

#### **General Description**

The MAX3969 is a recommended upgrade for the MAX3964, MAX3965, and MAX3968. The MAX3964A limiting amplifier, with 2mV<sub>P-P</sub> input sensitivity and PECL data outputs, is ideal for low-cost ATM, FDDI, and Fast Ethernet fiber optic applications.

19-1314; Rev 3; 9/04

EVALUATION KIT

The MAX3964A features an integrated power detector that senses the input-signal power. It provides a received-signal-strength indicator (RSSI), which is an analog indication of the power level and complementary PECL loss-of-signal (LOS) outputs, which indicate when the power level drops below a programmable threshold. The threshold can be adjusted to detect signal amplitudes as low as 2.7mV<sub>P-P</sub>. An optional squelch function disables switching of the data outputs by holding them at a known state during an LOS condition.

The MAX3965 provides the same functionality, but offers TTL-compatible LOS outputs. The MAX3968 provides the same functionality as the MAX3964A, but has data-output edge speed suitable for ESCON and 266Mbps fibre channel applications.

The MAX3964A/MAX3965/MAX3968 are available in die form, as tested wafers, and in 20-pin QSOP packages. The MAX3964AETP is available in a 20-pin thin QFN package.

#### **Applications**

125Mbps FDDI Receivers 155Mbps LAN ATM Receivers Fast Ethernet Receivers **ESCON Receivers** 155Mbps FTTx Receivers

Pin Configurations appear at end of data sheet. Selector Guide appears at end of data sheet.

#### Features

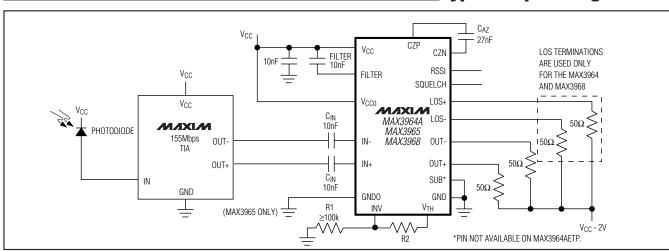
- ♦ Single Supply: +3.0V to +5.5V
- ♦ 2mV<sub>P-P</sub> Input Sensitivity
- ♦ 1.2ns Output Edge Speed
- **♦ Loss-of-Signal Detector with Programmable Threshold**
- ♦ Analog Received-Signal-Strength Indicator
- ♦ Output Squelch Function
- ♦ Choice of TTL or PECL LOS Outputs
- ♦ Compatible with 4B/5B Data Coding

#### **Ordering Information**

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX3964CEP	0°C to +70°C	20 QSOP
MAX3964C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX3964C/DW	0°C to +70°C	Wafers*
MAX3964AETP	-40°C to +85°C	20 Thin QFN**
MAX3964AC/D	-40°C to +85°C	Dice*
MAX3965CEP	0°C to +70°C	20 QSOP
MAX3965C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX3965C/DW	0°C to +70°C	Wafers*
MAX3968CEP	0°C to +70°C	20 QSOP
MAX3968C/D	0°C to +70°C	Dice*
MAX3968C/DW	0°C to +70°C	Wafers*

<sup>\*</sup>Dice and wafers are designed to operate over a 0°C to +100°C junction temperature (Tj) range, but are tested and guaranteed only at  $T_A = +25$ °C.

### Typical Operating Circuit



NIXIN

Maxim Integrated Products 1

<sup>\*\*</sup>Package Code: T2044-1

#### **ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS**

(SUB, GND, GNDO tied to ground)
Vcc, Vcco0.5V to +7.0V
FILTER, RSSI, IN+, IN-, CZP, CZN, SQUELCH,
LOS+, LOS-, INV, VTH, OUT+, OUT0.5V to (V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5V)
PECL Output Current (OUT+, OUT-, LOS+, LOS-)50mA
Differential Voltage Between CZP and CZN1.5V to +1.5V
Differential Voltage Between IN+ and IN1.5V to +1.5V
<u> </u>

