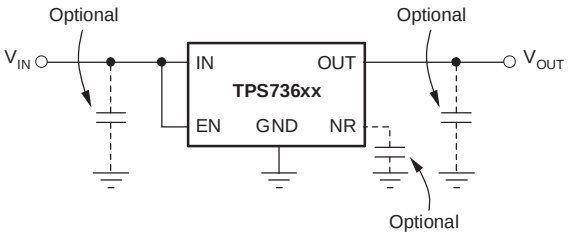
Cap-Free, NMOS, 400mA Low-Dropout Regulator with Reverse Current Protection

FEATURES

- **Stable with No Output Capacitor or Any Value or Type of Capacitor**
- **Input Voltage Range of 1.7V to 5.5V**
- **Ultra-Low Dropout Voltage: 75mV typ**
- **Excellent Load Transient Response—with or without Optional Output Capacitor**
- **New NMOS Topology Delivers Low Reverse Leakage Current**
- **Low Noise: 30μV_{RMS} typ (10Hz to 100kHz)**
- **0.5% Initial Accuracy**
- **1% Overall Accuracy Over Line, Load, and Temperature**
- **Less Than 1μA max I_Q in Shutdown Mode**
- **Thermal Shutdown and Specified Min/Max Current Limit Protection**
- **Available in Multiple Output Voltage Versions**
  - **Fixed Outputs of 1.20V to 5.0V**
  - **Adjustable Output from 1.20V to 5.5V**
  - **Custom Outputs Available**

APPLICATIONS

- **Portable/Battery-Powered Equipment**
- **Post-Regulation for Switching Supplies**
- **Noise-Sensitive Circuitry such as VCOs**
- **Point of Load Regulation for DSPs, FPGAs, ASICs, and Microprocessors**



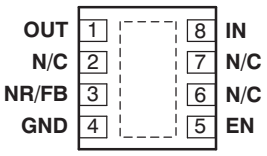
Typical Application Circuit for Fixed Voltage Versions

DESCRIPTION

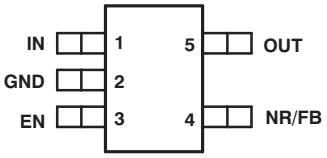
The TPS736xx family of low-dropout (LDO) linear voltage regulators uses a new topology: an NMOS pass element in a voltage-follower configuration. This topology is stable using output capacitors with low ESR, and even allows operation without a capacitor. It also provides high reverse blockage (low reverse current) and ground pin current that is nearly constant over all values of output current.

The TPS736xx uses an advanced BiCMOS process to yield high precision while delivering very low dropout voltages and low ground pin current. Current consumption, when not enabled, is under 1μA and ideal for portable applications. The extremely low output noise (30μV_{RMS} with 0.1μF C_{NR}) is ideal for powering VCOs. These devices are protected by thermal shutdown and foldback current limit.

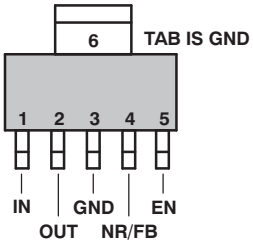
DRB PACKAGE
3mmx 3mm SON
(TOP VIEW)



DBV PACKAGE
SOT23
(TOP VIEW)



DCQ PACKAGE
SOT223
(TOP VIEW)



This integrated circuit can be damaged by ESD. Texas Instruments recommends that all integrated circuits be handled with appropriate precautions. Failure to observe proper handling and installation procedures can cause damage.

ESD damage can range from subtle performance degradation to complete device failure. Precision integrated circuits may be more susceptible to damage because very small parametric changes could cause the device not to meet its published specifications.

ORDERING INFORMATION(1)

PRODUCT	V_{OUT}(2)
TPS736**xxyyyz**	**XX** is nominal output voltage (for example, 25 = 2.5V, 01 = Adjustable(3)). **YYY** is package designator. **Z** is package quantity.

