

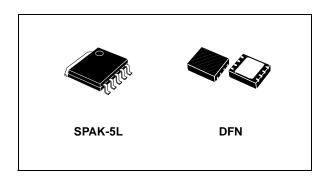
# ST2L05

## VERY LOW QUIESCENT CURRENT DUAL VOLTAGE REGULATOR

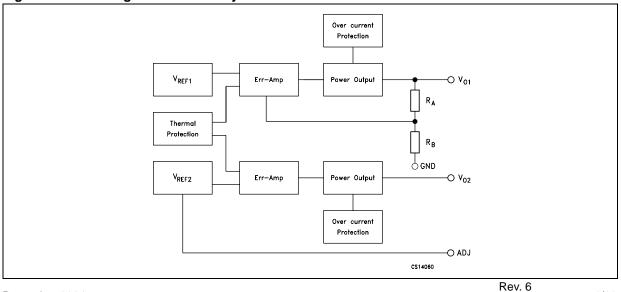
- V<sub>O1</sub> = 1.5, 1.8, 2.5, 2.8, 3.0, 3.3V FIXED
- V<sub>O2</sub> = 1.5, 1.8, 2.5, 2.8, 3.0, 3.3V FIXED OR ADJUSTABLE FROM 1.25 TO V<sub>I</sub> - V<sub>DROP</sub>
- GUARANTEED OUTPUT1 CURRENT: 1A
- GUARANTEED OUTPUT2 CURRENT: 1A
- ± 2% OUTPUT TOLERANCE (AT 25°C)
- ± 3% OUTPUT TOLERANCE OVER TEMP.
- TYPICAL DROPOUT 1.1V  $(I_{01} = I_{02} = 1A)$
- INTERNAL POWER AND THERMAL LIMIT
- STABLE WITH LOW ESR OUTPUT CAPACITOR
- OPERATING TEMPERATURE RANGE: 0°C TO 125°C
- VERY LOW QUIESCENT CURRENT: 7mA MAX OVER TEMP.
- AVAILABLE IN SPAK AND IN DFN 5x6mm PACKAGE

#### DESCRIPTION

Specifically designed for data storage applications, this device integrates two voltage regulators, each one able to supply 1A and it is assembled in SPAK and in a new 8-PIN surface

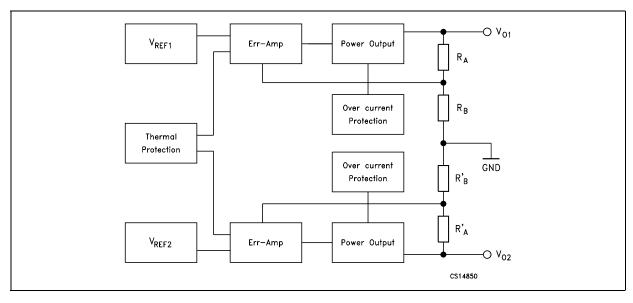


mounting package named DFN 5x6mm at 8 pins. The first regulator block supplies 1.5V, 1.8V, 2.5V, 2.8V, 3.0V, 3.3V depending on the chosen version. The second one may be fixed to the same values or adjustable from 1.25V to V<sub>I</sub> - V<sub>DROP</sub> that could power several kind of different micro-controllers. Both outputs are current limited and over temperature protected. It is worth underlining the very good thermal performance of the packages SPAK and DFN with only 2°C/W of Thermal Resistance Junction to Case. Applications are HARD DISK, CD/DVD-ROM, CD/ DVD-R/RW, COMBO (DVD-ROM+CD-R/RW).



#### Figure 1: Block Diagram Of Fixed/adj Version

### Figure 2: Block Diagram Of Fixed/fixed Version



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### Table 1: Order Codes

V <sub>O1</sub>	V <sub>O2</sub>	SPAK	DFN	SHIPMENT <sup>(1)</sup>
1.5 V	1.5 V	ST2L05R1515K5 (*)	ST2L05R1515PS (*)	Tape & Reel
1.5 V	1.8 V	ST2L05R1518K5 (*)	ST2L05R1518PS (*)	Tape & Reel
1.5 V	2.5 V	ST2L05R1525K5 (*)	ST2L05R1525PS (*)	Tape & Reel
1.5 V	2.8 V	ST2L05R1528K5 (*)	ST2L05R1528PS (*)	Tape & Reel
1.5 V	3.0 V	ST2L05R1530K5 (*)	ST2L05R1530PS (*)	Tape & Reel
1.5 V	3.3 V	ST2L05R1533K5 (*)	ST2L05R1533PS (*)	Tape & Reel
1.5 V	ADJ	ST2L05R1500K5 (*)	ST2L05R1500PS (*)	Tape & Reel
1.8 V	1.5 V	ST2L05R1815K5 (*)	ST2L05R1815PS (*)	Tape & Reel
1.8 V	1.8 V	ST2L05R1818K5 (*)	ST2L05R1818PS (*)	Tape & Reel
1.8 V	2.5 V	ST2L05R1825K5 (*)	ST2L05R1825PS (*)	Tape & Reel
1.8 V	2.8 V	ST2L05R1828K5 (*)	ST2L05R1828PS (*)	Tape & Reel
1.8 V	3.0 V	ST2L05R1830K5 (*)	ST2L05R1830PS (*)	Tape & Reel
1.8 V	3.3 V	ST2L05R1833K5 (*)	ST2L05R1833PS (*)	Tape & Reel
1.8 V	ADJ	ST2L05R1800K5 (*)	ST2L05R1800PS (*)	Tape & Reel
2.5 V	1.5 V	ST2L05R2515K5 (*)	ST2L05R2515PS (*)	Tape & Reel
2.5 V	1.8 V	ST2L05R2518K5 (*)	ST2L05R2518PS (*)	Tape & Reel
2.5 V	2.5 V	ST2L05R2525K5 (*)	ST2L05R2525PS (*)	Tape & Reel
2.5 V	2.8 V	ST2L05R2528K5 (*)	ST2L05R2528PS (*)	Tape & Reel
2.5 V	3.0 V	ST2L05R2530K5 (*)	ST2L05R2530PS (*)	Tape & Reel
2.5 V	3.3 V	ST2L05R2533K5 (*)	ST2L05R2533PS (*)	Tape & Reel
2.5 V	ADJ	ST2L05R2500K5 (*)	ST2L05R2500PS (*)	Tape & Reel
2.8 V	1.5 V	ST2L05R2815K5 (*)	ST2L05R2815PS (*)	Tape & Reel
2.8 V	1.8 V	ST2L05R2818K5 (*)	ST2L05R2818PS (*)	Tape & Reel
2.8 V	2.5 V	ST2L05R2825K5 (*)	ST2L05R2825PS (*)	Tape & Reel
2.8 V	2.8 V	ST2L05R2828K5 (*)	ST2L05R2828PS (*)	Tape & Reel
2.8 V	3.0 V	ST2L05R2830K5 (*)	ST2L05R2830PS (*)	Tape & Reel
2.8 V	3.3 V	ST2L05R2833K5 (*)	ST2L05R2833PS (*)	Tape & Reel
2.8 V	ADJ	ST2L05R2800K5 (*)	ST2L05R2800PS (*)	Tape & Reel
3.0 V	1.5 V	ST2L05R3015K5 (*)	ST2L05R3015PS (*)	Tape & Reel
3.0 V	1.8 V	ST2L05R3018K5 (*)	ST2L05R3018PS (*)	Tape & Reel
3.0 V	2.5 V	ST2L05R3025K5 (*)	ST2L05R3025PS (*)	Tape & Reel
3.0 V	2.8 V	ST2L05R3028K5 (*)	ST2L05R3028PS (*)	Tape & Reel
3.0 V	3.0 V	ST2L05R3030K5 (*)	ST2L05R3030PS (*)	Tape & Reel
3.0 V	3.3 V	ST2L05R3033K5 (*)	ST2L05R3033PS (*)	Tape & Reel
3.0 V	ADJ	ST2L05R3000K5 (*)	ST2L05R3000PS (*)	Tape & Reel
3.3 V	1.5 V	ST2L05R3315K5 (*)	ST2L05R3315PS (*)	Tape & Reel
3.3 V	1.8 V	ST2L05R3318K5 (*)	ST2L05R3318PS (*)	Tape & Reel
3.3 V	2.5 V	ST2L05R3325K5 (*)	ST2L05R3325PS	Tape & Reel
3.3 V	2.8 V	ST2L05R3328K5 (*)	ST2L05R3328PS (*)	Tape & Reel
3.3 V	3.0 V	ST2L05R3330K5 (*)	ST2L05R3330PS (*)	Tape & Reel
3.3 V	3.3 V	ST2L05R3333K5 (*)	ST2L05R3333PS (*)	Tape & Reel
3.3 V	ADJ	ST2L05R3300K5	ST2L05R3300PS	Tape & Reel

