# **SN65LBC179A**, **SN75LBC179A** LOW-POWER DIFFERENTIAL LINE DRIVER AND RECEIVER PAIRS

SLLS377C - MAY 2000 - REVISED JUNE 2001

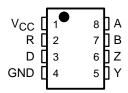
- High-Speed Low-Power LinBiCMOS™ Circuitry Designed for Signaling Rates<sup>†</sup> of up to 30 Mbps
- **Bus-Pin ESD Protection Exceeds 12 kV HBM**
- **Very Low Disabled Supply-Current** Requirements ...700 µA Max
- Common-Mode Voltage Range of -7 V to 12 V
- Low Supply Current . . . 15 mA Max
- **Compatible With ANSI Standard** TIA/EAI-485-A and ISO8482: 1987(E)
- **Positive and Negative Output Current** Limiting
- **Driver Thermal Shutdown Protection**

## description

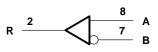
The SN65LBC179A SN75LBC179A and differential driver and receiver pairs are monolithic integrated circuits designed for bidirectional data communication over long cables that take on the characteristics of transmission lines. They are balanced, or differential, voltage mode devices that are compatible with ANSI standard TIA/EIA-485-A and ISO 8482:1987(E). The A version offers improved switching performance over its predecessors without sacrificing significantly more power.

The SN65LBC179A and SN75LBC179A combine a differential line driver and differential input line receiver and operate from a single 5-V supply. The driver differential outputs and the receiver differential inputs are connected to separate terminals for full-duplex operation and are designed to present minimum loading to the bus

SN65LBC179AD (Marked as BL179A) SN65LBC179AP (Marked as 65LBC179A) SN75LBC179AD (Marked as LB179A) SN75LBC179AP (Marked as 75LBC179A) (TOP VIEW)



## logic diagram (positive logic)





# **Function Tables**

#### **DRIVER**

INPUT	OUTPUTS				
D	ΥZ				
Н	H L				
L	L H				
Open	H L				

#### **RECEIVER**

DIFFERENTIAL INPUTS	OUTPUT
A-B	R
V <sub>ID</sub> ≥ 0.2 V	Н
$-0.2 \text{ V} < \text{V}_{\text{ID}} < 0.2 \text{ V}$	?
$V_{1D} \le -0.2 \text{ V}$	L
Open circuit	Н

H = high levelL = low level, ? = indeterminate

when powered off  $(V_{CC} = 0)$ . These parts feature a wide positive and negative common-mode voltage range making them suitable for point-to-point or multipoint data bus applications. The devices also provide positiveand negative-current limiting and thermal shutdown for protection from line fault conditions.

The SN65LBC179A is characterized over the industrial temperature range of −40°C to 85°C. The SN75LBC179A is characterized for operation over the commercial temperature range of 0°C to 70°C.



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

† Signaling rate by TIA/EIA-485-A definition restrict transition times to 30% of the bit length, and much higher signaling rates may be achieved without this requirement as displayed in the TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS of this device.

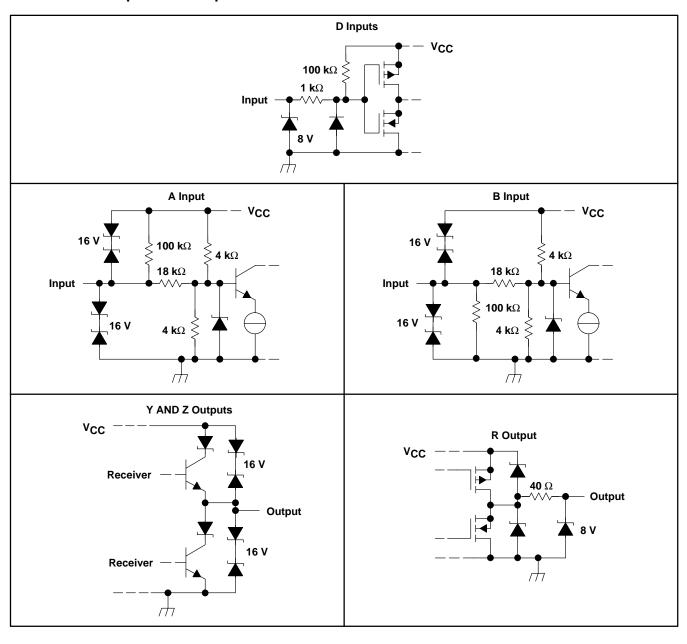
LinBiCMOS is a trademark of Texas Instruments.



