

Preliminary Datasheet

Specifications in this document are tentative and subject to change.

R8C/32M Group RENESAS MCU

R01DS0024EJ0020 Rev.0.20 Feb 15, 2011

1. Overview

1.1 Features

The R8C/32M Group of single-chip MCUs incorporates the R8C CPU core, employing sophisticated instructions for a high level of efficiency. With 1 Mbyte of address space, and it is capable of executing instructions at high speed. In addition, the CPU core boasts a multiplier for high-speed operation processing.

Power consumption is low, and the supported operating modes allow additional power control. These MCUs are designed to maximize EMI/EMS performance.

Integration of many peripheral functions, including multifunction timer and serial interface, reduces the number of system components.

The R8C/32M Group has data flash (1 KB × 4 blocks) with the background operation (BGO) function.

1.1.1 Applications

Electronic household appliances, office equipment, audio equipment, consumer equipment, etc.



R8C/32M Group 1. Overview

Specifications 1.1.2

Tables 1.1 and 1.2 outline the Specifications for R8C/32M Group.

Table 1.1 Specifications for R8C/32M Group (1)

Item	Function	Specification
CPU	Central processing	R8C CPU core
	unit	Number of fundamental instructions: 89
		Minimum instruction execution time:
		50 ns (f(XIN) = 20 MHz, VCC = 2.7 to 5.5 V)
		200 ns (f(XIN) = 5 MHz, VCC = 1.8 to 5.5 V)
		Multiplier: 16 bits × 16 bits → 32 bits
		 Multiply-accumulate instruction: 16 bits x 16 bits + 32 bits → 32 bits
		Operation mode: Single-chip mode (address space: 1 Mbyte)
Memory	ROM, RAM, Data	Refer to Table 1.3 Product List for R8C/32M Group.
	flash	
Power Supply	Voltage detection	Power-on reset
Voltage	circuit	Voltage detection 3 (detection level of voltage detection 0 and voltage)
Detection		detection 1 selectable)
I/O Ports	Programmable I/O	Input-only: 1 pin
	ports	CMOS I/O ports: 15, selectable pull-up resistor
		High current drive ports: 15
Clock	Clock generation	4 circuits: XIN clock oscillation circuit,
	circuits	XCIN clock oscillation circuit (32 kHz)
		High-speed on-chip oscillator (with frequency adjustment function),
		Low-speed on-chip oscillator,
		Oscillation stop detection: XIN clock oscillation stop detection function
		• Frequency divider circuit: Dividing selectable 1, 2, 4, 8, and 16
		Low power consumption modes:
		Standard operating mode (high-speed clock, low-speed clock, high-speed
		on-chip oscillator, low-speed on-chip oscillator), wait mode, stop mode
		Real-time clock (timer RE)
Interrupts		Number of interrupt vectors: 69
-		• External Interrupt: 7 (INT × 3, Key input × 4)
		Priority levels: 7 levels
Watchdog Time	er	14 bits x 1 (with prescaler)
		Reset start selectable
		Low-speed on-chip oscillator for watchdog timer selectable
DTC (Data Tra	nsfer Controller)	• 1 channel
, ,	,	Activation sources: 21
		Transfer modes: 2 (normal mode, repeat mode)
Timer	Timer RA	8 bits x 1 (with 8-bit prescaler)
		Timer mode (period timer), pulse output mode (output level inverted every
		period), event counter mode, pulse width measurement mode, pulse period
		measurement mode
	Timer RB	8 bits x 1 (with 8-bit prescaler)
		Timer mode (period timer), programmable waveform generation mode (PWM
		output), programmable one-shot generation mode, programmable wait one-
		shot generation mode
	Timer RC	16 bits × 1 (with 4 capture/compare registers)
		Timer mode (input capture function, output compare function), PWM mode
	Time or DE	(output 3 pins), PWM2 mode (PWM output pin)
	Timer RE	8 bits x 1 Real-time clock mode (count seconds, minutes, hours, days of week), output
		compare mode
		Compare mode

Specifications for R8C/32M Group (2) Table 1.2

Item	Function	Specification			
Serial	UART0	Clock synchronous serial I/O/UART			
Interface	UART2	Clock synchronous serial I/O/UART, I ² C mode (I ² C-bus), multiprocessor communication function			
Synchronous S	Serial	1 (shared with I ² C-bus)			
Communication	n Unit (SSU)				
I ² C bus		1 (shared with SSU)			
LIN Module		Hardware LIN: 1 (timer RA, UART0)			
A/D Converter		10-bit resolution × 4 channels, includes sample and hold function, with sweep mode			
Comparator A		2 circuits (shared with voltage monitor 1 and voltage monitor 2)			
		External reference voltage input available			
Comparator B		2 circuits			
Flash Memory		Programming and erasure voltage: VCC = 2.7 to 5.5 V			
		Programming and erasure endurance: 10,000 times (data flash)			
		1,000 times (program ROM)			
		Program security: ROM code protect, ID code check			
		Debug functions: On-chip debug, on-board flash rewrite function			
		Background operation (BGO) function			
Operating Fred Voltage	quency/Supply	f(XIN) = 20 MHz (VCC = 2.7 to 5.5 V) f(XIN) = 5 MHz (VCC = 1.8 to 5.5 V)			
Current consur	mption	Typ. 6.5 mA (VCC = 5.0 V, f(XIN) = 20 MHz) Typ. 3.5 mA (VCC = 3.0 V, f(XIN) = 10 MHz) Typ. 3.5 μ A (VCC = 3.0 V, wait mode (f(XCIN) = 32 kHz)) Typ. 2.0 μ A (VCC = 3.0 V, stop mode)			
Operating Amb	pient Temperature	-20 to 85°C (N version) -40 to 85°C (D version) (1)			
Package		20-pin LSSOP			
		Package code: PLSP0020JB-A (previous code: 20P2F-A)			

Note:
 1. Specify the D version if D version functions are to be used.

1.2 **Product List**

Table 1.3 lists Product List for R8C/32M Group, and Figure 1.1 shows a Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of R8C/32M Group.

Table 1.3 **Product List for R8C/32M Group**

Current of Feb 2011

Part No.	ROM Capacity		RAM	Package Type	Remarks
rait No.	Program ROM	Data flash	Capacity	rackage Type	INGILIAINS
R5F21321MNSP (D)	4 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 4	512 bytes	PLSP0020JB-A	N version
R5F21322MNSP (D)	8 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 4	1 Kbyte	PLSP0020JB-A	
R5F21324MNSP (D)	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 4	1.5 Kbytes	PLSP0020JB-A	
R5F21321MDSP (D)	4 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 4	512 bytes	PLSP0020JB-A	D version
R5F21322MDSP (D)	8 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 4	1 Kbyte	PLSP0020JB-A	
R5F21324MDSP (D)	16 Kbytes	1 Kbyte × 4	1.5 Kbytes	PLSP0020JB-A	

(D): Under development

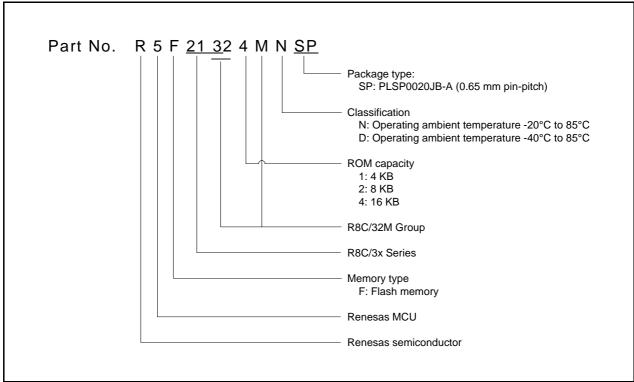


Figure 1.1 Part Number, Memory Size, and Package of R8C/32M Group

R8C/32M Group 1. Overview

1.3 Block Diagram

Figure 1.2 shows a Block Diagram.

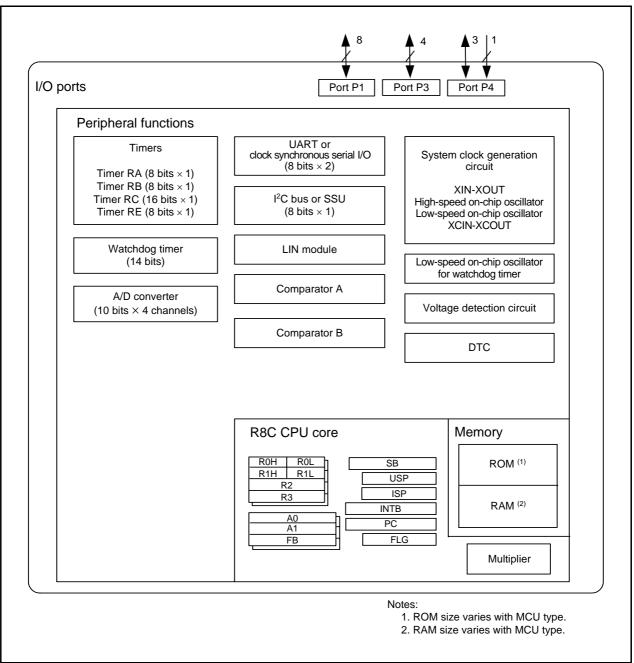


Figure 1.2 Block Diagram

R8C/32M Group 1. Overview

1.4 Pin Assignment

Figure 1.3 shows Pin Assignment (Top View). Table 1.4 outlines the Pin Name Information by Pin Number.

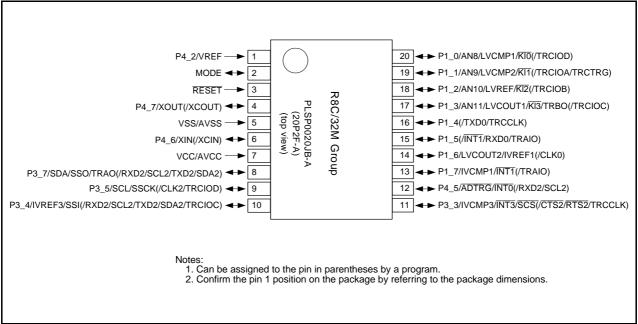


Figure 1.3 Pin Assignment (Top View)

R8C/32M Group 1. Overview

Table 1.4 **Pin Name Information by Pin Number**

			I/O Pin Functions for Peripheral Modules					
Pin Number	Control Pin	Port	Interrupt	Timer	Serial Interface	SSU	I ² C bus	A/D Converter, Comparator A, Comparator B
1		P4_2						VREF
2	MODE							
3	RESET							
4	XOUT(/XCOUT)	P4_7						
5	VSS/AVSS							
6	XIN(/XCIN)	P4_6						
7	VCC/AVCC							
8		P3_7		TRAO	(RXD2/SCL2/ TXD2/SDA2)	SSO	SDA	
9		P3_5		(TRCIOD)	(CLK2)	SSCK	SCL	
10		P3_4		(TRCIOC)	(RXD2/SCL2/ TXD2/SDA2)	SSI		IVREF3
11		P3_3	ĪNT3	(TRCCLK)	(CTS2/RTS2)	SCS		IVCMP3
12		P4_5	ĪNT0		(RXD2/SCL2)			ADTRG
13		P1_7	ĪNT1	(TRAIO)				IVCMP1
14		P1_6			(CLK0)			LVCOUT2/IVREF1
15		P1_5	(INT1)	(TRAIO)	(RXD0)			
16		P1_4		(TRCCLK)	(TXD0)			
17		P1_3	KI3	TRBO (/TRCIOC)				AN11/LVCOUT1
18		P1_2	KI2	(TRCIOB)				AN10/LVREF
19		P1_1	KI1	(TRCIOA/ TRCTRG)			_	AN9/LVCMP2
20		P1_0	KI0	(TRCIOD)				AN8/LVCMP1

Note:

1. Can be assigned to the pin in parentheses by a program.

R8C/32M Group 1. Overview

1.5 Pin Functions

Tables 1.5 and 1.6 list Pin Functions.

Table 1.5 Pin Functions (1)

Item	Pin Name	I/O Type	Description
Power supply input	VCC, VSS	_	Apply 1.8 V to 5.5 V to the VCC pin. Apply 0 V to the VSS pin.
Analog power supply input	AVCC, AVSS	_	Power supply for the A/D converter. Connect a capacitor between AVCC and AVSS.
Reset input	RESET	I	Input "L" on this pin resets the MCU.
MODE	MODE	I	Connect this pin to VCC via a resistor.
XIN clock input	XIN	I	These pins are provided for XIN clock generation circuit I/O. Connect a ceramic resonator or a crystal oscillator between
XIN clock output	XOUT	I/O	the XIN and XOUT pins ⁽¹⁾ . To use an external clock, input it to the XOUT pin and leave the XIN pin open.
XCIN clock input	XCIN	I	These pins are provided for XCIN clock generation circuit I/O. Connect a crystal oscillator between the XCIN and XCOUT
XCIN clock output	XCOUT	0	pins ⁽¹⁾ . To use an external clock, input it to the XCIN pin and leave the XCOUT pin open.
INT interrupt input	INTO, INT1, INT3	I	INT interrupt input pins. INT0 is timer RB, and RC input pin.
Key input interrupt	KI0 to KI3	I	Key input interrupt input pins
Timer RA	TRAIO	I/O	Timer RA I/O pin
	TRAO	0	Timer RA output pin
Timer RB	TRBO	0	Timer RB output pin
Timer RC	TRCCLK	I	External clock input pin
	TRCTRG	I	External trigger input pin
	TRCIOA, TRCIOB, TRCIOC, TRCIOD	I/O	Timer RC I/O pins
Serial interface	CLK0, CLK2	I/O	Transfer clock I/O pins
	RXD0, RXD2	I	Serial data input pins
	TXD0, TXD2	0	Serial data output pins
	CTS2	I	Transmission control input pin
	RTS2	0	Reception control output pin
	SCL2	I/O	I ² C mode clock I/O pin
	SDA2	I/O	I ² C mode data I/O pin
I ² C bus	SCL	I/O	Clock I/O pin
	SDA	I/O	Data I/O pin
SSU	SSI	I/O	Data I/O pin
	SCS	I/O	Chip-select signal I/O pin
	SSCK	I/O	Clock I/O pin
	SSO	I/O	Data I/O pin

I: Input O: Output

I/O: Input and output

Note:

1. Refer to the oscillator manufacturer for oscillation characteristics.



Pin Functions (2) Table 1.6

Item	Pin Name	I/O Type	Description
Reference voltage input	VREF	I	Reference voltage input pin to A/D converter
A/D converter	AN8 to AN11	I	Analog input pins to A/D converter
	ADTRG	I	A/D external trigger input pin
Comparator A	LVCMP1, LVCMP2	I	Comparator A analog voltage input pins
	LVREF	I	Comparator A reference voltage input pin
	LVCOUT1, LVCOUT2	0	Comparator A output pins
Comparator B	IVCMP1, IVCMP3	I	Comparator B analog voltage input pins
	IVREF1, IVREF3	I	Comparator B reference voltage input pins
I/O port	P1_0 to P1_7, P3_3 to P3_5, P3_7, P4_5 to P4_7	I/O	CMOS I/O ports. Each port has an I/O select direction register, allowing each pin in the port to be directed for input or output individually. Any port set to input can be set to use a pull-up resistor or not by a program. All ports can be used as LED drive ports.
Input port	P4_2	I	Input-only port

I: Input

O: Output

I/O: Input and output

2. Central Processing Unit (CPU)

Figure 2.1 shows the CPU Registers. The CPU contains 13 registers. R0, R1, R2, R3, A0, A1, and FB configure a register bank. There are two sets of register bank.

