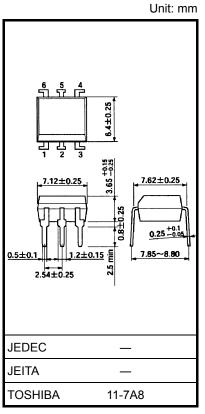
TOSHIBA Photocoupler GaAlAs IRED + Photo IC

# **TLP512**

Digital Logic Ground Isolation
Line Receiver
Microprocessor System Interfaces
Switching Power Supply Feedback Control
Transistor Inverter

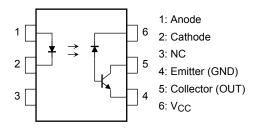
The TLP512 consists of a GaA $\ell$ As high-output light emitting diode and a high-speed detector that contains a PN photodiode and an amplifier transistor into a single chip.

- Isolation voltage: 2500 Vrms (min)
- Switching speed:  $t_{pHL}$  = 0.8  $\mu s$ ,  $t_{pLH}$  = 0.8  $\mu s$  (max) @RL = 1.9  $k\Omega$
- TTL compatible
- UL recognized: UL1577, file No. E67349

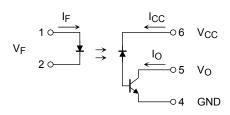


Weight: 0.4 g (typ.)

### Pin Configuration (top view)



### Schematic



### Absolute Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)

	Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit	
	DC forward current	(Note 1)	lF	25	mA
	Pulse forward current	(Note 2)	I <sub>FP</sub>	50	mA
LED	Peak transient forward current	(Note 3)	I <sub>FPT</sub>	1	Α
	DC reverse voltage		$V_{R}$	5	V
	Diode power dissipation	(Note 4)	$P_{D}$	45	mW
	Output current		IO	8	mA
ō	Peak output current		I <sub>OP</sub>	16	mA
Detector	Output voltage		Vo	–0.5 to 15	V
ă	Supply voltage		V <sub>CC</sub>	–0.5 to 15	V
	Output power dissipation	(Note 5)	Po	100	mW
Oper	Operating temperature range			-55 to 100	°C
Storage temperature range			T <sub>stg</sub>	-55 to 125	°C
Sold	Soldering temperature (10 s) (Note 6)			260	°C
Isola	Isolation voltage (R.H. ≤ 60%, AC 1 min) (Note 7)			2500	Vrms

Note: Using continuously under heavy loads (e.g. the application of high temperature/current/voltage and the significant change in temperature, etc.) may cause this product to decrease in the reliability significantly even if the operating conditions (i.e. operating temperature/current/voltage, etc.) are within the absolute maximum ratings.

Please design the appropriate reliability upon reviewing the Toshiba Semiconductor Reliability Handbook ("Handling Precautions"/"Derating Concept and Methods") and individual reliability data (i.e. reliability test report and estimated failure rate, etc).

- Note 1: Decreases at the rate of 0.8 mA/°C with the ambient temperature of 70°C or higher.
- Note 2: Duty cycle of 50%, pulse width of 1 ms.

  Decreases at the rate of 1.6 mA/°C with the ambient temperature of 70°C or higher.
- Note 3: Pulse width  $\leq$  1  $\mu$ s, 300 pps
- Note 4: Decreases at the rate of 0.9 mW/°C with the ambient temperature of 70°C or higher.
- Note 5: Decreases at the rate of 2 mW/°C with the ambient temperature of 70°C or higher.
- Note 6: Soldering is performed 2 mm from the bottom of the package.
- Note 7: Device considered a two-terminal device: pins 1, 2, and 3 shorted together and pins 4, 5 and 6 shorted together.

2

## Electrical Characteristics (Ta = 25°C)

	Characteristic	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
LED	Forward voltage	V <sub>F</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = 16 mA	_	1.65	1.85	V
	Forward voltage temperature coefficient	ΔV <sub>F</sub> /ΔTa	I <sub>F</sub> = 16 mA	_	-2	_	mV/°C
	Reverse current	I <sub>R</sub>	V <sub>R</sub> = 5 V	_	_	10	μА
	Pin-to-pin capacitance	C <sub>T</sub>	V <sub>F</sub> = 0, f = 1 MHz	_	4.5	_	pF
Detector	High-level output current	I <sub>OH</sub> (1)	$I_F = 0 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = V_O = 5.5 \text{ V}$	_	3	500	nA
		I <sub>OH</sub> (2)	$I_F = 0 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = V_O = 15 \text{ V}$	_	_	5	
		ІОН	$I_F = 0$ mA, $V_{CC} = V_O = 15$ V Ta = 70°C	_	_	50	μΑ
	High-level supply current	Іссн	I <sub>F</sub> = 0 mA, V <sub>CC</sub> = 15 V	_	0.01	1	μА

## Coupled Electrical Characteristics (Ta = 25°C)

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Current transfer ratio	lo/le	$I_F = 16 \text{ mA}, V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$ $V_O = 0.4 \text{ V}$	20	40	_	%
Current transfer fatto	I <sub>O</sub> /I <sub>F</sub>	I <sub>F</sub> = 16 mA, V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V V <sub>O</sub> = 0.4 V, Ta = 0 to 70°C	15	_	_	/0
Low-level output voltage	V <sub>OL</sub>	$I_F$ = 16 mA, $V_{CC}$ = 4.5 V $I_O$ = 2.4 mA	l		0.4	٧

# Isolation Characteristics (Ta = 25°C)

Characteristic	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Capacitance input to output	Cs	$V_S = 0$ , $f = 1$ MHz (Note 7)	_	8.0	_	pF
Isolation resistance	R <sub>S</sub>	R.H. $\leq$ 60%, V <sub>S</sub> = 500 V (Note 7)	5 × 10 <sup>10</sup>	10 <sup>14</sup>	_	Ω
		AC 1 min	2500	_	_	Vrmo
Isolation voltage	$BV_S$	AC 1 s, in oil	_	5000	_	pF
		DC 1 min, in oil 500		5000	_	V <sub>dc</sub>