#### **AVAILABLE OPTIONS**

	P/	ACKAGE			
TA	SMALL OUTLINE PLASTIC (D) DUAL-IN-LINE				
0°C to 70°C	SN75LBC179AD	SN75LBC179AP			
-40°C to 85°C	SN65LBC179AD	SN65LBC179AP			

## schematics of inputs and outputs





# SN65LBC179A, SN75LBC179A LOW-POWER DIFFERENTIAL LINE DRIVER AND RECEIVER PAIRS

SLLS377C - MAY 2000 - REVISED JUNE 2001

## absolute maximum ratings†

Supply voltage range, V <sub>CC</sub> (see Note 1)	0.3 V to 6 V
Voltage range at A, B, Y, or Z (see Note 1)	–10 V to 15 V
Voltage range at D or R (see Note 1)	$-0.3 \text{ V to V}_{CC} + 0.5 \text{ V}$
Electrostatic discharge: Bus terminals and GND, Class 3, A: (see Note 2)	
Bus terminals and GND, Class 3, B: (see Note 2)	
All terminals, Class 3, A:	4 kV
All terminals, Class 3, B:	
Continuous total power dissipation (see Note 3)	Internally limited
Total power dissipation	. See Dissipation Rating Table
Storage temperature range, T <sub>stq</sub>	–65°C to 150°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds	260°C

<sup>†</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTES: 1. All voltage values, except differential I/O bus voltages, are with respect to GND.

- 2. Tested in accordance with MIL-STD-883C, Method 3015.7
- 3. The maximum operating junction temperature is internally limited. Uses the dissipation rating table to operate below this temperature.

#### **DISSIPATION RATING TABLE**

PACKAGE	$T_{\mbox{\scriptsize A}} \leq 25^{\circ}\mbox{\scriptsize C}$ POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR‡ ABOVE T <sub>A</sub> = 25°C	T <sub>A</sub> = 70°C POWER RATING	T <sub>A</sub> = 85°C POWER RATING
D	725 mW	5.8 mW/°C	464 mW	377 mW
Р	1100 mW	8.08 mW/°C	640 mW	520 mW

<sup>‡</sup> This is the inverse of the junction-to-ambient thermal resistance when board-mounted and with no air flow.

## recommended operating conditions

			NOM	MAX	UNIT
Supply voltage, V <sub>CC</sub>		4.75	5	5.25	V
High-level input voltage, V <sub>IH</sub>	D	2		VCC	٧
Low-level input voltage, V <sub>IL</sub>	D	0		0.8	V
Differential input voltage, V <sub>ID</sub> (see Note 4)		-12§		12	V
Voltage at any bus terminal (separately or common-mode), $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize O}}$ , $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize I}}$ , or $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize IC}}$	A, B, Y, or Z	-7		12	V
High level output outrant leve	Y or Z	-60			mA
High-level output current, I <sub>OH</sub>	R	-8			ША
Low level output current lev	Y or Z			60	mA
Low-level output current, IOL	R			8	ША
Operation from air temperature T.	SN65LBC179A	-40		85	°C
Operating free-air temperature, T <sub>A</sub>	SN75LBC179A	0		70	C

<sup>§</sup> The algebraic convention, in which the least positive (most negative) limit is designated as minimum, is used in this data sheet. NOTE 4: Differential input/output bus voltage is measured at the noninverting terminal with respect to the inverting terminal.