(\*) Available on request.

(1) For Tube Shipment, change "R" with "-" in the relevant ordering code, DFN is available only in Tape & Reel.

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Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
VI	Operating Input Voltage	10	V
PD	Power Dissipation	Internally Limited	
I <sub>OSH</sub>	Short Circuit Output Current - 3.3 V and adjustable output	Internally Limited	
T <sub>op</sub>	Operating Junction Temperature Range	0 to 150	°C
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage Temperature Range <sup>(*)</sup>	-65 to 150	°C
T <sub>LEAD</sub>	Lead Temperature (Soldering) 10 Sec.	260	°C

#### **Table 2: Absolute Maximum Ratings**

(\*) Storage temperatures > 125°C are only acceptable if the Dual Regulator is soldered to a PCBA.

Absolute Maximum Ratings are those beyond which damage to the device may occur. Functional operation under these condition is not implied.

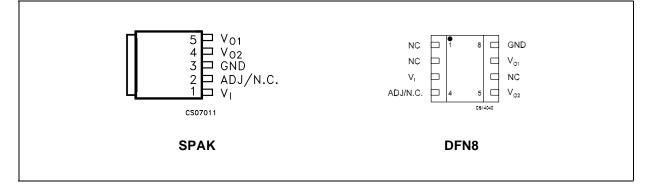
#### **Table 3: Recommended Operating Conditions**

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Unit
VI	Input Voltage	4.5 to 7	V
$\Delta V_{I}$	Input Voltage Ripple	± 0.15	V
t <sub>RISE</sub>	Input Voltage Rise Time (from 10% to 90%)	≥1	µsec
t <sub>FALL</sub>	Input Voltage Fall Time (from 10% to 90%)	≥ 1	µsec

#### Table 4: Thermal Data

Symbol Parameter		SPAK	DFN	Unit
R <sub>thj-case</sub>	Thermal Resistance Junction-case	2	2	°C/W
R <sub>thj-amb</sub>	Thermal Resistance Junction-ambient	26	36	°C/W

#### Figure 3: Pin Connection (top view for SPAK, top through view for DFN8)



#### **Table 5: Pin Description**

SPAK	DFN	Symbol	Name and Function
1	3	VI	Bypass with a 4.7µF capacitor to GND
2	4	ADJ/N.C.	Resistor divider connection/Not Connected
3	8	GND	Ground
4	5	V <sub>O2</sub>	Adjustable output voltage: bypass with a 4.7µF capacitor to GND
5	7	V <sub>O1</sub>	Fixed output voltage: bypass with a 4.7µF capacitor to GND
	1, 2, 6	NC	Not Connected



#### Figure 4: Application Circuit Of Fixed/fixed Version

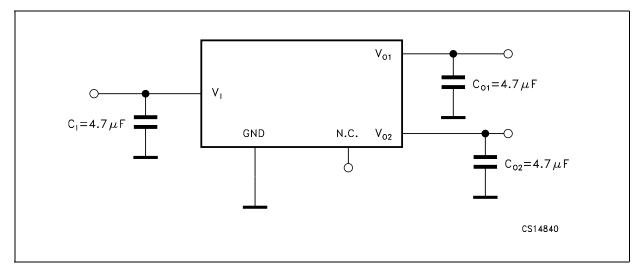
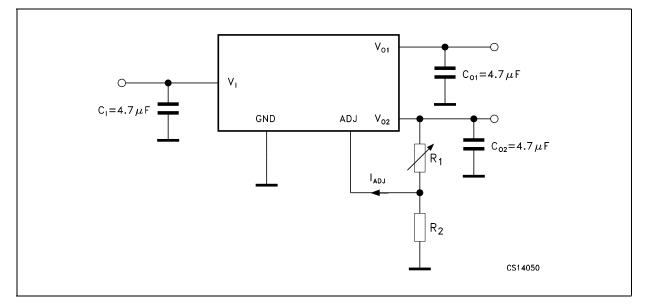


Figure 5: Application Circuit Of Fixed/adj Version



NOTE: The regulator is designed to be stable with either tantalum or ceramic capacitors on the input and outputs. The expected values of the input and output X7R ceramic capacitors are from  $4.7\mu$ F to  $22\mu$ F with  $4.7\mu$ F typical. The input capacitor must be connected within 0.5 inches of the V<sub>1</sub> terminal. The output capacitors must also be connected within 0.5 inches of output pins V<sub>O1</sub> and V<sub>O2</sub>. There is no upper limit to the size of the input capacitor (for more details see the Application Hints section).

