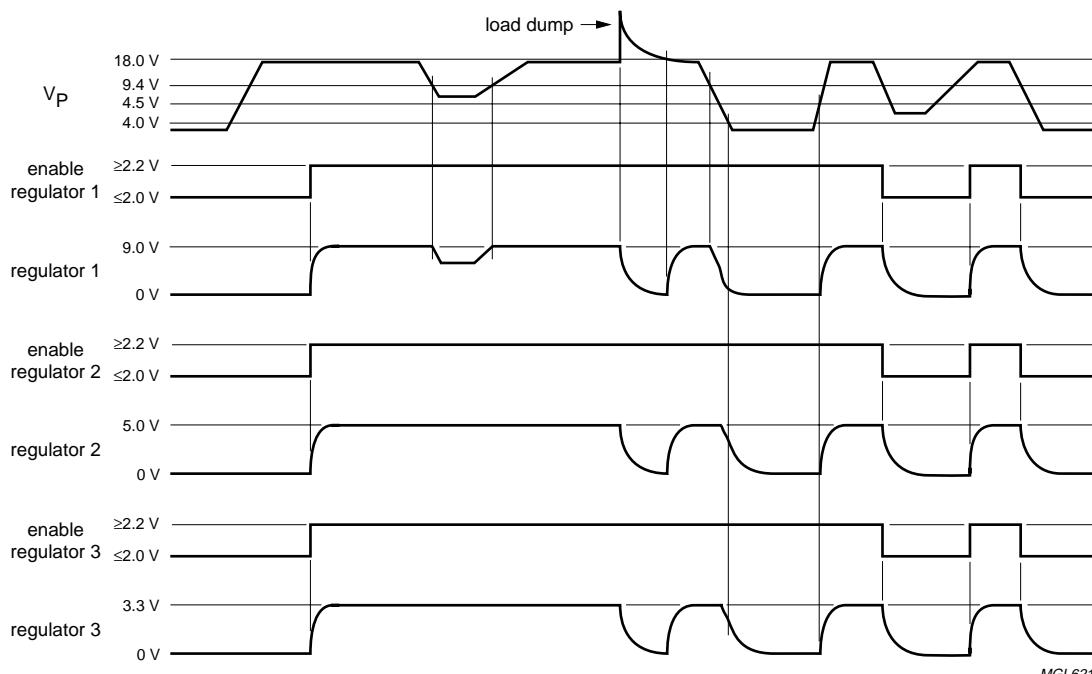


Fig.3 Timing diagrams of a semi-on/off logic set.

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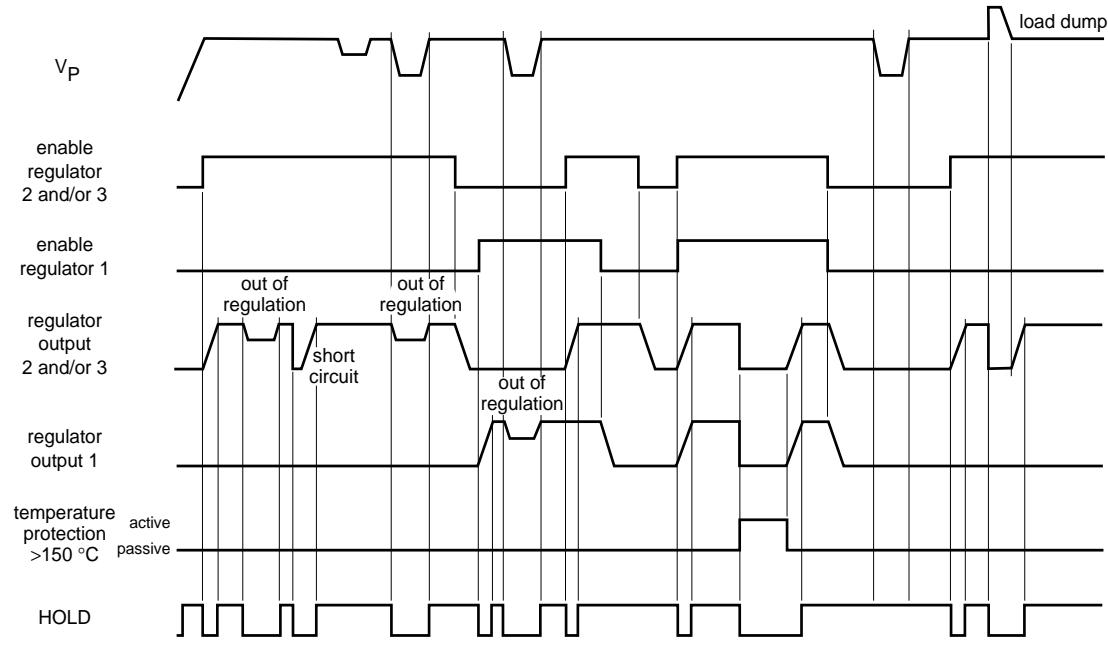


