

93C76/86

8K/16K 5.0V Microwire Serial EEPROM

Features:

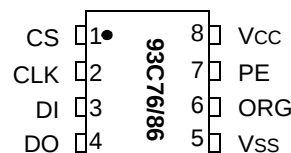
- Single 5.0V supply
- Low-power CMOS technology
 - 1 mA active current typical
- ORG pin selectable memory configuration
1024 x 8- or 512 x 16-bit organization (93C76)
2048 x 8- or 1024 x 16-bit organization (93C86)
- Self-timed erase and write cycles
(including auto-erase)
- Automatic ERAL before WRAL
- Power on/off data protection circuitry
- Industry standard 3-wire serial I/O
- Device status signal during erase/write cycles
- Sequential read function
- 1,000,000 erase/write cycles ensured
- Data retention > 200 years
- 8-pin PDIP/SOIC package
- Temperature ranges supported
 - Commercial (C): 0°C to +70°C
 - Industrial (I): -40°C to +85°C
 - Automotive (E): -40°C to +125°C

Description:

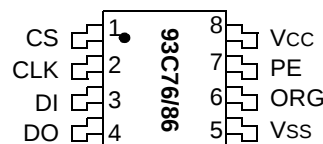
The Microchip Technology Inc. 93C76/86 are 8K and 16K low voltage serial Electrically Erasable PROMs. The device memory is configured as x8 or x16 bits depending on the ORG pin setup. Advanced CMOS technology makes these devices ideal for low power nonvolatile memory applications. These devices also have a Program Enable (PE) pin to allow the user to write protect the entire contents of the memory array. The 93C76/86 is available in standard 8-pin PDIP and 8-pin surface mount SOIC packages.

Package Types

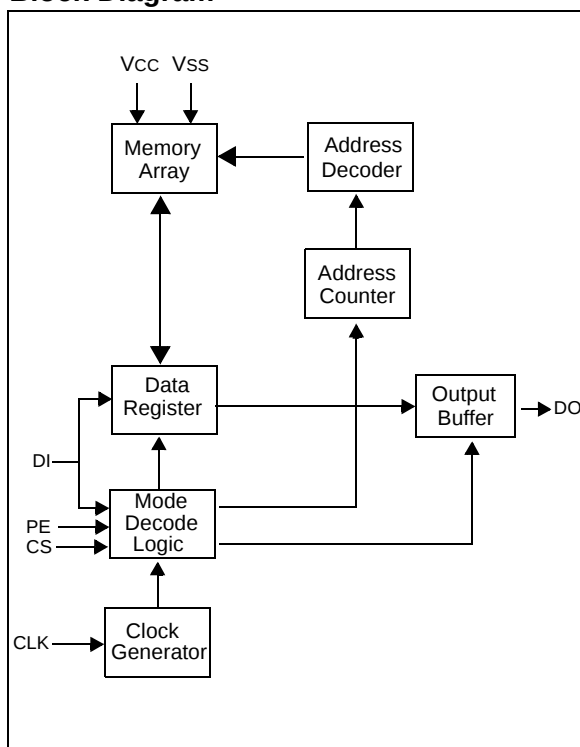
PDIP Package



SOIC Package



Block Diagram



1.0 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Absolute Maximum Ratings^(†)

Vcc.....	7.0V
All inputs and outputs w.r.t. Vss	-0.6V to Vcc + 1.0V
Storage temperature	-65°C to +150°C
Ambient temperature with power applied.....	-40°C to +125°C
Soldering temperature of leads (10 seconds)	+300°C
ESD protection on all pins.....	4 kV

† NOTICE: Stresses above those listed under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. This is a stress rating only and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those indicated in the operational listings of this specification is not implied. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

1.1 AC Test Conditions

AC Waveform:
VLO = 2.0V
VHI = Vcc - 0.2V (Note 1)
VHI = 4.0V for (Note 2)

Timing Measurement Reference Level
Input 0.5 Vcc
Output 0.5 Vcc

Note 1: For Vcc ≤ 4.0V
2: For Vcc > 4.0V

TABLE 1-1: DC CHARACTERISTICS

DC CHARACTERISTICS	Applicable over recommended operating ranges shown below unless otherwise noted: V _{CC} = +4.5V to +5.5V Commercial (C): T _A = 0°C to -40°C Industrial (I): T _A = -40°C to +85°C Automotive (E): T _A = -40°C to +125°C				
	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Units
High-level input voltage	V _{IH1}	2.0	V _{CC} +1	V	—
Low-level input voltage	V _{IL1}	-0.3	0.8	V	—
Low-level output voltage	V _{OL1}	—	0.4	V	I _{OL} = 2.1 mA; V _{CC} = 4.5V
	V _{OL2}	—	0.2	V	I _{OL} = 100 µA; V _{CC} = 4.5V
High-level output voltage	V _{OH1}	2.4	—	V	I _{OH} = -400 µA; V _{CC} = 4.5V
	V _{OH2}	V _{CC} -0.2	—	V	I _{OH} = -100 µA; V _{CC} = 4.5V.
Input leakage current	I _{LI}	-10	10	µA	V _{IN} = 0.1V to V _{CC}
Output leakage current	I _{LO}	-10	10	µA	V _{OUT} = 0.1V to V _{CC}
Pin capacitance (all inputs/outputs)	C _{INT}	—	7	pF	(Note 1) T _A = +25°C, F _{CLK} = 1 MHz
Operating current	I _{CC} write	—	3	mA	F _{CLK} = 2 MHz; V _{CC} = 5.5V
	I _{CC} read	—	1.5	mA	F _{CLK} = 2 MHz; V _{CC} = 5.5V
Standby current	I _{CCS}	—	100	µA	CLK = CS = 0V; V _{CC} = 5.5V DI = PE = V _{SS} ORG = V _{SS} or V _{CC}

Note 1: This parameter is periodically sampled and not 100% tested.