NOTE: In the Fixed/ADJ version, the adjustable output voltage  $V_{O2}$  is designed to support output voltages from 1.25V to  $V_1 - V_{DROP}$ . The adjustable output voltage  $V_{O2}$  is set by a resistor divider connected between  $V_{O2}$  (pin4) and Ground (pin3) with its centre tap connected to  $V_{O2}$  ADJ (pin2). The voltage divider resistors are:  $R_1$  connected to  $V_{O2}$  ADJ and  $R_2$  connected to  $V_{O2}$  ADJ and  $R_2$  and  $V_{O2}$  ADJ and  $R_2$  and  $V_{O2}$  ADJ and  $R_2$  and  $V_{O2}$  ADJ and  $R_2$  connected to  $V_{O2}$  ADJ and GND.  $V_{O2}$  is determined by  $V_{REF}$ ,  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$ , and  $I_{ADJ}$  as follows (for more details see the Application Hints section):

 $V_{O2} = V_{REF} (1+R_1/R_2) + I_{ADJ}R_1$ 

Table 6: Output1 And Output2 Dual Specification (I <sub>O</sub> = 10mA to 1A, T <sub>J</sub> = 0 to 125°C, V <sub>I</sub> = 4.5V to 7V	,
$C_I = 4.7 \mu F$ , $C_{O1} = C_{O2} = 4.7 \mu F$ , otherwise specified)	

Symbol	Parameter		Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
I <sub>GND</sub>	Quiescent Current (Fixed/ADJ)	$V_{I} \leq 7V$	$I_{OUT1,2} = 5mA \text{ to } 1A$			5	mA
I <sub>GND</sub>	Quiescent Current (Fixed/Fixed)	$V_{I} \leq 7V$	$I_{OUT1,2}$ = 5mA to 1A			7	mA
I <sub>ST</sub>	Total Current Limit I <sub>O1</sub> + I <sub>O2</sub>			2			Α
T <sub>SHDN</sub>	Thermal Shutdown				175		°C
DT <sub>SHDN</sub>	Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis				5		°C

Table 7: Electrical Characteristics Of Fixed Output 1.5V ( $I_O = 10mA$  to 1A,  $T_J = 0$  to 125°C,  $V_I = 4.5V$  to 7V,  $C_I = 4.7\mu$ F,  $C_{O1} = C_{O2} = 4.7\mu$ F, otherwise specified)

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>O</sub>	Output Voltage 1.5V	$I_{O} = 5$ mA to 1A, $V_{I} = 4.75$ to 5.25V T = 25°C	1.47	1.5	1.53	V
Vo	Output Voltage 1.5V	$I_0 = 5$ mA to 1A, $V_1 = 4.75$ to 5.25V	1.455	1.5	1.545	V
$\Delta V_{O}$	Line Regulation	$V_1 = 4.75$ to 5.25V, $I_0 = 5$ mA to 1A			15	mV
$\Delta V_{O}$	Load Regulation	$V_1 = 4.75V, I_0 = 10mA \text{ to } 1A$			12	mV
VD	Dropout Voltage $\Delta V_0 = -1\%$	I <sub>O</sub> = 1A			1.3	V
۱ <sub>S</sub>	Current Limit	V <sub>1</sub> = 5.5V	1			А
I <sub>OMIN</sub>	Min. Output Current for regulation				0	mA
e <sub>N</sub>	RMS Output Noise (1)(4)	T = 25°C		0.003		%
SVR	Supply Voltage Rejection <sup>(2)(4)</sup>	V <sub>1</sub> = 5V	60			dB
$\Delta V_{O} / \Delta I_{O}$	Transient Response	$V_I = 5V$ , $I_O = 1$ mA to 1A, $t_r \ge 1\mu$ s			10 <sup>(5)</sup>	%
	Change of V <sub>O</sub> with step load change <sup>(3)(4)</sup>	$V_I = 5V$ , $I_O = 1A$ to 1mA, $t_f \ge 1\mu s$			10 <sup>(5)</sup>	
$\Delta V_{O1} / \Delta V_{I}$	Transient Response Change of $V_{OUT1}$ with application of $V_1$ <sup>(3)(4)</sup>	0 to 5V step input, $I_0 = 1mA$ to 1A, $t_r \ge 1\mu s$			10 <sup>(5)</sup>	%
$\Delta V_0 / \Delta I_0$	Transient Response Short Circuit Removal Response <sup>(3)(4)</sup>	$V_1 = 5V$ , $I_0 = $ short to $I_0 = 10$ mA			20 <sup>(5)</sup>	%
Τ <sub>R</sub>	Thermal Regulation (4)	I <sub>O</sub> = 1A, t <sub>PULSE</sub> = 30ms		0.1		%/W
S	Temperature Stability (4)			0.5		%
S	Long Term Stability <sup>(4)</sup> (1000Hrs)	T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C		0.3		%

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NOTE 1: Bandwidth of 10 Hz to 10KHz.

NOTE 2: 120Hz input ripple. NOTE 3:  $C_1 = 20\mu$ F,  $C_1$  and  $C_{O2} = 10\mu$ F.  $C_1$ ,  $C_{O1}$  and  $C_{O2}$  are all X7R ceramic capacitors. NOTE 4: Guaranteed by design, not tested in production. NOTE 5: % undershoot or overshoot of V<sub>O</sub>.

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>O</sub>	Output Voltage 1.8V	$I_{O} = 5$ mA to 1A, $V_{I} = 4.75$ to 5.25V T = 25°C	1.764	1.8	1.836	V
Vo	Output Voltage 1.8V	$I_0 = 5$ mA to 1A, $V_1 = 4.75$ to 5.25V	1.746	1.8	1.854	V
$\Delta V_O$	Line Regulation	$V_1 = 4.75$ to 5.25V, $I_0 = 5$ mA to 1A			15	mV
$\Delta V_{O}$	Load Regulation	$V_1 = 4.75V, I_0 = 10mA \text{ to } 1A$			12	mV
VD	Dropout Voltage $\Delta V_0 = -1\%$	I <sub>O</sub> = 1A			1.3	V
۱ <sub>S</sub>	Current Limit	V <sub>1</sub> = 5.5V	1			А
I <sub>OMIN</sub>	Min. Output Current for regulation				0	mA
e <sub>N</sub>	RMS Output Noise (1)(4)	T = 25°C		0.003		%
SVR	Supply Voltage Rejection <sup>(2)(4)</sup>	V <sub>1</sub> = 5V	60			dB
$\Delta V_{O} / \Delta I_{O}$	Transient Response	$V_I = 5V$ , $I_O = 1mA$ to 1A, $t_r \ge 1\mu s$			10 <sup>(5)</sup>	%
	Change of V <sub>O</sub> with step load change <sup>(3)(4)</sup>	$V_I = 5V$ , $I_O = 1A$ to 1mA, $t_f \ge 1\mu s$			10 <sup>(5)</sup> 10 <sup>(5)</sup>	
$\Delta V_{O1} / \Delta V_{I}$	Transient Response Change of V <sub>OUT1</sub> with application of V <sub>I</sub> <sup>(3)(4)</sup>	0 to 5V step input, $I_0 = 1mA$ to 1A, $t_r \ge 1\mu s$			10 <sup>(5)</sup>	%
$\Delta V_0 / \Delta I_0$	Transient Response Short Circuit Removal Response <sup>(3)(4)</sup>	$V_1 = 5V$ , $I_0 = $ short to $I_0 = 10$ mA			20 <sup>(5)</sup>	%
Τ <sub>R</sub>	Thermal Regulation (4)	I <sub>O</sub> = 1A, t <sub>PULSE</sub> = 30ms		0.1		%/W
S	Temperature Stability (4)			0.5		%
S	Long Term Stability <sup>(4)</sup> (1000Hrs)	T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C		0.3		%

<b>Table 8: Electrical Characteristics Of Fixed</b>	Output 1.8V (I <sub>O</sub> =	= 10mA to 1A, T	$_{\rm J} = 0$ to 125°C,
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 $V_I = 4.5V$  to 7V,  $C_I = 4.7\mu$ F,  $C_{O1} = C_{O2} = 4.7\mu$ F, otherwise specified)

NOTE 1: Bandwidth of 10 Hz to 10KHz.