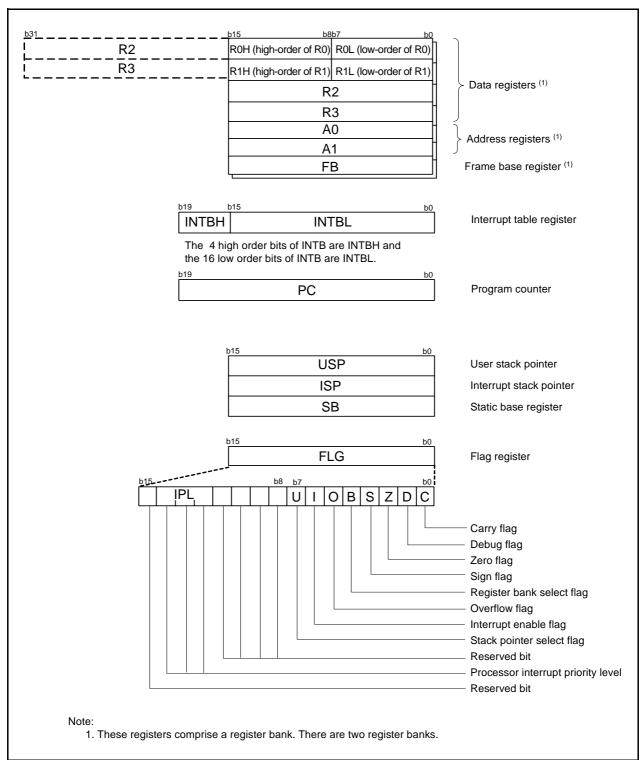


Figure 2.1 CPU Registers

2.1 Data Registers (R0, R1, R2, and R3)

R0 is a 16-bit register for transfer, arithmetic, and logic operations. The same applies to R1 to R3. R0 can be split into high-order bits (R0H) and low-order bits (R0L) to be used separately as 8-bit data registers. R1H and R1L are analogous to R0H and R0L. R2 can be combined with R0 and used as a 32-bit data register (R2R0). R3R1 is analogous to R2R0.

2.2 Address Registers (A0 and A1)

A0 is a 16-bit register for address register indirect addressing and address register relative addressing. It is also used for transfer, arithmetic, and logic operations. A1 is analogous to A0. A1 can be combined with A0 and as a 32-bit address register (A1A0).

2.3 Frame Base Register (FB)

FB is a 16-bit register for FB relative addressing.

2.4 Interrupt Table Register (INTB)

INTB is a 20-bit register that indicates the starting address of an interrupt vector table.

2.5 Program Counter (PC)

PC is 20 bits wide and indicates the address of the next instruction to be executed.

2.6 User Stack Pointer (USP) and Interrupt Stack Pointer (ISP)

The stack pointers (SP), USP and ISP, are each 16 bits wide. The U flag of FLG is used to switch between USP and ISP.

2.7 Static Base Register (SB)

SB is a 16-bit register for SB relative addressing.

2.8 Flag Register (FLG)

FLG is an 11-bit register indicating the CPU state.

2.8.1 Carry Flag (C)

The C flag retains carry, borrow, or shift-out bits that have been generated by the arithmetic and logic unit.

2.8.2 Debug Flag (D)

The D flag is for debugging only. Set it to 0.

2.8.3 **Zero Flag (Z)**

The Z flag is set to 1 when an arithmetic operation results in 0; otherwise to 0.

2.8.4 Sign Flag (S)

The S flag is set to 1 when an arithmetic operation results in a negative value; otherwise to 0.

2.8.5 Register Bank Select Flag (B)

Register bank 0 is selected when the B flag is 0. Register bank 1 is selected when this flag is set to 1.

2.8.6 Overflow Flag (O)

The O flag is set to 1 when an operation results in an overflow; otherwise to 0.



2.8.7 Interrupt Enable Flag (I)

The I flag enables maskable interrupts.

Interrupts are disabled when the I flag is set to 0, and are enabled when the I flag is set to 1. The I flag is set to 0 when an interrupt request is acknowledged.

2.8.8 Stack Pointer Select Flag (U)

ISP is selected when the U flag is set to 0; USP is selected when the U flag is set to 1.

The U flag is set to 0 when a hardware interrupt request is acknowledged or the INT instruction of software interrupt numbers 0 to 31 is executed.

2.8.9 Processor Interrupt Priority Level (IPL)

IPL is 3 bits wide and assigns processor interrupt priority levels from level 0 to level 7. If a requested interrupt has higher priority than IPL, the interrupt is enabled.

2.8.10 Reserved Bit

If necessary, set to 0. When read, the content is undefined.



3. Memory

3.1 R8C/32M Group

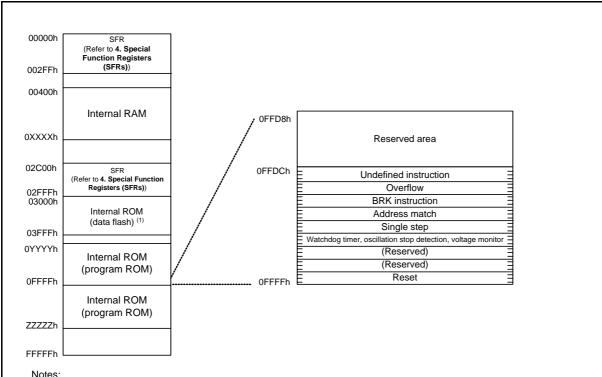
Figure 3.1 is a Memory Map of R8C/32M Group. The R8C/32M Group has a 1-Mbyte address space from addresses 00000h to FFFFFh. For example, a 16-Kbyte internal ROM area is allocated addresses 0C000h to OFFFFh.

The fixed interrupt vector table is allocated addresses 0FFDCh to 0FFFFh. The starting address of each interrupt routine is stored here.

The internal ROM (data flash) is allocated addresses 03000h to 03FFFh.

The internal RAM is allocated higher addresses, beginning with address 00400h. For example, a 1.5-Kbyte internal RAM area is allocated addresses 00400h to 009FFh. The internal RAM is used not only for data storage but also as a stack area when a subroutine is called or when an interrupt request is acknowledged.

Special function registers (SFRs) are allocated addresses 00000h to 002FFh and 02C00h to 02FFFh. Peripheral function control registers are allocated here. All unallocated spaces within the SFRs are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.



- 1. Data flash indicates block A (1 Kbyte), block B (1 Kbyte), block C (1 Kbyte), and block D (1 Kbyte).
- 2. The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.

Dard Normals and		Internal ROM	Internal RAM		
Part Number	Size	Address 0YYYYh	Address ZZZZZh	Size	Address 0XXXXh
R5F21321MNFP, R5F21321MDFP	4 Kbytes	0F000h	-	512 bytes	005FFh
R5F21322MNFP, R5F21322MDFP	8 Kbytes	0E000h	ı	1 Kbyte	007FFh
R5F21324MNFP, R5F21324MDFP	16 Kbytes	0C000h	-	1.5 Kbytes	009FFh

Figure 3.1 Memory Map of R8C/32M Group

Special Function Registers (SFRs) 4.

An SFR (special function register) is a control register for a peripheral function. Tables 4.1 to 4.12 list the special function registers and Table 4.13 lists the ID Code Areas and Option Function Select Area.

Table 4.1 SFR Information (1) (1)

Address	Register	Symbol	After Reset
0000h			
0001h			
0002h			
0003h			
0004h	Processor Mode Register 0	PM0	00h
0005h	Processor Mode Register 1	PM1	00h
0006h	System Clock Control Register 0	CM0	00101000b
0007h	System Clock Control Register 1	CM1	00100000b
0008h	Module Standby Control Register	MSTCR	00h
0009h	System Clock Control Register 3	CM3	00h
000Ah	Protect Register	PRCR	00h
000Bh	Reset Source Determination Register	RSTFR	0XXXXXXXb (2)
000Ch	Oscillation Stop Detection Register	OCD	00000100b
000Dh	Watchdog Timer Reset Register	WDTR	XXh
000Eh	Watchdog Timer Start Register	WDTS	XXh
000Fh	Watchdog Timer Control Register	WDTC	00111111b
0010h	Trateriory Fill of Control Register	***************************************	001111115
0010h			
0011h			+
0012H			
0013h			
0014h 0015h	High Speed On Chip Oscillator Control Bogistor 7	FRA7	When objecting
	High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 7	FRA/	When shipping
0016h 0017h			
0018h			
0019h			
001Ah			
001Bh		0000	
001Ch	Count Source Protection Mode Register	CSPR	00h
			10000000b ⁽³⁾
001Dh			
001Eh			
001Fh			
0020h			
0021h			
0022h			
0023h	High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 0	FRA0	00h
0024h	High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 1	FRA1	When shipping
0025h	High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 2	FRA2	00h
0026h	On-Chip Reference Voltage Control Register	OCVREFCR	00h
0027h	·		
0028h	Clock Prescaler Reset Flag	CPSRF	00h
0029h	High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 4	FRA4	When Shipping
002Ah	High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 5	FRA5	When Shipping
002Bh	High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 6	FRA6	When Shipping
002Dh		. 10.0	····o·· o····pp····g
002Dh			
002Eh			+
002En	High-Speed On-Chip Oscillator Control Register 3	FRA3	When shipping
002111 0030h	Voltage Monitor Circuit / Comparator A Control Register	CMPA	00h
0030h	Voltage Monitor Circuit Edge Select Register	VCAC	00h
003111 0032h	voltage mornitor official Lage defect Neglister	VOAC	0011
0032h	Voltage Detect Register 1	VCA1	00001000b
	Voltage Detect Register 1 Voltage Detect Register 2		
0034h	voltage Detect Register 2	VCA2	00h ⁽⁴⁾
			00100000b ⁽⁵⁾
0035h			
0036h	Voltage Detection 1 Level Select Register	VD1LS	00000111b
0037h			
0038h	Voltage Monitor 0 Circuit Control Register	VW0C	1100X010b ⁽⁴⁾
			1100X011b (5)

X: Undefined Notes: 1. The

- The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.

 The CWR bit in the RSTFR register is set to 0 after power-on and voltage monitor 0 reset. Hardware reset, software reset, or watchdog timer reset does not affect this bit.
- The CSPROINI bit in the OFS register is set to 0. 3.
- The LVDAS bit in the OFS register is set to 1.
- The LVDAS bit in the OFS register is set to 0.



SFR Information (2) (1) Table 4.2

Address	Register	Symbol	After Reset
003Ah	Voltage Monitor 2 Circuit Control Register	VW2C	10000010b
003Bh			
003Ch			
003Dh			
003Eh			
003Fh			
0040h		E11001/10	V000000
0041h	Flash Memory Ready Interrupt Control Register	FMRDYIC	XXXXX000b
0042h			
0043h			
0044h			
0045h			
0046h	Times DO Intermed Control Desistes	TROIC	VVVVVOOOL
0047h 0048h	Timer RC Interrupt Control Register	TRCIC	XXXXX000b
0049h	Times DE Intermed Control Desirtes	TREIC	VVVVVVOOR
004Ah	Timer RE Interrupt Control Register	TREIC	XXXXX000b
004Bh	UART2 Transmit Interrupt Control Register	S2TIC	XXXXX000b
004Ch	UART2 Receive Interrupt Control Register Key Input Interrupt Control Register	S2RIC	XXXXX000b
004Dh	Key Input Interrupt Control Register	KUPIC	XXXXX000b
004Eh	A/D Conversion Interrupt Control Register	ADIC	XXXXX000b
004Fh	SSU Interrupt Control Register / IIC bus Interrupt Control Register (2)	SSUIC / IICIC	XXXXX000b
0050h	LUADTO T	0-=	10000000
0051h	UARTO Transmit Interrupt Control Register	SOTIC	XXXXX000b
0052h	UARTO Receive Interrupt Control Register	SORIC	XXXXX000b
0053h			
0054h			
0055h			
0056h	Timer RA Interrupt Control Register	TRAIC	XXXXX000b
0057h			
0058h	Timer RB Interrupt Control Register	TRBIC	XXXXX000b
0059h	INT1 Interrupt Control Register	INT1IC	XX00X000b
005Ah	INT3 Interrupt Control Register	INT3IC	XX00X000b
005Bh			
005Ch			
005Dh	INT0 Interrupt Control Register	INT0IC	XX00X000b
005Eh	UART2 Bus Collision Detection Interrupt Control Register	U2BCNIC	XXXXX000b
005Fh			
0060h			
0061h			
0062h			
0063h			
0064h			
0065h			
0066h			
0067h			
0068h			
0069h			
006Ah			
006Bh			
006Ch			
006Dh			
006Eh			
006Fh			
0070h			
0071h			
0072h	Voltage Monitor 1 / Comparator A1 Interrupt Control Register	VCMP1IC	XXXXX000b
0073h	Voltage Monitor 2 / Comparator A2 Interrupt Control Register	VCMP2IC	XXXXX000b
0074h			
0075h			
0076h	1	+	
0076h 0077h			
0077h			
0077h 0078h			
0077h 0078h 0079h			
0077h 0078h 0079h 007Ah			
0077h 0078h 0079h 007Ah 007Bh			
0077h 0078h 0079h 007Ah 007Bh 007Ch			
0077h 0078h 0079h 007Ah 007Bh			

X: Undefined

Notes: 1. 2.