# SN65LBC179A, SN75LBC179A LOW-POWER DIFFERENTIAL LINE DRIVER AND RECEIVER PAIRS

SLLS377C - MAY 2000 - REVISED JUNE 2001

## driver electrical characteristics over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		TYP <sup>†</sup>	MAX	UNIT
VIK	Input clamp voltage	$I_{I} = -18 \text{ mA}$		-1.5	-0.8		V
		See Figure 1 S $R_L = 60 \Omega$ , S $-7 < V_{(tot)} < 12$ ,	SN65LBC179A	1	1.5	3	V
			SN75LBC179A	1.1	1.5	3	
IVODI	Differential output voltage		SN65LBC179A	1	1.5	3	
			SN75LBC179A	1.1	1.5	3	
Δ V <sub>OD</sub>	Change in magnitude of differential output voltage (see Note 5)	See Figures 1 and 2		-0.2		0.2	٧
V <sub>OC</sub> (SS)	Steady-state common-mode output voltage	See Figure 1		1.8	2.4	2.8	V
ΔV <sub>OC</sub> (SS)	Change in steady-state common-mode output voltage (see Note 5)			-0.1		0.1	V
IO	Output current with power off	$V_{CC} = 0$ ,	$V_0 = -7 \text{ V to } 12 \text{ V}$	-10	±1	10	μΑ
lн	High-level input current	V <sub>I</sub> = 2.V		-100			μΑ
I <sub>I</sub> L	Low-level input current	V <sub>I</sub> = 0.8 V		-100			μΑ
los	Short-circuit output current	-7 V ≤ V <sub>O</sub> ≤ 12 V		-250	±70	250	mA
ICC	Supply current	No load,	VI = 0 or $VCC$		8.5	15	mA

 $<sup>\</sup>overline{\dagger}$  All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 5$  V,  $T_A = 25$ °C.

NOTE 5:  $\Delta |V_{OD}|$  and  $\Delta |V_{OC}|$  are the changes in the steady-state magnitude of  $V_{OD}$  and  $V_{OC}$ , respectively, that occur when the input is changed from a high level to a low level.

# driver switching characteristics over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		TYP	MAX	UNIT			
tPLH	Propagation delay time, low-to-high-level output	$R_L$ = 54 Ω, See Figure 3			2	6	12	ns		
tPHL	Propagation delay time, high-to-low-level output			7			2	6	12	ns
tsk(p)	Pulse skew ( tpHL - tpLH )				0.3	1	ns			
t <sub>r</sub>	Differential output signal rise time				4	7.5	11	ns		
t <sub>f</sub>	Differential output signal fall time			4	7.5	11	ns			

#### **RECEIVER SECTION**

# receiver electrical characteristics over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
V <sub>IT+</sub>	Positive-going input threshold voltage	$I_O = -8 \text{ mA}$	$I_O = -8 \text{ mA}$			0.2	V
V <sub>IT</sub> _	Negative-going input threshold voltage	I <sub>O</sub> = 8 mA		-0.2			V
V <sub>hys</sub>	Hysteresis voltage (V <sub>IT+</sub> - V <sub>IT-</sub> )				50		mV
Vон	High-level output voltage	$V_{ID} = 200 \text{ mV}$ , $I_{OH} = -8 \text{ mA}$ , See Figure 1		4	4.9		V
VOL	Low-level output voltage	$V_{ID} = -200 \text{ mV}, I_{OL} = 8 \text{ mA},$	$V_{ID} = -200 \text{ mV}, I_{OL} = 8 \text{ mA}, \text{ See Figure 1}$		0.1	0.8	V
		V <sub>IH</sub> = 12 V, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V			0.4	1	
ļ.	Due input current	V <sub>IH</sub> = 12 V, V <sub>CC</sub> = 0	Other innut at 0.1/		0.5	1	A
"	Bus input current	$V_{IH} = -7 \text{ V},  V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$	Other input at 0 V	-0.8	-0.4		mA
		$V_{IH} = -7 \text{ V},  V_{CC} = 0$		-0.8	-0.3		