Fig.4 Timing diagrams of the HOLD signal.

**LIMITING VALUES**

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134).

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	MAX.	UNIT
$V_P$	supply voltage operating jump start load dump protection	$t \leq 10$ minutes for 50 ms; $t_f \geq 2.5$ ms	— — —	17.5 30 50	V
$V_{bat(rp)}$	reverse polarity battery voltage	non-operating	—	-18	V
$P_{tot}$	total power dissipation		—	62	W
$T_{stg}$	storage temperature	non-operating	-55	+150	°C
$T_{amb}$	ambient temperature	operating	-40	+85	°C
$T_j$	junction temperature	operating	—	175	°C

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## THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	VALUE	UNIT
$R_{th(j-c)}$	thermal resistance from junction to case	regulator and switch-on	2	K/W
$R_{th(j-a)}$	thermal resistance from junction to ambient	in free air	50	K/W

## QUALITY SPECIFICATION

In accordance with "SNW-FQ-611-E". The number of the quality specification can be found in the "Quality Reference Handbook".

## CHARACTERISTICS

$V_P = 14.4$  V;  $T_{amb} = 25$  °C; measured in test circuit of Fig.6; unless otherwise specified.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
<b>Supplies</b>						
$V_P$	supply voltage operating REGn on jump start load dump protection	note 1 $t \leq 10$ minutes for 50 ms; $t_r \geq 2.5$ ms	9.5 6 — —	14.4 14.4 — —	17.5 17.5 30 50	V V V V
$I_q$	quiescent current	$V_P = 12.4$ V; note 2 $V_P = 14.4$ V; note 2	— —	5 5	40 —	$\mu A$ $\mu A$
<b>Power supply Schmitt trigger for regulators 1, 2 and 3</b>						
$V_{thr}$	rising voltage threshold	$V_{en} = 3$ V	6.2	6.8	7.5	V
$V_{thf}$	falling voltage threshold	$V_{en} = 3$ V	4.0	4.5	5.0	V
$V_{hys}$	hysteresis		1.5	2.3	3.0	V
<b>Enable input (regulators 1, 2 and 3)</b>						
$V_{i(off)}$	off-level input voltage		-0.2		+1.2	V
$V_{i(on)}$	on-level input voltage		—	1.8	—	V
$I_{LI}$	input leakage current	$V_{en} = 5$ V	5	30	50	$\mu A$
<b>Hold buffer</b>						
$I_{sinkL}$	LOW-level sink current	$V_{HOLD} \leq 0.8$ V	2	—	—	mA
$I_{LO}$	output leakage current	$V_{HOLD} = 5$ V	—	0	5	$\mu A$