- The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users. Selectable by the IICSEL bit in the SSUIICSR register.

SFR Information (3) (1) Table 4.3

Address	Pogistor	Symbol	After Reset
0080h	Register DTC Activation Control Register	DTCTL	00h
0081h	DTC Activation Control Register	DICIL	0011
0082h			
0083h			
0084h			
0085h			
0086h			
0087h			
0088h	DTC Activation Enable Register 0	DTCEN0	00h
0089h	DTC Activation Enable Register 1	DTCEN1	00h
008Ah	DTC Activation Enable Register 2	DTCEN2	00h
008Bh	DTC Activation Enable Register 3	DTCEN3	00h
008Ch	2 TO FRANCISCO LINES OF TOGETHE	2.02.10	
008Dh	DTC Activation Enable Register 5	DTCEN5	00h
008Eh	DTC Activation Enable Register 6	DTCEN6	00h
	DTC Activation Enable Register 6	DICENO	0011
008Fh			
0090h			
0091h			
0092h			
0093h			
0094h			
0095h			
0096h			
0097h			<u> </u>
0098h			
0099h			+
0099h			
009An			
009Ch			
009Dh			
009Eh			
009Fh			
00A0h	UART0 Transmit / Receive Mode Register	U0MR	00h
00A1h	UART0 Bit Rate Register	U0BRG	XXh
00A2h	UART0 Transmit Buffer Register	U0TB	XXh
00A3h	1		XXh
00A4h	UART0 Transmit / Receive Control Register 0	U0C0	00001000b
00A5h	UART0 Transmit / Receive Control Register 1	U0C1	00000010b
00A6h	UARTO Receive Buffer Register	U0RB	XXh
00A0H	OAKTO Receive Bullet Register	CONB	XXh
	LIADTO Terroresit / Decesios Meda Desistas	LIOMAD	
00A8h	UART2 Transmit / Receive Mode Register	U2MR	00h
00A9h	UART2 Bit Rate Register	U2BRG	XXh
00AAh	UART2 Transmit Buffer Register	U2TB	XXh
00ABh			XXh
00ACh	UART2 Transmit / Receive Control Register 0	U2C0	00001000b
00ADh	UART2 Transmit / Receive Control Register 1	U2C1	00000010b
00AEh	UART2 Receive Buffer Register	U2RB	XXh
00AFh	1		XXh
00B0h	UART2 Digital Filter Function Select Register	URXDF	00h
00B1h			
00B1h			+
00B2H			+
	+		
00B4h			
00B5h			
00B6h			
00B7h			
00B8h			
00B9h			
00BAh			
	UART2 Special Mode Register 5	U2SMR5	00h
00BBh			1
		U2SMR4	00h
00BCh	UART2 Special Mode Register 4	U2SMR4	00h
00BCh 00BDh	UART2 Special Mode Register 4 UART2 Special Mode Register 3	U2SMR3	000X0X0Xb
00BCh	UART2 Special Mode Register 4		

X: Undefined
Note:

1. The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.

SFR Information (4) (1) Table 4.4

Address	Register	Symbol	After Reset
	A/D Register 0	AD0	XXh
00C1h			000000XXb
00C2h	A/D Register 1	AD1	XXh
00C3h			000000XXb
	A/D Register 2	AD2	XXh
00C5h	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		000000XXb
	A/D Register 3	AD3	XXh
00C7h	742 110g.010. 0	7.50	000000XXb
	A/D Register 4	AD4	XXh
00C9h	742 110g.010. 1	7.5	000000XXb
00CAh	A/D Register 5	AD5	XXh
00CBh	7VD Register 5	/ABO	000000XXb
	A/D Register 6	AD6	XXh
00CDh	7VD Register 0	7.50	000000XXb
	A/D Register 7	AD7	XXh
00CFh	A/D Register /	ADI	000000XXb
00D0h			000000000
00D0H			
00D2h			
00D3h	A/D Mada Daviston	ADMOD	001-
	A/D Mode Register	ADMOD	00h
00D5h	A/D Input Select Register	ADINSEL	11000000b
00D6h	A/D Control Register 0	ADCON0	00h
	A/D Control Register 1	ADCON1	00h
00D8h			
00D9h			
00DAh			
00DBh			
00DCh			
00DDh			
00DEh			
00DFh			
00E0h			
	Port P1 Register	P1	XXh
00E2h	. or rogisto.		7001
	Port P1 Direction Register	PD1	00h
00E4h	Tott i Brooker register	1.5.	0011
	Port P3 Register	P3	XXh
00E6h	FOIL F3 Negister	F3	AAII
	Port D2 Direction Register	PD3	00h
00E711	Port P3 Direction Register		00h
00E8h	Port P4 Register	P4	XXh
00E9h	D (D(D) () D ()	554	0.01
	Port P4 Direction Register	PD4	00h
00EBh			
00ECh			
00EDh			
00EEh			
00EFh			
00F0h			
00F1h			
00F2h			
00F3h			
00F4h			
00F5h			
00F6h			
00F7h			
00F8h			
00F9h			+
00F9H			
00FBh			
00FCh			
00FDh			
00FEh			
00FFh			

X: Undefined
Note:

1. The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.

SFR Information (5) (1) Table 4.5

Address	Register	Symbol	After Reset
0100h		TRACR	
	Timer RA Control Register		00h
0101h	Timer RA I/O Control Register	TRAIOC	00h
0102h	Timer RA Mode Register	TRAMR	00h
0103h	Timer RA Prescaler Register	TRAPRE	FFh
0104h	Timer RA Register	TRA	FFh
0105h	LIN Control Register 2	LINCR2	00h
0106h	LIN Control Register	LINCR	00h
0107h	LIN Status Register	LINST	00h
0108h	Timer RB Control Register	TRBCR	00h
0109h	Timer RB One-Shot Control Register	TRBOCR	00h
010Ah	Timer RB I/O Control Register	TRBIOC	00h
010Bh	Timer RB Mode Register	TRBMR	00h
010Ch	Timer RB Prescaler Register	TRBPRE	FFh
010Dh	Timer RB Secondary Register	TRBSC	FFh
010Eh	Timer RB Primary Register	TRBPR	FFh
010Fh	, ,		
0110h		 	+
0111h			
0112h		ļ	
0113h			
0114h		1	
0115h			
0116h			1
0117h		 	
0118h	Timer RE Second Data Register / Counter Data Register	TRESEC	00h
0119h	Timer RE Minute Data Register / Compare Data Register	TREMIN	00h
011Ah	Timer RE Hour Data Register	TREHR	00h
011Bh	Timer RE Day of Week Data Register	TREWK	00h
011Ch	Timer RE Control Register 1	TRECR1	00h
011Dh	Timer RE Control Register 2	TRECR2	00h
011Eh	Timer RE Count Source Select Register	TRECSR	00001000b
011Fh	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
0120h	Timer RC Mode Register	TRCMR	01001000b
0120H	Timer RC Control Register 1	TRCCR1	00h
0122h	Timer RC Interrupt Enable Register	TRCIER	01110000b
0123h	Timer RC Status Register	TRCSR	01110000b
0124h	Timer RC I/O Control Register 0	TRCIOR0	10001000b
0125h	Timer RC I/O Control Register 1	TRCIOR1	10001000b
0126h	Timer RC Counter	TRC	00h
0127h			00h
0128h	Timer RC General Register A	TRCGRA	FFh
0129h	Timo No Schera Negister /	moon	FFh
	Times DC Consess Desirator D	TDOODD	
012Ah	Timer RC General Register B	TRCGRB	FFh
012Bh			FFh
012Ch	Timer RC General Register C	TRCGRC	FFh
012Dh		1	FFh
012Eh	Timer RC General Register D	TRCGRD	FFh
012Fh	1	1	FFh
0130h	Timer RC Control Register 2	TRCCR2	00011000b
0131h	Timer RC Digital Filter Function Select Register	TRCDF	00011000B
	Timer RC Output Master Enable Register	TRCOER	
0132h			01111111b
0133h	Timer RC Trigger Control Register	TRCADCR	00h
0134h			
0135h		1	
0136h			
0137h		İ	
0138h		 	†
0139h		 	+
1			
013Ah		ļ	
013Bh			
013Ch			
013Dh			
013Eh			†
O LOEII			
013EII			

Note:

1. The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.

SFR Information (6) (1) Table 4.6

Address	Register	Symbol	After Reset
0140h			
0141h			
0142h			
0143h			
0144h			
0145h			
0146h			
0147h			
0148h			
0149h			
014Ah			
014Bh			
014Ch			
014Dh			
014Eh			
014Fh 0150h			
0150h			
015111 0152h			
0152H			
0154h			
0155h			
0156h			
0157h			
0158h			
0159h			
015Ah			
015Bh			
015Ch			
015Dh			
015Eh			
015Fh			
0160h			
0161h			
0162h			
0163h			
0164h			
0165h			
0166h			
0167h			
0168h 0169h			
016Ah			
016Bh			
016Ch			
016Dh			
016Eh			
016Fh			
0170h			
0171h			
0172h			
0173h			
0174h			
0175h			
0176h			
0177h			
0178h			
0179h			-
017Ah			
017Bh			
017Ch			
017Dh			
017Eh			
017Fh			

X: Undefined

Note:

1. The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.

SFR Information (7) (1) Table 4.7

Addross	Pogiator	Symbol	After Reset
Address 0180h	Register Timer RA Pin Select Register	TRASR	00h
0181h	Timer RC Pin Select Register	TRBRCSR	00h
0182h	Timer RC Pin Select Register 0	TRCPSR0	00h
0182h	Timer RC Pin Select Register 0		1
0184h	Timer RC Pin Select Register 1	TRCPSR1	00h
0185h			
0186h			
0187h	LIANTO DI COLLO DE LA	11000	
0188h	UART0 Pin Select Register	U0SR	00h
0189h			
018Ah	UART2 Pin Select Register 0	U2SR0	00h
018Bh	UART2 Pin Select Register 1	U2SR1	00h
018Ch	SSU / IIC Pin Select Register	SSUIICSR	00h
018Dh			
018Eh	INT Interrupt Input Pin Select Register	INTSR	00h
018Fh	I/O Function Pin Select Register	PINSR	00h
0190h			
0191h			
0192h			
0193h	SS Bit Counter Register	SSBR	11111000b
0194h	SS Transmit Data Register L / IIC bus Transmit Data Register (2)	SSTDR / ICDRT	FFh
0195h	SS Transmit Data Register H (2)	SSTDRH	FFh
0196h	SS Receive Data Register L / IIC bus Receive Data Register (2)	SSRDR / ICDRR	FFh
0197h	SS Receive Data Register H (2)	SSRDRH	FFh
0197h 0198h		SSCRH / ICCR1	00h
	SS Control Register H / IIC bus Control Register 1 (2)		
0199h	SS Control Register L / IIC bus Control Register 2 (2)	SSCRL / ICCR2	01111101b
019Ah	SS Mode Register / IIC bus Mode Register (2)	SSMR / ICMR	00010000b / 00011000b
019Bh	SS Enable Register / IIC bus Interrupt Enable Register (2)	SSER / ICIER	00h
019Ch	SS Status Register / IIC bus Status Register (2)	SSSR / ICSR	00h / 0000X000b
019Dh	SS Mode Register 2 / Slave Address Register (2)	SSMR2 / SAR	00h
019Eh			
019Fh			
01A0h			
01A1h			
01A2h			
01A3h			
01A4h			
01A5h			
01A6h			
01A7h			
01A8h			
01A9h			
01AAh			
01ABh			
01ACh			
01ACh		+	+
01ADh 01AEh		+	+
01AEII			
01AFn 01B0h			+
01B1h	Flooh Momony Status Pogister	FOT	10000Y00b
01B2h 01B3h	Flash Memory Status Register	FST	10000X00b
01B3h 01B4h	Flooh Momony Control Bogistor 0	EMPO	00b
01B4h	Flash Memory Control Register 0 Flash Memory Control Register 1	FMR0 FMR1	00h 00h
01B6h	Flash Memory Control Register 2	FMR2	00h
01B7h			
01B8h			
01B9h			
01BAh			
01BBh			
01BCh			
01BDh			
01BEh			
01BFh			

X: Undefined

Notes:

1. The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.
2. Selectable by the IICSEL bit in the SSUIICSR register.

SFR Information (8) (1) Table 4.8

A -1 -1	Do minton	Conselle al	A4 D
Address	Register	Symbol	After Reset
01C0h	Address Match Interrupt Register 0	RMAD0	XXh
01C1h			XXh
01C2h	All Milli is a Fill British	ALEBO	0000XXXXb
01C3h	Address Match Interrupt Enable Register 0	AIER0	00h
01C4h	Address Match Interrupt Register 1	RMAD1	XXh
01C5h			XXh
01C6h			0000XXXXb
01C7h	Address Match Interrupt Enable Register 1	AIER1	00h
01C8h			
01C9h			
01CAh			
01CBh			
01CCh			
01CDh			
01CEh			
01CFh			
01D0h			
01D1h			
01D2h			
01D3h			
01D4h			
01D5h			
01D6h			
01D7h			
01D8h			
01D9h			
01DAh			
01DBh			
01DCh			
01DDh			
01DEh			
01DFh			
01E0h	Pull-Up Control Register 0	PUR0	00h
01E1h	Pull-Up Control Register 1	PUR1	00h
01E2h	Tuli op control register i	1 61(1	0011
01E3h			
01E4h			
01E5h			+
01E6h			
01E7h			
01E7II			
01E9h			
01EAh			
01EBh			
01ECh			
01EDh			
01EEh			
01EFh			
01F0h	Port P1 Drive Capacity Control Register	P1DRR	00h
01F1h			
01F2h	Drive Capacity Control Register 0	DRR0	00h
01F3h	Drive Capacity Control Register 1	DRR1	00h
01F4h			
01F5h	Input Threshold Control Register 0	VLT0	00h
01F6h	Input Threshold Control Register 1	VLT1	00h
01F7h			
01F8h	Comparator B Control Register 0	INTCMP	00h
01F9h			
01FAh	External Input Enable Register 0	INTEN	00h
01FBh			
01FCh	INT Input Filter Select Register 0	INTF	00h
01FDh	, · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1
01FEh	Key Input Enable Register 0	KIEN	00h
01FFh	, ,		<u> </u>
Y: Undefined	l .		1

X: Undefined

Note:

1. The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.

SFR Information (9) (1) Table 4.9

	SFR initiation (9) (1)		
Address	Register	Symbol	After Reset
2C00h	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C01h	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C02h	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C03h	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C04h	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C05h	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C06h	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C07h	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C0711	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C09h	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C09H	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
			XXh
:	DTC Transfer Vector Area		
:	DTC Transfer Vector Area	1	XXh
2C3Ah	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C3Bh	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C3Ch	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C3Dh	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C3Eh	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C3Fh	DTC Transfer Vector Area		XXh
2C40h	DTC Control Data 0	DTCD0	XXh
2C41h			XXh
2C42h			XXh
2C43h			XXh
2C44h			XXh
2C45h			XXh
2C45h			
			XXh
2C47h	DT0.0 + 1D.+ 4	DTOD4	XXh
2C48h	DTC Control Data 1	DTCD1	XXh
2C49h			XXh
2C4Ah			XXh
2C4Bh			XXh
2C4Ch			XXh
2C4Dh			XXh
2C4Eh			XXh
2C4Fh			XXh
2C50h	DTC Control Data 2	DTCD2	XXh
2C51h			XXh
2C52h			XXh
2C53h			XXh
2C54h			XXh
2C55h			XXh
2C56h			XXh
2C57h	DTO 0 1 ID 1 0	DT000	XXh
2C58h	DTC Control Data 3	DTCD3	XXh
2C59h			XXh
2C5Ah			XXh
2C5Bh			XXh
2C5Ch			XXh
2C5Dh			XXh
2C5Eh			XXh
2C5Fh			XXh
2C60h	DTC Control Data 4	DTCD4	XXh
2C61h	1		XXh
2C62h			XXh
2C63h			XXh
2C64h	1		XXh
2C65h	1		XXh
200011	1		XXh
2CEEP			
2C66h	1	DT0=-	XXh
2C67h	DTO O I ID I I	LDTCDE	XXh
2C67h 2C68h	DTC Control Data 5	DTCD5	
2C67h 2C68h 2C69h	DTC Control Data 5	DICDS	XXh
2C67h 2C68h 2C69h 2C6Ah	DTC Control Data 5	БТСБ5	XXh
2C67h 2C68h 2C69h	DTC Control Data 5	ысь	
2C67h 2C68h 2C69h 2C6Ah	DTC Control Data 5	DICDS	XXh
2C67h 2C68h 2C69h 2C6Ah 2C6Bh	DTC Control Data 5	DICDS	XXh XXh XXh
2C67h 2C68h 2C69h 2C6Ah 2C6Bh 2C6Ch	DTC Control Data 5	DICDS	XXh XXh

X: Undefined Note:

1. The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.

SFR Information (10) (1) **Table 4.10**

Address	Register	Symbol	After Reset
2C70h	DTC Control Data 6	DTCD6	XXh
2C71h	- DTC Control Data o	Бтово	XXh
2C72h	-		XXh
2C73h	4		XXh
2C74h	-		XXh
2C75h	-		XXh
2C76h	-		XXh
	4		XXh
2C77h 2C78h	DTC Control Data 7	DTCD7	XXh
	DTC Control Data 7	DICDI	
2C79h	_		XXh
2C7Ah			XXh
2C7Bh	4		XXh
2C7Ch	4		XXh
2C7Dh			XXh
2C7Eh			XXh
2C7Fh			XXh
2C80h	DTC Control Data 8	DTCD8	XXh
2C81h			XXh
2C82h			XXh
2C83h	7		XXh
2C84h	1		XXh
2C85h	1		XXh
2C86h	1		XXh
2C87h			XXh
2C88h	DTC Control Data 9	DTCD9	XXh
2C89h	B TO COMMON BUILD O	5.050	XXh
2C8Ah	+		XXh
2C8Bh	-		XXh
2C8Ch			XXh
2C8Dh			XXh
	4		
2C8Eh	4		XXh
2C8Fh	DT0.0	DT00.40	XXh
2C90h	DTC Control Data 10	DTCD10	XXh
2C91h			XXh
2C92h			XXh
2C93h			XXh
2C94h			XXh
2C95h			XXh
2C96h			XXh
2C97h			XXh
2C98h	DTC Control Data 11	DTCD11	XXh
2C99h			XXh
2C9Ah	1		XXh
2C9Bh	1		XXh
2C9Ch	1		XXh
2C9Dh	1		XXh
2C9Eh	1		XXh
2C9Fh	1		XXh
2CA0h	DTC Control Data 12	DTCD12	XXh
2CA1h		510512	XXh
2CA111	-		XXh
2CA2H	-		XXh
2CA3fi 2CA4h	-		
	4		XXh
2CA5h	4		XXh
2CA6h	4		XXh
2CA7h			XXh
2CA8h	DTC Control Data 13	DTCD13	XXh
2CA9h			XXh
2CAAh			XXh
2CABh			XXh
2CACh			XXh
2CADh			XXh
2CAEh	7		XXh
2CAFh	1		XXh
Y: Undefined	1	1	•

X: Undefined
Note:

1. The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.

SFR Information (11) ⁽¹⁾ **Table 4.11**

14510 4.11	or it information (11)		
Address	Register	Symbol	After Reset
2CB0h	DTC Control Data 14	DTCD14	XXh
2CB1h			XXh
2CB2h			XXh
2CB3h			XXh
2CB4h			XXh
2CB5h			XXh
2CB6h			XXh
2CB7h			XXh
2CB8h	DTC Control Data 15	DTCD15	XXh
2CB9h	DIO GONILOI BAILA 10	210210	XXh
2CBAh			XXh
2CBBh			XXh
2CBCh	4		
			XXh
2CBDh			XXh
2CBEh			XXh
2CBFh			XXh
2CC0h	DTC Control Data 16	DTCD16	XXh
2CC1h			XXh
2CC2h			XXh
2CC3h			XXh
2CC4h	1		XXh
2CC5h	1		XXh
2CC6h			XXh
2CC7h			XXh
2CC8h	DTC Control Data 17	DTCD17	XXh
2CC9h	DIC Control Data 17	БТОВТ	XXh
2CC9fi 2CCAh			XXh
2CCBh			XXh
2CCCh			XXh
2CCDh			XXh
2CCEh			XXh
2CCFh			XXh
2CD0h	DTC Control Data 18	DTCD18	XXh
2CD1h			XXh
2CD2h			XXh
2CD3h			XXh
2CD4h			XXh
2CD5h			XXh
2CD6h			XXh
2CD7h			XXh
2CD8h	DTC Control Data 19	DTCD19	XXh
2CD9h	DTC Control Data 19	БТОБТ9	XXh
2CD3H	4		
	4		XXh
2CDBh			XXh
2CDCh	-		XXh
2CDDh			XXh
2CDEh			XXh
2CDFh			XXh
2CE0h	DTC Control Data 20	DTCD20	XXh
2CE1h			XXh
2CE2h			XXh
2CE3h			XXh
2CE4h	1		XXh
2CE5h	1		XXh
2CE6h	1		XXh
2CE7h	1		XXh
	DTC Control Data 21	DTCD24	
2CE8h	DTO CONITOT Data 21	DTCD21	XXh
2CE9h	-		XXh
2CEAh			XXh
2CEBh			XXh
2CECh			XXh
2CEDh			XXh
2CEEh			XXh
2CEFh			XXh
Y: Undofined	•	•	

X: Undefined
Note:

1. The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.

Table 4.12 SFR Information (12) (1)

Register	Symbol	After Reset
DTC Control Data 22	DTCD22	XXh
		XXh
DTC Control Data 23	DTCD23	XXh
	•	
		DTC Control Data 22 DTCD22

X: Undefined

Table 4.13 ID Code Areas and Option Function Select Area

Address	Area Name	Symbol	After Reset
<u> </u>			
FFDBh	Option Function Select Register 2	OFS2	(Note 1)
:	LIDA		[/N]-+- ()
FFDFh	ID1		(Note 2)
FFE3h	ID2		(Note 2)
: FFEBh	ID3		(Note 2)
: FFEFh	ID4		(Note 2)
: FFF3h	ID5		(Note 2)
:			,
FFF7h	ID6		(Note 2)
:		·	
FFFBh	ID7		(Note 2)
:	LOntion Europian Salast Register	LOES	(Note 1)
: FFFFh	Option Function Select Register	OFS	(Note 1)

- The option function select area is allocated in the flash memory, not in the SFRs. Set appropriate values as ROM data by a program. Do not write additions to the option function select area. If the block including the option function select area is erased, the option function select area is set to FFh.
 - When blank products are shipped, the option function select area is set to FFh. It is set to the written value after written by the user. When factory-programming products are shipped, the value of the option function select area is the value programmed by the user.
- The ID code areas are allocated in the flash memory, not in the SFRs. Set appropriate values as ROM data by a program. Do not write additions to the ID code areas. If the block including the ID code areas is erased, the ID code areas are set to FFh. When blank products are shipped, the ID code areas are set to FFh. They are set to the written value after written by the user. When factory-programming products are shipped, the value of the ID code areas is the value programmed by the user.

Note:

1. The blank areas are reserved and cannot be accessed by users.

5. Electrical Characteristics

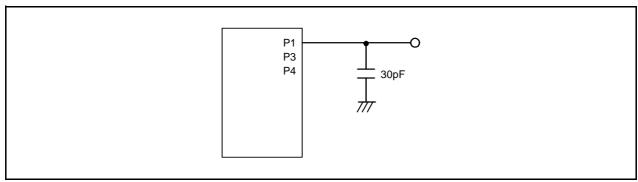
Table 5.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Rated Value	Unit
Vcc/AVcc	Supply voltage		-0.3 to 6.5	V
Vı	Input voltage		-0.3 to Vcc + 0.3	V
Vo	Output voltage		-0.3 to Vcc + 0.3	V
Pd	Power dissipation	$-40^{\circ}C \le T_{opr} \le 85^{\circ}C$	500	mW
Topr	Operating ambient temperature		-20 to 85 (N version) / -40 to 85 (D version)	°C
Tstg	Storage temperature		-65 to 150	°C

Table 5.2 Recommended Operating Conditions

Symbol	Parameter		Conditions	Standard			Unit		
Symbol		Farameter		Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	
Vcc/AVcc	Supply voltage					1.8	-	5.5	V
Vss/AVss	Supply voltage					-	0	_	V
Vih	Input "H" voltage	Other than	n CMOS inp	ut		0.8 Vcc	-	Vcc	V
	· ·	CMOS	Inputlevel	Input level selection	4.0 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	0.5 Vcc	-	Vcc	V
		input	switching	: 0.35 Vcc	2.7 V ≤ Vcc < 4.0 V	0.55 Vcc	1	Vcc	V
			function		1.8 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V	0.65 Vcc	_	Vcc	V
			(I/O port)	Input level selection	4.0 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	0.65 Vcc	_	Vcc	V
				: 0.5 Vcc	2.7 V ≤ Vcc < 4.0 V	0.7 Vcc		Vcc	V
					1.8 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V	0.8 Vcc	_	Vcc	V
				Input level selection	4.0 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	0.85 Vcc		Vcc	V
				: 0.7 Vcc	2.7 V ≤ Vcc < 4.0 V	0.85 Vcc		Vcc	V
					1.8 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V	0.85 Vcc		Vcc	V
		External c	lock input (Σ	(OUT)	1.0 7 = 700 12.7 7	1.2		Vcc	V
VIL	Input "L" voltage		CMOS inp			0		0.2 Vcc	V
*			Input level selection	4.0 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	0		0.2 Vcc	V	
		input	switching	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	2.7 V ≤ Vcc < 4.0 V	0	_	0.2 Vcc	V
		function		1.8 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V	0		0.2 Vcc	V	
			(I/O port)	Input level selection	4.0 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	0		0.4 Vcc	V
			: 0.5 Vcc	2.7 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 3.3 V	0		0.4 VCC	V	
			1.8 V ≤ Vcc < 4.0 V	0		0.3 VCC	V		
			Input level selection	4.0 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	0		0.55 Vcc	V	
		: 0.7 Vcc	2.7 V ≤ VCC ≤ 3.3 V	0		0.35 VCC 0.45 VCC	V		
				. 0.1 100	$1.8 \text{ V} \le \text{VCC} < 4.0 \text{ V}$			0.45 VCC	V
		External	look input ()	(OLIT)	1.8 V ≤ VCC < 2.7 V	0	_		V
laur s	Daalaana antantii		lock input (>			0		0.4	1
IOH(sum)	Peak sum output "			pins IOH(peak)		-		-160	mA
IOH(sum)	Average sum output			pins IOH(avg)		=		-80	mA
IOH(peak)	Peak output "H" ci	urrent	Drive capacity Low			=	-	-10	mA
			Drive capa			-	-	-40	mA
IOH(avg)	Average output "H	I" current	Drive capa			-	1	-5	mA
_			Drive capacity High			_	-	-20	mA
IOL(sum)	Peak sum output '			pins IOL(peak)		-		160	mA
IOL(sum)	Average sum output			pins IOL(avg)		-		80	mA
IOL(peak)	Peak output "L" cu	ırrent	Drive capa	•		=	=	10	mA
			Drive capa			-	-	40	mA
IOL(avg)	Average output "L	" current	Drive capa			-	-	5	mA
			Drive capa	city High		-	-	20	mA
f(XIN)	XIN clock input os	cillation free	quency		2.7 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	-	-	20	MHz
					1.8 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V	-	ı	5	MHz
f(XCIN)	XCIN clock input of	oscillation fr	equency		1.8 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	TBD	32.768	50	kHz
OCO40M	When used as the o	count source	for timer RC	(3)	2.7 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	32	-	40	MHz
fOCO-F	fOCO-F frequency	/	·		$2.7~\textrm{V} \leq \textrm{Vcc} \leq 5.5~\textrm{V}$	_	-	20	MHz
					$1.8~V \leq Vcc < 2.7~V$	-	_	5	MHz
_	System clock freq	uency			2.7 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	-	-	20	MHz
					$1.8~\textrm{V} \leq \textrm{Vcc} < 2.7~\textrm{V}$	-	-	5	MHz
f(BCLK)	CPU clock freque	ncy			2.7 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	-	-	20	MHz
					1.8 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V	_	-	5	MHz

- 1. Vcc = 1.8 to 5.5 V and Topr = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
- $2. \ \ \, \text{The average output current indicates the average value of current measured during 100 ms.}$
- 3. fOCO40M can be used as the count source for timer RC in the range of Vcc = 2.7 V to 5.5V.