TABLE 1-2: AC CHARACTERISTICS

AC CHARACTERISTICS	Applicable over recommended operating ranges shown below unless otherwise noted: V _{CC} = +4.5V to +5.5V Commercial (C): T _A = 0°C to -40°C Industrial (I): T _A = -40°C to +85°C Automotive (E): T _A = -40°C to +125°C				
	Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Units
Clock frequency	F _{CLK}	—	2	MHz	V _{CC} ≥ 4.5V
Clock high time	T _{CKH}	300	—	ns	
Clock low time	T _{CKL}	200	—	ns	
Chip select setup time	T _{CSS}	50	—	ns	Relative to CLK
Chip select hold time	T _{CSH}	0	—	ns	
Chip select low time	T _{CSL}	250	—	ns	Relative to CLK
Data input setup time	T _{DIS}	100	—	ns	Relative to CLK
Data input hold time	T _{DIH}	100	—	ns	Relative to CLK
Data output delay time	T _{PD}	—	400	ns	C _L = 100 pF
Data output disable time	T _{CZ}	—	100	ns	(Note 1)
Status valid time	T _{SV}	—	500	ns	C _L = 100 pF
Program cycle time	T _{WC}	—	10	ms	Erase/Write mode (Note 2)
	T _{EC}	—	15	ms	ERAL mode
	T _{WL}	—	30	ms	WRAL mode
Endurance	—	1M	—	cycles	25°C, V _{CC} = 5.0V, Block mode (Note 3)

Note 1: This parameter is periodically sampled and not 100% tested.

2: Typical program cycle is 4 ms per word.

3: This parameter is not tested but ensured by characterization. For endurance estimates in a specific application, please consult the Total Endurance™ Model which can be obtained from Microchip's web site at www.microchip.com.

TABLE 1-3: INSTRUCTION SET FOR 93C76: ORG=1 (X16 ORGANIZATION)

Instruction	SB	Opcode	Address	Data In	Data Out	Req. CLK Cycles
READ	1	10	X A8 A7 A6 A5 A4 A3 A2 A1 A0	—	D15 - D0	29
EWEN	1	00	1 1 X X X X X X X X	—	High-Z	13
ERASE	1	11	X A8 A7 A6 A5 A4 A3 A2 A1 A0	—	(RDY/BSY)	13
ERAL	1	00	1 0 X X X X X X X X	—	(RDY/BSY)	13
WRITE	1	01	X A8 A7 A6 A5 A4 A3 A2 A1 A0	D15 - D0	(RDY/BSY)	29
WRAL	1	00	0 1 X X X X X X X X	D15 - D0	(RDY/BSY)	29
EWDS	1	00	0 0 X X X X X X X X	—	High-Z	13

TABLE 1-4: INSTRUCTION SET FOR 93C76: ORG=0 (X8 ORGANIZATION)

Instruction	SB	Opcode	Address	Data In	Data Out	Req. CLK Cycles
READ	1	10	X A9 A8 A7 A6 A5 A4 A3 A2 A1 A0	—	D7 - D0	22
EWEN	1	00	1 1 X X X X X X X X	—	High-Z	14
ERASE	1	11	X A9 A8 A7 A6 A5 A4 A3 A2 A1 A0	—	(RDY/BSY)	14
ERAL	1	00	1 0 X X X X X X X X	—	(RDY/BSY)	14
WRITE	1	01	X A9 A8 A7 A6 A5 A4 A3 A2 A1 A0	D7 - D0	(RDY/BSY)	22
WRAL	1	00	0 1 X X X X X X X X	D7 - D0	(RDY/BSY)	22
EWDS	1	00	0 0 X X X X X X X X	—	High-Z	14

TABLE 1-5: INSTRUCTION SET FOR 93C86: ORG=1 (X16 ORGANIZATION)

Instruction	SB	Opcode	Address	Data In	Data Out	Req. CLK Cycles
READ	1	10	A9 A8 A7 A6 A5 A4 A3 A2 A1 A0	—	D15 - D0	29
EWEN	1	00	1 1 X X X X X X X X	—	High-Z	13
ERASE	1	11	A9 A8 A7 A6 A5 A4 A3 A2 A1 A0	—	(RDY/BSY)	13
ERAL	1	00	1 0 X X X X X X X X	—	(RDY/BSY)	13
WRITE	1	01	A9 A8 A7 A6 A5 A4 A3 A2 A1 A0	D15 - D0	(RDY/BSY)	29
WRAL	1	00	0 1 X X X X X X X X	D15 - D0	(RDY/BSY)	29
EWDS	1	00	0 0 X X X X X X X X	—	High-Z	13

TABLE 1-6: INSTRUCTION SET FOR 93C86: ORG=0 (X8 ORGANIZATION)

Instruction	SB	Opcode	Address	Data In	Data Out	Req. CLK Cycles
READ	1	10	A10 A9 A8 A7 A6 A5 A4 A3 A2 A1 A0	—	D7 - D0	22
EWEN	1	00	1 1 X X X X X X X X	—	High-Z	14
ERASE	1	11	A10 A9 A8 A7 A6 A5 A4 A3 A2 A1 A0	—	(RDY/BSY)	14
ERAL	1	00	1 0 X X X X X X X X	—	(RDY/BSY)	14
WRITE	1	01	A10 A9 A8 A7 A6 A5 A4 A3 A2 A1 A0	D7 - D0	(RDY/BSY)	22
WRAL	1	00	0 1 X X X X X X X X	D7 - D0	(RDY/BSY)	22
EWDS	1	00	0 0 X X X X X X X X	—	High-Z	14

2.0 PRINCIPLES OF OPERATION

When the ORG pin is connected to Vcc, the x16 organization is selected. When it is connected to ground, the x8 organization is selected. Instructions, addresses and write data are clocked into the DI pin on the rising edge of the clock (CLK). The DO pin is normally held in a high-Z state except when reading data from the device, or when checking the Ready/Busy status during a programming operation. The Ready/Busy status can be verified during an erase/write operation by polling the DO pin; DO low indicates that programming is still in progress, while DO high indicates the device is ready. The DO will enter the high-impedance state on the falling edge of the CS.

2.1 Start Condition

The Start bit is detected by the device if CS and DI are both high with respect to the positive edge of CLK for the first time.