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SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
<b>Regulator 1 (<math>I_{REG1} = 5 \text{ mA}</math>)</b>						
$V_{REG1(\text{off})}$	output voltage off		–	1	400	mV
$V_{REG1}$	output voltage	$1 \text{ mA} \leq I_{REG1} \leq 1.3 \text{ A}$	8.55	9.0	9.45	V
		$10.5 \text{ V} \leq V_P \leq 17.5 \text{ V}$	8.55	9.0	9.45	V
$\Delta V_{REG1}$	line regulation	$10.5 \text{ V} \leq V_P \leq 17.5 \text{ V}$	–	20	50	mV
$\Delta V_{REGL1}$	load regulation	$1 \text{ mA} \leq I_{REG1} \leq 1.3 \text{ A}$	–	35	70	mV
$I_{qREG1}$	quiescent current	$I_{REG1} = 1.3 \text{ A}$	–	45	110	mA
SVRR1	supply voltage ripple rejection	$f = 3 \text{ kHz}; V_{i(p-p)} = 2 \text{ V}$	60	70	–	dB
$V_{REG1d}$	drop-out voltage	$I_{REG1} = 1.3 \text{ A}; \text{ note 3}$	–	0.5	1	V
$I_{REG1m}$	current limit	$V_{REG1} > 7.5 \text{ V}; \text{ note 4}$	1.3	1.4	–	A
$I_{REG1sc}$	short-circuit current	$R_L \leq 0.5 \Omega; \text{ note 5}$	250	500	–	mA
$\alpha_{ct}$	cross talk noise	note 6	–	25	150	$\mu\text{V}$
<b>Schmitt trigger for hold of regulator 1</b>						
$V_{thr}$	rising threshold voltage of regulator 1	$V_P$ rising	–	$V_{REG1} - 0.15$	$V_{REG1} - 0.075$	V
$V_{thf}$	falling threshold voltage of regulator 1	$V_P$ falling	8.1	$V_{REG1} - 0.35$	–	V
$V_{hys}$	hysteresis voltage		0.1	0.2	0.3	V
<b>Regulator 2 (<math>I_{REG2} = 5 \text{ mA}</math>)</b>						
$V_{REG2(\text{off})}$	output voltage off		–	1	400	mV
$V_{REG2}$	output voltage	$0.5 \text{ mA} \leq I_{REG2} \leq 600 \text{ mA}$	4.75	5.0	5.25	V
		$8 \text{ V} \leq V_P \leq 17.5 \text{ V}$	4.75	5.0	5.25	V
$\Delta V_{REG2}$	line regulation	$8 \text{ V} \leq V_P \leq 17.5 \text{ V}$	–	2	50	mV
$\Delta V_{REGL2}$	load regulation	$1 \text{ mA} \leq I_{REG2} \leq 600 \text{ mA}$	–	20	85	mV
$I_{qREG2}$	quiescent current	$I_{REG2} = 0.4 \text{ A}$	–	10	40	mA
SVRR2	supply voltage ripple rejection	$f = 3 \text{ kHz}; V_{i(p-p)} = 2 \text{ V}$	60	70	–	dB
$V_{REG2d}$	drop-out voltage	$I_{REG2} = 600 \text{ mA}; V_P = 6 \text{ V}; \text{ note 3}$	–	1	1.5	V
$I_{REG2m}$	current limit	$V_{REG2} > 4 \text{ V}; \text{ note 4}$	0.65	0.8	–	A
$I_{REG2sc}$	short-circuit current	$R_L \leq 0.5 \Omega; \text{ note 5}$	100	300	–	mA
$\alpha_{ct}$	cross talk noise	note 6	–	25	150	$\mu\text{V}$
<b>Schmitt trigger for hold of regulator 2</b>						
$V_{thr}$	rising threshold voltage of regulator 2	$V_P$ rising	–	$V_{REG1} - 0.15$	$V_{REG1} - 0.075$	V
$V_{thf}$	falling threshold voltage of regulator 2	$V_P$ falling	4.3	$V_{REG1} - 0.35$	–	V
$V_{hys}$	hysteresis voltage		0.1	0.2	0.3	V

