

TEXAS INSTR (OPTO)

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TIL118-1, TIL118-2, TIL118-3  
OPTOCOUPERS

D1607, NOVEMBER 1973—REVISED JULY 1989

T-41-83

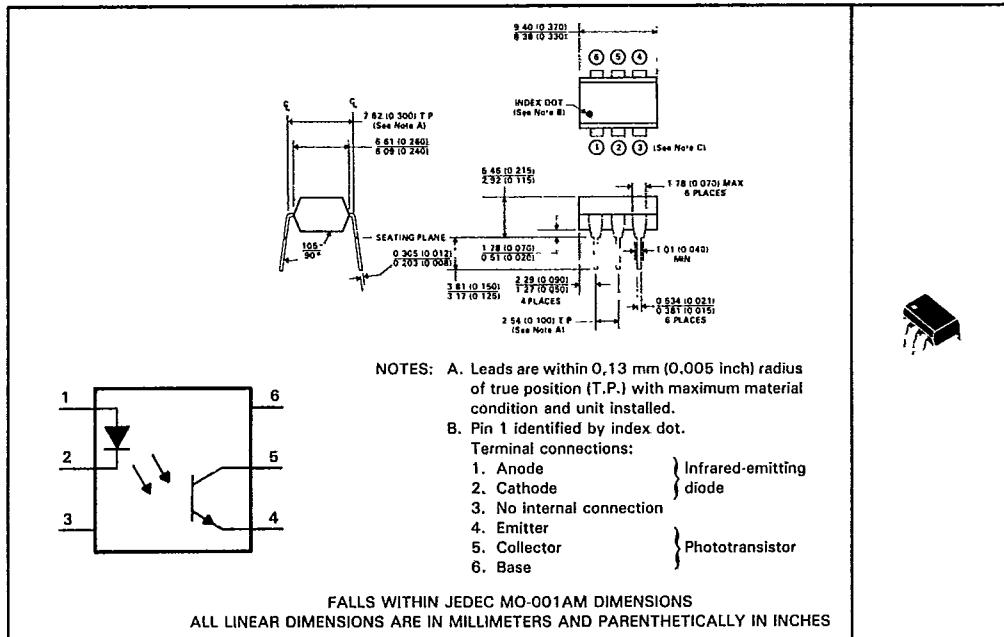
- Gallium Arsenide Diode Infrared Source Optically Coupled to a Silicon N-P-N Phototransistor
- High Direct-Current Transfer Ratio
- High-Voltage Electrical Isolation . . . 3.53 kV
- Plastic Dual-In-Line Package
- High-Speed Switching:  $t_r = 2 \mu s$ ,  $t_f = 2 \mu s$  Typical
- Choice of Three Current Transfer Ratios
- No Base Lead Connection for High EMI Environment

## mechanical data

The package consists of a gallium arsenide infrared-emitting diode and an n-p-n silicon phototransistor mounted on a 6-lead frame encapsulated within an electrically nonconductive plastic compound. The case will withstand soldering temperature with no deformation and device performance characteristics remain stable when operated in high-humidity conditions. Unit weight is approximately 0.52 grams.

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## Optocouplers (Isolators)



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**absolute maximum ratings at 25°C free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)**

Input-to-output voltage .....	±3.535 kV peak or dc ( $\pm 2.5$ kV rms)
Collector-emitter voltage (see Note 1) .....	30 V
Emitter-collector voltage .....	7 V
Input diode reverse voltage .....	3 V
Input diode continuous forward current at (or below) 25°C free-air temperature (see Note 2) .....	100 mA
Continuous power dissipation at (or below) 25°C free-air temperature: Infrared-emitting diode (see Note 3) .....	150 mW
Phototransistor (see Note 3) .....	150 mW
Total, infrared-emitting diode plus phototransistor, (see Note 4) .....	250 mW
Storage temperature range .....	-55°C to 150°C
Lead temperature 1.6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds .....	260°C

- NOTES: 1. This value applies when the base-emitter diode is open circuited.  
 2. Derate linearly to 100°C free-air temperature at the rate of 1.33 mW/°C.  
 3. Derate linearly to 100°C free-air temperature at the rate of 2 mW/°C.  
 4. Derate linearly to 100°C free-air temperature at the rate of 3.33 mW/°C.