Ports P1, P3, P4 Timing Measurement Circuit Figure 5.1

Table 5.3 A/D Converter Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter		Conditions –		Standard		Unit		
Symbol	Farameter				Min.	Тур.	Max.	Ullit	
=	Resolution				-	-	10	Bit	
_	Absolute accuracy	10-bit mode	Vref = AVCC = 5.0 V	AN8 to AN11 input	_	-	±3	LSB	
			Vref = AVCC = 3.3 V	AN8 to AN11 input	-	-	±5	LSB	
			Vref = AVCC = 3.0 V	AN8 to AN11 input	-	-	±5	LSB	
			Vref = AVCC = 2.2 V	AN8 to AN11 input	-	-	±5	LSB	
		8-bit mode	Vref = AVCC = 5.0 V	AN8 to AN11 input	-	-	±2	LSB	
			Vref = AVCC = 3.3 V	AN8 to AN11 input	-	-	±2	LSB	
			Vref = AVCC = 3.0 V	AN8 to AN11 input	-	-	±2	LSB	
			Vref = AVCC = 2.2 V	AN8 to AN11 input	-	-	±2	LSB	
φAD	A/D conversion clock		$4.0 \text{ V} \leq \text{Vref} = \text{AVCC} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}^{(2)}$		2	=	20	MHz	
			3.2 V ≤ Vref = AVCC ≤ 5.5 V (2)		2	-	16	MHz	
			$2.7 \text{ V} \leq \text{Vref} = \text{AVCC} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}^{(2)}$		2	_	10	MHz	
			$2.2 \text{ V} \leq \text{Vref} = \text{AVcc} \leq 5.5 \text{ V}$ (2)		2	-	5	MHz	
_	Tolerance level impedance				-	3	_	kΩ	
tconv	Conversion time	10-bit mode	Vref = AVCC = 5.0 V , ϕ	AD = 20 MHz	2.2	_	_	μS	
		8-bit mode	Vref = AVCC = 5.0 V , ϕ	AD = 20 MHz	2.2	_	_	μS	
tsamp	Sampling time		φAD = 20 MHz		0.8	_	_	μS	
IVref	Vref current		Vcc = 5 V, XIN = f1 = φAD = 20 MHz		_	45	_	μА	
Vref	Reference voltage				2.2	-	AVcc	V	
VIA	Analog input voltage (3)	voltage (3)		0	-	Vref	V		
OCVREF	On-chip reference voltage		2 MHz ≤ φAD ≤ 4 MH	Z	1.19	1.34	1.49	V	

- 1. Vcc/AVcc = Vref = 2.2 to 5.5 V, Vss = 0 V and Topr = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
- 2. The A/D conversion result will be undefined in wait mode, stop mode, when the flash memory stops, and in low-current-consumption mode. Do not perform A/D conversion in these states or transition to these states during A/D conversion.
- 3. When the analog input voltage is over the reference voltage, the A/D conversion result will be 3FFh in 10-bit mode and FFh in 8-bit mode.

Table 5.4 Comparator A Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition		Unit		
Symbol	Farameter	Condition		Тур.	Max.	Offic
LVREF	External reference voltage input range		1.4	=	Vcc	V
LVCMP1,	External comparison voltage input		-0.3	=	Vcc + 0.3	V
LVCMP2	range					
_	Offset		-	50	200	mV
_	Comparator output delay time (2)	At falling, VI = Vref – 100 mV	-	3	-	μS
		At falling, VI = Vref – 1 V or below	-	1.5	-	μS
		At rising, VI = Vref + 100 mV	-	2	-	μS
		At rising, VI = Vref + 1 V or above	_	0.5	_	μS
-	Comparator operating current	Vcc = 5.0 V	=	0.5	_	μΑ

- 1. Vcc = 2.7 to 5.5 V, Topr = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
- 2. When the digital filter is disabled.

 Table 5.5
 Comparator B Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition		Standard		
Symbol	Faiametei	Min. Typ. M	Max.	Unit		
Vref	IVREF1, IVREF3 input reference voltage		0	_	Vcc - 1.4	V
Vı	IVCMP1, IVCMP3 input voltage		-0.3	-	Vcc + 0.3	V
_	Offset		=	5	100	mV
td	Comparator output delay time (2)	Vı = Vref ± 100 mV	=	0.1	-	μS
Ісмр	Comparator operating current	Vcc = 5.0 V	_	17.5	_	μА

- 1. Vcc = 2.7 to 5.5 V, $T_{opr} = -20$ to $85^{\circ}C$ (N version) / -40 to $85^{\circ}C$ (D version), unless otherwise specified.
- 2. When the digital filter is disabled.

Table 5.6 Flash Memory (Program ROM) Electrical Characteristics

Cumbal	Parameter	Conditions		Standa	Standard	
Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
=	Program/erase endurance (2)		1,000 (3)	=	=	times
_	Byte program time		-	80	500	μS
_	Block erase time		-	0.3	-	S
td(SR-SUS)	Time delay from suspend request until suspend		-	_	5 + CPU clock × 3 cycles	ms
_	Interval from erase start/restart until following suspend request		0	_	_	μS
=	Time from suspend until erase restart		=	=	30+CPU clock × 1 cycle	μS
td(CMDRST- READY)	Time from when command is forcibly terminated until reading is enabled		=	=	30+CPU clock × 1 cycle	μS
_	Program, erase voltage		2.7	_	5.5	V
=	Read voltage		1.8	-	5.5	V
=	Program, erase temperature		0	-	60	°C
=	Data hold time ⁽⁷⁾	Ambient temperature = 55°C	20	-	_	year

- Notes: 1. Vcc = 2.7 to 5.5 V and $T_{opr} = 0$ to $60^{\circ}C$, unless otherwise specified.
 - Definition of programming/erasure endurance
 - The programming and erasure endurance is defined on a per-block basis.
 - If the programming and erasure endurance is n (n = 1,000), each block can be erased n times. For example, if 1,024 1-byte writes are performed to different addresses in block A, a 1 Kbyte block, and then the block is erased, the programming/erasure endurance still stands at one.
 - However, the same address must not be programmed more than once per erase operation (overwriting prohibited).
 - 3. Endurance to guarantee all electrical characteristics after program and erase. (1 to Min. value can be guaranteed).
 - 4. In a system that executes multiple programming operations, the actual erasure count can be reduced by writing to sequential addresses in turn so that as much of the block as possible is used up before performing an erase operation. For example, when programming groups of 16 bytes, the effective number of rewrites can be minimized by programming up to 128 groups before erasing them all in one operation. It is also advisable to retain data on the erasure endurance of each block and limit the number of erase operations to a certain number.
 - 5. If an error occurs during block erase, attempt to execute the clear status register command, then execute the block erase command at least three times until the erase error does not occur.
 - 6. Customers desiring program/erase failure rate information should contact their Renesas technical support representative.
 - 7. The data hold time includes time that the power supply is off or the clock is not supplied.

Table 5.7 Flash Memory (Data flash Block A to Block D) Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Standard		
Syllibol	Farameter	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
_	Program/erase endurance (2)		10,000 (3)	-	-	times
=	Byte program time (program/erase endurance ≤ 1,000 times)		-	160	1,500	μS
_	Byte program time (program/erase endurance > 1,000 times)		_	300	1,500	μS
_	Block erase time (program/erase endurance ≤ 1,000 times)		_	0.2	1	S
-	Block erase time (program/erase endurance > 1,000 times)		_	0.3	1	S
td(SR-SUS)	Time delay from suspend request until suspend		_	-	5 + CPU clock × 3 cycles	ms
_	Interval from erase start/restart until following suspend request		0	-	_	μS
=	Time from suspend until erase restart		=	-	30+CPU clock × 1 cycle	μS
td(CMDRST- READY)	Time from when command is forcibly terminated until reading is enabled		_	-	30+CPU clock × 1 cycle	μS
=	Program, erase voltage		2.7	-	5.5	V
=	Read voltage		1.8	-	5.5	V
=	Program, erase temperature		-20 ⁽⁷⁾	-	85	°C
-	Data hold time (8)	Ambient temperature = 55 °C	20	-	_	year

- 1. Vcc = 2.7 to 5.5 V and Topr = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
- 2. Definition of programming/erasure endurance
 - The programming and erasure endurance is defined on a per-block basis.
 - If the programming and erasure endurance is n (n = 10,000), each block can be erased n times. For example, if 1,024 1-byte writes are performed to different addresses in block A, a 1 Kbyte block, and then the block is erased, the programming/erasure endurance still stands at one.
 - However, the same address must not be programmed more than once per erase operation (overwriting prohibited).
- 3. Endurance to guarantee all electrical characteristics after program and erase. (1 to Min. value can be guaranteed).
- 4. In a system that executes multiple programming operations, the actual erasure count can be reduced by writing to sequential addresses in turn so that as much of the block as possible is used up before performing an erase operation. For example, when programming groups of 16 bytes, the effective number of rewrites can be minimized by programming up to 128 groups before erasing them all in one operation. In addition, averaging the erasure endurance between blocks A to D can further reduce the actual erasure endurance. It is also advisable to retain data on the erasure endurance of each block and limit the number of erase operations to a certain number.
- 5. If an error occurs during block erase, attempt to execute the clear status register command, then execute the block erase command at least three times until the erase error does not occur.
- 6. Customers desiring program/erase failure rate information should contact their Renesas technical support representative.
- 7. -40°C for D version.
- 8. The data hold time includes time that the power supply is off or the clock is not supplied.

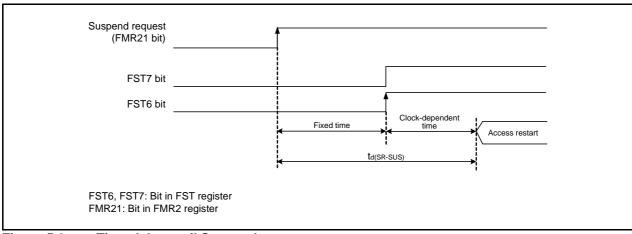


Figure 5.2 Time delay until Suspend

Table 5.8 Voltage Detection 0 Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition		Standard		
Symbol	Farameter	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Vdet0	Voltage detection level Vdet0_0 (2)		1.80	1.90	2.05	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet0_1 (2)		2.15	2.35	2.50	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet0_2 (2)		2.70	2.85	3.05	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet0_3 (2)		3.55	3.80	4.05	V
_	Voltage detection 0 circuit response time (4)	At the falling of Vcc from 5 V to (Vdet0_0 - 0.1) V	-	6	150	μS
=	Voltage detection circuit self power consumption	VCA25 = 1, Vcc = 5.0 V	=	1.5	=	μΑ
td(E-A)	Waiting time until voltage detection circuit operation starts (3)		=	=	100	μS

- 1. The measurement condition is Vcc = 1.8 V to 5.5 V and $T_{opr} = -20 \text{ to } 85^{\circ}C$ (N version) / $-40 \text{ to } 85^{\circ}C$ (D version).
- 2. Select the voltage detection level with bits VDSEL0 and VDSEL1 in the OFS register.
- 3. Necessary time until the voltage detection circuit operates when setting to 1 again after setting the VCA25 bit in the VCA2 register to 0.
- 4. Time until the voltage monitor 0 reset is generated after the voltage passes Vdeto.

Table 5.9 Voltage Detection 1 Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Standard			Unit
Symbol	Falametei	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic
Vdet1	Voltage detection level Vdet1_0 (2)	At the falling of Vcc	2.00	2.20	2.40	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_1 (2)	At the falling of Vcc	2.15	2.35	2.55	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_2 (2)	At the falling of Vcc	2.30	2.50	2.70	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_3 (2)	At the falling of Vcc	2.45	2.65	2.85	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_4 (2)	At the falling of Vcc	2.60	2.80	3.00	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_5 (2)	At the falling of Vcc	2.75	2.95	3.15	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_6 (2)	At the falling of Vcc	2.85	3.10	3.40	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_7 (2)	At the falling of Vcc	3.00	3.25	3.55	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_8 (2)	At the falling of Vcc	3.15	3.40	3.70	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_9 (2)	At the falling of Vcc	3.30	3.55	3.85	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_A (2)	At the falling of Vcc	3.45	3.70	4.00	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_B (2)	At the falling of Vcc	3.60	3.85	4.15	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_C (2)	At the falling of Vcc	3.75	4.00	4.30	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_D (2)	At the falling of Vcc	3.90	4.15	4.45	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_E (2)	At the falling of Vcc	4.05	4.30	4.60	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet1_F (2)	At the falling of Vcc	4.20	4.45	4.75	V
_	Hysteresis width at the rising of Vcc in voltage detection 1 circuit	Vdet1_0 to Vdet1_5 selected	-	0.07	-	V
		Vdet1_6 to Vdet1_F selected	-	0.10	_	V
=	Voltage detection 1 circuit response time (3)	At the falling of Vcc from 5 V to (Vdet1_0 – 0.1) V	-	60	150	μS
_	Voltage detection circuit self power consumption	VCA26 = 1, Vcc = 5.0 V	_	1.7	_	μΑ
td(E-A)	Waiting time until voltage detection circuit operation starts ⁽⁴⁾		=	-	100	μS

- 1. The measurement condition is Vcc = 1.8 V to 5.5 V and Topr = -20 to $85^{\circ}C$ (N version) / -40 to $85^{\circ}C$ (D version).
- 2. Select the voltage detection level with bits VD1S0 to VD1S3 in the VD1LS register.
- ${\it 3.} \quad {\it Time until the voltage monitor 1 interrupt request is generated after the voltage passes V_{det1}.}$
- 4. Necessary time until the voltage detection circuit operates when setting to 1 again after setting the VCA26 bit in the VCA2 register to 0.