(1) For the most current specification and package information, refer to the Package Option Addendum located at the end of this datasheet or see the TI website at www.ti.com.
(2) Most output voltages of 1.25V and 1.3V to 5.0V in 100mV increments are available on a quick-turn basis using innovative factory EEPROM programming. Minimum order quantities apply; contact factory for details and availability.
(3) For fixed 1.20V operation, tie FB to OUT.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

over operating free-air temperature range unless otherwise noted(1)

	TPS736xx	UNIT
V_{IN} range	–0.3 to 6.0	V
V_{EN} range	–0.3 to 6.0	V
V_{OUT} range	–0.3 to 5.5	V
V_{NR}, V_{FB} range	–0.3 to 6.0	V
Peak output current	Internally limited	
Output short-circuit duration	Indefinite	
Continuous total power dissipation	See Dissipation Ratings Table	
Junction temperature range, T_J	–55 to +150	°C
Storage temperature range	–65 to +150	°C
ESD rating, HBM	2	kV
ESD rating, CDM	500	V

(1) Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under the Electrical Characteristics is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

POWER DISSIPATION RATINGS(1)

BOARD	PACKAGE	$R_{\theta JC}$	$R_{\theta JA}$	DERATING FACTOR ABOVE T_A = 25°C	$T_A \le 25°C$ POWER RATING	T_A = 70°C POWER RATING	T_A = 85°C POWER RATING
Low-K(2)	DBV	64°C/W	255°C/W	3.9mW/°C	390mW	215mW	155mW
High-K(3)	DBV	64°C/W	180°C/W	5.6mW/°C	560mW	310mW	225mW
Low-K(2)	DCQ	15°C/W	53°C/W	18.9mW/°C	1.89W	1.04W	0.76W
High-K(3)	DCQ	15°C/W	45°C/W	22.2mW/°C	2.22W	1.22W	0.89W
High-K(3)(4)	DRB	1.2°C/W	40°C/W	25.0mW/°C	2.50W	1.38W	1.0W

(1) See *Power Dissipation* in the **Applications** section for more information related to thermal design.
(2) The JEDEC Low-K (1s) board design used to derive this data was a 3inch x 3inch, 2-layer board with 2-ounce copper traces on top of the board.
(3) The JEDEC High-K (2s2p) board design used to derive this data was a 3inch x 3inch, multilayer board with 1-ounce internal power and ground planes and 2-ounce copper traces on the top and bottom of the board.
(4) Based on preliminary thermal simulations.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Over operating temperature range (T_J = –40°C to +125°C), V_{IN} = $V_{OUT(nom)}$ + 0.5V(1), I_{OUT} = 10mA, V_{EN} = 1.7V, and C_{OUT} = 0.1µF, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T_J = +25°C.