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SYMBOL	PARAMETER	CONDITIONS	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.	UNIT
<b>Regulator 3 (<math>I_{REG3} = 5 \text{ mA}</math>)</b>						
$V_{REG3(\text{off})}$	output voltage off		–	1	400	mV
$V_{REG3}$	output voltage	$1 \text{ mA} \leq I_{REG3} \leq 300 \text{ mA}$	3.14	3.3	3.46	V
		$5 \text{ V} \leq V_P \leq 17.5 \text{ V}$	3.14	3.3	3.46	V
$\Delta V_{REG3}$	line regulation	$5 \text{ V} \leq V_P \leq 17.5 \text{ V}$	–	2	50	mV
$\Delta V_{REGL3}$	load regulation	$1 \text{ mA} \leq I_{REG3} \leq 300 \text{ mA}$	–	20	50	mV
$I_{qREG3}$	quiescent current	$I_{REG3} = 300 \text{ mA}$	–	10	15	mA
SVRR3	supply voltage ripple rejection	$f = 3 \text{ kHz}; V_{i(p-p)} = 2 \text{ V}$	60	70	–	dB
$I_{REG3m}$	current limit	$V_{REG3} > 3 \text{ V}; \text{ note 4}$	0.35	0.45	–	A
$I_{REG3sc}$	short circuit current	$R_L \leq 0.5 \Omega; \text{ note 5}$	15	50	–	mA
$\alpha_{ct}$	cross talk noise	note 6	–	25	150	$\mu\text{V}$
<b>Schmitt trigger for hold of regulator 3</b>						
$V_{thr}$	rising threshold voltage of regulator 3	$V_P$ rising	–	$V_{REG1} - 0.15$	$V_{REG1} - 0.075$	V
$V_{thf}$	falling threshold voltage of regulator 2	$V_P$ falling	2.7	$V_{REG1} - 0.35$	–	V
$V_{hys}$	hysteresis voltage		0.1	0.2	0.3	V

**Notes**

1. Minimum operating voltage, only if  $V_P$  has exceeded 4.5 V.
2. The quiescent current is measured in the standby mode. Therefore, the enable inputs of regulators 1, 2 and 3 are LOW ( $V_{en} < 1 \text{ V}$ ).
3. The drop-out voltage of regulators 1, 2 and 3 is measured between  $V_P$  and  $V_{REGn}$ .
4. At current limit,  $I_{REGmn}$  is held constant (see Fig.5 for the behaviour of  $I_{REGmn}$ ).
5. The foldback current protection limits the dissipated power at short circuit (see Fig.5).
6. Perform the load regulation test with sine wave load of 10 kHz on the regulator output under test. Measure the RMS ripple voltage on each of the remaining regulator outputs, using a 80 kHz low-pass filter.

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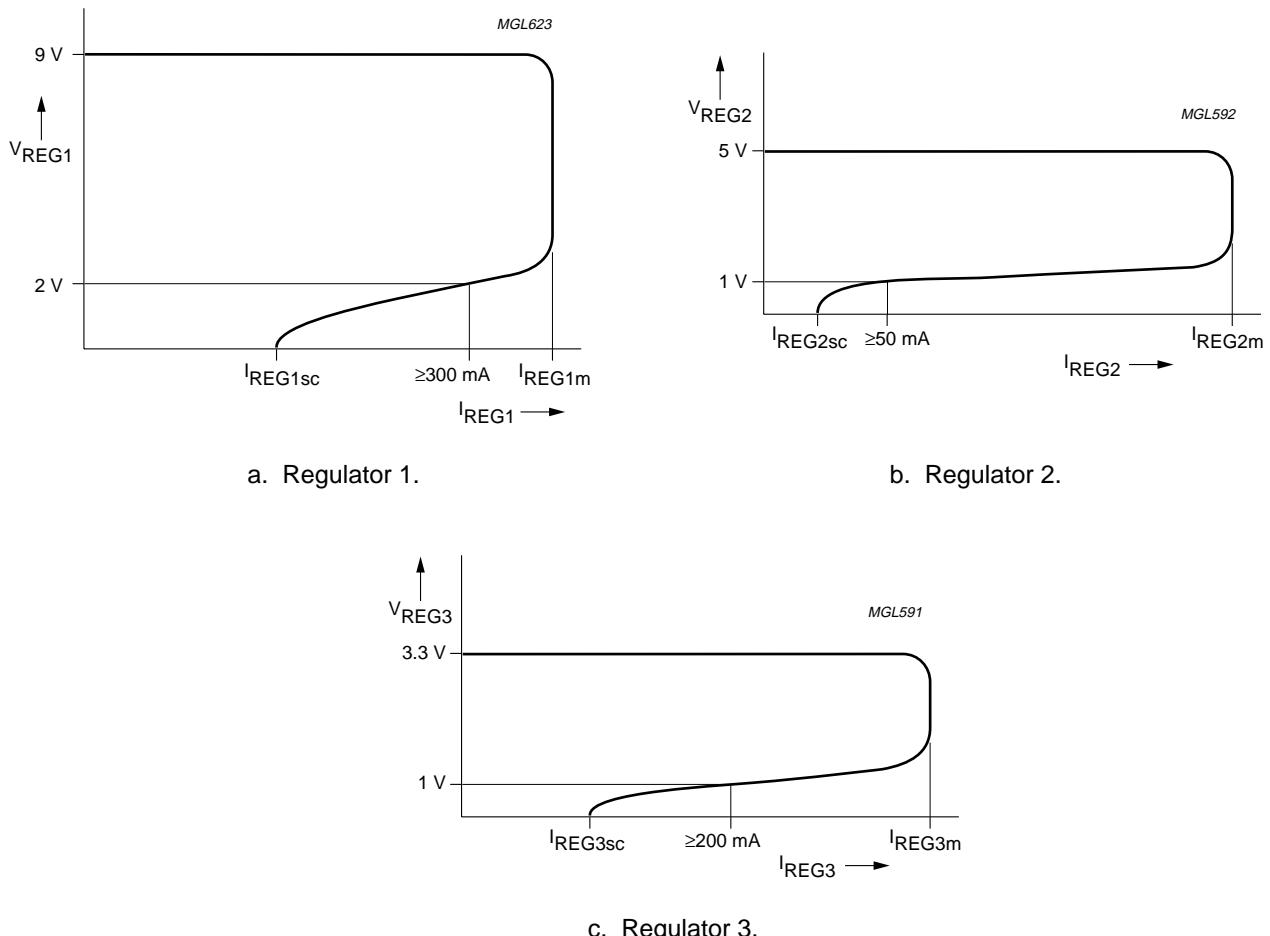


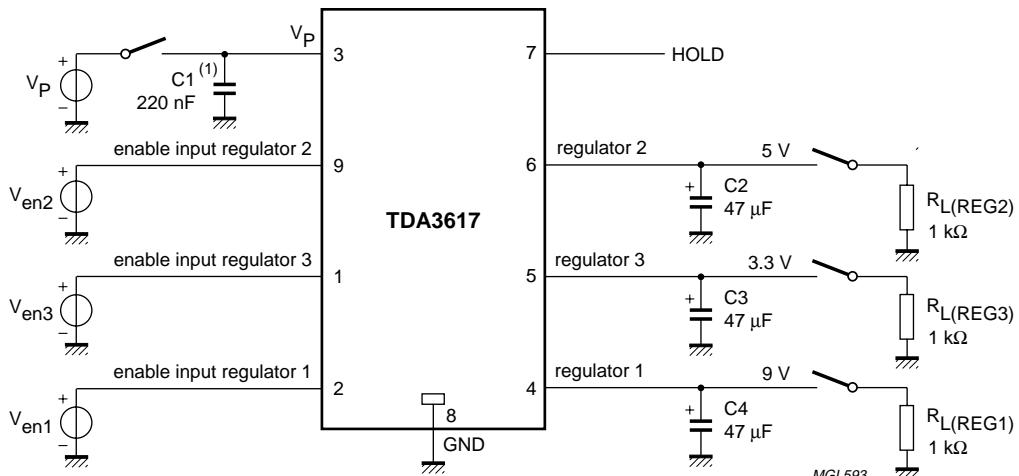
Fig.5 Foldback current protection for regulators 1, 2 and 3.