Continuous Power Dissipation ( $T_A = +70$ °C)	
20-Lead Thin QFN	
(derate 16.9mW/°C above +70°C)	1349mW
20-Pin QSOP (derate 6.7mW/°C above +70°C)	500mW
Operating Temperature Range40°	°C to +85°C
Operating Junction Temperature Range (die)40°C	C to +150°C
Processing Temperature (die)	+400°C
Storage Temperature Range65°C	c to +160°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)	+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

#### ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX3964ACEP/MAX3965CEP/MAX3968CEP

 $(V_{CC} = +3.0V \text{ to } +5.5V, \text{ PECL outputs terminated with } 50\Omega \text{ to } (V_{CC} - 2V), T_A = 0^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +70^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ unless otherwise noted.}$  Typical values are at  $V_{CC} = +3.3V$  and  $T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}.)$  (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Supply Current	Icc	PECL outputs open		22	40	mA
LOS Hysteresis		Input = 3.3mV <sub>P-P</sub> to 90mV <sub>P-P</sub> (Note 2)	3.8	5	8.0	dB
SQUELCH Input Current		V <sub>SQUELCH</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> , T <sub>A</sub> = +25°C		27	100	μΑ
PECL Output Voltage High		(Note 3)	-1025		-880	mV
PECL Output Voltage Low		(Note 3)	-1810		-1620	mV
PECL LOS Output Voltage High		(Note 3)	-1035		-880	mV
PECL LOS Output Voltage Low		(Note 3)	-1810		-1620	mV
LOS Assert Accuracy		Input = $7mV_{P-P}$ or $90mV_{P-P}$	-2.5		+2.5	dB
Minimum LOS Assert Input					2.7	mV <sub>P-P</sub>
Maximum LOS Deassert Input			143			mV <sub>P-P</sub>
Input Sensitivity				2.0	3.3	mV <sub>P-P</sub>
Input Overload			1.5			V <sub>P-P</sub>
Output Transition Time	t <sub>r</sub> , t <sub>f</sub>	20% to 80% transition time, MAX3964A/MAX3965	0.92	1.2	2.20	ns
		MAX3968	0.4	0.8	1.2	
Pulse-Width Distortion		(Note 4)		50	200	ps
TTL Output High		I <sub>OH</sub> = -200μA	2.4	3.1	V <sub>C</sub> C	V
TTL Output Low		I <sub>OL</sub> = 200μA	0	0.3	0.4	V

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#### **ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS—MAX3964AETP**

 $(V_{CC} = +3.0V \text{ to } +5.5V, \text{ PECL outputs terminated with } 50\Omega \text{ to } (V_{CC} - 2V), T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}.$  Typical values measured at  $V_{CC} = +3.3V$  and  $T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise noted.)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
Supply Current	Icc	PECL outputs open		22	45	mA	
LOS Hysteresis		Input = 4.0mV <sub>P-P</sub> (Note 2)	3.0	5	8.0	dB	
SQUELCH Input Current				27	100	μΑ	
PECL Output Voltage High		(Note 3)	-1.085		-0.880	V	
PECL Output Voltage Low		(Note 3)	-1.830		-1.550	V	
LOC Assert Assurance		Input = $7mV_{P-P}$ or $90mV_{P-P}$ , $0^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$			+3	٩D	
LOS Assert Accuracy		Input = 7mV <sub>P-P</sub> or 90mV <sub>P-P</sub> , -40°C to 0°C	-3.6		+3.6	dB	
Minimum LOS Assert Input					2.7	mV <sub>P-P</sub>	
Maximum LOS Deassert Input			143			mV <sub>P-P</sub>	
Input Sensitivity				2	4	mV <sub>P-P</sub>	
Input Overload			1.5			V <sub>P-P</sub>	
Output Transition Time	t <sub>r</sub> , t <sub>f</sub>	20% to 80%		1.6	2.4	ns	
Pulse-Width Distortion		(Note 4)		50	250	psp-p	

**Note 1:** Dice are tested and guaranteed at  $T_A = +25$ °C only.

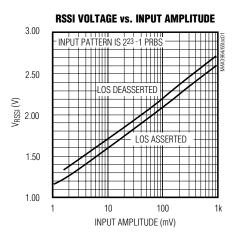
Note 2: LOS hysteresis = 20log(VLOS-DEASSERT / VLOS-ASSERT).

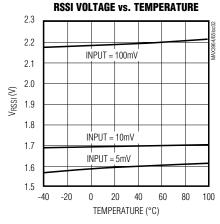
Note 3: Voltage measurements are relative to supply voltage (V<sub>CC</sub>).

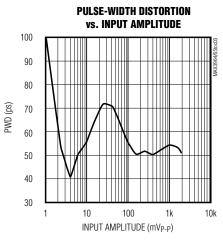
Note 4: PWD = [(width of wider pulse) - (width of narrower pulse)] / 2, measured with 100Mbps 1-0 pattern.

### **Typical Operating Characteristics**

(MAX3964A EV kit,  $V_{CC}$  = +3.3V, decibels (dB) calculated as 20 log  $\Delta V$ , PECL outputs terminated with 50 $\Omega$  to ( $V_{CC}$  - 2V),  $T_A$  = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

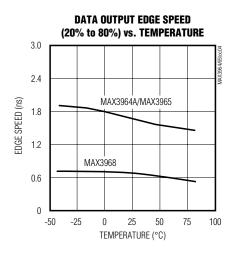


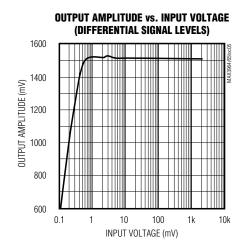




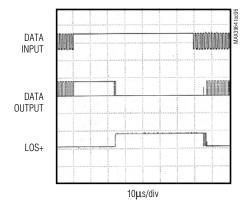
#### Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

(MAX3964A EV kit,  $V_{CC}$  = +3.3V, decibels (dB) calculated as 20 log  $\Delta V$ , PECL outputs terminated with 50 $\Omega$  to ( $V_{CC}$  - 2V),  $T_A$  = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.)

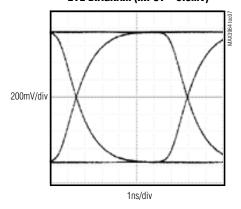




#### LOS OPERATION WITH SQUELCH



#### MAX3964A/MAX3965 EYE DIAGRAM (INPUT = 3.3mV)



## **Pin Description**

Р	IN		
QSOP	THIN QFN	NAME	FUNCTION
1	19	SQUELCH	Squelch Input. The squelch function disables the data outputs by forcing OUT- low and OUT+ high during a loss-of-signal condition. Connect to GND or leave unconnected to disable. Connect to V <sub>CC</sub> to enable squelching.
2	20	V <sub>TH</sub>	Output of Internal Op Amp that Sets Loss-of-Signal Threshold Voltage (Figure 1). Connect a resistor from $V_{TH}$ to INV and from INV to ground (minimum resistance $100k\Omega$ ) to program the desired threshold voltage.
3	1	INV	Inverting Input of Internal Op Amp that Sets Loss-of-Signal Threshold Voltage (Figure 1). Connect a resistor from $V_{TH}$ to INV and from INV to ground (minimum resistance $100k\Omega$ ) to program the desired threshold voltage.
4	2	FILTER	Filter Output of Full-Wave Logarithmic Detectors (FWDs). The FWD outputs are summed together at FILTER to generate the received-signal-strength indicator (RSSI). Connect a capacitor from FILTER to V <sub>CC</sub> for proper operation.
5	3	RSSI	Received-Signal-Strength Indicator Output. The analog DC voltage at RSSI indicates the input signal power. The RSSI output is reduced approximately 120mV when LOS+ is asserted.
6	4	IN-	Inverting Data Input
7	5	IN+	Noninverting Data Input
8	_	SUB	Substrate. Connect to ground.
9, 10	6, 7, 8	GND	Ground
11	9	CZP	Auto-Zero Capacitor Input. Connect a capacitor between CZP and CZN to determine the offset-correction-loop bandwidth.
12	10	CZN	Auto-Zero Capacitor Input. Connect a capacitor between CZP and CZN to determine the offset-correction-loop bandwidth.
13	11	V <sub>CCO</sub>	Output Buffer Supply Voltage. Connect to the same potential as V <sub>CC</sub> , but filter V <sub>CCO</sub> and V <sub>CC</sub> separately.
14	12	OUT+	Noninverting PECL Data Output. Terminate with $50\Omega$ to (V <sub>CC</sub> - 2V).
15	13	OUT-	Inverting PECL Data Output. Terminate with $50\Omega$ to (V <sub>CC</sub> - 2V).
16	14	LOS-	Inverting Loss-of-Signal Output. LOS- is asserted low when input power drops below the LOS threshold. For the MAX3964A/MAX3968, this pin is PECL compatible and should be terminated with $50\Omega$ to (V <sub>CC</sub> - 2V). For the MAX3965, this output is TTL compatible and does not require termination.
17	15	LOS+	Noninverting Loss-of-Signal Output. LOS+ is asserted high when input power drops below the LOS threshold. For the MAX3964A/MAX3968, this pin is PECL compatible and should be terminated with $50\Omega$ to (V <sub>CC</sub> - 2V). For the MAX3965, this output is TTL compatible and does not require termination.
18	16	Vcco	MAX3964A/MAX3968: This pin can be left open or connected to the positive supply.
10	10	GNDO	MAX3965: This pin must be connected to ground.
19, 20	17, 18	Vcc	+3.0V to +5.5V Supply Voltage
_	EP	Exposed Pad	Connect the exposed pad to board ground for optional electrical and thermal performance.

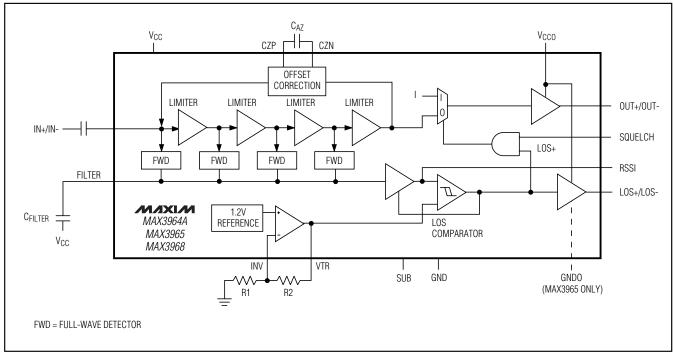


Figure 1. Functional Diagram

#### **Detailed Description**

The MAX3964A contains a series of limiting amplifiers and power detectors, offset correction, data-squelch circuitry, and PECL output buffers for data and loss-of-signal (LOS) outputs. The MAX3965 is functionally the same, but it provides TTL buffers on the LOS outputs. The MAX3968 provides PECL LOS outputs with data outputs suitable for 266Mbps. Figure 1 shows a functional diagram of the MAX3964A/MAX3965/MAX3968.

#### **Limiting Amplifiers**

A series of four limiting amplifiers provides gain of approximately 65dB.

#### **Power Detector**

Each amplifier stage contains a full-wave logarithmic detector (FWD), which indicates the RMS input signal power. The FWD outputs are summed together at the FILTER pin where the signal is filtered by an external capacitor (CFILTER) connected between FILTER and VCC. The FILTER signal generates the RSSI output voltage, which is proportional to the input power in decibels. When LOS+ is low, VRSSI is approximated by the following equation:

 $V_{RSSI}(V) = 1.2V + 0.5log(V_{IN})$ 

where V<sub>IN</sub> is measured in mV<sub>P-P</sub>.

This relation translates to a 25mV increase in  $V_{RSSI}$  for every 1dB increase in  $V_{IN}$  (25mV/dB). The RSSI output is reduced approximately 120mV when LOS+ is asserted.

#### **PECL Outputs**

The data outputs (OUT+, OUT-) and the MAX3964A/ MAX3968 loss-of-signal outputs (LOS+, LOS-) are supply-referenced PECL outputs. Standard PECL termination at each output of  $50\Omega$  to (V<sub>CC</sub> - 2V) is recommended for best performance.

#### TTL Outputs

The MAX3965 LOS outputs (LOS+, LOS-) are implemented with open-collector Schottky-clamped TTL-compatible outputs. The LOS outputs are pulled to  $V_{\rm CC}$  internally with  $2k\Omega$  resistors and do not require external pullup resistors.