PARAMETER			TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
V_{IN}	Input voltage range(1) (2)			1.7		5.5	V
V_{FB}	Internal reference (TPS73601)		T_J = +25°C	1.198	1.20	1.210	V
V_{OUT}	Output voltage range (TPS73601)(3)			V_{FB}		5.5 – V_{DO}	V
	Accuracy(1) (4)	Nominal	T_J = +25°C	–0.5		+0.5	%
		over V_{IN}, I_{OUT}, and T	V_{OUT} + 0.5V ≤ V_{IN} ≤ 5.5V; 10mA ≤ I_{OUT} ≤ 400mA	–1.0	±0.5	+1.0	%
$\Delta V_{OUT}\%/\Delta V_{IN}$	Line regulation(1)		$V_{O(nom)}$ + 0.5V ≤ V_{IN} ≤ 5.5V		0.01		%/V
$\Delta V_{OUT}\%/\Delta I_{OUT}$	Load regulation		1mA ≤ I_{OUT} ≤ 400mA		0.002		%/mA
			10mA ≤ I_{OUT} ≤ 400mA		0.0005		
V_{DO}	Dropout voltage(5) (V_{IN} = $V_{OUT(nom)}$ – 0.1V)		I_{OUT} = 400mA		75	200	mV
Z_O(DO)	Output impedance in dropout		1.7V ≤ V_{IN} ≤ V_{OUT} + V_{DO}		0.25		Ω
I_{CL}	Output current limit		V_{OUT} = 0.9 × $V_{OUT(nom)}$	400	650	800	mA
			3.6V ≤ V_{IN} ≤ 4.2V, 0°C ≤ T_J ≤ +70°C	500		800	mA
I_{SC}	Short-circuit current		V_{OUT} = 0V		450		mA
I_{REV}	Reverse leakage current(6) (–I_{IN})		V_{EN} ≤ 0.5V, 0V ≤ V_{IN} ≤ V_{OUT}		0.1	10	µA
I_{GND}	Ground pin current		I_{OUT} = 10mA (I_Q)		400	550	µA
			I_{OUT} = 400mA		800	1000	
I_{SHDN}	Shutdown current (I_{GND})		V_{EN} ≤ 0.5V, V_{OUT} ≤ V_{IN} ≤ 5.5, –40°C ≤ T_J ≤ +100°C		0.02	1	µA
I_{FB}	FB pin current (TPS73601)				0.1	0.3	µA
PSRR	Power-supply rejection ratio (ripple rejection)		f = 100Hz, I_{OUT} = 400mA		58		dB
			f = 10KHz, I_{OUT} = 400mA		37		
V_N	Output noise voltage BW = 10Hz – 100KHz		C_{OUT} = 10µF, No C_{NR}		27 × V_{OUT}		μV_{RMS}
			C_{OUT} = 10µF, C_{NR} = 0.01µF		8.5 × V_{OUT}		
t_{STR}	Startup time		V_{OUT} = 3V, R_L = 30Ω C_{OUT} = 1µF, C_{NR} = 0.01µF		600		µs
V_{EN}(HI)	Enable high (enabled)			1.7		V_{IN}	V
V_{EN}(LO)	Enable low (shutdown)			0		0.5	V
I_{EN}(HI)	Enable pin current (enabled)		V_{EN} = 5.5V		0.02	0.1	µA
T_{SD}	Thermal shutdown temperature		Shutdown, temperature increasing		+160		°C
			Reset, temperature decreasing		+140		
T_J	Operating junction temperature			–40		+125	°C

(1) Minimum V_{IN} = V_{OUT} + V_{DO} or 1.7V, whichever is greater.
(2) For $V_{OUT(nom)}$ < 1.6V, when V_{IN} ≤ 1.6V, the output will lock to V_{IN} and may result in a damaging over-voltage level on the output. To avoid this situation, disable the device before powering down the V_{IN}.
(3) TPS73601 is tested at V_{OUT} = 2.5V.
(4) Tolerance of external resistors not included in this specification.
(5) V_{DO} is not measured for fixed output versions with $V_{OUT(nom)}$ < 1.8V.
(6) Fixed-voltage versions only; refer to Applications section for more information.

FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAMS

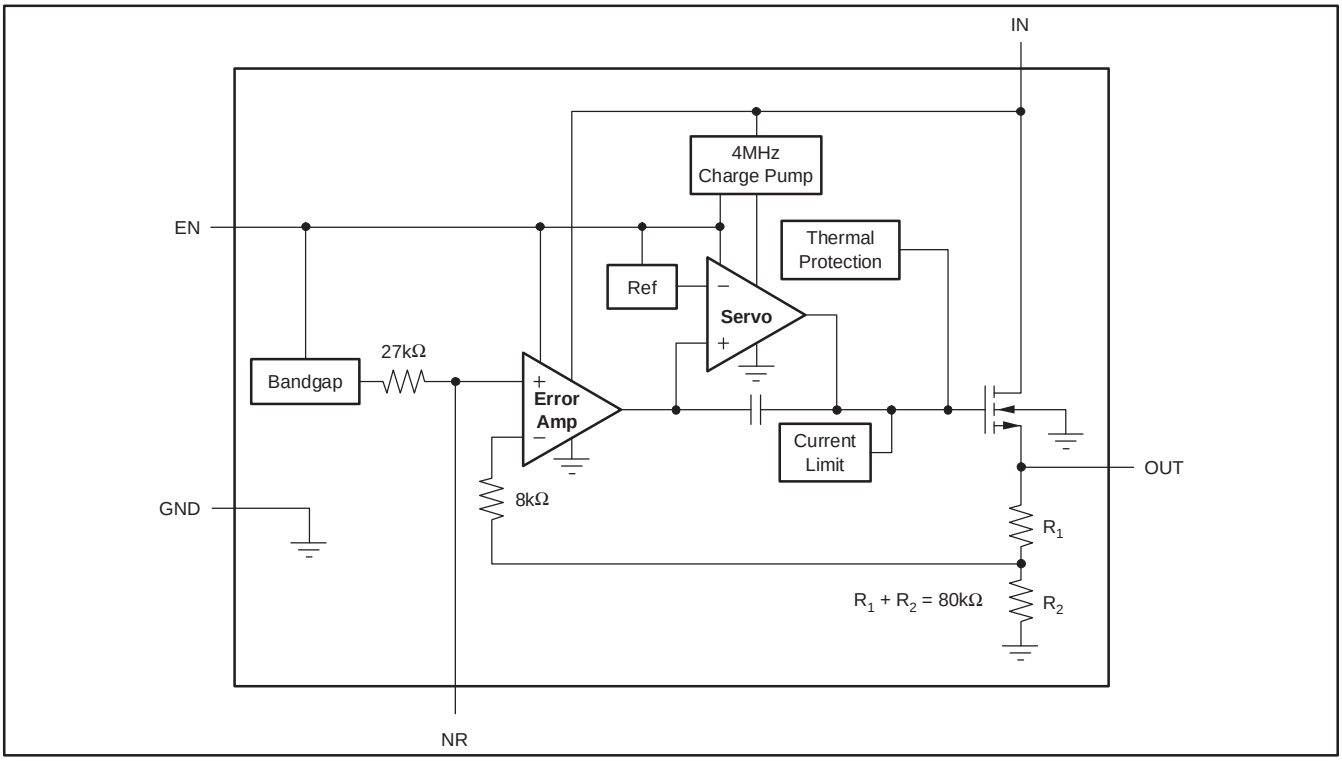


Figure 1. Fixed Voltage Version

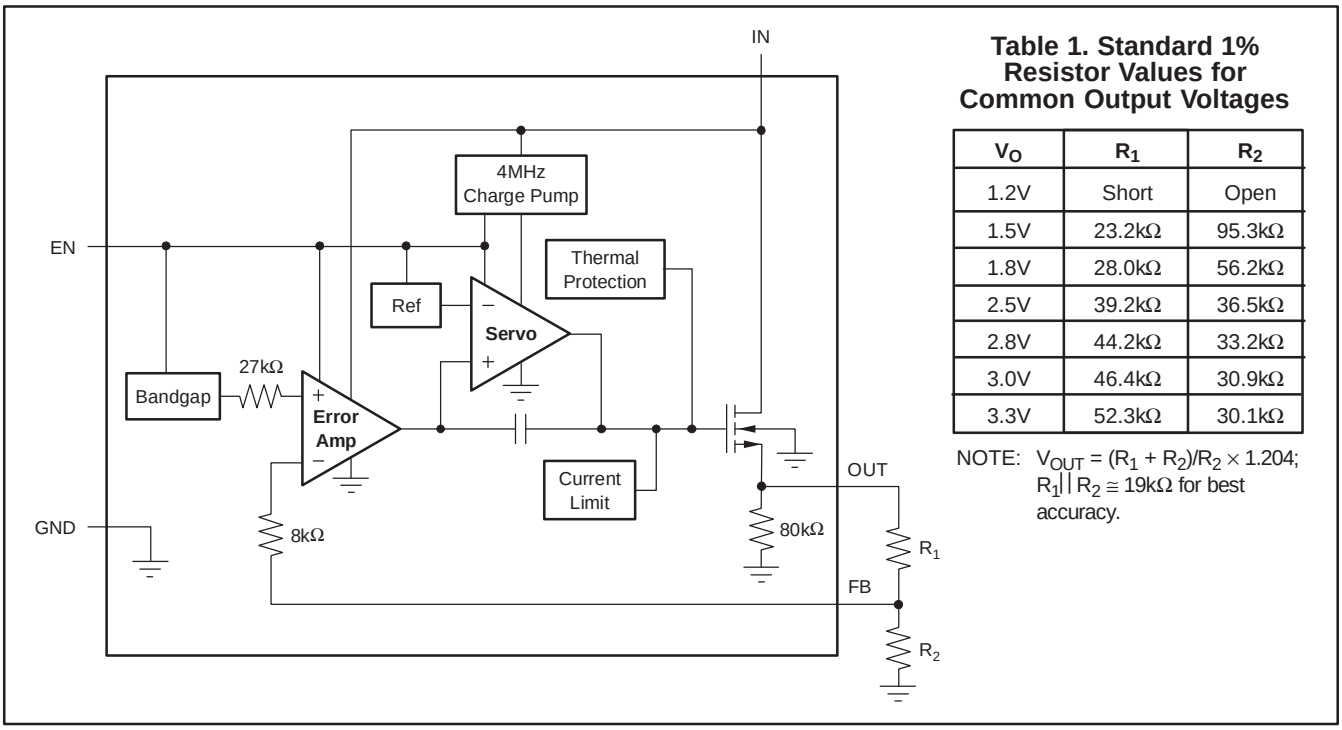


Table 1. Standard 1% Resistor Values for Common Output Voltages

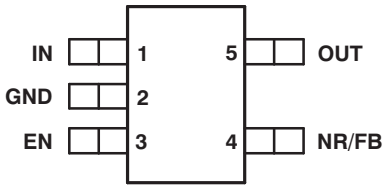
V_O	R_1	R_2
1.2V	Short	Open
1.5V	23.2kΩ	95.3kΩ
1.8V	28.0kΩ	56.2kΩ
2.5V	39.2kΩ	36.5kΩ
2.8V	44.2kΩ	33.2kΩ
3.0V	46.4kΩ	30.9kΩ
3.3V	52.3kΩ	30.1kΩ

NOTE: $V_{OUT} = (R_1 + R_2)/R_2 \times 1.204$; $R_1 \| R_2 \cong 19k\Omega$ for best accuracy.

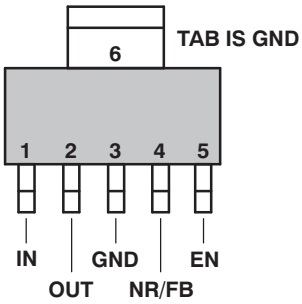
Figure 2. Adjustable Voltage Version

PIN ASSIGNMENTS

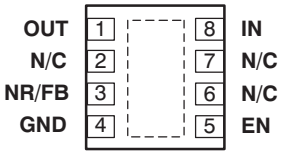
DBV PACKAGE
SOT23
(TOP VIEW)



DCQ PACKAGE
SOT223
(TOP VIEW)



DRB PACKAGE
3mm x 3mm SON
(TOP VIEW)



Terminal Functions

NAME	SOT23 (DBV) PIN NO.	SOT223 (DCQ) PIN NO.	3x3 SON (DRB) PIN NO.	DESCRIPTION
IN	1	1	8	Input supply
GND	2	3, 6	4, Pad	Ground
EN	3	5	5	Driving the enable pin (EN) high turns on the regulator. Driving this pin low puts the regulator into shutdown mode. Refer to the Shutdown section under Applications Information for more details. EN can be connected to IN if not used.
NR	4	4	3	Fixed voltage versions only—connecting an external capacitor to this pin bypasses noise generated by the internal bandgap, reducing output noise to very low levels.
FB	4	4	3	Adjustable voltage version only—this is the input to the control loop error amplifier, and is used to set the output voltage of the device.
OUT	5	2	1	Output of the Regulator. There are no output capacitor requirements for stability.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

For all voltage versions, at T_J = +25°C, V_{IN} = $V_{OUT(nom)}$ + 0.5V, I_{OUT} = 10mA, V_{EN} = 1.7V, and C_{OUT} = 0.1µF, unless otherwise noted.

LOAD REGULATION

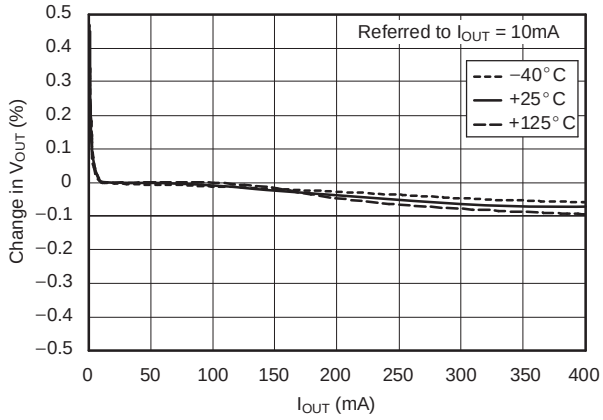


Figure 3.

LINE REGULATION

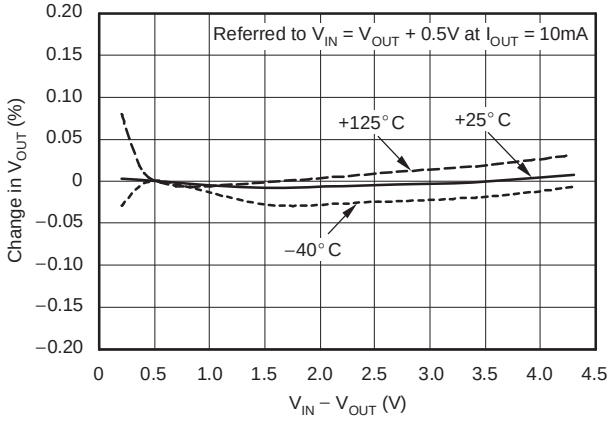


Figure 4.

DROPOUT VOLTAGE vs OUTPUT CURRENT

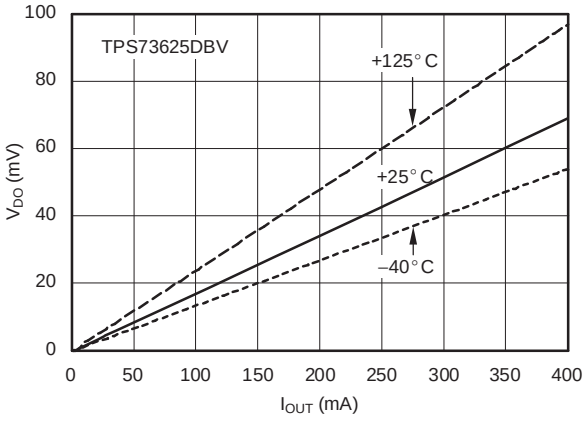


Figure 5.

DROPOUT VOLTAGE vs TEMPERATURE

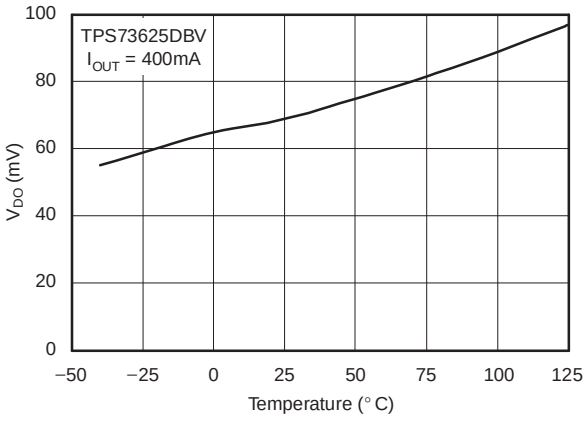


Figure 6.

OUTPUT VOLTAGE ACCURACY HISTOGRAM

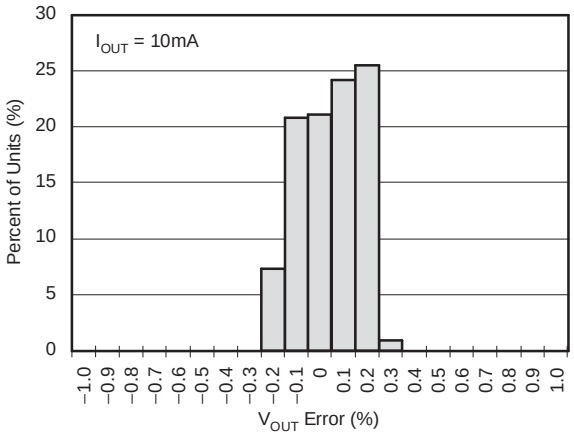


Figure 7.