Table 5.10	Voltage Detection 2 Circuit Electrical Characteristics
I able J. I U	Voltage Detection 2 Circuit Lieutrical Characteristics

Cumbal	Parameter	Condition		Unit		
Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Vdet2	Voltage detection level Vdet2_0 (2)	At the falling of Vcc	3.70	4.00	4.30	V
	Voltage detection level Vdet2_EXT (2)	At the falling of LVCMP2	TBD	1.34	TBD	V
_	Hysteresis width at the rising of Vcc in voltage detection 2 circuit		-	0.10	-	V
_	Voltage detection 2 circuit response time (3)	At the falling of Vcc from 5 V to (Vdet2_0 - 0.1) V	-	20	150	μS
=	Voltage detection circuit self power consumption	VCA27 = 1, Vcc = 5.0 V	-	1.7	-	μΑ
td(E-A)	Waiting time until voltage detection circuit operation starts ⁽⁴⁾		=	=	100	μS

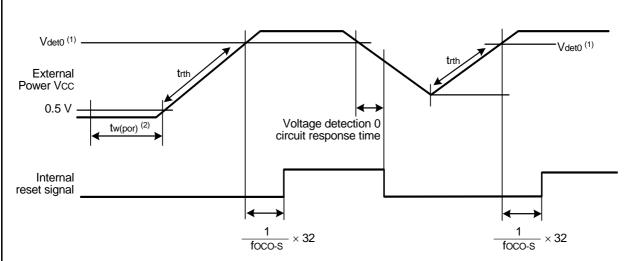
- 1. The measurement condition is Vcc = 1.8 V to 5.5 V and Topr = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version).
- 2. The voltage detection level varies with detection targets. Select the level with the VCA24 bit in the VCA2 register.
- 3. Time until the voltage monitor 2 interrupt request is generated after the voltage passes Vdet2.
- 4. Necessary time until the voltage detection circuit operates after setting to 1 again after setting the VCA27 bit in the VCA2 register to 0.

Table 5.11 Power-on Reset Circuit (2)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition		Unit		
	Falametei	Condition	Min.	Offic		
trth	External power Vcc rise gradient	(1)	0	-	50,000	mV/ms

Notes:

- 1. The measurement condition is Topr = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.
- 2. To use the power-on reset function, enable voltage monitor 0 reset by setting the LVDAS bit in the OFS register to 0.



- 1. Vdeto indicates the voltage detection level of the voltage detection 0 circuit.
- 2. tw(por) indicates the duration the external power Vcc must be held below the valid voltage (0.5 V) to enable a power-on reset. When turning on the power after it falls with voltage monitor 0 reset disabled, maintain tw(por) for 1 ms or more.

Figure 5.3 Power-on Reset Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Table 5.12 High-speed On-Chip Oscillator Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition		Unit		
Symbol	Farameter	Condition	Min.	Min. Typ. Max.		
_	High-speed on-chip oscillator frequency after reset	Vcc = 1.8 V to 5.5 V $-20^{\circ}\text{C} \leq \text{Topr} \leq 85^{\circ}\text{C}$	39.4	40	40.6	MHz
		Vcc = 1.8 V to 5.5 V -40°C ≤ Topr ≤ 85°C	39.4	40	40.6	MHz
	•	Vcc = 1.8 V to 5.5 V $-20^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{Topr} \le 85^{\circ}\text{C}$	36.311	36.864	37.417	MHz
	the FRA1 register and the FRA5 register correction value into the FRA3 register (2)	Vcc = 1.8 V to 5.5 V -40°C ≤ Topr ≤ 85°C	36.311	36.864	37.417	MHz
	High-speed on-chip oscillator frequency when the FRA6 register correction value is written into	Vcc = 1.8 V to 5.5 V $-20^{\circ}\text{C} \le \text{Topr} \le 85^{\circ}\text{C}$	31.52	32	32.48	MHz
		Vcc = 1.8 V to 5.5 V -40°C ≤ Topr ≤ 85°C	31.52	32	32.48	MHz
-	Oscillation stability time	Vcc = 5.0 V, Topr = 25°C	-	100	450	μS
_	Self power consumption at oscillation	Vcc = 5.0 V, Topr = 25°C	=	500	=	μΑ

- 1. Vcc = 1.8 to 5.5 V, $T_{opr} = -20$ to $85^{\circ}C$ (N version) / -40 to $85^{\circ}C$ (D version), unless otherwise specified.
- 2. This enables the setting errors of bit rates such as 9600 bps and 38400 bps to be 0% when the serial interface is used in UART mode.

Table 5.13 Low-speed On-Chip Oscillator Circuit Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Condition		Standard		
Symbol	Transfer Condition		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
fOCO-S	Low-speed on-chip oscillator frequency		60	125	250	kHz
_	Oscillation stability time	Vcc = 5.0 V, Topr = 25°C	-	30	100	μS
_	Self power consumption at oscillation	Vcc = 5.0 V, Topr = 25°C	-	2	-	μА
fOCO-WDT	Low-speed on-chip oscillator frequency for the watchdog timer		60	125	250	kHz
=	Oscillation stability time	Vcc = 5.0 V, Topr = 25°C	=	30	100	μS
=	Self power consumption at oscillation	Vcc = 5.0 V, Topr = 25°C	=	2	=	μΑ

Note:

1. Vcc = 1.8 to 5.5 V, Topr = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.

Table 5.14 Power Supply Circuit Timing Characteristics

Symbol Parameter	Dorometer	Condition	,	Standard	t	Unit
	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	
td(P-R)	Time for internal power supply stabilization during power-on ⁽²⁾		-	-	2,000	μS

- 1. The measurement condition is Vcc = 1.8 to 5.5 V and $T_{opr} = 25$ °C.
- 2. Waiting time until the internal power supply generation circuit stabilizes during power-on.

Table 5.15 Timing Requirements of Synchronous Serial Communication Unit (SSU) (1)

Cumbal	Paramete		Conditions		Stand	ard	Unit	
Symbol	Paramete	I	Conditions	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	
tsucyc	SSCK clock cycle time	е		4	_	=	tcyc (2)	
tHI	SSCK clock "H" width			0.4	_	0.6	tsucyc	
tLO	SSCK clock "L" width			0.4	1	0.6	tsucyc	
trise	SSCK clock rising	Master		-	=	1	tcyc (2)	
	time	Slave		-	ı	1	μS	
tfall	SSCK clock falling time	Master		=	=	1	tcyc (2)	
		Slave		-	1	1	μS	
tsu	SSO, SSI data input s	setup time		100	=	=	ns	
tH	SSO, SSI data input h	nold time		1	=	=	tcyc (2)	
tLEAD	SCS setup time	Slave		1tcyc + 50	-	-	ns	
tlag	SCS hold time	Slave		1tcyc + 50	_	=	ns	
top	SSO, SSI data output	delay time		-	-	1	tcyc (2)	
tsa	SSI slave access time)	2.7 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	-	1	1.5tcyc + 100	ns	
			1.8 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V	-	-	1.5tcyc + 200	ns	
tor	SSI slave out open tir	ne	2.7 V ≤ Vcc ≤ 5.5 V	-		1.5tcyc + 100	ns	
			1.8 V ≤ Vcc < 2.7 V	-		1.5tcyc + 200	ns	

^{1.} Vcc = 1.8 to 5.5 V, Vss = 0 V and Topr = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.

^{2.} 1tcyc = 1/f1(s)

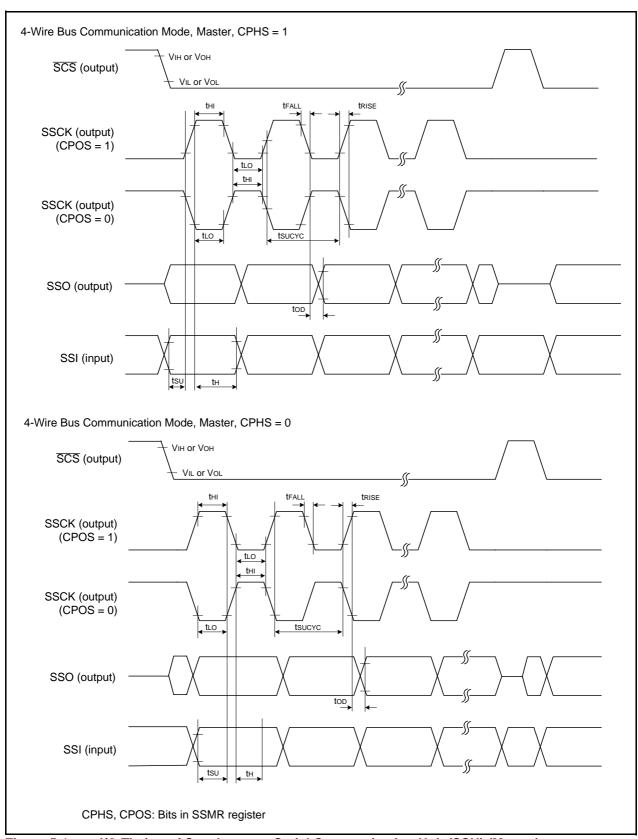


Figure 5.4 I/O Timing of Synchronous Serial Communication Unit (SSU) (Master)

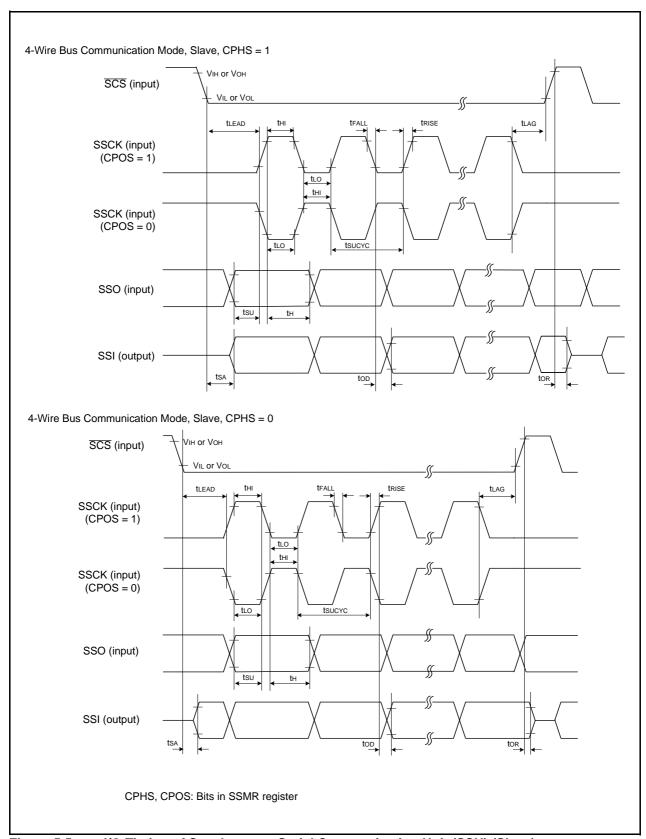
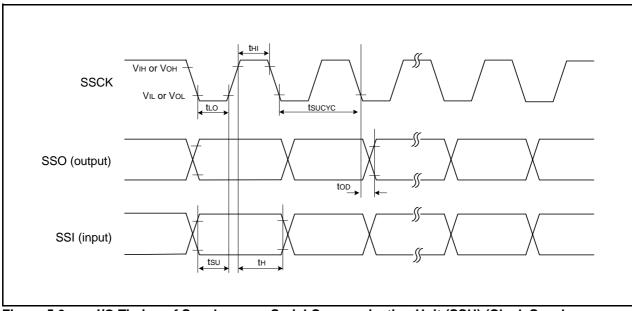


Figure 5.5 I/O Timing of Synchronous Serial Communication Unit (SSU) (Slave)



I/O Timing of Synchronous Serial Communication Unit (SSU) (Clock Synchronous Communication Mode) Figure 5.6

Table 5.16 Timing Requirements of I²C bus Interface (1)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	St	Unit		
Symbol	Farameter	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic
tscl	SCL input cycle time		12tcyc + 600 (2)	-	-	ns
tsclh	SCL input "H" width		3tcyc + 300 (2)	_	_	ns
tscll	SCL input "L" width		5tcyc + 500 (2)	-	-	ns
t sf	SCL, SDA input fall time		=	=	300	ns
tsp	SCL, SDA input spike pulse rejection time		-	-	1tcyc (2)	ns
tBUF	SDA input bus-free time		5tcyc (2)	-	-	ns
tstah	Start condition input hold time		3tcyc (2)	-	-	ns
tstas	Retransmit start condition input setup time		3tcyc (2)	=	=	ns
tstop	Stop condition input setup time		3tcyc (2)	=	-	ns
tsdas	Data input setup time		1tcyc + 40 (2)	=	-	ns
tsdah	Data input hold time		10	=	=	ns

- 1. Vcc = 1.8 to 5.5 V, Vss = 0 V and $T_{opr} = -20$ to $85^{\circ}C$ (N version) / -40 to $85^{\circ}C$ (D version), unless otherwise specified.
- 2. 1 tcyc = 1/f1(s)