NOTE 2: 120Hz input ripple. NOTE 3:  $C_1 = 20\mu$ F,  $C_1$  and  $C_{O2} = 10\mu$ F.  $C_1$ ,  $C_{O1}$  and  $C_{O2}$  are all X7R ceramic capacitors. NOTE 4: Guaranteed by design, not tested in production. NOTE 5: % undershoot or overshoot of V<sub>O</sub>.

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>O</sub>	Output Voltage 2.5V	$I_{O} = 5mA \text{ to } 1A, V_{I} = 4.75 \text{ to } 5.25V$ T = 25°C	2.45	2.5	2.55	V
Vo	Output Voltage 2.5V	$I_0 = 5$ mA to 1A, $V_1 = 4.75$ to 5.25V	2.425	2.5	2.575	V
$\Delta V_O$	Line Regulation	$V_1 = 4.75$ to 5.25V, $I_0 = 5$ mA to 1A			15	mV
$\Delta V_{O}$	Load Regulation	$V_{I} = 4.75V, I_{O} = 10mA$ to 1A			12	mV
V <sub>D</sub>	Dropout Voltage $\Delta V_0 = -1\%$	I <sub>O</sub> = 1A			1.3	V
ا <sub>S</sub>	Current Limit	V <sub>1</sub> = 5.5V	1			А
I <sub>OMIN</sub>	Min. Output Current for regulation				0	mA
e <sub>N</sub>	RMS Output Noise (1)(4)	T = 25°C		0.003		%
SVR	Supply Voltage Rejection <sup>(2)(4)</sup>	V <sub>1</sub> = 5V	60			dB
$\Delta V_{O} / \Delta I_{O}$	Transient Response	$V_I = 5V$ , $I_O = 1$ mA to 1A, $t_r \ge 1\mu$ s			10 <sup>(5)</sup>	%
	Change of V <sub>O</sub> with step load change <sup>(3)(4)</sup>	$V_I = 5V$ , $I_O = 1A$ to 1mA, $t_f \ge 1\mu s$			10 <sup>(5)</sup>	
$\Delta V_{O1} / \Delta V_{I}$	Transient Response Change of $V_{OUT1}$ with application of $V_1$ <sup>(3)(4)</sup>	0 to 5V step input, $I_0$ = 1mA to 1A, $t_r \ge 1\mu s$			10 <sup>(5)</sup>	%
$\Delta V_0 / \Delta I_0$	Transient Response Short Circuit Removal Response <sup>(3)(4)</sup>	$V_1 = 5V$ , $I_0 = $ short to $I_0 = 10$ mA			20 <sup>(5)</sup>	%
Τ <sub>R</sub>	Thermal Regulation (4)	I <sub>O</sub> = 1A, t <sub>PULSE</sub> = 30ms		0.1		%/W
S	Temperature Stability <sup>(4)</sup>			0.5		%
S	Long Term Stability <sup>(4)</sup> (1000Hrs)	T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C		0.3		%

۲J/

Table 9: Electrical Characteristics Of Fixed Output 2.5V ( $I_O = 10mA$  to 1A,  $T_J = 0$  to 125°C,  $V_I = 4.5V$  to 7V,  $C_I = 4.7\mu$ F,  $C_{O1} = C_{O2} = 4.7\mu$ F, otherwise specified)

NOTE 1: Bandwidth of 10 Hz to 10KHz.

NOTE 2: 120Hz input ripple. NOTE 3:  $C_1 = 20\mu$ F,  $C_1$  and  $C_{O2} = 10\mu$ F.  $C_1$ ,  $C_{O1}$  and  $C_{O2}$  are all X7R ceramic capacitors. NOTE 4: Guaranteed by design, not tested in production. NOTE 5: % undershoot or overshoot of V<sub>O</sub>.

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>O</sub>	Output Voltage 2.8V	$I_{O} = 5mA \text{ to } 1A, V_{I} = 4.75 \text{ to } 5.25V$ T = 25°C	2.744	2.8	2.856	V
Vo	Output Voltage 2.8V	$I_0 = 5$ mA to 1A, $V_1 = 4.75$ to 5.25V	2.716	2.8	2.884	V
$\Delta V_{O}$	Line Regulation	$V_1 = 4.75$ to 5.25V, $I_0 = 5$ mA to 1A			15	mV
$\Delta V_{O}$	Load Regulation	$V_1 = 4.75V$ , $I_0 = 10$ mA to 1A			12	mV
V <sub>D</sub>	Dropout Voltage $\Delta V_0 = -1\%$	I <sub>O</sub> = 1A			1.3	V
۱ <sub>S</sub>	Current Limit	V <sub>1</sub> = 5.5V	1			А
I <sub>OMIN</sub>	Min. Output Current for regulation				0	mA
e <sub>N</sub>	RMS Output Noise (1)(4)	T = 25°C		0.003		%
SVR	Supply Voltage Rejection <sup>(2)(4)</sup>	V <sub>1</sub> = 5V	60			dB
$\Delta V_{O} / \Delta I_{O}$	Transient Response	$V_1 = 5V$ , $I_0 = 1$ mA to 1A, $t_r \ge 1\mu$ s			10 <sup>(5)</sup>	%
	Change of V <sub>O</sub> with step load change <sup>(3)(4)</sup>	$V_I = 5V$ , $I_O = 1A$ to 1mA, $t_f \ge 1\mu s$			10 <sup>(5)</sup>	,
$\Delta V_{O1} / \Delta V_{I}$	Transient Response Change of V <sub>OUT1</sub> with application of V <sub>I</sub> <sup>(3)(4)</sup>	0 to 5V step input, I <sub>O</sub> = 1mA to 1A, t <sub>r</sub> ≥ 1µs			10 <sup>(5)</sup>	%
$\Delta V_0 / \Delta I_0$	Transient Response Short Circuit Removal Response <sup>(3)(4)</sup>	$V_1 = 5V$ , $I_0 = $ short to $I_0 = 10$ mA			20 <sup>(5)</sup>	%
Τ <sub>R</sub>	Thermal Regulation (4)	I <sub>O</sub> = 1A, t <sub>PULSE</sub> = 30ms		0.1		%/W
S	Temperature Stability (4)			0.5		%
S	Long Term Stability <sup>(4)</sup> (1000Hrs)	T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C		0.3		%

Table 10: Electrical Characteristics Of Fixed Output 2.8V ( $I_O = 10mA$  to 1A,  $T_J = 0$  to 125°C,  $V_I = 4.5V$  to 7V,  $C_I = 4.7\mu$ F,  $C_{O1} = C_{O2} = 4.7\mu$ F, otherwise specified)

NOTE 1: Bandwidth of 10 Hz to 10KHz. NOTE 2: 120Hz input ripple. NOTE 3: C<sub>1</sub> = 20µF, C<sub>1</sub> and C<sub>O2</sub> = 10µF. C<sub>1</sub>, C<sub>O1</sub> and C<sub>O2</sub> are all X7R ceramic capacitors. NOTE 4: Guaranteed by design, not tested in production. NOTE 5: % undershoot or overshoot of V<sub>O</sub>.