## Multiple voltage regulator

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## TEST AND APPLICATION INFORMATION

## Test information



(1) Capacitor not required for stability.

Fig.6 Test circuit.

## Application information

## NOISE

Table 1 Noise figures

REGULATOR	NOISE FIGURE ( $\mu\text{V}$ ) <sup>(1)</sup>		
	$C_o = 10 \mu\text{F}$	$C_o = 47 \mu\text{F}$	$C_o = 100 \mu\text{F}$
1	tbf	150	tbf
2	tbf	150	tbf
3	tbf	200	tbf

## Note

1. Measured at a bandwidth of 200 kHz.

The noise on the supply line depends on the value of the supply capacitor and is caused by a current noise (output noise of the regulators is translated to a current noise by means of the output capacitors). The noise is minimum

when a high frequency capacitor of 220 nF in parallel with an electrolytic capacitor of 100  $\mu\text{F}$  is connected directly to pins 3 and 8 (supply and ground).

## STABILITY

The regulators are stabilized with the externally connected output capacitors. The value of the output capacitors can be selected by referring to the graph illustrated in Fig.7.

When an electrolytic capacitor is used, its temperature behaviour can cause oscillations at temperatures lower than  $-20^\circ\text{C}$ . In this case, use a tantalum capacitor.

The two examples on the next page show how an output capacitor value is selected.

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### Example 1

Regulators 1, 2 and 3 are stabilized with an electrolytic output capacitor of  $220 \mu\text{F}$  ( $\text{ESR} = 0.15 \Omega$ ). At  $-30^\circ\text{C}$ , the capacitor value is decreased to  $73 \mu\text{F}$  and the ESR is increased to  $1.1 \Omega$ . The regulator will remain stable at  $-30^\circ\text{C}$ .

### Example 2

Regulators 1, 2 and 3 are stabilized with an electrolytic output capacitor of  $10 \mu\text{F}$  ( $\text{ESR} = 3.18 \Omega$ ). At  $-30^\circ\text{C}$ , the capacitor value is decreased to  $3.3 \mu\text{F}$  and the ESR is increased to  $23 \Omega$ . The regulator will be unstable at  $-30^\circ\text{C}$ .

### Solution

Use a  $47 \text{nF}$  HF capacitor in parallel with the output electrolytic output capacitor. As can be seen from the graph in Fig.7, the regulators will remain stable with an output capacitor of  $47 \text{nF}$  onwards. The electrolytic output capacitor is only needed to minimize the output noise.

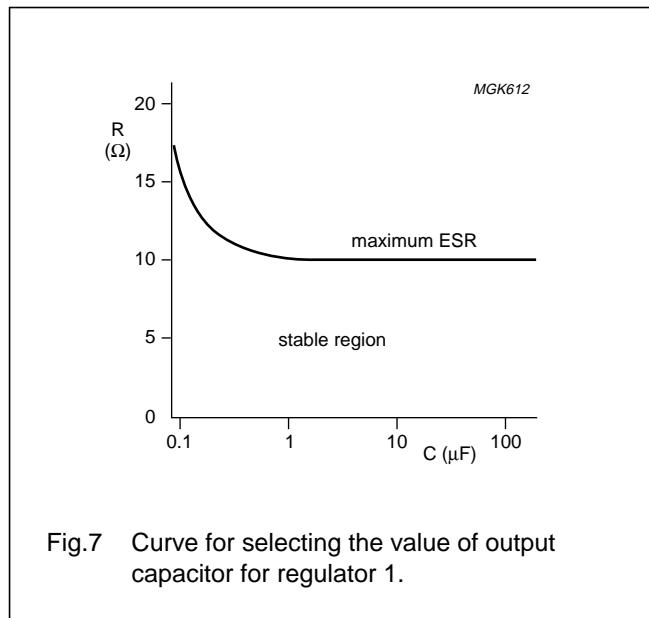


Fig.7 Curve for selecting the value of output capacitor for regulator 1.

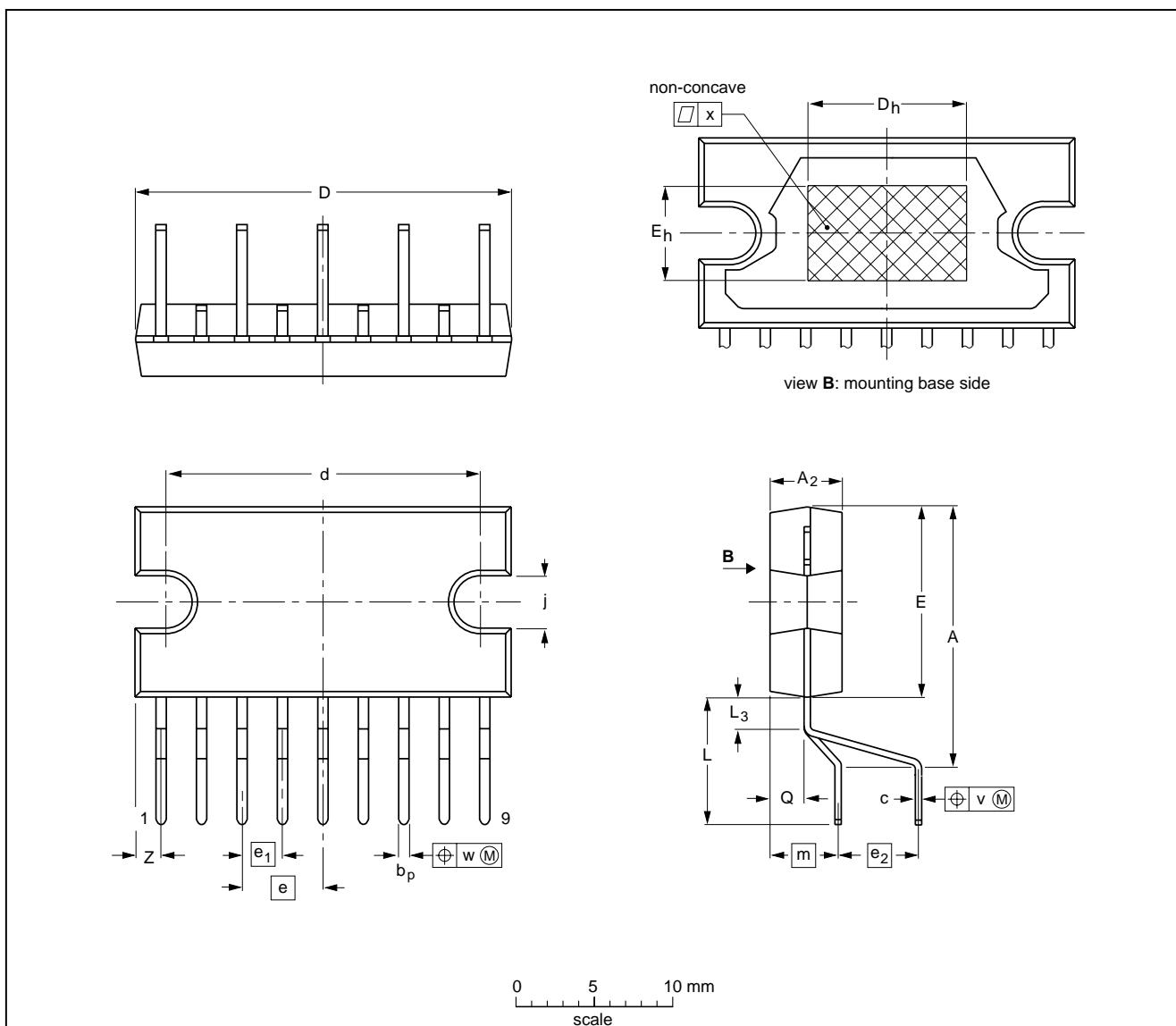
## Multiple voltage regulator

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## PACKAGE OUTLINE

DBS9P: plastic DIL-bent-SIL power package; 9 leads (lead length 7.7 mm)

SOT157-4



## DIMENSIONS (mm are the original dimensions)

UNIT	A	$A_2$	$b_p$	c	$D^{(1)}$	d	$D_h$	$E^{(1)}$	e	$e_1$	$e_2$	$E_h$	j	L	$L_3$	m	Q	v	w	x	$Z^{(1)}$
mm	17.0 15.5	4.6 4.2	0.75 0.60	0.48 0.38	24.0 23.6	20.0 19.6	10	12.2 11.8	5.08	2.54	5.08	6	3.4 3.1	8.4 7.0	2.4 1.6	4.3	2.1 1.8	0.6	0.25	0.03	2.00 1.45

## Note

- Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.25 mm maximum per side are not included.

OUTLINE VERSION	REFERENCES				EUROPEAN PROJECTION	ISSUE DATE
	IEC	JEDEC	EIAJ			
SOT157-4						95-03-11 97-12-16

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### SOLDERING

#### Introduction to soldering through-hole mount packages

This text gives a brief insight to wave, dip and manual soldering. A more in-depth account of soldering ICs can be found in our "Data Handbook IC26; Integrated Circuit Packages" (document order number 9398 652 90011).

Wave soldering is the preferred method for mounting of through-hole mount IC packages on a printed-circuit board.

#### Soldering by dipping or by solder wave

The maximum permissible temperature of the solder is 260 °C; solder at this temperature must not be in contact with the joints for more than 5 seconds.

The total contact time of successive solder waves must not exceed 5 seconds.

The device may be mounted up to the seating plane, but the temperature of the plastic body must not exceed the specified maximum storage temperature ( $T_{stg(max)}$ ). If the printed-circuit board has been pre-heated, forced cooling may be necessary immediately after soldering to keep the temperature within the permissible limit.