Before a Start condition is detected, CS, CLK and DI may change in any combination (except to that of a Start condition), without resulting in any device operation (Read, Write, Erase, EWEN, EWDS, ERAL and WRAL). As soon as CS is high, the device is no longer in the Standby mode.

An instruction following a Start condition will only be executed if the required amount of opcode, address and data bits for any particular instruction are clocked in.

After execution of an instruction (i.e., clock in or out of the last required address or data bit) CLK and DI become "don't care" bits until a new Start condition is detected.

2.2 DI/DO

It is possible to connect the Data In and Data Out pins together. However, with this configuration it is possible for a "bus conflict" to occur during the "dummy zero" that precedes the read operation, if A0 is a logic high level. Under such a condition the voltage level seen at Data Out is undefined and will depend upon the relative impedances of Data Out and the signal source driving A0. The higher the current sourcing capability of A0, the higher the voltage at the Data Out pin.

2.3 Erase/Write Enable and Disable (EWEN, EWDS)

The 93C76/86 powers up in the Erase/Write Disable (EWDS) state. All programming modes must be preceded by an Erase/Write Enable (EWEN) instruction. Once the EWEN instruction is executed, programming remains enabled until an EWDS instruction is executed or Vcc is removed from the device. To protect against accidental data disturb, the EWDS instruction can be used to disable all erase/write functions and should follow all programming operations. Execution of a READ instruction is independent of both the EWEN and EWDS instructions.

2.4 Data Protection

During power-up, all programming modes of operation are inhibited until Vcc has reached a level greater than 1.4V. During power-down, the source data protection circuitry acts to inhibit all programming modes when Vcc has fallen below 1.4V.

The EWEN and EWDS commands give additional protection against accidentally programming during normal operation.

After power-up, the device is automatically in the EWDS mode. Therefore, an EWEN instruction must be performed before any ERASE or WRITE instruction can be executed.

3.0 DEVICE OPERATION

3.1 Read

The READ instruction outputs the serial data of the addressed memory location on the DO pin. A dummy zero bit precedes the 16-bit (x16 organization) or 8-bit (x8 organization) output string. The output data bits will toggle on the rising edge of the CLK and are stable after the specified time delay (T_{PD}). Sequential read is possible when CS is held high and clock transitions continue. The memory address pointer will automatically increment and output data sequentially.

3.2 Erase

The ERASE instruction forces all data bits of the specified address to the logical "1" state. The self-timed programming cycle is initiated on the rising edge of CLK as the last address bit (A0) is clocked in. At this point, the CLK, CS and DI inputs become "don't cares".

The DO pin indicates the Ready/Busy status of the device if the CS is high. The Ready/Busy status will be displayed on the DO pin until the next Start bit is received as long as CS is high. Bringing the CS low will place the device in Standby mode and cause the DO pin to enter the high-impedance state. DO at logical "0" indicates that programming is still in progress. DO at logical "1" indicates that the register at the specified address has been erased and the device is ready for another instruction.

The erase cycle takes 3 ms per word (typical).

3.3 Write

The WRITE instruction is followed by 16 bits (or by 8 bits) of data to be written into the specified address. The self-timed programming cycle is initiated on the rising edge of CLK as the last data bit (D0) is clocked in. At this point, the CLK, CS and DI inputs become "don't cares".

The DO pin indicates the Ready/Busy status of the device if the CS is high. The Ready/Busy status will be displayed on the DO pin until the next Start bit is received as long as CS is high. Bringing the CS low will place the device in Standby mode and cause the DO pin to enter the high-impedance state. DO at logical "0" indicates that programming is still in progress. DO at logical "1" indicates that the register at the specified address has been written and the device is ready for another instruction.

The write cycle takes 3 ms per word (typical).

3.4 Erase All (ERAL)

The ERAL instruction will erase the entire memory array to the logical "1" state. The ERAL cycle is identical to the erase cycle except for the different opcode. The ERAL cycle is completely self-timed and commences on the rising edge of the last address bit (A0). Note that the Least Significant 8 or 9 address bits are "don't care" bits, depending on selection of x16 or x8 mode. Clocking of the CLK pin is not necessary after the device has entered the self clocking mode. The ERAL instruction is ensured at $V_{CC} = +4.5V$ to $+5.5V$.

The DO pin indicates the Ready/Busy status of the device if the CS is high. The Ready/Busy status will be displayed on the DO pin until the next Start bit is received as long as CS is high. Bringing the CS low will place the device in Standby mode and cause the DO pin to enter the high-impedance state. DO at logical "0" indicates that programming is still in progress. DO at logical "1" indicates that the entire device has been erased and is ready for another instruction.

The ERAL cycle takes 15 ms maximum (8 ms typical).

3.5 Write All (WRAL)

The WRAL instruction will write the entire memory array with the data specified in the command. The WRAL cycle is completely self-timed and commences on the rising edge of the last address bit (A0). Note that the Least Significant 8 or 9 address bits are "don't cares", depending on selection of x16 or x8 mode. Clocking of the CLK pin is not necessary after the device has entered the self clocking mode. The WRAL command does include an automatic ERAL cycle for the device. Therefore, the WRAL instruction does not require an ERAL instruction but the chip must be in the EWEN status. The WRAL instruction is ensured at $V_{CC} = +4.5V$ to $+5.5V$.

The DO pin indicates the Ready/Busy status of the device if the CS is high. The Ready/Busy status will be displayed on the DO pin until the next Start bit is received as long as CS is high. Bringing the CS low will place the device in Standby mode and cause the DO pin to enter the high-impedance state. DO at logical "0" indicates that programming is still in progress. DO at logical "1" indicates that the entire device has been written and is ready for another instruction.

The WRAL cycle takes 30 ms maximum (16 ms typical).