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>O</sub>	Output Voltage 3.0V	$I_{O} = 5mA \text{ to } 1A, V_{I} = 4.75 \text{ to } 5.25V$ 2.94 3.0 T = 25°C 3.0		3.06	V	
Vo	Output Voltage 3.0V	$I_0 = 5$ mA to 1A, $V_1 = 4.75$ to 5.25V	2.91	3.0	3.09	V
$\Delta V_{O}$	Line Regulation	$V_1 = 4.75$ to 5.25V, $I_0 = 5$ mA to 1A			15	mV
$\Delta V_O$	Load Regulation	$V_1 = 4.75V, I_0 = 10mA \text{ to } 1A$			12	mV
V <sub>D</sub>	Dropout Voltage $\Delta V_0 = -1\%$	I <sub>O</sub> = 1A			1.3	V
۱ <sub>S</sub>	Current Limit	V <sub>1</sub> = 5.5V	1			A
I <sub>OMIN</sub>	Min. Output Current for regulation				0	mA
e <sub>N</sub>	RMS Output Noise (1)(4)	T = 25°C		0.003		%
SVR	Supply Voltage Rejection <sup>(2)(4)</sup>	V <sub>1</sub> = 5V	60			dB
$\Delta V_O / \Delta I_O$	Transient Response	$V_I = 5V$ , $I_O = 1$ mA to 1A, $t_r \ge 1\mu$ s			10 <sup>(5)</sup>	%
	Change of V <sub>O</sub> with step load change <sup>(3)(4)</sup>	$V_I = 5V$ , $I_O = 1A$ to 1mA, $t_f \ge 1\mu s$			10 <sup>(5)</sup>	
$\Delta V_{O1} / \Delta V_{I}$	Transient Response Change of $V_{OUT1}$ with application of $V_1^{(3)(4)}$	0 to 5V step input, $I_O=$ 1mA to 1A, $t_r \ge 1\mu s$			10 <sup>(5)</sup>	%
$\Delta V_0 / \Delta I_0$	Transient Response Short Circuit Removal Response <sup>(3)(4)</sup>	$V_1 = 5V$ , $I_0 = $ short to $I_0 = 10$ mA			20 <sup>(5)</sup>	%
Τ <sub>R</sub>	Thermal Regulation <sup>(4)</sup>	I <sub>O</sub> = 1A, t <sub>PULSE</sub> = 30ms		0.1		%/W
S	Temperature Stability (4)			0.5		%
S	Long Term Stability <sup>(4)</sup> (1000Hrs)	T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C		0.3		%

Table 11: Electrical Characteristics Of Fixed Output 3.0V ( $I_O = 10mA$  to 1A,  $T_J = 0$  to 125°C,  $V_I = 4.5V$  to 7V,  $C_I = 4.7\mu$ F,  $C_{O1} = C_{O2} = 4.7\mu$ F, otherwise specified)

NOTE 1: Bandwidth of 10 Hz to 10KHz.

NOTE 2: 120Hz input ripple.

NOTE 2: C<sub>1</sub> = 20µF, C<sub>1</sub> and C<sub>02</sub> = 10µF. C<sub>1</sub>, C<sub>01</sub> and C<sub>02</sub> are all X7R ceramic capacitors. NOTE 4: Guaranteed by design, not tested in production. NOTE 5: % undershoot or overshoot of V<sub>0</sub>.



Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>O</sub>	Output Voltage 3.3V	$I_{O} = 5mA \text{ to } 1A, V_{I} = 4.75 \text{ to } 5.25V$ 3.234 3.3 T = 25°C 3.234		3.366	V	
Vo	Output Voltage 3.3V	$I_0 = 5$ mA to 1A, $V_1 = 4.75$ to 5.25V	$_{\rm O}$ = 5mA to 1A, V <sub>I</sub> = 4.75 to 5.25V 3.2 3.3		3.4	V
$\Delta V_{O}$	Line Regulation	$V_1 = 4.75$ to 5.25V, $I_0 = 5$ mA to 1A			15	mV
$\Delta V_{O}$	Load Regulation	$V_{I} = 4.75V, I_{O} = 10mA \text{ to } 1A$			12	mV
VD	Dropout Voltage $\Delta V_0 = -1\%$	I <sub>O</sub> = 1A			1.3	V
۱ <sub>S</sub>	Current Limit	V <sub>1</sub> = 5.5V	1			А
I <sub>OMIN</sub>	Min. Output Current for regulation				0	mA
e <sub>N</sub>	RMS Output Noise (1)(4)	T = 25°C		0.003		%
SVR	Supply Voltage Rejection <sup>(2)(4)</sup>	V <sub>1</sub> = 5V	60			dB
$\Delta V_{O} / \Delta I_{O}$	Transient Response	$V_I = 5V$ , $I_O = 1mA$ to 1A, $t_r \ge 1\mu s$			10 <sup>(5)</sup>	%
	Change of V <sub>O</sub> with step load change <sup>(3)(4)</sup>	$V_I = 5V$ , $I_O = 1A$ to 1mA, $t_f \ge 1\mu s$			10 <sup>(5)</sup>	
$\Delta V_{O1} / \Delta V_{I}$	Transient Response Change of $V_{OUT1}$ with application of $V_1^{(3)(4)}$	0 to 5V step input, $I_0$ = 1mA to 1A, t <sub>r</sub> ≥ 1µs			10 <sup>(5)</sup>	%
$\Delta V_0 / \Delta I_0$	Transient Response Short Circuit Removal Response <sup>(3)(4)</sup>	$V_1 = 5V$ , $I_0 = $ short to $I_0 = 10$ mA			20 <sup>(5)</sup>	%
Τ <sub>R</sub>	Thermal Regulation (4)	I <sub>O</sub> = 1A, t <sub>PULSE</sub> = 30ms		0.1		%/W
S	Temperature Stability (4)			0.5		%
S	Long Term Stability <sup>(4)</sup> (1000Hrs)	T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C		0.3		%

Table 12: Electrical Characteristics Of Fixed Output 3.3V ( $I_O = 10mA$  to 1A,  $T_J = 0$  to 125°C,  $V_I = 4.5V$  to 7V,  $C_I = 4.7\mu$ F,  $C_{O1} = C_{O2} = 4.7\mu$ F, otherwise specified)

NOTE 1: Bandwidth of 10 Hz to 10KHz.

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NOTE 3: 120Hz input ripple. NOTE 3:  $C_1 = 20\mu$ F,  $C_1$  and  $C_{O2} = 10\mu$ F.  $C_1$ ,  $C_{O1}$  and  $C_{O2}$  are all X7R ceramic capacitors. NOTE 4: Guaranteed by design, not tested in production. NOTE 5: % undershoot or overshoot of V<sub>O</sub>.