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**electrical characteristics at 25°C free-air temperature**

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS			MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$V_{(BR)CEO}$	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage	$I_C = 1$ mA,	$I_B = 0$ ,	$I_F = 0$	30			V
$V_{(BR)ECO}$	Emitter-collector breakdown voltage	$I_E = 10$ $\mu$ A,		$I_F = 0$	7			V
$I_{C(on)}$ On-state collector current	Phototransistor operation TIL118-1	$V_{CE} = 5$ V,	$I_F = 10$ mA,	$I_B = 0$	2			mA
					5			
					10			
$I_{C(off)}$ Off-state collector current	Phototransistor operation TIL118-2	$V_{CE} = 5$ V,	$I_F = 0$ ,	$I_B = 0$		1	100	nA
$V_F$	Input diode static forward voltage	$I_F = 10$ mA				1.2	1.5	V
$V_{CE(sat)}$	Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$I_C = 2$ mA,	$I_F = 10$ mA,	$I_B = 0$			0.4	V
$r_{IO}$	Input-to-output internal resistance	$V_{in-out} = \pm 500$ V, See Note 5			$10^{11}$			$\Omega$
$C_{io}$	Input-to-output capacitance	$V_{in-out} = 0$ ,	$f = 1$ MHz,	See Note 5		1	2	pF

NOTE 5: These parameters are measured between both input-diode leads shorted together and all the phototransistor leads shorted together.

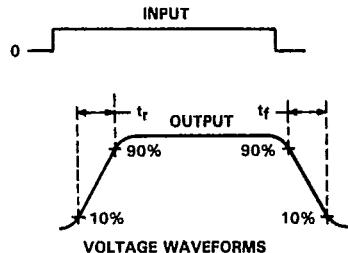
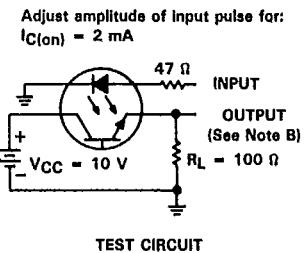
**switching characteristics at 25°C free-air temperature**

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS			MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
$t_r$ Rise time	Phototransistor operation	$V_{CC} = 10$ V,	$I_{C(on)} = 2$ mA,		2	15		
$t_f$ Fall time		$R_L = 100$ $\Omega$ ,		See Figure 1	2	15		$\mu$ s

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**PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION**

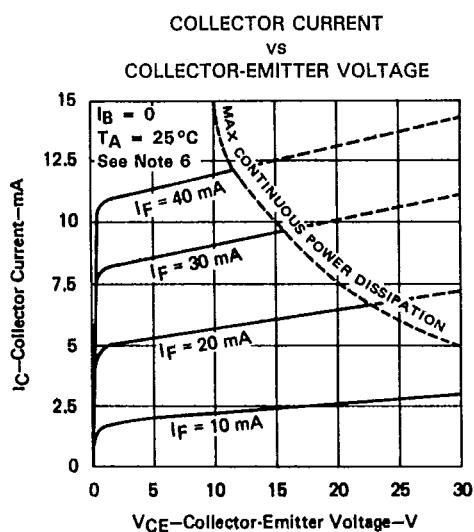


NOTES: A. The input waveform is supplied by a generator with the following characteristics:  $Z_{out} = 50 \Omega$ ,  $t_r \leq 15 \text{ ns}$ , duty cycle  $\approx 1\%$ ,  $t_w = 100 \mu\text{s}$ .  
 B. The output waveform is monitored on an oscilloscope with the following characteristics:  $t_r \leq 12 \text{ ns}$ ,  $R_{in} \geq 1 \text{ M}\Omega$ ,  $C_{in} \leq 20 \text{ pF}$ .

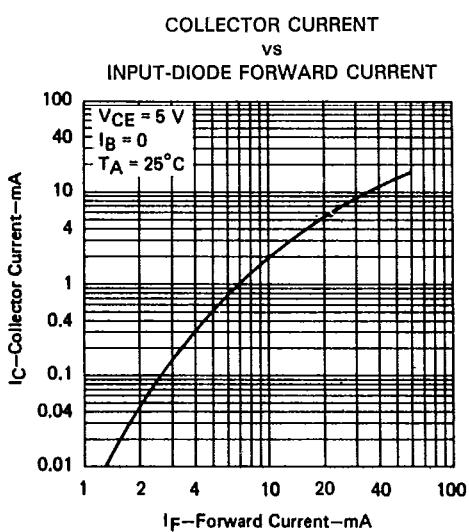
**FIGURE 1. SWITCHING TIMES**

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**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**



**FIGURE 2**



**FIGURE 3**

NOTE 6: Pulse operation of input diode is required for operation beyond limits shown by dotted lines.