# receiver switching characteristics over recommended operating conditions (unless otherwise noted)

	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
tPLH	Propagation delay time, low-to-high-level output			7	13	20	ns
tPHL	Propagation delay time, high-to-low-level output	$V_{ID} = -1.5 \text{ V to } 1.5 \text{ V},$	See Figure 4	7	13	20	ns
t <sub>sk(p)</sub>	Pulse skew ( tpLH - tpHL )				0.5	1.5	ns
t <sub>r</sub>	Rise time, output	See Figure 4			2.1	3.3	ns
t <sub>f</sub>	Fall time, output				2.1	3.3	ns

## PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

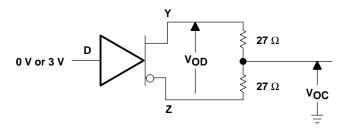


Figure 1. Driver V<sub>OD</sub> and V<sub>OC</sub>

### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

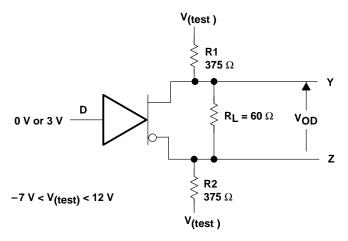
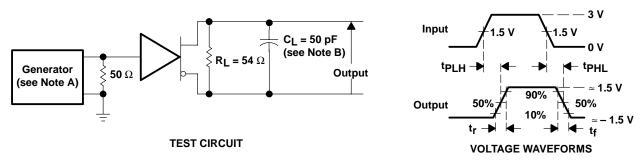
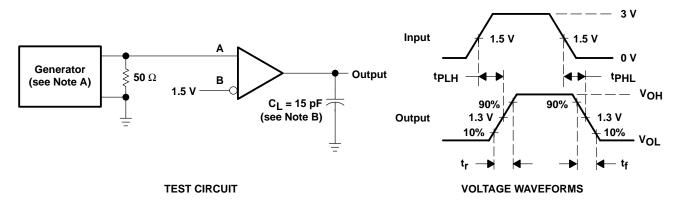


Figure 2. Driver V<sub>OD</sub> With Common-Mode Loading



- NOTES: A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  1 MHz, 50% duty cycle,  $t_{\Gamma} \leq$  6 ns,  $t_{\Gamma} \leq$  7 ns,  $t_{\Gamma} \leq$  8 ns,  $t_{\Gamma} \leq$  9 ns,  $t_$ 
  - B. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 3. Driver Test Circuits and Voltage Waveforms



- NOTES: A. The input pulse is supplied by a generator having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  1 MHz, 50% duty cycle,  $t_{\Gamma} \leq$  6 ns,  $t_{\Gamma} \leq$  7 ns,  $t_{\Gamma} \leq$  8 ns,  $t_{\Gamma} \leq$  8 ns,  $t_{\Gamma} \leq$  9 ns,  $t_$ 
  - B. C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 4. Receiver Test Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



### **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

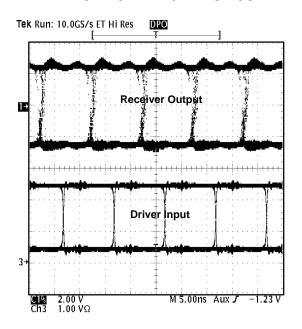
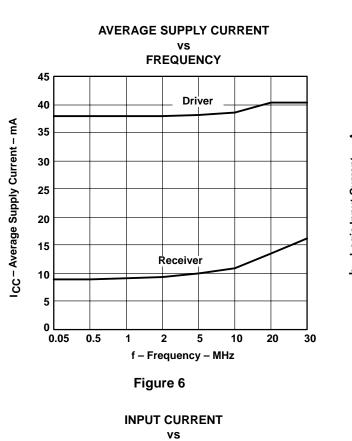


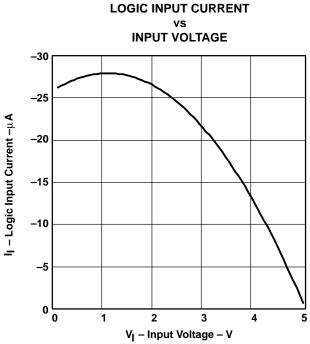


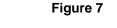
Figure 5. Typical Waveform of Non-Return-To-Zero (NRZ), Pseudorandom Binary Sequence (PRBS) Data at 100 Mbps Through 15m, of CAT 5 Unshielded Twisted Pair (UTP) Cable

TIA/EIA-485-A defines a maximum signaling rate as that in which the transition time of the voltage transition of a logic-state change remains less than or equal to 30% of the bit length. Transition times of greater length perform quite well even though they do not meet the standard by definition.