Symbol	Parameter	Test Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
V <sub>O</sub>	Reference Voltage	$I_{O} = 5$ mA to 1A, $V_{I} = 4.75$ to 5.25V, 1.225 T = 25°C		1.25	1.275	V
Vo	Reference Voltage	$I_0 = 5$ mA to 1A, $V_1 = 4.75$ to 5.25V	1.212	1.25	1.287	V
$\Delta V_{O2}$	Line Regulation 2	$V_{I} = 4.75$ to 5.25V, $I_{O} = 5$ mA to 1A			0.35	%
$\Delta V_{O2}$	Load Regulation 2	V <sub>I</sub> = 4.75V, I <sub>O</sub> = 10mA to 1A			0.4	%
VD	Dropout Voltage $\Delta V_0 = -1\%$	I <sub>O</sub> = 1A			1.3	V
۱ <sub>S</sub>	Current Limit	V <sub>1</sub> = 5.5V	1			А
I <sub>ADJ</sub>	Adjustable Current (sinking)				1	μA
$I_{\Delta ADJ}$	Adjustable Current Change	$I_0 = 10$ mA to 1A			200	nA
I <sub>OMIN</sub>	Min. Output Current for regulation				2	mA
e <sub>N</sub>	RMS Output Noise (1)(4)	T = 25°C		0.003		%
SVR	Supply Voltage Rejection <sup>(2)(4)</sup>	V <sub>1</sub> = 5V	60			dB
$\Delta V_{O2} / \Delta I_{O2}$	Transient Response	$V_{I} = 5V, I_{O} = 1mA \text{ to } 1A, t_{r} \ge 1\mu s$			10 <sup>(5)</sup>	%
	Change of V <sub>O1</sub> with step load change <sup>(3)(4)</sup>	$V_I = 5V$ , $I_O = 1A$ to 1mA, $t_f \ge 1\mu s$			10 <sup>(5)</sup>	
$\Delta V_{O2} / \Delta V_{I}$	Transient Response Change of $V_{OUT1}$ with application of $V_1$ <sup>(3)(4)</sup>	0 to 5V step input, $I_O=$ 1mA to 1A, $t_r \ge 1\mu s$			10 <sup>(5)</sup>	%
$\Delta V_{O2} / \Delta I_{O2}$	Transient Response Short Circuit Removal Response <sup>(3)(4)</sup>	$V_1 = 5V$ , $I_0 = $ short to $I_0 = 10$ mA			20 <sup>(5)</sup>	%
Τ <sub>R</sub>	Thermal Regulation <sup>(4)</sup>	I <sub>O</sub> = 1A, t <sub>PULSE</sub> = 30ms		0.1		%/W
S	Temperature Stability <sup>(4)</sup>			0.5		%
S	Long Term Stability <sup>(4)</sup> (1000Hrs)	T <sub>J</sub> = 125°C		0.3		%

Table 13: Electrical Characteristics Of Adjustable Output ( $I_0 = 10mA$ to 1A, $T_J = 0$ to 125°C,
$V_I = 4.5V$ to 7V, $C_I = 4.7\mu$ F, $C_{O1} = C_{O2} = 4.7\mu$ F, otherwise specified)

NOTE 1: Bandwidth of 10 Hz to 10KHz.

NOTE 2: 120Hz input ripple.

NOTE 3:  $C_1 = 20\mu F$ ,  $C_1$  and  $C_{O2} = 10\mu F$ .  $C_1$ ,  $C_{O1}$  and  $C_{O2}$  are all X7R ceramic capacitors. NOTE 4: Guaranteed by design, not tested in production.

NOTE 5: % undershoot or overshoot of V<sub>O</sub>.

#### **APPLICATION HINTS**

#### EXTERNAL CAPACITORS

Like any low-dropout regulator, the ST2L05 requires external capacitors for stability. We suggest soldering both capacitors as close as possible to the relative pins (1, 4 and 5).

#### INPUT CAPACITOR

An input capacitor, whose value is, at least, 2.2µF is required; the amount of the input capacitance can be increased without limit if a good quality tantalum or aluminium capacitor is used.SMD X7R or Y5V ceramic multilayer capacitors could not ensure stability in any condition because of their variable characteristics with Frequency and Temperature; the use of this capacitor is strictly related to the use of the output capacitors. For more details read the "OUTPUT CAPACITOR SECTION". The input capacitor must be located at a distance of not more than 0.5" from the input pin of the device and returned to a clean analog ground.

#### OUTPUT CAPACITOR

The ST2L05 is designed specifically to work with Ceramic and Tantalum capacitors. Special care must be taken when a Ceramic multilayer capacitor is used. Due to their characteristics they can sometimes have



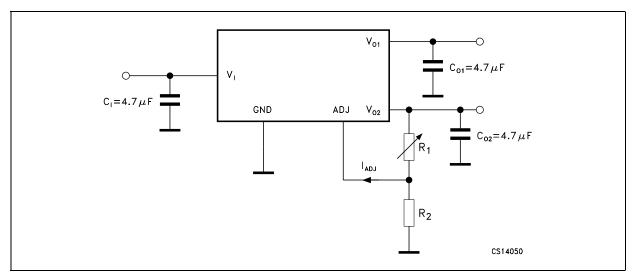
an ESR value lower than the minimum required by the ST2L05 and their relatively large capacitance can change a lot depending on the ambient temperature. The test results of the ST2L05 stability using multilayer ceramic capacitors show that a minimum value of  $2.2\mu$ F is needed for both regulators. This value can be increased without limit if the input capacitor value is major or equal to  $4.7\mu$ F, and up to  $10\mu$ F if the input capacitor is minor than  $4.7\mu$ F. Surface-mountable solid tantalum capacitors offer a good combination of small physical size for the capacitance value and ESR in the range needed by the ST2L05. The test results show good stability for both outputs with values of at least  $1\mu$ F. The value can be increased without limit for even better performance such as transient response and noise. IMPORTANT:

The output capacitor must maintain its ESR in the stable region over the full operating temperature to assure stability. More over, capacitor tolerance and variations due to temperature must be considered to assure that the minimum amount of capacitance is provided at all times. For this reason, when a Ceramic multilayer capacitor is used, the better choice for temperature coefficient is the X7R type, which holds the capacitance within  $\pm 15\%$ . The output capacitor should be located not more than 0.5" from the output pins of the device and returned to a clean analog ground.

#### ADJUSTABLE REGULATOR

The ST2L05 has a 1.25V reference voltage between the output and the adjust pins (respectively pin 4 and 2). When a resistor  $R_1$  is placed between these two terminals, a constant current flows through  $R_1$  and down to  $R_2$  to set the overall (V<sub>O2</sub> to GND) output voltage. Minimum load current is 2mA max in all temperature conditions.