#### **Input Offset Correction**

A low-frequency feedback loop around the limiting amplifier improves receiver sensitivity and powerdetector accuracy. The offset-correction loop's bandwidth is determined by an external capacitor (CAZ) connected between the CZP and CZN pins.

The offset correction is optimized for data streams with a 50% duty cycle. A different average duty cycle results in increased pulse-width distortion and loss of

sensitivity. The offset-correction circuitry is less sensitive to variations of input duty cycle (for example, the 40% to 60% duty cycle encountered in 4B/5B coding) when the input is less than 30mV<sub>P-P</sub>.

#### **Loss-of-Signal Comparator**

The LOS comparator indicates when the input signal power is below the programmed LOS threshold. To ensure supply and temperature independence, VTH is generated by a 1.2V bandgap reference. The op amp's external gain-setting resistors (R1 and R2) can be chosen to set V<sub>TH</sub> between 1.2V and 2.4V. To ensure chatter-free operation, the LOS comparator is designed with approximately 5dB of hysteresis.

#### Squelch

The squelch function disables the data outputs by forcing OUT- low and OUT+ high during a LOS condition. This function ensures that when there is a loss of signal, the limiting amplifier (and all downstream devices) does not respond to input noise or corrupt data. Connect SQUELCH to GND or leave it unconnected to disable squelch. Connect SQUELCH to VCC to enable data squelching.

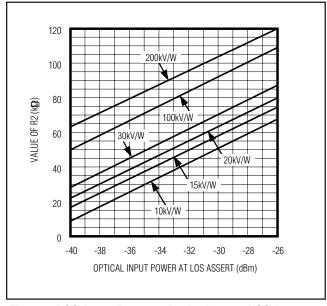


Figure 2. LOS Assert Programming Resistor vs. LOS Assert Power (for Various PIN-TIA Gains )

#### **Applications Information**

#### **Program the LOS Threshold**

Figure 2 provides information for selecting the LOS threshold voltage (V<sub>TH</sub>). If R1 is  $100k\Omega$  and if the responsivities of the photodiode and preamplifier are known, then the value of R2 can be selected from Figure 2 to provide LOS assert at the desired input power.

#### **Select Capacitors**

A typical MAX3964A/MAX3965/MAX3968 implementation requires four external capacitors (C<sub>AZ</sub>, C<sub>FILTER</sub>, and two input coupling capacitors). For all applications up to 266Mbps, Maxim recommends the following:

 $C_{AZ} = 27nF$   $C_{FILTER} = 10nF$   $C_{IN} = 10nF$ 

#### Wire Bonding

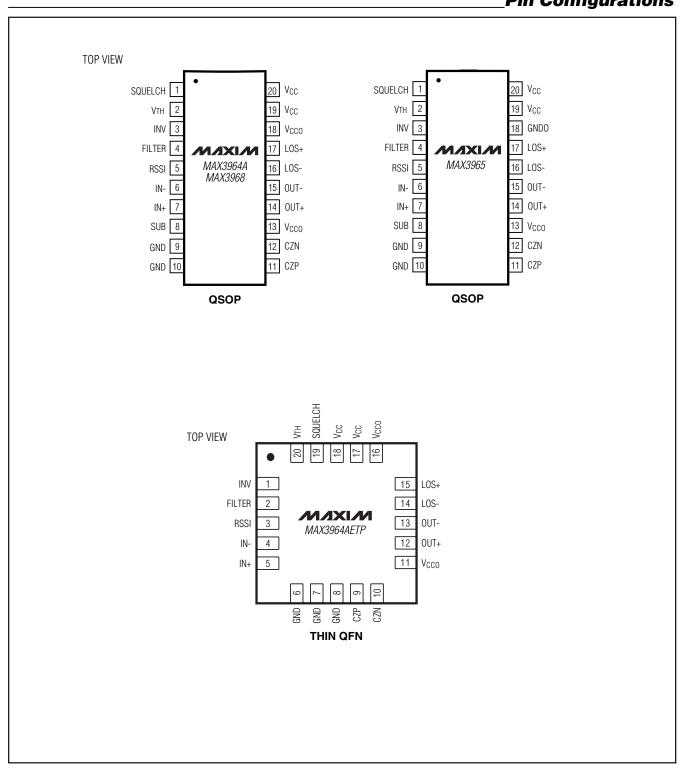
For high-current density and reliable operation, the MAX3964A series uses gold metalization. Diepad size is 4mils square with a 6mil pitch. Die thickness is 15mils.