FIGURE 3-1: SYNCHRONOUS DATA TIMING

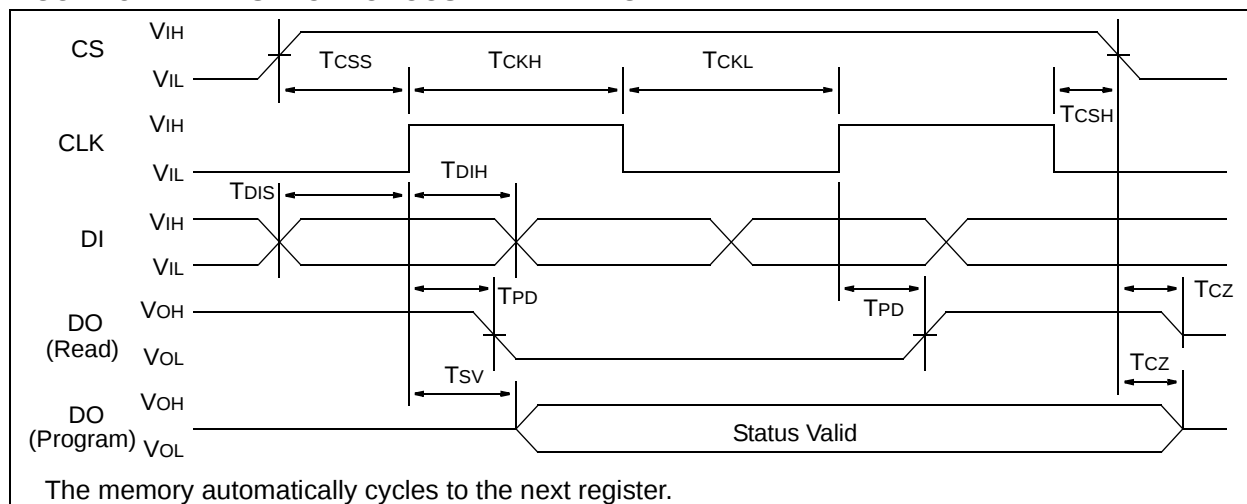


FIGURE 3-2: READ

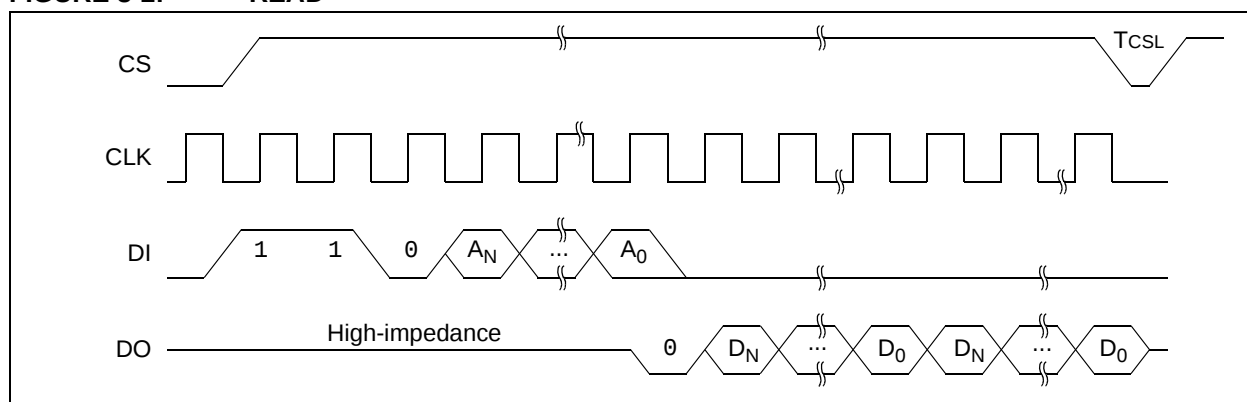


FIGURE 3-3: EWEN

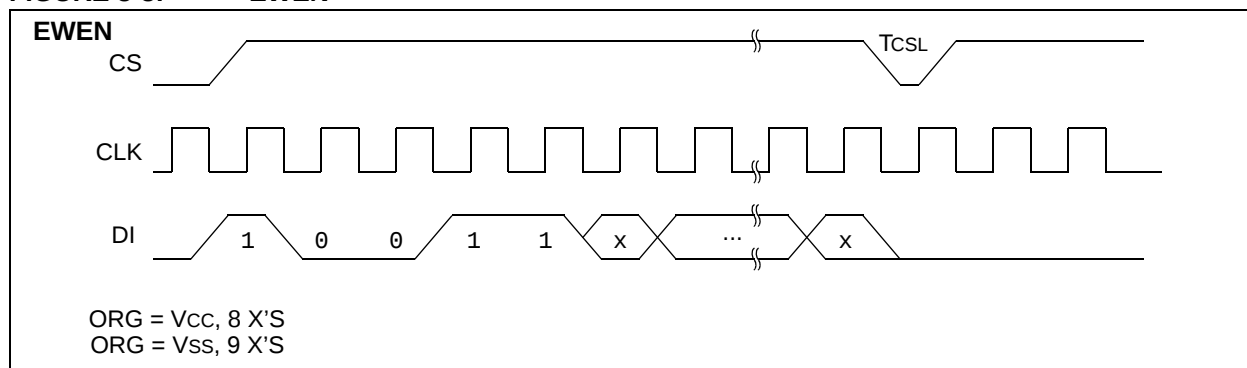


FIGURE 3-4: EWDS

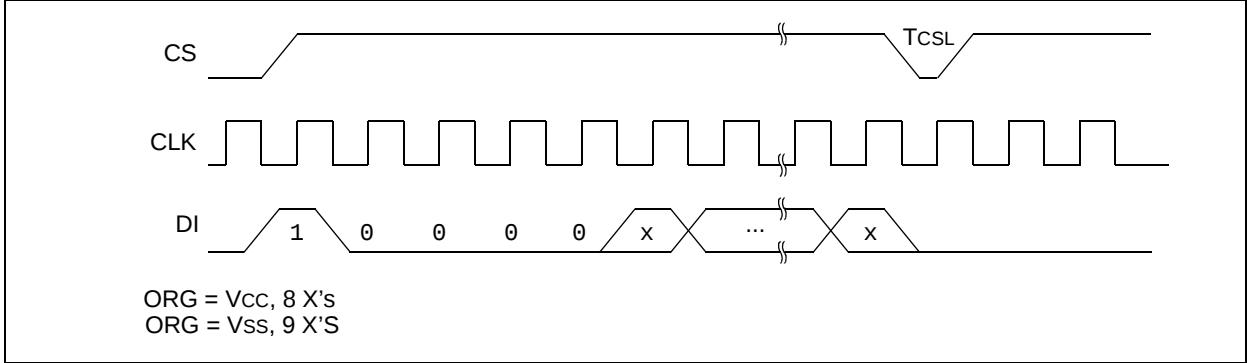


FIGURE 3-5: WRITE

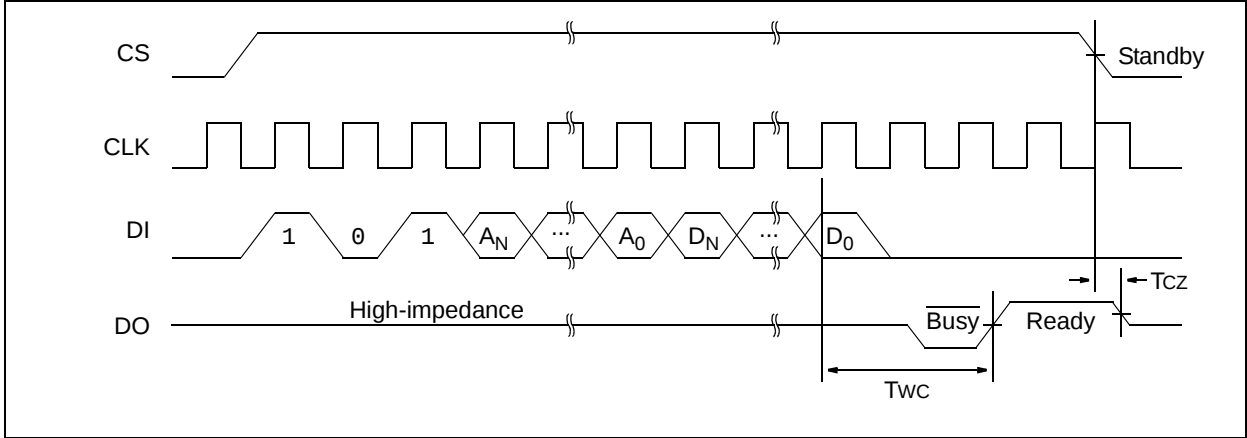


FIGURE 3-6: WRAL

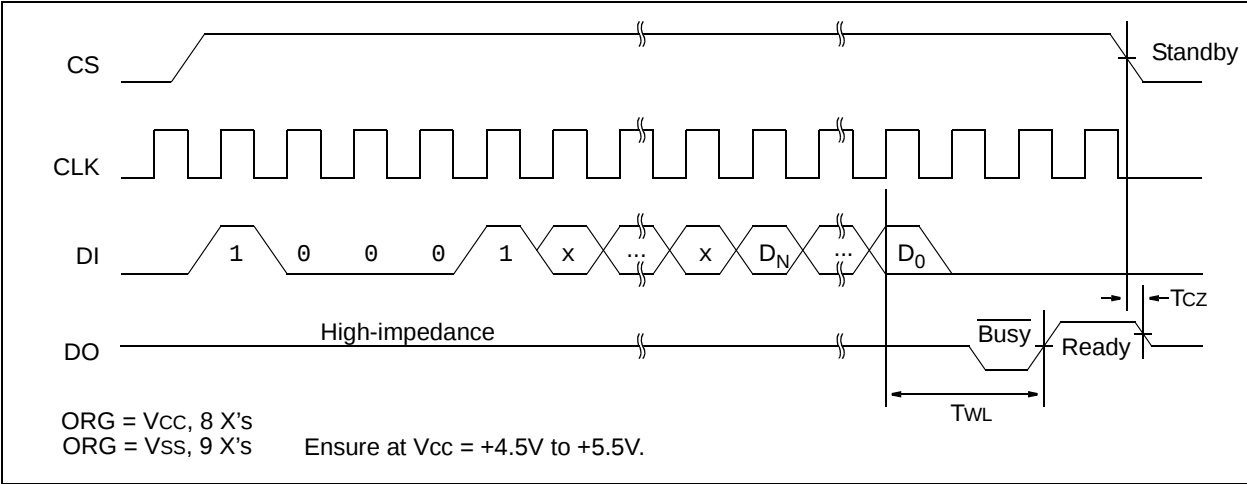


FIGURE 3-7: ERASE

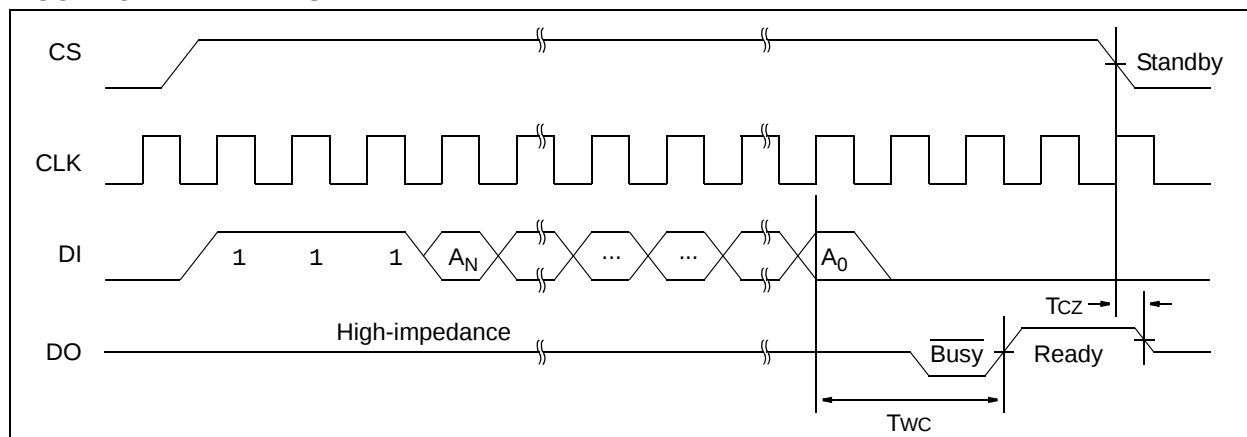
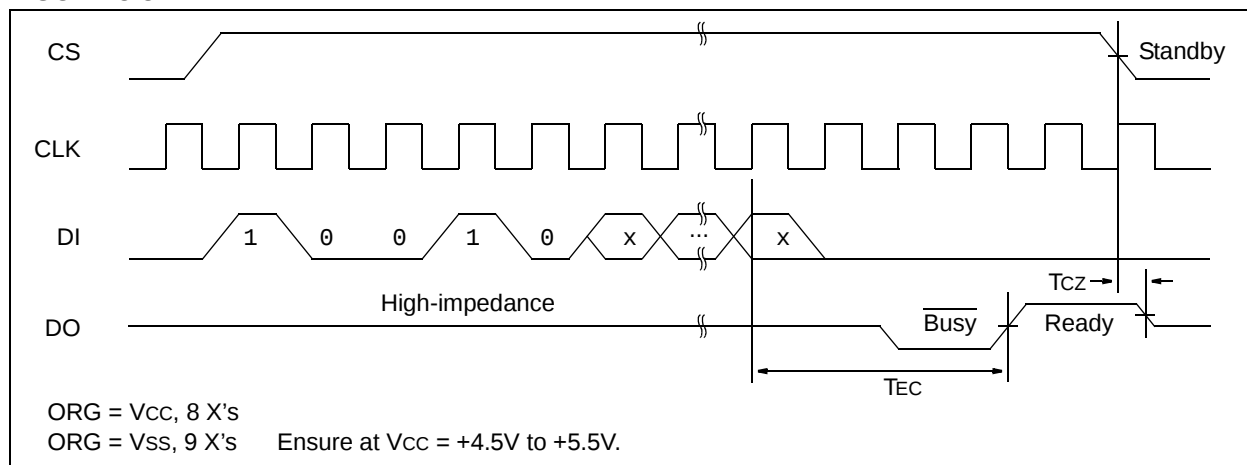


FIGURE 3-8: ERAL



4.0 PIN DESCRIPTIONS

TABLE 4-1: PIN FUNCTION TABLE

Name	Function
CS	Chip Select
CLK	Serial Data Clock
DI	Serial Data Input
DO	Serial Data Output
Vss	Ground
ORG	Memory Configuration
PE	Program Enable
Vcc	Power Supply

4.1 Chip Select (CS)

A high level selects the device. A low level deselects the device and forces it into Standby mode. However, a programming cycle which is already initiated will be completed, regardless of the CS input signal. If CS is brought low during a program cycle, the device will go into Standby mode as soon as the programming cycle is completed.

CS must be low for 250 ns minimum (T_{CSL}) between consecutive instructions. If CS is low, the internal control logic is held in a RESET status.

4.2 Serial Clock (CLK)

The Serial Clock is used to synchronize the communication between a master device and the 93C76/86. Opcode, address and data bits are clocked in on the positive edge of CLK. Data bits are also clocked out on the positive edge of CLK.

CLK can be stopped anywhere in the transmission sequence (at high or low level) and can be continued anytime with respect to clock high time (T_{CKH}) and clock low time (T_{CKL}). This gives the controlling master freedom in preparing opcode, address and data.

CLK is a "don't care" if CS is low (device deselected). If CS is high, but Start condition has not been detected, any number of clock cycles can be received by the device without changing its status (i.e., waiting for Start condition).

CLK cycles are not required during the self-timed write (i.e., auto erase/write) cycle.

After detection of a Start condition the specified number of clock cycles (respectively low-to-high transitions of CLK) must be provided. These clock cycles are required to clock in all opcode, address, and data bits before an instruction is executed (see Table 1-3 through Table 1-6 for more details). CLK and DI then become don't care inputs waiting for a new Start condition to be detected.

Note: CS must go low between consecutive instructions, except when performing a sequential read (Refer to **Section 3.1 "Read"** for more detail on sequential reads).

4.3 Data In (DI)

Data In is used to clock in a Start bit, opcode, address and data synchronously with the CLK input.

4.4 Data Out (DO)

Data Out is used in the Read mode to output data synchronously with the CLK input (T_{PD} after the positive edge of CLK).

This pin also provides Ready/Busy status information during erase and write cycles. Ready/Busy status information is available when CS is high. It will be displayed until the next Start bit occurs as long as CS stays high.

4.5 Organization (ORG)

When ORG is connected to Vcc, the x16 memory organization is selected. When ORG is tied to Vss, the x8 memory organization is selected. There is an internal pull-up resistor on the ORG pin that will select x16 organization when left unconnected.

4.6 Program Enable (PE)

This pin allows the user to enable or disable the ability to write data to the memory array. If the PE pin is floated or tied to Vcc, the device can be programmed. If the PE pin is tied to Vss, programming will be inhibited. There is an internal pull-up on this device that enables programming if this pin is left floating.

5.0 PACKAGING INFORMATION

5.1 Package Marking Information

8-Lead PDIP



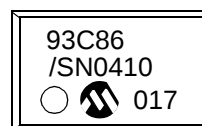
Example



8-Lead SOIC (.150")

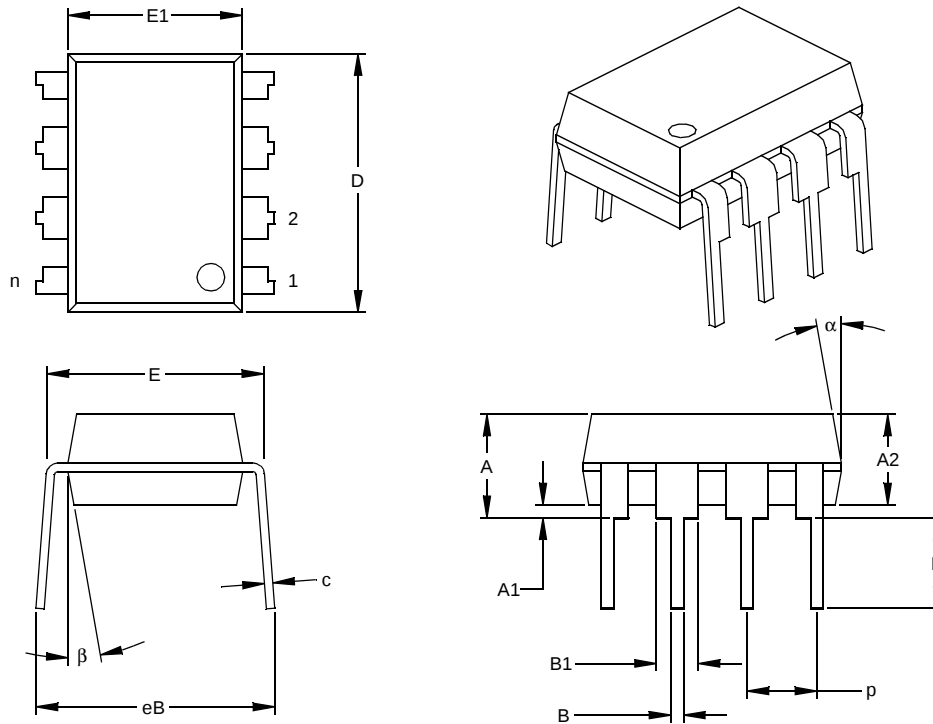


Example



93C76/86

8-Lead Plastic Dual In-line (P) – 300 mil Body (PDIP)



Units		INCHES*			MILLIMETERS		
Dimension	Limits	MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	n	8			8		
Pitch	p		.100			2.54	
Top to Seating Plane	A	.140	.155	.170	3.56	3.94	4.32
Molded Package Thickness	A2	.115	.130	.145	2.92	3.30	3.68
Base to Seating Plane	A1	.015			0.38		
Shoulder to Shoulder Width	E	.300	.313	.325	7.62	7.94	8.26
Molded Package Width	E1	.240	.250	.260	6.10	6.35	6.60
Overall Length	D	.360	.373	.385	9.14	9.46	9.78
Tip to Seating Plane	L	.125	.130	.135	3.18	3.30	3.43
Lead Thickness	c	.008	.012	.015	0.20	0.29	0.38
Upper Lead Width	B1	.045	.058	.070	1.14	1.46	1.78
Lower Lead Width	B	.014	.018	.022	0.36	0.46	0.56
Overall Row Spacing	§ eB	.310	.370	.430	7.87	9.40	10.92
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	5	10	15	5	10	15
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	5	10	15	5	10	15

* Controlling Parameter

§ Significant Characteristic

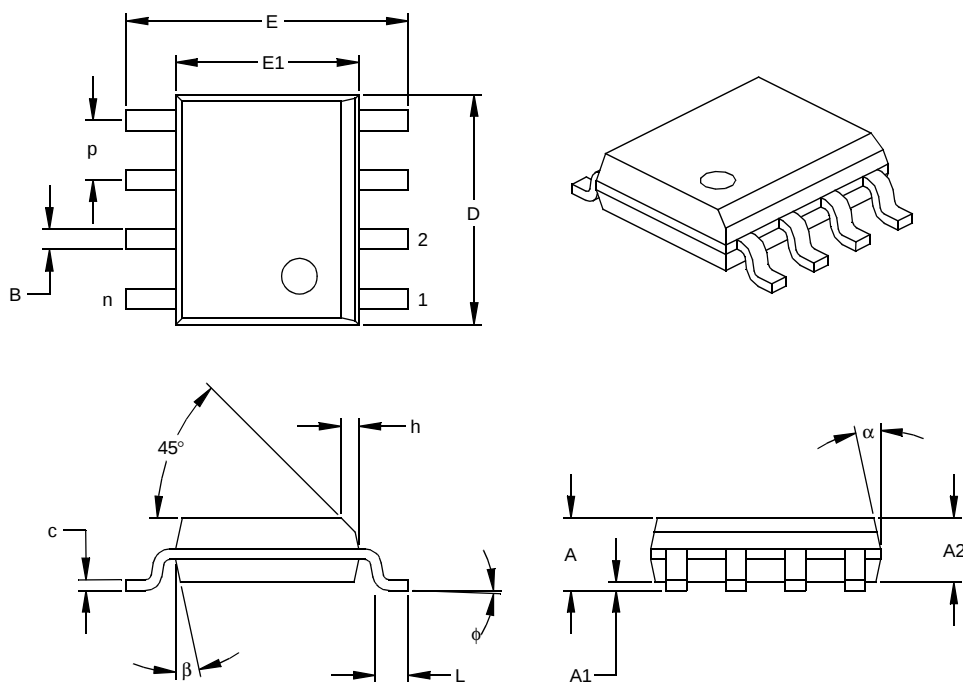
Notes:

Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed .010" (0.254mm) per side.

JEDEC Equivalent: MS-001

Drawing No. C04-018

8-Lead Plastic Small Outline (SN) – Narrow, 150 mil Body (SOIC)



Units		INCHES*			MILLIMETERS		
Dimension Limits		MIN	NOM	MAX	MIN	NOM	MAX
Number of Pins	n	8			8		
Pitch	p		.050			1.27	
Overall Height	A	.053	.061	.069	1.35	1.55	1.75
Molded Package Thickness	A2	.052	.056	.061	1.32	1.42	1.55
Standoff §	A1	.004	.007	.010	0.10	0.18	0.25
Overall Width	E	.228	.237	.244	5.79	6.02	6.20
Molded Package Width	E1	.146	.154	.157	3.71	3.91	3.99
Overall Length	D	.189	.193	.197	4.80	4.90	5.00
Chamfer Distance	h	.010	.015	.020	0.25	0.38	0.51
Foot Length	L	.019	.025	.030	0.48	0.62	0.76
Foot Angle	φ	0	4	8	0	4	8
Lead Thickness	c	.008	.009	.010	0.20	0.23	0.25
Lead Width	B	.013	.017	.020	0.33	0.42	0.51
Mold Draft Angle Top	α	0	12	15	0	12	15
Mold Draft Angle Bottom	β	0	12	15	0	12	15

* Controlling Parameter

§ Significant Characteristic

Notes:

Dimensions D and E1 do not include mold flash or protrusions. Mold flash or protrusions shall not exceed .010" (0.254mm) per side.