### **Switching Characteristics (Ta = 25°C)**

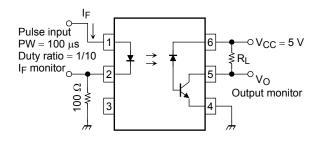
Characteristics	Symbol	Test Circuit	Test Condition	Min	Тур.	Max	Unit
Propagation delay time $(H \rightarrow L)$	t <sub>pHL</sub>	1	$I_F = 0 \rightarrow 16$ mA, $R_L = 1.9$ k $\Omega$	_	_	0.8	μS
Propagation delay time (L $\rightarrow$ H)	t <sub>pLH</sub>	'	$I_F = 16 \rightarrow 0$ mA, $R_L = 1.9$ kΩ	_	_	0.8	μS
Common mode transient immunity at logic high output (Note 8)	CM <sub>H</sub>		$I_F$ = 0 mA, $V_{CM}$ = 200 $V_{P-P}$ $R_L$ = 1.9 $k\Omega$	_	1500	_	V/µs
Common mode transient immunity at logic low output (Note 8)	CML		$I_F$ = 16 mA, $V_{CM}$ = 200 $V_{P-P}$ $R_L$ = 1.9 kΩ	_	-1500		V/µs

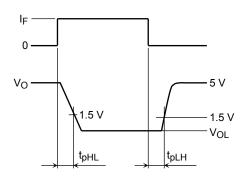
Note 8: Common mode transient immunity in logic high level is the maximum tolerable (positive)  $dV_{CM}/dt$  on the leading edge of the common mode pulse,  $V_{CM}$ , to assure that the output will remain in a logic high state  $(V_{OUT} > 2.0 \text{ V})$ .

Common mode transient immunity in logic low level is the maximum tolerable (negative)  $dV_{CM}/dt$  on the trailing edge of the common mode pulse,  $V_{CM}$ , to assure that the output will remain in a logic low state ( $V_{OUT} < 0.8 \text{ V}$ ).

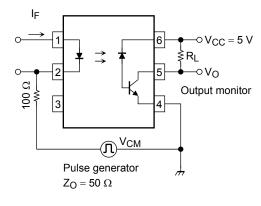
Note 9: Electrostatic discharge immunity (pin to pin): 100 V (max)  $(C \le 200 \text{ pF}, R = 0)$ 

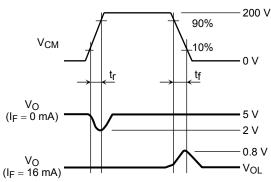
### **Test Circuit 1: Switching Time Test Circuit**



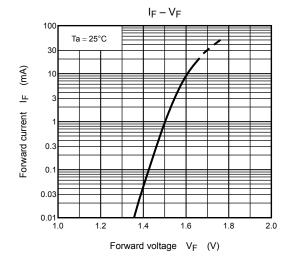


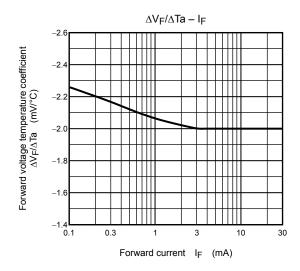
### **Test Circuit 2: Common Mode Noise Immunity Test Circuit**

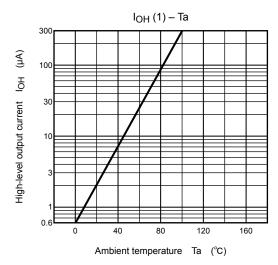


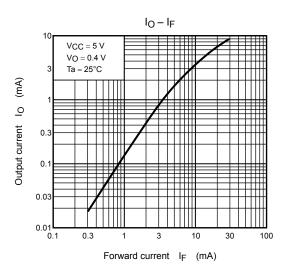


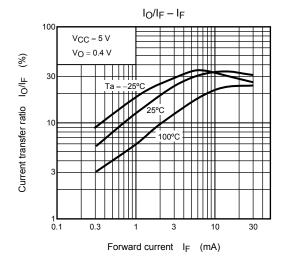
$$CM_{H} = \frac{160 \text{ (V)}}{t_{r} \text{ (µs)}}, CM_{L} = \frac{160 \text{ (V)}}{t_{f} \text{ (µs)}}$$

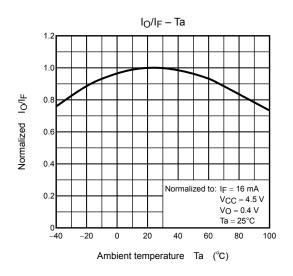






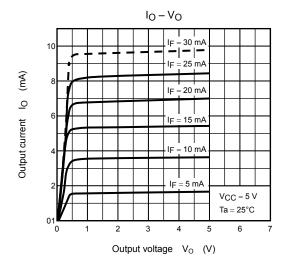


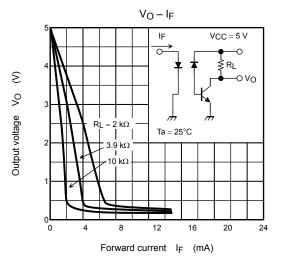


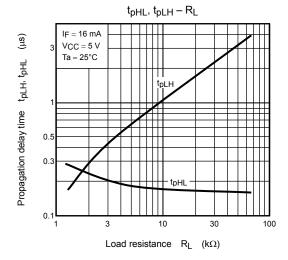


\*: The above graphs show typical characteristics.

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6

<sup>\*:</sup> The above graphs show typical characteristics.

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