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**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

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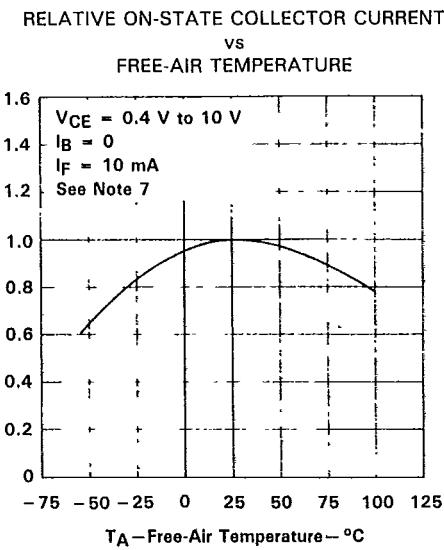


FIGURE 4

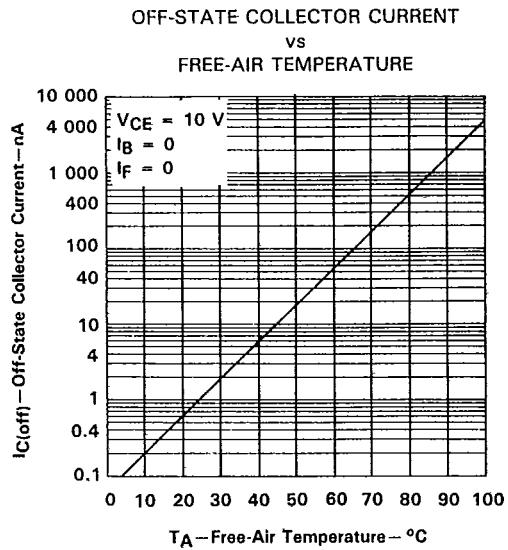


FIGURE 5

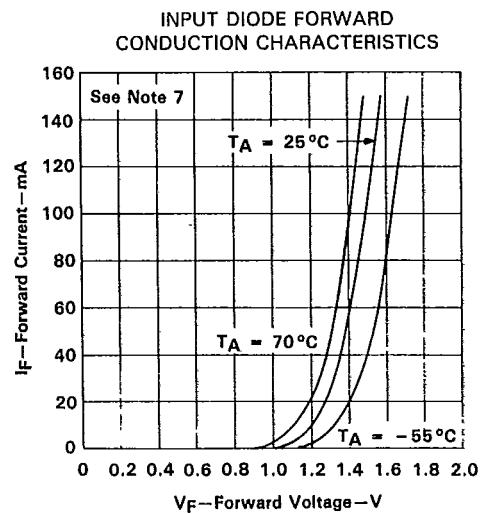


FIGURE 6

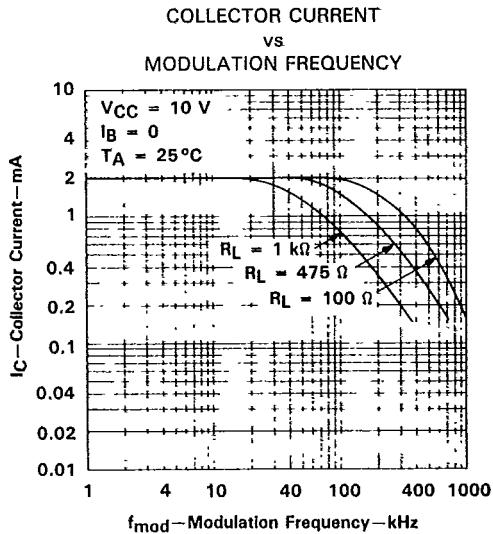


FIGURE 7

NOTE 7: These parameters were measured using techniques.  $t_W = 1 \text{ ms}$ , duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .