TOSHIBA CMOS Digital Integrated Circuit Silicon Monolithic

# TC74VCX257FT, TC74VCX257FK

Low Voltage Quad 2-Channel Multiplexer with 3.6 V Tolerant Inputs and Outputs

The TC74VCX257 is a high performance CMOS multiplexer which is guaranteed to operate from 1.2-V to 3.6-V. Designed for use in 1.5 V, 1.8 V, 2.5 V or 3.3 V systems, it achieves high speed operation while maintaining the CMOS low power dissipation.

It is also designed with over voltage tolerant inputs and outputs up to 3.6 V.

It consists of four 2-input digital multiplexers with common SELECT and  $\overline{OUTPUTENABLE}$  (  $\overline{OE}$  ).

If  $\overline{OE}$  is set high the outputs are held in a high-impedance state. The SELECT decoding determines whether the A or B inputs get routed to their corresponding Y outputs.

All inputs are equipped with protection circuits against static discharge.

#### **Features**

- Low voltage operation:  $V_{CC} = 1.2 \sim 3.6 \text{ V}$
- High speed operation:  $t_{pd} = 3.0 \text{ ns (max) (V}_{CC} = 3.0 \sim 3.6 \text{ V)}$

 $t_{pd} = 4.0 \text{ ns (max) (VCC} = 2.3 \sim 2.7 \text{ V)}$ 

 $t_{pd} = 8.0 \text{ ns (max) (VCC} = 1.65 \sim 1.95 \text{ V})$ 

 $t_{pd} = 16.0 \text{ ns (max) (V}_{CC} = 1.4 \sim 1.6 \text{ V})$ 

 $t_{pd} = 40.0 \text{ ns (max) (V}_{CC} = 1.2 \text{ V})$ 

- 3.6 V tolerant inputs and outputs.
- Output current:  $I_{OH}/I_{OL} = \pm 24 \text{ mA (min)} (V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V})$

 $I_{OH}/I_{OL} = \pm 18 \text{ mA (min) (V}_{CC} = 2.3 \text{ V)}$ 

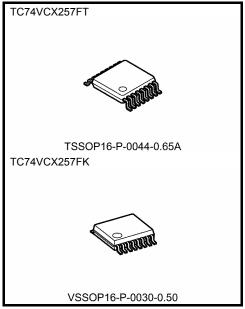
 $I_{OH}/I_{OL} = \pm 6 \text{ mA (min) (V}_{CC} = 1.65 \text{ V)}$ 

 $I_{OH}/I_{OL} = \pm 2 \text{ mA (min)} (V_{CC} = 1.4 \text{ V})$ 

- Latch-up performance: -300 mA
- ESD performance: Machine model ≥ ±200 V

Human body model ≥ ±2000 V

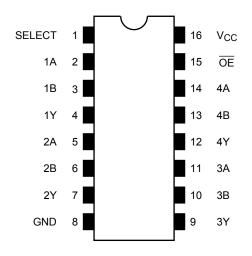
- Package: TSSOP and VSSOP (US)
- Power down protection is provided on all inputs and outputs.



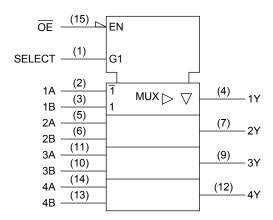
Weight

TSSOP16-P-0044-0.65A : 0.06 g (typ.) VSSOP16-P-0030-0.50 : 0.02 g (typ.)

# Pin Assignment (top view)



# **IEC Logic Symbol**



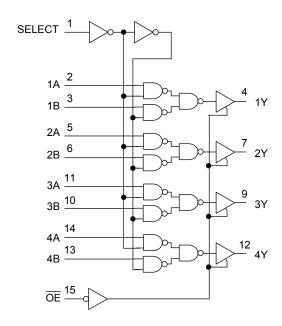
### **Truth Table**

	Inputs						
ŌĒ	SELECT	Α	В	Υ			
Н	X	X	Х	Z			
L	L	L	Х	L			
L	L	Н	X	Н			
L	Н	X	L	L			
L	Н	X	Н	Н			

X: Don't care

Z: High impedance

### **System Diagram**





#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)**

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit	
Power supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	-0.5~4.6	V	
DC input voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	-0.5~4.6	V	
DC output voltage	Vout	-0.5~4.6 (Note 2)	V	
DC dulput voltage	VOU1	-0.5~V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.5 (Note 3)	V	
Input diode current	l <sub>IK</sub>	-50	mA	
Output diode current	lok	±50 (Note 4)	mA	
DC output current	lout	±50	mA	
Power dissipation	PD	180	mW	
DC V <sub>CC</sub> /ground current	I <sub>CC</sub> /I <sub>GND</sub>	±100	mA	
Storage temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	-65~150	°C	

Note 1: Exceeding any of the absolute maximum ratings, even briefly, lead to deterioration in IC performance or even destruction.

Using continuously under heavy loads (e.g. the application of high temperature/current/voltage and the significant change in temperature, etc.) may cause this product to decrease in the reliability significantly even if the operating conditions (i.e. operating temperature/current/voltage, etc.) are within the absolute maximum ratings and the operating ranges.

Please design the appropriate reliability upon reviewing the Toshiba Semiconductor Reliability Handbook ("Handling Precautions"/"Derating Concept and Methods") and individual reliability data (i.e. reliability test report and estimated failure rate, etc).

Note 2: Off-state

Note 3: High or low state. IOUT absolute maximum rating must be observed.

Note 4: Vout < GND, Vout > Vcc

#### **Operating Ranges (Note 1)**

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit	
Supply voltage	V <sub>CC</sub>	1.2~3.6	V	
Input voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	-0.3~3.6	٧	
Output voltage	Vour	0~3.6 (Note 2)	V	
Output voltage	Vout	0~V <sub>CC</sub> (Note 3)		
		±24 (Note 4)		
Output current	lou/lou	±18 (Note 5)		
Output current	I <sub>OH</sub> /I <sub>OL</sub>	±6 (Note 6)	mA	
		±2 (Note 7)		
Operating temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	-40~85	°C	
Input rise and fall time	dt/dv	0~10 (Note 8)	ns/V	

Note 1: The operating ranges must be maintained to ensure the normal operation of the device.

Unused inputs must be tied to either VCC or GND.

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Note 2: Off-state

Note 3: High or low state

Note 4:  $V_{CC} = 3.0 \sim 3.6 \text{ V}$ 

Note 5:  $V_{CC} = 2.3 \sim 2.7 \text{ V}$ 

Note 6:  $V_{CC} = 1.65 \sim 1.95 \text{ V}$ 

Note 7:  $V_{CC} = 1.4 \sim 1.6 \text{ V}$ 

Note 8:  $V_{IN} = 0.8 \sim 2.0 \text{ V}, V_{CC} = 3.0 \text{ V}$ 



### **Electrical Characteristics**

# DC Characteristics (Ta = $-40~85^{\circ}$ C, 2.7 V < V<sub>CC</sub> $\leq$ 3.6 V)

Characteris	stics	Symbol	Test Condition		V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	Min	Max	Unit
Input voltage	High level	V <sub>IH</sub>		_	2.7~3.6	2.0	_	V
Input voltage	Low level	V <sub>IL</sub>		_	2.7~3.6	_	0.8	V
				I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA	2.7~3.6	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2		
	High level	V <sub>OH</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	I <sub>OH</sub> = -12 mA	2.7	2.2		
				$I_{OH} = -18 \text{ mA}$	3.0	2.4		
Output voltage				$I_{OH} = -24 \text{ mA}$	3.0	2.2		V
		V <sub>OL</sub>	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$	$I_{OL} = 100 \mu A$	2.7~3.6	_	0.2	
	Low level			I <sub>OL</sub> = 12 mA	2.7	_	0.4	
	LOW level			$I_{OL} = 18 \text{ mA}$	3.0	_	0.4	
				$I_{OL} = 24 \text{ mA}$	3.0	_	0.55	
Input leakage curre	nt	I <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0~3.6 V		2.7~3.6	_	±5.0	μΑ
3-state output off-state current I <sub>C</sub>		loz	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$ $V_{OUT} = 0 \sim 3.6 \text{ V}$		2.7~3.6	_	±10.0	μА
Power off leakage of	Power off leakage current $I_{OFF}$ $V_{IN}$ ,		V <sub>IN</sub> , V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0~3.6 V	V <sub>IN</sub> , V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0~3.6 V		_	10.0	μА
Outro and supply supply		Icc	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND		2.7~3.6	_	20.0	
Quiescent supply ct	Quiescent supply current		$V_{CC} \le (V_{IN}, V_{OUT}) \le 3.6 \text{ V}$		2.7~3.6	_	±20.0	μΑ
Increase in I <sub>CC</sub> per	input	Δlcc	$V_{IH} = V_{CC} - 0.6 V$		2.7~3.6	_	750	

# DC Characteristics (Ta = $-40~85^{\circ}$ C, 2.3 V $\leq$ V<sub>CC</sub> $\leq$ 2.7 V)

Character	ietice	Symbol	Test Condition ←			Min	Max	Unit
Character	Gharacteristics		rest condition		V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	IVIIII	IVIAX	Offic
Input voltage	High level	V <sub>IH</sub>		_	2.3~2.7	1.6	_	V
Input voltage	Low level	V <sub>IL</sub>		_	2.3~2.7	_	0.7	V
				I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA	2.3~2.7	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2	_	
	High level	Voh	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	I <sub>OH</sub> = -6 mA	2.3	2.0	_	
Output voltage	0		I <sub>OH</sub> = -12 mA	2.3	1.8	_		
				I <sub>OH</sub> = -18 mA	2.3	1.7	_	V
		V <sub>OL</sub>	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$	I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA	2.3~2.7	_	0.2	
	Low level			I <sub>OL</sub> = 12 mA	2.3	_	0.4	
				I <sub>OL</sub> = 18 mA	2.3	_	0.6	
Input leakage curre	ent	I <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0~3.6 V	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0~3.6 V		_	±5.0	μΑ
2 state output off o	tata aurrant	1	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$			±10.0	
3-state output off-state current I <sub>O</sub>		loz	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0~3.6 V	2.3~2.7	_	±10.0	μА	
Power off leakage	current	loff	V <sub>IN</sub> , V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0~3.6 V		0	_	10.0	μА
Onion and annual annual		laa	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND		2.3~2.7	_	20.0	
Quiescent supply of	unent	Icc	$V_{CC} \le (V_{IN}, V_{OUT}) \le 1$	V <sub>CC</sub> ≤ (V <sub>IN</sub> , V <sub>OUT</sub> ) ≤ 3.6 V		_	±20.0	μА

# DC Characteristics (Ta = $-40~85^{\circ}$ C, 1.65 V $\leq$ V<sub>CC</sub><2.3 V)

Characteris	stics	Symbol	Test C	Test Condition			Max	Unit
		- ,			V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	Min		
Input voltage	High level	V <sub>IH</sub>	-	_	1.65~2.3	0.65 × V <sub>CC</sub>		V
input voitage	Low level	V <sub>IL</sub>	-	_	1.65~2.3	_	0.2 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V
	High level	VoH	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA	1.65~2.3	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2	_	
Output voltage				$I_{OH} = -6 \text{ mA}$	1.65	1.25	_	V
	Low level	Vai	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	$I_{OL} = 100 \mu A$	1.65~2.3	_	0.2	
	Low level	V <sub>OL</sub>	$V_{IN} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$	I <sub>OL</sub> = 6 mA	1.65	_	0.3	
Input leakage currer	nt	I <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0~3.6 V		1.65~2.3	_	±5.0	μА
3-state output off-sta	ate current	I <sub>OZ</sub>	$V_{IN} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$ $V_{OUT} = 0 \sim 3.6 \text{ V}$		1.65~2.3	_	±10.0	μА
Power off leakage c	urrent	l <sub>OFF</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> , V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0~3.6 V		0	_	10.0	μА
Quiescent supply current		loo	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or GND		1.65~2.3	_	20.0	^
Quiescent supply co	iii Giit	Icc	$V_{CC} \le (V_{IN}, V_{OUT}) \le 3.0$	6 V	1.65~2.3	_	±20.0	μА