#### **Selector Guide**

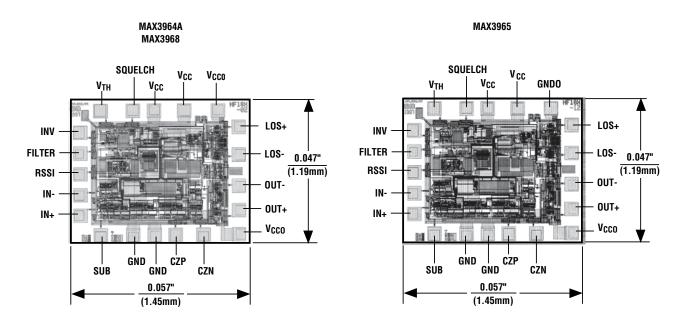
PART	DATA RATE (Mbps)	LOS OUTPUTS
MAX3964A*	125 to 155	PECL
MAX3965	125 to 155	TTL
MAX3968	125 to 266	PECL

<sup>\*</sup>The MAX3964A is functionally equivalent to MAX3964, but offers slightly improved ESD tolerance. The MAX3969 is a recommended upgrade for the MAX3964, MAX3964A, MAX3965, and MAX3968.

Pin Configurations



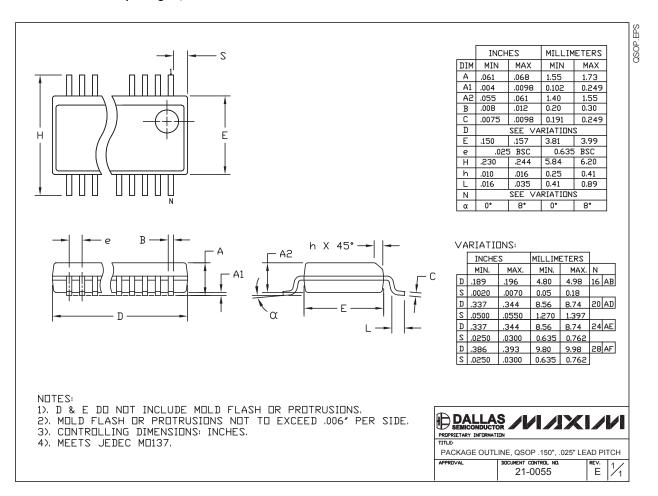
**Chip Topographies** 



TRANSISTOR COUNT: 915
SUBSTRATE CONNECTED TO SUB
SUB CONNECTED TO GND ON MAX3964AETP

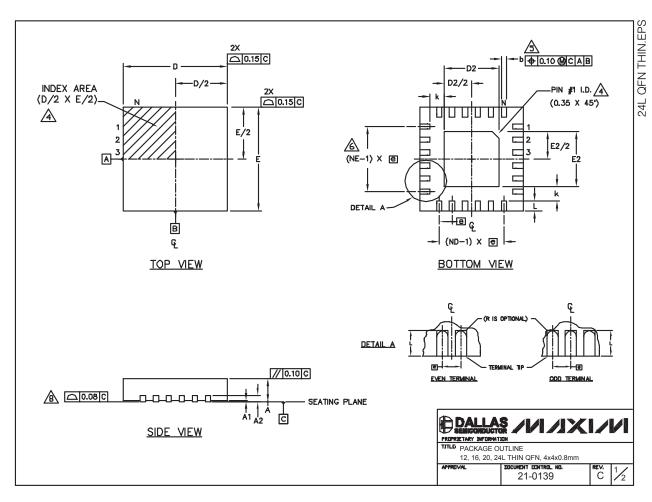
#### **Package Information**

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to <a href="https://www.maxim-ic.com/packages">www.maxim-ic.com/packages</a>.)