JEDEC Equivalent: MS-012

Drawing No. C04-057

APPENDIX A: REVISION HISTORY

Revision E

Added note to page 1 header (Not recommended for new designs).

Added Section 5.0: Package Marking Information.

Added On-line Support page.

Updated document format.

ON-LINE SUPPORT

Microchip provides on-line support on the Microchip World Wide Web site.

The web site is used by Microchip as a means to make files and information easily available to customers. To view the site, the user must have access to the Internet and a web browser, such as Netscape® or Microsoft® Internet Explorer. Files are also available for FTP download from our FTP site.

Connecting to the Microchip Internet Web Site

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www.microchip.com

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Device	Temperature Range	Package	Pattern
Device 93C76/86: Microwire Serial EEPROM 93C76T/86T: Microwire Serial EEPROM (Tape and Reel)			
Temperature Range Blank = 0°C to +70°C I = -40°C to +85°C E = -40°C to +125°C			
Package P = Plastic DIP (300 mil Body), 8-lead SN = Plastic SOIC (150 mil Body), 8-lead			

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Corporate Office

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Tel: 480-792-7200
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Technical Support: 480-792-7627
Web Address: www.microchip.com

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3780 Mansell Road, Suite 130
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Tel: 770-640-0034
Fax: 770-640-0307

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2 Lan Drive, Suite 120
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Kokomo

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Kokomo, IN 46902
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Fax: 765-864-8387

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Fax: 905-673-6509

ASIA/PACIFIC

Australia

Suite 22, 41 Rawson Street
Epping 2121, NSW
Australia
Tel: 61-2-9868-6733
Fax: 61-2-9868-6755

China - Beijing

Unit 706B
Wan Tai Bei Hai Bldg.
No. 6 Chaoyangmen Bei Str.
Beijing, 100027, China
Tel: 86-10-85282100
Fax: 86-10-85282104

China - Chengdu

Rm. 2401-2402, 24th Floor,
Ming Xing Financial Tower
No. 88 TIDU Street
Chengdu 610016, China
Tel: 86-28-86766200
Fax: 86-28-86766599

China - Fuzhou

Unit 28F, World Trade Plaza
No. 71 Wusi Road
Fuzhou 350001, China
Tel: 86-591-7503506
Fax: 86-591-7503521

China - Hong Kong SAR

Unit 901-6, Tower 2, Metroplaza
223 Hing Fong Road
Kwai Fong, N.T., Hong Kong
Tel: 852-2401-1200
Fax: 852-2401-3431

China - Shanghai

Room 701, Bldg. B
Far East International Plaza
No. 317 Xian Xia Road
Shanghai, 200051
Tel: 86-21-6275-5700
Fax: 86-21-6275-5060

China - Shenzhen

Rm. 1812, 18/F, Building A, United Plaza
No. 5022 Binhe Road, Futian District
Shenzhen 518033, China
Tel: 86-755-82901380
Fax: 86-755-8295-1393

China - Shunde

Room 401, Hongjian Building, No. 2
Fengxiangnan Road, Ronggui Town, Shunde
District, Foshan City, Guangdong 528303, China
Tel: 86-757-28395507 Fax: 86-757-28395571

China - Qingdao

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No. 12 Hong Kong Central Rd.
Qingdao 266071, China
Tel: 86-532-5027355 Fax: 86-532-5027205

India

Divyasree Chambers
1 Floor, Wing A (A3/A4)
No. 11, O'Shaughnessy Road
Bangalore, 560 025, India
Tel: 91-80-22290061 Fax: 91-80-22290062

Japan

Benex S-1 6F
3-18-20, Shinyokohama
Kohoku-Ku, Yokohama-shi
Kanagawa, 222-0033, Japan
Tel: 81-45-471- 6166 Fax: 81-45-471-6122

Korea

168-1, Youngbo Bldg. 3 Floor
Samsung-Dong, Kangnam-Ku
Seoul, Korea 135-882
Tel: 82-2-554-7200 Fax: 82-2-558-5932 or
82-2-558-5934

Singapore

200 Middle Road
#07-02 Prime Centre
Singapore, 188980
Tel: 65-6334-8870 Fax: 65-6334-8850

Taiwan

Kaohsiung Branch
30F - 1 No. 8
Min Chuan 2nd Road
Kaohsiung 806, Taiwan
Tel: 886-7-536-4818
Fax: 886-7-536-4803

Taiwan

Taiwan Branch
11F-3, No. 207
Tung Hua North Road
Taipei, 105, Taiwan
Tel: 886-2-2717-7175 Fax: 886-2-2545-0139

EUROPE

Austria

Durisolstrasse 2
A-4600 Wels
Austria
Tel: 43-7242-2244-399
Fax: 43-7242-2244-393

Denmark

Regus Business Centre
Lautrup høj 1-3
Ballerup DK-2750 Denmark
Tel: 45-4420-9895 Fax: 45-4420-9910

France

Parc d'Activite du Moulin de Massy
43 Rue du Saule Trapu
Batiment A - 1er Etage
91300 Massy, France
Tel: 33-1-69-53-63-20
Fax: 33-1-69-30-90-79

Germany

Steinheilstrasse 10
D-85737 Ismaning, Germany
Tel: 49-89-627-144-0
Fax: 49-89-627-144-44

Italy

Via Quasimodo, 12
20025 Legnano (MI)
Milan, Italy
Tel: 39-0331-742611
Fax: 39-0331-466781

Netherlands

Waagenburghtplein 4
NL-5152 JR, Drunen, Netherlands
Tel: 31-416-690399
Fax: 31-416-690340

United Kingdom

505 Eskdale Road
Winnersh Triangle
Wokingham
Berkshire, England RG41 5TU
Tel: 44-118-921-5869
Fax: 44-118-921-5820

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