# DC Characteristics (Ta = $-40\sim85^{\circ}$ C, 1.4 V $\leq$ V<sub>CC</sub><1.65 V)

Characteris	stics	Symbol	Symbol Test Condition			Min	Max	Unit	
Gharaoten	51100	Cymbol	1050	rest condition			WIGA	Onic	
Input voltage	High level	V <sub>IH</sub>		_	1.4~1.65	0.65 × V <sub>CC</sub>	_	V	
input voitage	Low level	V <sub>IL</sub>		_	1.4~1.65	_	0.05 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V	
	High level	Voh	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	$I_{OH} = -100 \mu A$	1.4~1.65	V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.2	_		
Output voltage				I <sub>OH</sub> = -2 mA	1.4	1.05	_	V	
		Vai	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$	I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA	1.4~1.65	_	0.05		
	Low level	V <sub>OL</sub>		I <sub>OL</sub> = 2 mA	1.4	_	0.35		
Input leakage currer	nt	I <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0~3.6 V	•	1.4~1.65	_	±5.0	μΑ	
3-state output off-sta	ate current	I <sub>OZ</sub>	$V_{IN} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$ $V_{OUT} = 0 \sim 3.6 \text{ V}$		1.4~1.65	_	±10.0	μА	
Power off leakage c	urrent	l <sub>OFF</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> , V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0~3.6 V		0	_	10.0	μА	
Quiescent supply current		loo	$V_{IN} = V_{CC}$ or GND		1.4~1.65	_	20.0	^	
Quiescent supply co	in cill	Icc	$V_{CC} \le (V_{IN}, V_{OUT}) \le 3$	.6 V	1.4~1.65	_	±20.0	μА	

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# DC Characteristics (Ta = $-40\sim85^{\circ}$ C, 1.2 V $\leq$ V<sub>CC</sub> < 1.4 V)

Characte	ristics	Symbol	Test Condition		V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	Min	Max	Unit	
Input voltage	High level	V <sub>IH</sub>	_	_	1.2~1.4	0.8 × V <sub>CC</sub>	_	V	
input voltage	Low level	VIL	_	_	1.2~1.4	_	0.05 × V <sub>CC</sub>	V	
Output voltage	High level	V <sub>OH</sub>	$V_{IN} = V_{IH}$ or $V_{IL}$	$V_{IN} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$ $I_{OH} = -100  \mu\text{A}$		V <sub>CC</sub> - 0.1		V	
	Low level	V <sub>OL</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>IH</sub> or V <sub>IL</sub>	I <sub>OL</sub> = 100 μA	1.2	_	0.05		
Input leakage cu	rrent	I <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> = 0~3.6 V		1.2	_	±5.0	μΑ	
3-state output of current	f-state	loz	$V_{IN} = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL}$ $V_{OUT} = 0 \sim 3.6 \text{ V}$		1.2	_	±10.0	μΑ	
Power off leakag	e current	l <sub>OFF</sub>	V <sub>IN</sub> , V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0~3.6 V		0	_	10.0	μΑ	
Quiescent supply current		V <sub>IN</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND			1.2	_	20.0	^	
Quiescent suppr	y current	Icc	$V_{CC} \le (V_{IN}, V_{OUT}) \le 3.6$	V	1.2	_	±20.0	μΑ	



# AC Characteristics (Ta = $-40\sim85^{\circ}$ C, Input: $t_r = t_f = 2.0$ ns) (Note 1)

Characteristics	Symbol	Tool	Test Condition			Max	Unit
Characteristics	Syllibol	rest condition		V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	Min	WIGA	Offic
			$C_L = 15 \text{ pF}, R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$	1.2	3.0	40.0	
Propagation delay time	<b></b>		Ο[ - 15 β1 , Ν[ - 2 κΩ2	1.5 ± 0.1	2.0	16.0	
(A, B-Y)	t <sub>pLH</sub> t <sub>pHL</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 2		$1.8\pm0.15$	1.5	8.0	ns
(,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	фпь		$C_L = 30 \text{ pF}, R_L = 500 \Omega$	$2.5\pm0.2$	0.8	4.0	
				$3.3 \pm 0.3$	0.6	3.0	
			$C_L = 15 \text{ pF}, R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$	1.2	3.0	48.0	
Propagation delay time	<b></b>		OL = 13 β1 , INL = 2 KΩ2	1.5 ± 0.1	2.0	19.2	
(SELECT-Y)	t <sub>pLH</sub> t <sub>pHL</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 2		$1.8 \pm 0.15$	1.5	9.6	ns
(SELECT-T)	чрнц		$C_L = 30 \text{ pF}, R_L = 500 \Omega$	$2.5\pm0.2$	0.8	4.8	
				$3.3\pm0.3$	0.6	4.0	
	<sup>t</sup> pZL <sup>t</sup> pZH	Figure 1, Figure 3	$C_L = 15 \text{ pF}, R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$	1.2	3.0	46.0	
				1.5 ± 0.1	2.0	18.4	
3-state output enable time			$C_L = 30 \text{ pF}, R_L = 500 \Omega$	$1.8 \pm 0.15$	1.5	9.2	ns
				$2.5\pm0.2$	0.8	4.6	
				$3.3 \pm 0.3$	0.6	3.5	
			$C_L = 15 \text{ pF}, R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$	1.2	3.0	34.0	
	<b>.</b>		OL = 13 pr , RL = 2 kt2	1.5 ± 0.1	2.0	13.6	
3-state output disable time	t <sub>pLZ</sub>	Figure 1, Figure 3		$1.8\pm0.15$	1.5	6.8	ns
	t <sub>pHZ</sub>		$C_L = 30 \text{ pF}, R_L = 500 \Omega$	$2.5\pm0.2$	0.8	3.8	
				$3.3 \pm 0.3$	0.6	3.5	
			Ci = 15 nF Ri = 2 kO	1.2	_	1.5	
	<b>t</b>	(Note 2)	$C_L = 15 \text{ pF}, R_L = 2 \text{ k}\Omega$	1.5 ± 0.1		1.5	
Output to output skew	t <sub>osLH</sub>		$C_L = 30 \text{ pF}, R_L = 500 \Omega$	$1.8\pm0.15$		0.5	ns
				$2.5\pm0.2$		0.5	
				$3.3\pm0.3$		0.5	

Note 1: For  $C_L = 50\ pF$ , add approximately 300 ps to the AC maximum specification.

Note 2: This parameter is guaranteed by design.  $(t_{OSLH} = |t_{pLHm} - t_{pLHn}|, t_{OSHL} = |t_{pHLm} - t_{pHLn}|)$ 

# Dynamic Switching Characteristics (Ta = 25°C, Input: $t_r = t_f = 2.0$ ns, $C_L = 30$ pF)

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition			Тур.	Unit	
onarastonolise	Cymbol			V <sub>CC</sub> (V)		Onic	
		$V_{IH} = 1.8 \text{ V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$ (N	ote)	1.8	0.25		
Quiet output maximum dynamic V <sub>OL</sub>	V <sub>OLP</sub>	$V_{IH} = 2.5 \text{ V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$ (N	ote)	2.5	0.6	V	
		$V_{IH} = 3.3 \text{ V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$ (N	ote)	3.3	8.0		
	V <sub>OLV</sub>	$V_{IH} = 1.8 \text{ V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$ (N	ote)	1.8	-0.25		
Quiet output minimum dynamic $V_{\mbox{OL}}$		$V_{IH} = 2.5 \text{ V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$ (N	ote)	2.5	-0.6	V	
		$V_{IH} = 3.3 \text{ V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$ (N	ote)	3.3	-0.8		
	V <sub>OHV</sub>	$V_{IH} = 1.8 \text{ V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$ (N	ote)	1.8	1.5		
Quiet output minimum dynamic V <sub>OH</sub>		$V_{IH} = 2.5 \text{ V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$ (N	ote)	2.5	1.9	V	
		$V_{IH} = 3.3 \text{ V}, V_{IL} = 0 \text{ V}$ (N	ote)	3.3	2.2		

Note: This parameter is guaranteed by design.

### **Capacitive Characteristics (Ta = 25°C)**

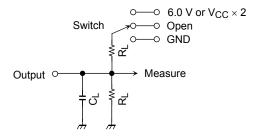
Characteristics	Symbol Test Condition				Tun	Unit
Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition		V <sub>CC</sub> (V)	Тур.	Offic
Input capacitance	C <sub>IN</sub>	_		1.8, 2.5, 3.3	6	pF
Output capacitance	CO	_		1.8, 2.5, 3.3	7	pF
Power dissipation capacitance	C <sub>PD</sub>	$f_{IN} = 10 \text{ MHz}$	ote)	1.8, 2.5, 3.3	20	pF

Note: C<sub>PD</sub> is defined as the value of the internal equivalent capacitance which is calculated from the operating current consumption without load.