#### Figure 6: Application Circuit

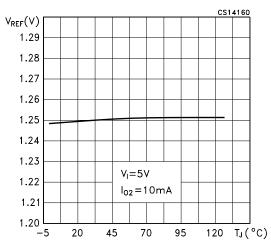


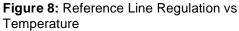
 $V_{O} = V_{REF}(1+R_{1}/R_{2})+I_{ADJ}R_{1}$ 

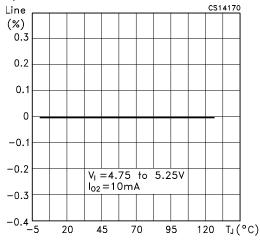
 $I_{ADJ}$  is very small (typically 35µA) and constant: in the V<sub>O</sub> calculation it can be ignored.

#### **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

Figure 7: Reference Voltage vs Temperature







**Figure 9:** Reference Load Regulation vs Temperature

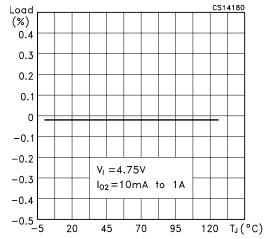
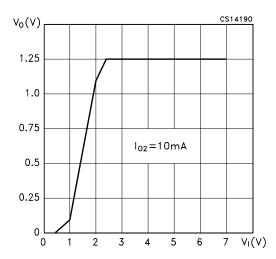


Figure 10: Reference Voltage vs Input Voltage



**Figure 11:** Dropout Voltage vs Temperature (Adjustable Output)

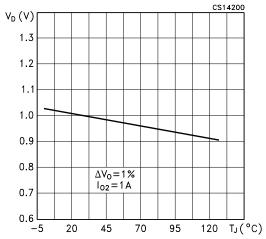
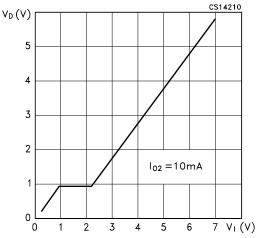
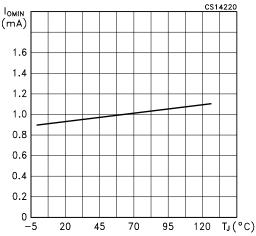


Figure 12: Dropout Voltage vs Input Voltage (Adjustable Output)



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Figure 13: Minimum Load Current vs Temperature (Adjustable Output)



**Figure 14:** Adjust Pin Current vs Temperature (Adjustable Output)

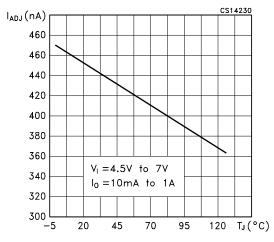
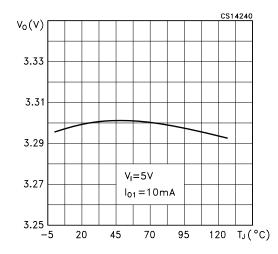


Figure 15: Output Voltage vs Temperature



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Figure 16: Line Regulation vs Temperature

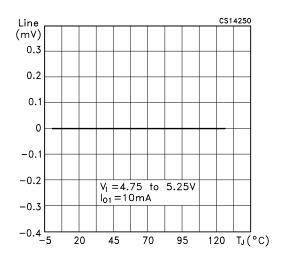


Figure 17: Load Regulation vs Temperature

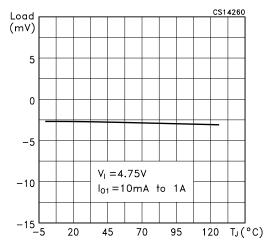
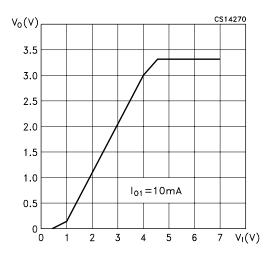


Figure 18: Output Voltage vs Input Voltage



**Figure 19:** Dropout Voltage vs Temperature (Fixed Output)

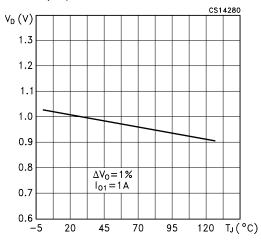
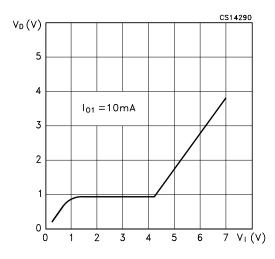
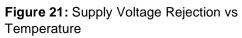
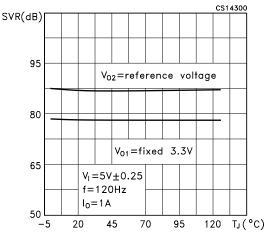


Figure 20: Dropout Voltage vs Input Voltage







# **Figure 22:** Supply Voltage Rejection vs Frequency

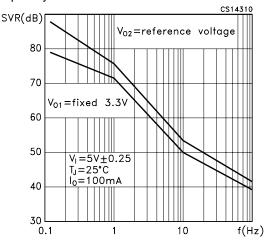
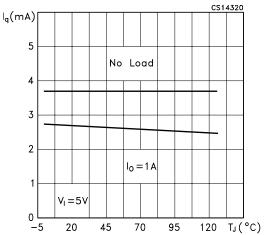
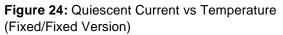
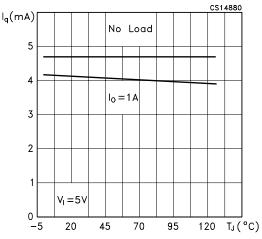


Figure 23: Quiescent Current vs Temperature (Fixed/ADJ Version)

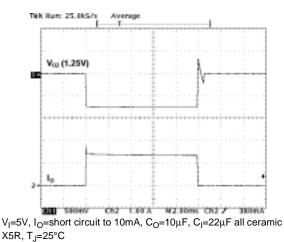


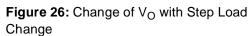


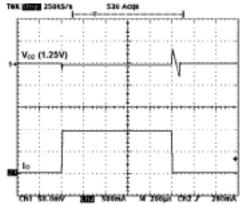


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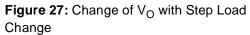
#### Figure 25: Short Circuit Removal Response

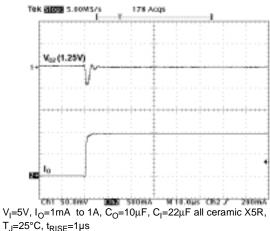






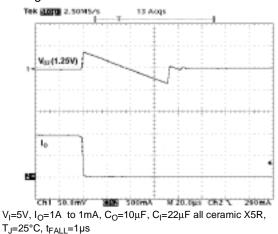
V<sub>I</sub>=5V, I<sub>O</sub>=1mA to 1A,  $\overline{C_O}$ =10µF, C<sub>I</sub>=22µF all ceramic X5R, T<sub>J</sub>=25°C



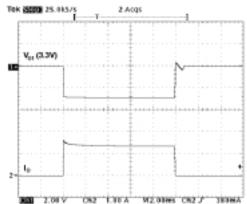


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## Figure 28: Change of V<sub>O</sub> with Step Load Change