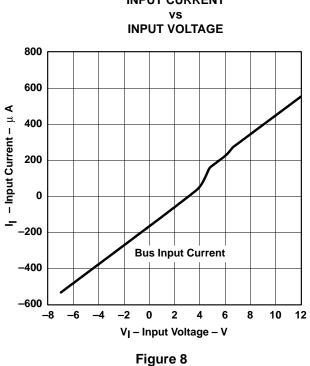
## **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

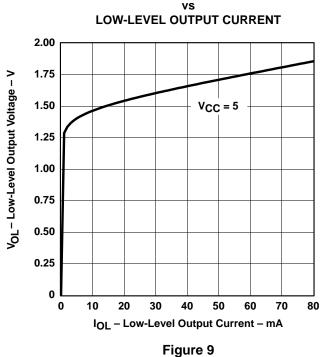






**LOW-LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE** 





TEXAS INSTRUMENTS

#### TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

# **DRIVER HIGH-LEVEL OUTPUT VOLTAGE HIGH-LEVEL OUTPUT CURRENT** 4.5 $V_{CC} = 5.25 \text{ V}$ 3.5 3 2.5 V<sub>CC</sub> = 5 V 2 V<sub>CC</sub> = 4.75 V 1.5 1 0.5

VOH - Driver High-Level Output Voltage - V

0

Figure 10

-40 I<sub>OH</sub> – High-Level Output Current – (mA)

-30

-50

-60

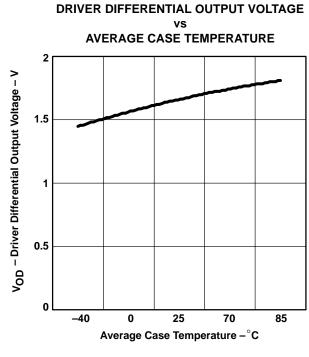


Figure 11

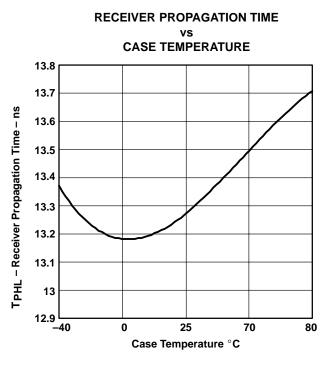


Figure 12

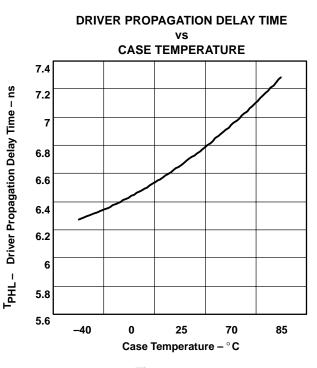


Figure 13

#### **TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

## **DRIVER OUTPUT CURRENT** SUPPLY VOLTAGE 90 65 40 Io - Driver Output Current - mA 15 ЮН -10 -35 -60 -85 -110 -135 loL -160 -185 3 V<sub>CC</sub> - Supply Voltage - V