#### Package Information (continued)

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	COMMON DIMENSIONS											
PKG	12L 4×4				16L 4×4		20L 4×4			24L 4×4		
REF.	MIN.	NDM.	MAX	MIN.	NDM.	MAX.	MIN	NDM.	MAX	MIN.	NDM.	MAX.
Α	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.70	0.75	0.80
A1	0.0	0.02	0.05	0.0	0.02	0.05	0.0	20.0	0.05	0.0	0.02	0.05
A2	0	0.20 REF			.20 RE	F	٥	.20 RE	F	0	20 RE	F
b	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.25	0.30	0.35	0.20	0.25	0.30	0.18	0.23	0.30
D	3.90	4.00	4.10	3.90	4.00	4.10	3.90	4.00	4.10	3.90	4.00	4.10
E	3.90	4.00	4.10	3.90	4.00	4.10	3.90	4.00	4.10	3.90	4.00	4.10
6	(	0.80 BS	C.	0.	.65 BS	C.	0.50 BSC.			.028 02.0		
k	0.25	-	-	0.25	-	ı	0.25	-	-	0.25	ı	-
L	0.45	0.55	0.65	0.45	0.55	0.65	0.45	0.55	0.65	0.30	0.40	0.50
N		12		16			20			24		
ND		3		4		5		6				
NE		3		4		5		6				
Jedec Var.		WGGB		WGGC			VGGD−1			WGGD-2		

EXPOSED PAD VARIATIONS							
PKG.	D2				E2		
CODES	MIN.	NDM.	MAX	MIN.	NDM.	MAX.	BONDS ALLOVED
T1244-2	1.95	2.10	2.25	1.95	2.10	2.25	ND
T1244-3	1.95	2.10	2.25	1.95	2.10	2,25	YES
T1244-4	1.95	2.10	2.25	1.95	2.10	2.25	ND
T1644-2	1.95	2.10	2.25	1.95	2.10	2,25	ND
T1644-3	1.95	2.10	2.25	1.95	2.10	2.25	YES
T1644-4	1.95	2.10	2.25	1.95	2.10	2,25	ND
T2044-1	1.95	2.10	2.25	1.95	2.10	2.25	ND
T2044-2	1.95	2.10	2.25	1.95	2.10	2.25	YES
T2044-3	1.95	2.10	2.25	1.95	2.10	2.25	ND
T2444-1	2.45	2.60	2.63	2.45	2.60	2.63	ND
T2444-2	1.95	2.10	2.25	1.95	2.10	2.25	YES
T2444-3	2.45	2.60	2.63	2.45	2.60	2.63	YES
T2444-4	2.45	2.60	2.63	2.45	2.60	2.63	ND

#### NOTES:

- 1. DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCING CONFORM TO ASME Y14.5M-1994.
- 2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS, ANGLES ARE IN DEGREES.
- 3. N IS THE TOTAL NUMBER OF TERMINALS.
- THE TERMINAL \$1 IDENTIFIER AND TERMINAL NUMBERING CONVENTION SHALL CONFORM TO JESD 95-1 SPP-012. DETAILS OF TERMINAL \$1 IDENTIFIER ARE OPTIONAL, BUT MUST BE LOCATED WITHIN THE ZONE INDICATED. THE TERMINAL \$1 IDENTIFIER MAY BE EITHER A MOLD OR MARKED FEATURE.
- DIMENSION 6 APPLIES TO METALLIZED TERMINAL AND IS MEASURED BETWEEN 0.25 mm AND 0.30 mm FROM TERMINAL TIP.
- 6 ND AND NE REFER TO THE NUMBER OF TERMINALS ON EACH D AND E SIDE RESPECTIVELY.
- 7. DEPOPULATION IS POSSIBLE IN A SYMMETRICAL FASHION.
- riangle coplanarity applies to the exposed heat sink slug as well as the terminals.
- 9. DRAWING CONFORMS TO JEDEC MO220, EXCEPT FOR T2444-1, T2444-3 AND T2444-4.

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