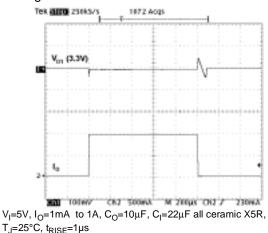


#### Figure 29: Short Circuit Removal Response



V<sub>I</sub>=5V, I<sub>O</sub>=short circuit to 10mA, C<sub>O</sub>=10 $\mu$ F, C<sub>I</sub>=22 $\mu$ F all ceramic X5R, T<sub>.I</sub>=25°C

## **Figure 30:** Change of V<sub>O</sub> with Step Load Change



# Figure 31: Change of $V_O$ with Step Load Change

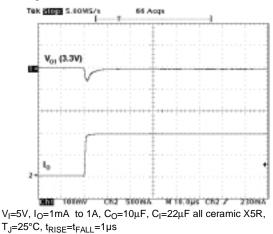
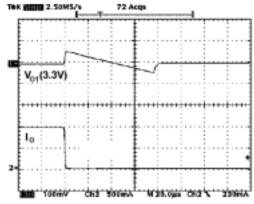


Figure 32: Change of  $V_O$  with Step Load Change



VI=5V, IO=1A to 1mA, CO=10 $\mu$ F, CI=22 $\mu$ F all ceramic X5R, TJ=25°C, tFALL=1 $\mu$ s

#### Figure 33: Start-Up Transient

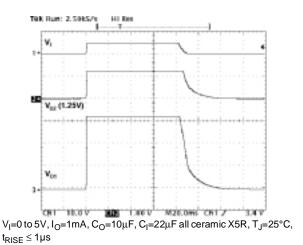
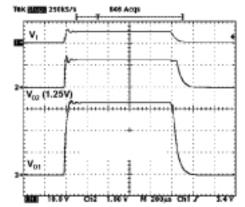


Figure 34: Start-Up Transient

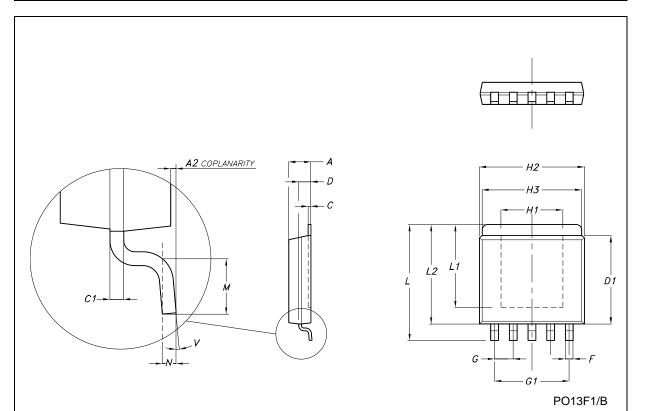


VI=0 to 5V, I\_O=1A, C\_O=10\muF, CI=22\muF all ceramic X5R, T\_J=25°C, t\_{RISE} \le 1\mu s

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## SPAK-5L MECHANICAL DATA

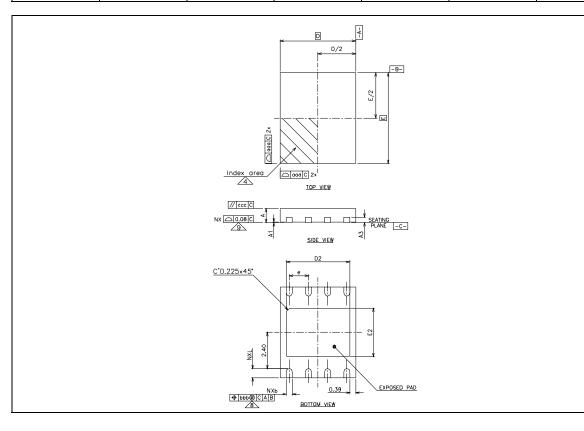
		mm. inch				
DIM.	MIN.	ТҮР	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
А	1.78		2.03	0.070		0.080
A2	0.03		0.13	0.001		0.005
С		0.25			0.010	
C1		0.25			0.010	
D	1.02		1.27	0.040		0.050
D1	7.87		8.13	0.310		0.320
F	0.63		0.79	0.025		0.031
G		1.69			0.067	
G1		6.8			0.268	
H1		5.59			0.220	
H2	9.27		9.52	0.365		0.375
H3	8.89		9.14	0.350		0.360
L	10.41		10.67	0.410		0.420
L1		7.49			0.295	
L2	8.89		9.14	0.350		0.360
М	0.79		1.04	0.031		0.041
Ν		0.25			0.010	
V	3°		6°	3°		6°



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## DFN8 (5x6) MECHANICAL DATA

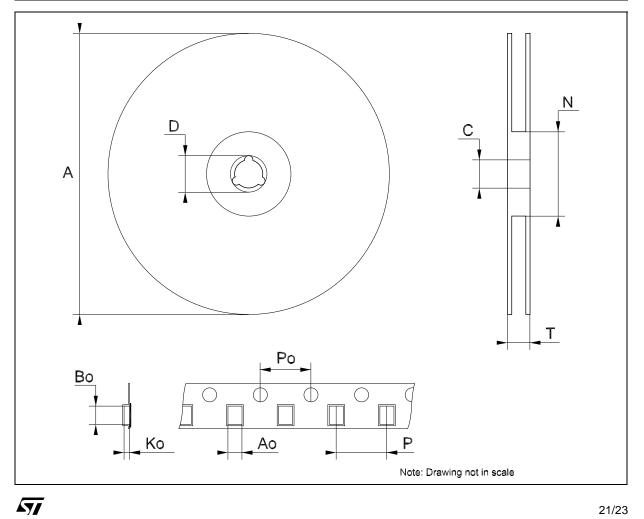
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	MIN.	ТҮР	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
А	0.80	0.90	1.00	0.032	0.035	0.039
b	0.35	0.40	0.47	0.014	0.016	0.018
D		5.00			0.197	
D2	4.05	4.2	4.30	0.163	0.165	0.167
E		6.00			0.236	
E2	3.40	3.55	3.65	0.134	0.140	0.144
е		1.27			0.049	
L	0.70	0.80	0.90	0.028	0.031	0.035



**\$77** 

### Tape & Reel SPAK-xL MECHANICAL DATA

DIM.		mm.				
	MIN.	ТҮР	MAX.	MIN.	TYP.	MAX.
А			180			7.086
С	12.8	13.0	13.2	0.504	0.512	0.519
D	20.2			0.795		
Ν	60			2.362		
Т			14.4			0.567
Ao	9.70	9.80	9.90	0.382	0.386	0.390
Во	10.85	10.95	11.05	0.423	0.427	0.431
Ко	2.30	2.40	2.50	0.090	0.094	0.098
Po	3.9	4.0	4.1	0.153	0.157	0.161
Р	11.9	12.0	12.1	0.468	0.472	0.476



### Table 14: Revision History

Date	Revision	Description of Changes
18-Nov-2004	4	Remove PPAK Version.
24-Nov-2004	5	New Mechanical Data Release.
06-Dec-2004	6	New Mechanical Data Release.



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