#### Manual soldering

Apply the soldering iron (24 V or less) to the lead(s) of the package, either below the seating plane or not more than 2 mm above it. If the temperature of the soldering iron bit is less than 300 °C it may remain in contact for up to 10 seconds. If the bit temperature is between 300 and 400 °C, contact may be up to 5 seconds.

### Suitability of through-hole mount IC packages for dipping and wave soldering methods

PACKAGE	SOLDERING METHOD	
	DIPPING	WAVE
DBS, DIP, HDIP, SDIP, SIL	suitable	suitable <sup>(1)</sup>

#### Note

- For SDIP packages, the longitudinal axis must be parallel to the transport direction of the printed-circuit board.

### DEFINITIONS

Data sheet status	
Objective specification	This data sheet contains target or goal specifications for product development.
Preliminary specification	This data sheet contains preliminary data; supplementary data may be published later.
Product specification	This data sheet contains final product specifications.
Limiting values	
Limiting values given are in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134). Stress above one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or at any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of the specification is not implied. Exposure to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.	
Application information	
Where application information is given, it is advisory and does not form part of the specification.	

### LIFE SUPPORT APPLICATIONS

These products are not designed for use in life support appliances, devices, or systems where malfunction of these products can reasonably be expected to result in personal injury. Philips customers using or selling these products for use in such applications do so at their own risk and agree to fully indemnify Philips for any damages resulting from such improper use or sale.

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**NOTES**

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**NOTES**

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