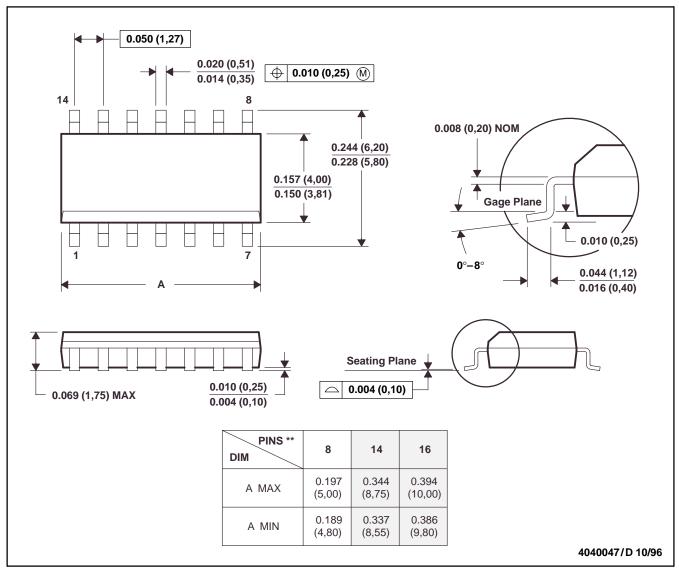
Figure 14

#### MECHANICAL INFORMATION

## D (R-PDSO-G\*\*)

### PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE

#### 14 PINS SHOWN



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

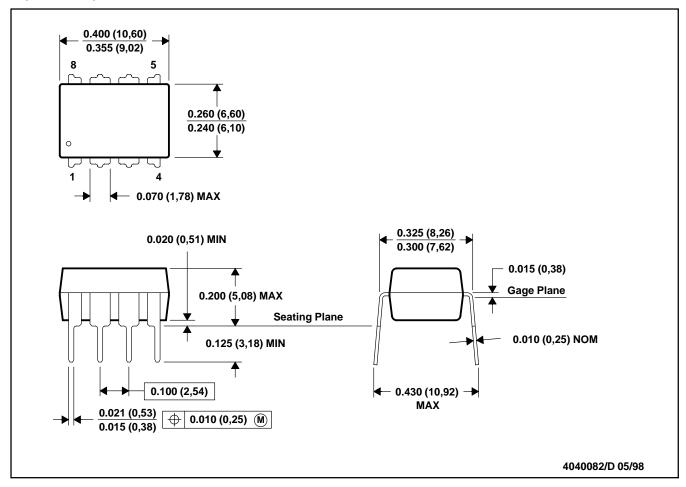
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.

C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion, not to exceed 0.006 (0,15).

D. Falls within JEDEC MS-012

#### **MECHANICAL INFORMATION**

## P (R-PDIP-T8) PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE



NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).

- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Falls within JEDEC MS-001

For the latest package information, go to  $http://www.ti.com/sc/docs/package/pkg\_info.htm$ 



#### **IMPORTANT NOTICE**

Texas Instruments Incorporated and its subsidiaries (TI) reserve the right to make corrections, modifications, enhancements, improvements, and other changes to its products and services at any time and to discontinue any product or service without notice. Customers should obtain the latest relevant information before placing orders and should verify that such information is current and complete. All products are sold subject to TI's terms and conditions of sale supplied at the time of order acknowledgment.

TI warrants performance of its hardware products to the specifications applicable at the time of sale in accordance with TI's standard warranty. Testing and other quality control techniques are used to the extent TI deems necessary to support this warranty. Except where mandated by government requirements, testing of all parameters of each product is not necessarily performed.

TI assumes no liability for applications assistance or customer product design. Customers are responsible for their products and applications using TI components. To minimize the risks associated with customer products and applications, customers should provide adequate design and operating safeguards.

TI does not warrant or represent that any license, either express or implied, is granted under any TI patent right, copyright, mask work right, or other TI intellectual property right relating to any combination, machine, or process in which TI products or services are used. Information published by TI regarding third—party products or services does not constitute a license from TI to use such products or services or a warranty or endorsement thereof. Use of such information may require a license from a third party under the patents or other intellectual property of the third party, or a license from TI under the patents or other intellectual property of TI.

Reproduction of information in TI data books or data sheets is permissible only if reproduction is without alteration and is accompanied by all associated warranties, conditions, limitations, and notices. Reproduction of this information with alteration is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for such altered documentation.

Resale of TI products or services with statements different from or beyond the parameters stated by TI for that product or service voids all express and any implied warranties for the associated TI product or service and is an unfair and deceptive business practice. TI is not responsible or liable for any such statements.

Mailing Address:

Texas Instruments Post Office Box 655303 Dallas, Texas 75265

Copyright © 2002, Texas Instruments Incorporated