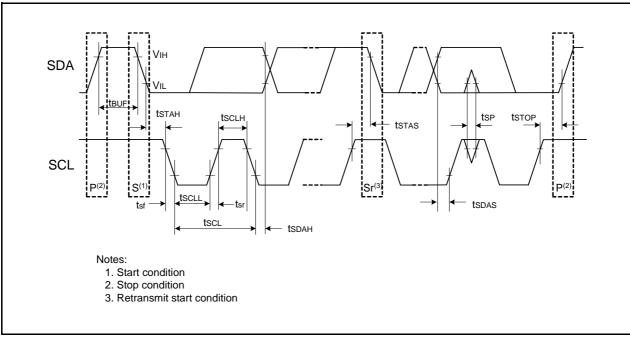


Figure 5.7 I/O Timing of I²C bus Interface

Table 5.17 Electrical Characteristics (1) [4.2 V \leq Vcc \leq 5.5 V]

Symbol	_	Parameter	Condition		S	tandard		Unit
Syllibol	'	arameter	Condition		Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offit
Vон	Output "H"	Other than XOUT	Drive capacity High Vcc = 5 V	lон = −20 mA	Vcc - 2.0	=	Vcc	V
	voltage		Drive capacity Low Vcc = 5 V	Iон = −5 mA	Vcc - 2.0	=	Vcc	V
		XOUT	Vcc = 5 V	Ioн = -200 μA	1.0	=	Vcc	V
Vol	Output "L"	Other than XOUT	Drive capacity High Vcc = 5 V	IoL = 20 mA	=	=	2.0	V
	voltage		Drive capacity Low Vcc = 5 V	IoL = 5 mA	=	=	2.0	V
		XOUT	Vcc = 5 V	IoL = 200 μA	=	=	0.5	V
VT+-VT-	Hysteresis	INTO, INT1, INT3, KIO, KI1, KI2, KI3, TRAIO, TRCIOA, TRCIOC, TRCIOD, TRCTRG, TRCCLK, ADTRG, RXD0, RXD2, CLK0, CLK2, SSI, SCL, SDA, SSO	Vcc = 5.0 V		0.1	1.2	_	>
Іін	Input "H" cur		VI = 5 V, Vcc = 5.0 V		_	_	5.0	μА
lıL	Input "L" cur		VI = 0 V, Vcc = 5.0 V		_	-	-5.0	иΑ
RPULLUP	Pull-up resis		VI = 0 V, Vcc = 5.0 V		25	50	100	kΩ
RfXIN	Feedback resistance	XIN			_	0.3	=	ΜΩ
Rfxcin	Feedback resistance	XCIN			-	8	_	ΜΩ
VRAM	RAM hold vo	oltage	During stop mode		1.8	-	-	V

^{1.} $4.2 \text{ V} \le \text{Vcc} \le 5.5 \text{ V}$ and $\text{Topr} = -20 \text{ to } 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ (N version) / $-40 \text{ to } 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ (D version), f(XIN) = 20 MHz, unless otherwise specified.

Table 5.18 Electrical Characteristics (2) [3.3 V \leq Vcc \leq 5.5 V] (Topr = -20 to 85°C (N version) / -40 to 85°C (D version), unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol	Parameter		Condition		Standard Min L Typ L Max		
•				Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
CC	Power supply current (Vcc = 3.3 to 5.5 V)	High-speed clock mode	XIN = 20 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division		6.5	15	mA
	Single-chip mode, output pins are open, other pins		XIN = 16 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	_	5.3	12.5	mA
	are Vss		XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	_	3.6	_	mA
			XIN = 20 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	-	3.0		mA
			XIN = 16 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	=	2.2		mA
			XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	-	1.5	_	mA
		High-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO-F = 20 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	=	7.0	15	mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO-F = 20 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	-	3.0	_	mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO-F = 4 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-16 MSTIIC = MSTTRD = MSTTRC = 1	-	1	_	mA
		Low-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8, FMR27 = 1, VCA20 = 0	-	90	400	μА
		Low-speed clock mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz No division	_	85	400	μА
			FMR27 = 1, VCA20 = 0 XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz No division Program operation on RAM Flash memory off, FMSTP = 1, VCA20 = 0	-	47	-	μА
		Wait mode	NIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock operation VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	-	15	100	μА
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	-	4	90	μА
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz (peripheral clock off) While a WAIT instruction is executed VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	-	3.5	-	μА
		Stop mode	XIN clock off, Topr = 25°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0	-	2.0	5.0	μА
			XIN clock off, Topr = 85°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0	-	5.0	_	μА

Timing Requirements

(Unless Otherwise Specified: Vcc = 5 V, Vss = 0 V at Topr = 25°C)

Table 5.19 External Clock Input (XOUT, XCIN)

Cumbal	Doromotor	Stan	Unit	
Symbol	Parameter	Min.	Max.	Unit
tc(XOUT)	XOUT input cycle time	50	-	ns
twh(xout)	XOUT input "H" width	24	-	ns
tWL(XOUT)	XOUT input "L" width	24	-	ns
tc(XCIN)	XCIN input cycle time	14	TBD	μS
twh(xcin)	XCIN input "H" width	7	TBD	μS
twl(xcin)	XCIN input "L" width	7	TBD	μS

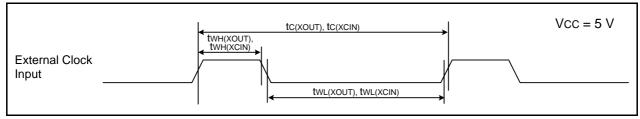


Figure 5.8 External Clock Input Timing Diagram when Vcc = 5 V

Table 5.20 TRAIO Input

Symbol	Parameter	Stan	Unit	
Syllibol	,	Min.	Max.	Offic
tc(TRAIO)	TRAIO input cycle time	100	-	ns
twh(traio)	TRAIO input "H" width	40	=	ns
twl(traio)	TRAIO input "L" width	40	_	ns

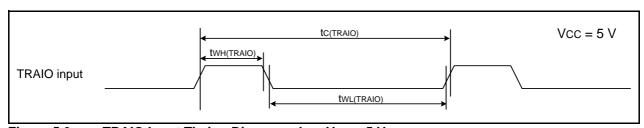


Figure 5.9 TRAIO Input Timing Diagram when Vcc = 5 V

Table 5.21 Serial Interface

Symbol	Parame	ator	Stan	Unit	
Symbol	Faiaille	etei	Min.	Max.	Offic
tc(CK)	CLKi input cycle time	When external clock is selected	200	-	ns
tW(CKH)	CLKi input "H" width		100	=	ns
tW(CKL)	CLKi input "L" width		100	-	ns
td(C-Q)	TXDi output delay time		=	90	ns
th(C-Q)	TXDi hold time		0	-	ns
tsu(D-C)	RXDi input setup time		10	-	ns
th(C-D)	RXDi input hold time		90	-	ns
td(C-Q)	TXDi output delay time	When internal clock is selected	-	10	ns
tsu(D-C)	RXDi input setup time		90	=	ns
th(C-D)	RXDi input hold time		90	=	ns

i = 0, 2

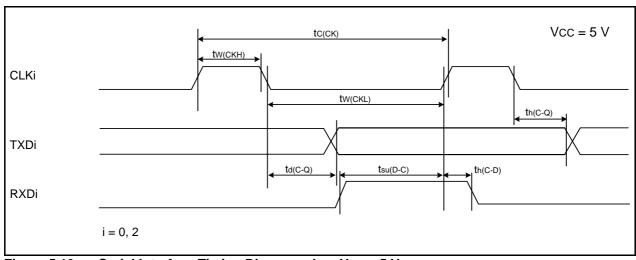


Figure 5.10 Serial Interface Timing Diagram when Vcc = 5 V

Table 5.22 External Interrupt $\overline{\text{INTi}}$ (i = 0, 1, 3) Input, Key Input Interrupt $\overline{\text{Kli}}$ (i = 0 to 3)

Symbol Parameter	Darameter	Stan	Unit	
	raidilletei	Min.	Max.	Offic
tW(INH)	ĪNTī input "H" width, Klī input "H" width	250 (1)	-	ns
tW(INL)	INTi input "L" width, Kli input "L" width	250 ⁽²⁾	=	ns

- 1. When selecting the digital filter by the INTi input filter select bit, use an INTi input HIGH width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.
- 2. When selecting the digital filter by the INTi input filter select bit, use an INTi input LOW width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.

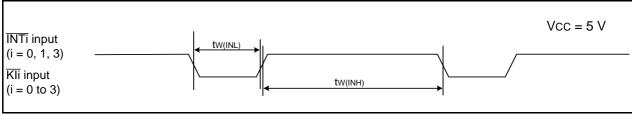


Figure 5.11 Input Timing Diagram for External Interrupt INTi and Key Input Interrupt Kli when Vcc = 5 V

Table 5.23 Electrical Characteristics (3) [2.7 V \leq Vcc < 4.2 V]

Symbol	Por	Parameter		on	Standard			Unit
Symbol	Fai	ametei	Conditi	OH	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic
Vон	Output "H" voltage	Other than XOUT	Drive capacity High	Iон = −5 mA	Vcc - 0.5	=	Vcc	V
			Drive capacity Low	Iон = −1 mA	Vcc - 0.5	-	Vcc	V
		XOUT		Іон = -200 μА	1.0	-	Vcc	V
Vol	Output "L" voltage	Other than XOUT	Drive capacity High	IoL = 5 mA	=	-	0.5	V
			Drive capacity Low	IoL = 1 mA	=	=	0.5	V
		XOUT		IOL = 200 μA	=	=	0.5	V
VT+-VT-	Hysteresis	INTO, INT1, INT3, KIO, KI1, KI2, KI3, TRAIO, TRCIOA, TRCIOB, TRCIOC, TRCIOD, TRCTRG, TRCCLK, ADTRG, RXD0, RXD2, CLK0, CLK2, SSI, SCL, SDA, SSO	Vcc = 3.0 V		0.1	0.4	_	V
		RESET	Vcc = 3.0 V		0.1	0.5	_	V
lін	Input "H" current		VI = 3 V, VCC = 3.0 V	/	ı	-	4.0	μΑ
lıL	Input "L" current		VI = 0 V, Vcc = 3.0 \	/	1	I	-4.0	μΑ
RPULLUP	Pull-up resistance		VI = 0 V, Vcc = 3.0 \	/	42	84	168	kΩ
RfXIN	Feedback resistance	XIN			_	0.3	_	МΩ
RfXCIN	Feedback resistance	XCIN			=	8	_	ΜΩ
VRAM	RAM hold voltage		During stop mode		1.8	-	_	V

^{1. 2.7} V ≤ Vcc < 4.2 V and Topr = −20 to 85°C (N version) / −40 to 85°C (D version), f(XIN) = 10 MHz, unless otherwise specified.

Electrical Characteristics (4) [2.7 V \leq Vcc < 3.3 V] **Table 5.24** (Topr = -20 to 85° C (N version) / -40 to 85° C (D version), unless otherwise specified.)

Cumbal	Parameter	Parameter Condition		Standard			Unit
Symbol	Parameter		Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Uni
CC	Power supply current (Vcc = 2.7 to 3.3 V) Single-chip mode,	High-speed clock mode	XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	-	3.5	10	mA
	output pins are open, other pins are Vss		XIN = 10 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	_	1.5	7.5	mA
		High-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO-F = 20 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	-	7.0	15	mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO-F = 20 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	-	3.0	-	mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO-F = 10 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	-	4.0	-	mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO-F = 10 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	-	1.5	_	mA
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO-F = 4 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-16 MSTIIC = MSTTRD = MSTTRC = 1	_	1	_	mA
		Low-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8, FMR27 = 1, VCA20 = 0	-	90	390	μА
		Low-speed clock mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz No division FMR27 = 1, VCA20 = 0	-	80	400	μА
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz No division Program operation on RAM Flash memory off, FMSTP = 1, VCA20 = 0	=	40	-	μА
		Wait mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock operation VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0, VCA20 = 1	-	15	90	μΑ
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0, VCA20 = 1	-	4	80	μА
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz (peripheral clock off) While a WAIT instruction is executed VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0, VCA20 = 1	-	3.5	_	μА
		Stop mode	XIN clock off, Topr = 25°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0	-	2.0	5.0	μА
			XIN clock off, Topr = 85°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10' = 1 Peripheral clock off	-	5.0	=	μА

Timing requirements

(Unless Otherwise Specified: Vcc = 3 V, Vss = 0 V at Topr = 25°C)

Table 5.25 External Clock Input (XOUT, XCIN)

Symbol	Parameter	Stan	Unit	
Symbol	i didilicici		Max.	Offic
tc(XOUT)	XOUT input cycle time	50	-	ns
twh(xout)	XOUT input "H" width	24	=	ns
twl(xout)	XOUT input "L" width	24	-	ns
tc(XCIN)	XCIN input cycle time	14	TBD	μS
twh(xcin)	XCIN input "H" width	7	TBD	μS
twl(xcin)	XCIN input "L" width	7	TBD	μS

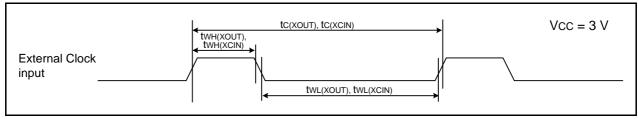


Figure 5.12 External Clock Input Timing Diagram when Vcc = 3 V

Table 5.26 TRAIO Input

Symbol	Parameter	Stan	Unit	
Symbol	, and the second	Min.	Max.	Offic
tc(TRAIO)	TRAIO input cycle time	300	-	ns
twh(traio)	TRAIO input "H" width	120	=	ns
tWL(TRAIO)	TRAIO input "L" width	120	_	ns