Average operating current can be obtained by the equation:

 $I_{CC (opr)} = C_{PD} \cdot V_{CC} \cdot f_{IN} + I_{CC}$ 

#### **AC Test Circuit**



Parameter	Switch
t <sub>pLH</sub> , t <sub>pHL</sub>	Open
t <sub>pLZ</sub> , t <sub>pZL</sub>	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
t <sub>pHZ</sub> , t <sub>pZH</sub>	GND

Symbol	V <sub>cc</sub>		
	$3.3 \pm 0.3 \text{ V} \\ 2.5 \pm 0.2 \text{ V} \\ 1.8 \pm 0.15 \text{ V}$	1.5 ± 0.1 V 1.2 V	
$R_L$	500Ω	2kΩ	
C <sub>L</sub>	30pF	15pF	

Figure 1

### **AC Waveform**

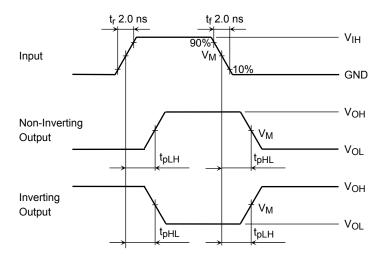


Figure 2 t<sub>pLH</sub>, t<sub>pHL</sub>

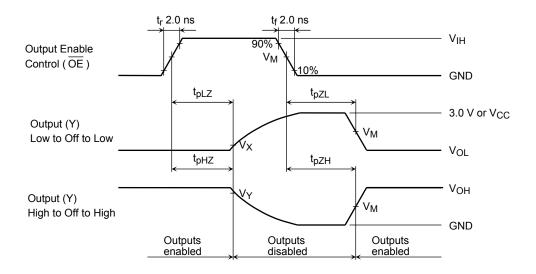


Figure 3  $t_{pLZ}$ ,  $t_{pHZ}$ ,  $t_{pZL}$ ,  $t_{pZH}$ 

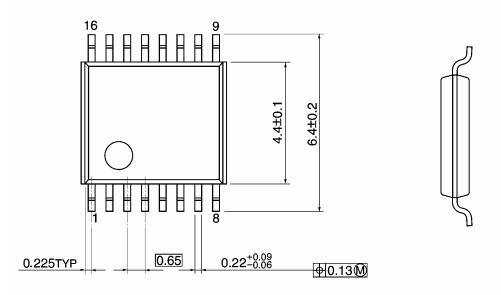
Symbol -	Vcc					
	$3.3\pm0.3~\textrm{V}$	$2.5\pm0.2\textrm{V}$	1.8 ± 0.15 V	1.5 ± 0.1 V	1.2 V	
V <sub>IH</sub>	2.7 V	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub>	
$V_{M}$	1.5 V	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	V <sub>CC</sub> /2	
VX	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.3 V	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.15 V	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.15 V	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.1 V	V <sub>OL</sub> + 0.1 V	
VY	V <sub>OH</sub> – 0.3 V	V <sub>OH</sub> – 0.15 V	V <sub>OH</sub> – 0.15 V	V <sub>OH</sub> – 0.1 V	V <sub>OH</sub> – 0.1 V	

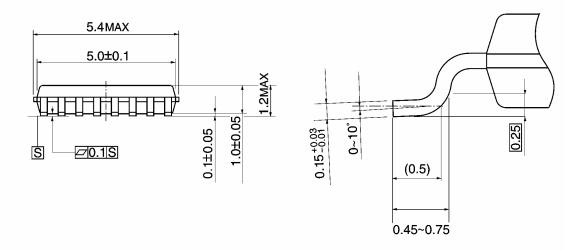
9



### **Package Dimensions**

TSSOP16-P-0044-0.65A Unit: mm

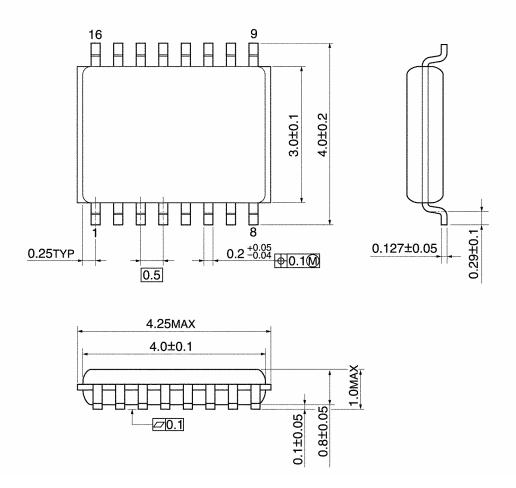




Weight: 0.06 g (typ.)

# **Package Dimensions**

VSSOP16-P-0030-0.50 Unit: mm



Weight: 0.02 g (typ.)

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20070701-EN GENERAL

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