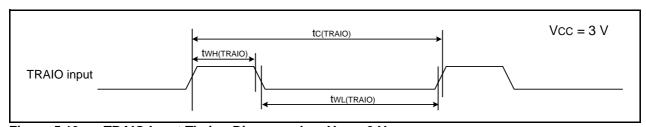


Figure 5.13 TRAIO Input Timing Diagram when Vcc = 3 V

Table 5.27 Serial Interface

Symbol		Parameter	Stan	Standard		
Symbol		Farameter	Min.	Max.	Unit	
tc(CK)	CLKi input cycle time	When external clock is selected	300	-	ns	
tW(CKH)	CLKi input "H" width		150	-	ns	
tW(CKL)	CLKi Input "L" width		150	-	ns	
td(C-Q)	TXDi output delay time		=	120	ns	
th(C-Q)	TXDi hold time		0	-	ns	
tsu(D-C)	RXDi input setup time		30	-	ns	
th(C-D)	RXDi input hold time		90	-	ns	
td(C-Q)	TXDi output delay time	When internal clock is selected	=	30	ns	
tsu(D-C)	RXDi input setup time		120	-	ns	
th(C-D)	RXDi input hold time		90	=	ns	

i = 0, 2

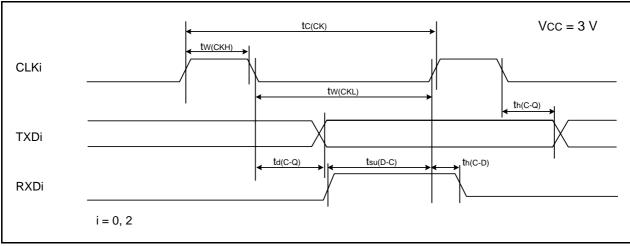


Figure 5.14 Serial Interface Timing Diagram when Vcc = 3 V

Table 5.28 External Interrupt $\overline{\text{INTi}}$ (i = 0, 1, 3) Input, Key Input Interrupt $\overline{\text{Kli}}$ (i = 0 to 3)

Symbol	Parameter		Standard		
Symbol			Max.	Unit	
tW(INH)	INTi input "H" width, Kli input "H" width		-	ns	
tW(INL)	INTi input "L" width, Kli input "L" width		-	ns	

- 1. When selecting the digital filter by the INTi input filter select bit, use an INTi input HIGH width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.
- 2. When selecting the digital filter by the INTi input filter select bit, use an INTi input LOW width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.



Figure 5.15 Input Timing Diagram for External Interrupt INTi and Key Input Interrupt Kli when Vcc = 3 V

Table 5.29 Electrical Characteristics (5) [1.8 V \leq Vcc < 2.7 V]

Symbol	Parameter		Condition		Standard			Unit
Symbol					Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic
Vон	Output "H" voltage	Other than XOUT	Drive capacity High	IOH = −2 mA	Vcc - 0.5	-	Vcc	V
			Drive capacity Low	IOH = -1 mA	Vcc - 0.5	-	Vcc	V
		XOUT		$IOH = -200 \mu A$	1.0	-	Vcc	V
Vol	Output "L" voltage	Other than XOUT	Drive capacity High	IoL = 2 mA	-	-	0.5	V
			Drive capacity Low	IoL = 1 mA	-	-	0.5	V
		XOUT		IOL = 200 μA	-	-	0.5	V
VT+-VT-	Hysteresis	INTO, INT1, INT3, KIO, KI1, KI2, KI3, TRAIO, TRCIOA, TRCIOB, TRCIOC, TRCIOD, TRCTRG, TRCCLK, ADTRG, RXD0, RXD2, CLK0, CLK2, SSI, SCL, SDA, SSO RESET	Vcc = 2.2 V		0.05	0.2	_	V
Ін	Input "H" current		VI = 2.2 V, Vcc = 2.2	2 V	=	_	4.0	μА
lı∟	Input "L" current		VI = 0 V, Vcc = 2.2 \		_	_	-4.0	μА
RPULLUP	Pull-up resistance		VI = 0 V, Vcc = 2.2 \	/	70	140	300	kΩ
RfXIN	Feedback resistance	XIN			-	0.3	=	ΜΩ
RfXCIN	Feedback resistance	XCIN			-	8	_	ΜΩ
VRAM	RAM hold voltage		During stop mode		1.8	-	-	V

^{1.} $1.8 \text{ V} \leq \text{Vcc} < 2.7 \text{ V}$ at Topr = $-20 \text{ to } 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ (N version) / $-40 \text{ to } 85^{\circ}\text{C}$ (D version), f(XIN) = 5 MHz, unless otherwise specified.

Electrical Characteristics (6) [1.8 V \leq Vcc < 2.7 V] **Table 5.30** (Topr = -20 to 85° C (N version) / -40 to 85° C (D version), unless otherwise specified.)

Symbol	Parameter	Condition		Standard			Unit
Symbol	Parameter		Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit
Icc	1	High-speed clock mode	XIN = 5 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	-	2.2	=	mA
	other pins are Vss		XIN = 5 MHz (square wave) High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	ı	0.8	_	mA
		High-speed on-chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO-F = 5 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz No division	I	2.5	10	mA
		mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO-F = 5 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8	1	1.7	_	mA
		Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-16	High-speed on-chip oscillator on fOCO-F = 4 MHz Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz	-	1	_	mA
		Low-speed on- chip oscillator mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz Divide-by-8, FMR27 = 1, VCA20 = 0	_	90	300	μА
		Low-speed clock mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz No division FMR27 = 1, VCA20 = 0	-	80	350	μА
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz No division Program operation on RAM Flash memory off, FMSTP = 1, VCA20 = 0	-	40	-	μА
		Wait mode	XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock operation VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	_	15	90	μА
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator on = 125 kHz While a WAIT instruction is executed Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	_	4	80	μА
			XIN clock off High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off XCIN clock oscillator on = 32 kHz (peripheral clock off) While a WAIT instruction is executed VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0 VCA20 = 1	=	3.5	_	μА
		Stop mode	XIN clock off, Topr = 25°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0	-	2.0	5	μА
			XIN clock off, Topr = 85°C High-speed on-chip oscillator off Low-speed on-chip oscillator off CM10 = 1 Peripheral clock off VCA27 = VCA26 = VCA25 = 0	-	5.0	-	μА

Timing requirements

(Unless Otherwise Specified: Vcc = 2.2 V, Vss = 0 V at Topr = 25°C)

Table 5.31 External Clock Input (XOUT, XCIN)

Symbol	Parameter		Standard		
			Max.	Unit	
tc(XOUT)	XOUT input cycle time	200	-	ns	
twh(xout)	XOUT input "H" width	90	=	ns	
twl(xout)	XOUT input "L" width	90	=	ns	
tc(XCIN)	XCIN input cycle time	14	TBD	μS	
twh(xcin)	XCIN input "H" width	7	TBD	μS	
tWL(XCIN)	XCIN input "L" width	7	TBD	μS	

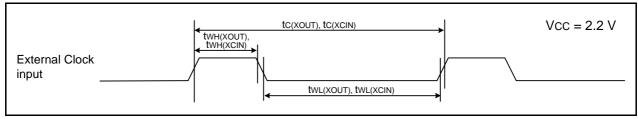


Figure 5.16 External Clock Input Timing Diagram when Vcc = 2.2 V

Table 5.32 TRAIO Input

Symbol	Parameter		Standard		
			Max.	Unit	
tc(TRAIO)	TRAIO input cycle time	500	-	ns	
twh(traio)	TRAIO input "H" width 200 -				
tWL(TRAIO)	TRAIO input "L" width	200	_	ns	

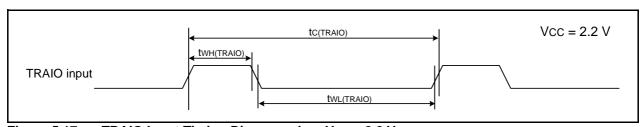


Figure 5.17 TRAIO Input Timing Diagram when Vcc = 2.2 V

Table 5.33 Serial Interface

Symbol	Parameter		Stan	Unit	
Symbol			Min.	Max.	Oill
tc(CK)	CLKi input cycle time	When external clock is selected	800	-	ns
tW(CKH)	CLKi input "H" width		400	-	ns
tW(CKL)	CLKi input "L" width		400	-	ns
td(C-Q)	TXDi output delay time		-	200	ns
th(C-Q)	TXDi hold time		0	-	ns
tsu(D-C)	RXDi input setup time		150	-	ns
th(C-D)	RXDi input hold time		90	-	ns
td(C-Q)	TXDi output delay time	When internal clock is selected	-	200	ns
tsu(D-C)	RXDi input setup time		150	-	ns
th(C-D)	RXDi input hold time		90	=	ns

i = 0, 2

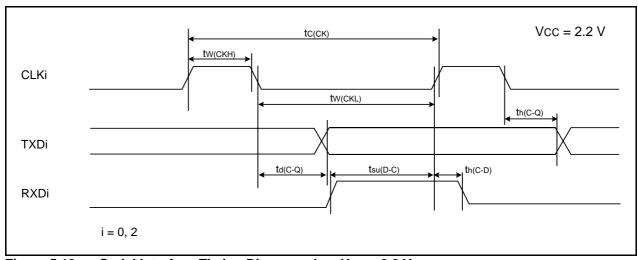


Figure 5.18 Serial Interface Timing Diagram when Vcc = 2.2 V

Table 5.34 External Interrupt $\overline{\text{INTi}}$ (i = 0, 1, 3) Input, Key Input Interrupt $\overline{\text{Kli}}$ (i = 0 to 3)

Symbol	Parameter		Standard		
Symbol			Max.	Unit	
tw(INH)	ĪNTi input "H" width, Kli input "H" width	1000 (1)	-	ns	
tw(INL)	ĪNTi input "L" width, Kli input "L" width	1000 (2)	П	ns	

- 1. When selecting the digital filter by the INTi input filter select bit, use an INTi input HIGH width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.
- 2. When selecting the digital filter by the INTi input filter select bit, use an INTi input LOW width of either (1/digital filter clock frequency × 3) or the minimum value of standard, whichever is greater.

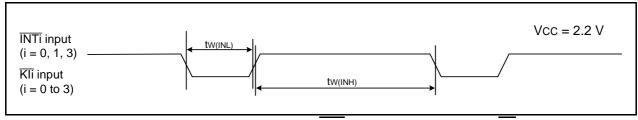
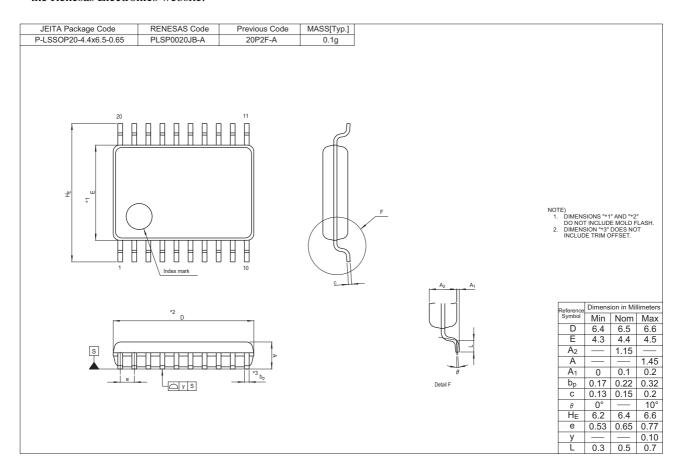


Figure 5.19 Input Timing for External Interrupt INTi and Key Input Interrupt Kli when Vcc = 2.2 V

R8C/32M Group Package Dimensions

Package Dimensions

Diagrams showing the latest package dimensions and mounting information are available in the "Packages" section of the Renesas Electronics website.



REVISION HISTORY

Rev.	Date	Description				
Nev.	Date	Page	Summary			
0.10	Sep 28, 2010	_	First Edition issued			
0.20	Feb 15, 2011	34	Table 5.10 revised, Note 2 added			
		35	Table 5.12 and Table 5.13 revised			
		41	Table 5.17 revised			
		49	Table 5.29 revised			

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General Precautions in the Handling of MPU/MCU Products

The following usage notes are applicable to all MPU/MCU products from Renesas. For detailed usage notes on the products covered by this manual, refer to the relevant sections of the manual. If the descriptions under General Precautions in the Handling of MPU/MCU Products and in the body of the manual differ from each other, the description in the body of the manual takes precedence.

1. Handling of Unused Pins

Handle unused pins in accord with the directions given under Handling of Unused Pins in the manual.

The input pins of CMOS products are generally in the high-impedance state. In operation with an unused pin in the open-circuit state, extra electromagnetic noise is induced in the vicinity of LSI, an associated shoot-through current flows internally, and malfunctions occur due to the false recognition of the pin state as an input signal become possible. Unused pins should be handled as described under Handling of Unused Pins in the manual.

2. Processing at Power-on

The state of the product is undefined at the moment when power is supplied.

The states of internal circuits in the LSI are indeterminate and the states of register settings and pins are undefined at the moment when power is supplied.

In a finished product where the reset signal is applied to the external reset pin, the states of pins are not guaranteed from the moment when power is supplied until the reset process is completed.

In a similar way, the states of pins in a product that is reset by an on-chip power-on reset function are not guaranteed from the moment when power is supplied until the power reaches the level at which resetting has been specified.

3. Prohibition of Access to Reserved Addresses

Access to reserved addresses is prohibited.

 The reserved addresses are provided for the possible future expansion of functions. Do not access these addresses; the correct operation of LSI is not guaranteed if they are accessed.

4. Clock Signals

After applying a reset, only release the reset line after the operating clock signal has become stable. When switching the clock signal during program execution, wait until the target clock signal has stabilized.

— When the clock signal is generated with an external resonator (or from an external oscillator) during a reset, ensure that the reset line is only released after full stabilization of the clock signal. Moreover, when switching to a clock signal produced with an external resonator (or by an external oscillator) while program execution is in progress, wait until the target clock signal is stable.

5. Differences between Products

Before changing from one product to another, i.e. to one with a different part number, confirm that the change will not lead to problems.

— The characteristics of MPU/MCU in the same group but having different part numbers may differ because of the differences in internal memory capacity and layout pattern. When changing to products of different part numbers, implement a system-evaluation test for each of the products.

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