OUTPUT VOLTAGE DRIFT HISTOGRAM

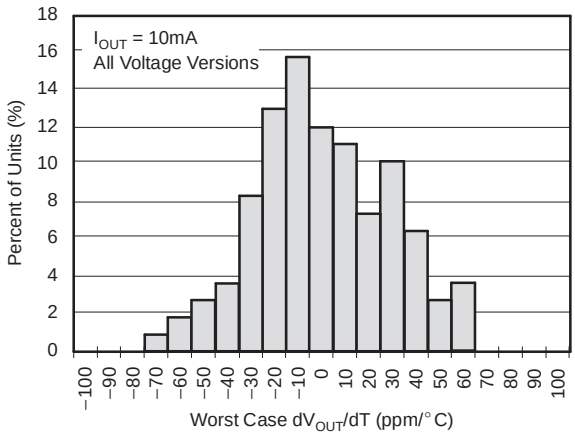


Figure 8.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

For all voltage versions, at T_J = +25°C, V_{IN} = $V_{OUT(nom)}$ + 0.5V, I_{OUT} = 10mA, V_{EN} = 1.7V, and C_{OUT} = 0.1µF, unless otherwise noted.

GROUND PIN CURRENT vs OUTPUT CURRENT

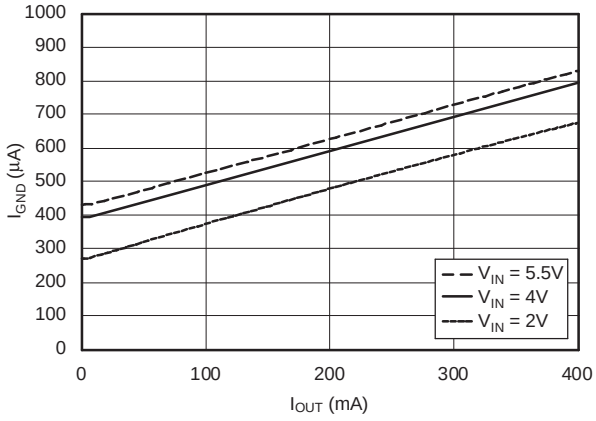


Figure 9.

GROUND PIN CURRENT vs TEMPERATURE

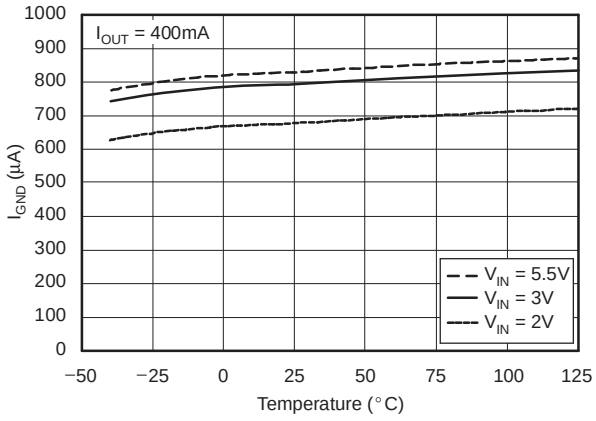


Figure 10.

GROUND PIN CURRENT in SHUTDOWN vs TEMPERATURE

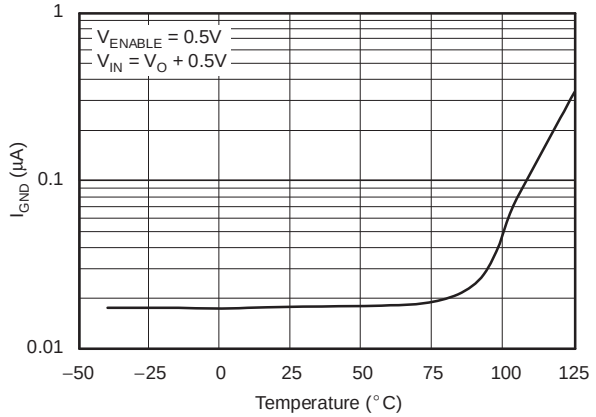


Figure 11.

CURRENT LIMIT vs V_{OUT} (FOLDBACK)

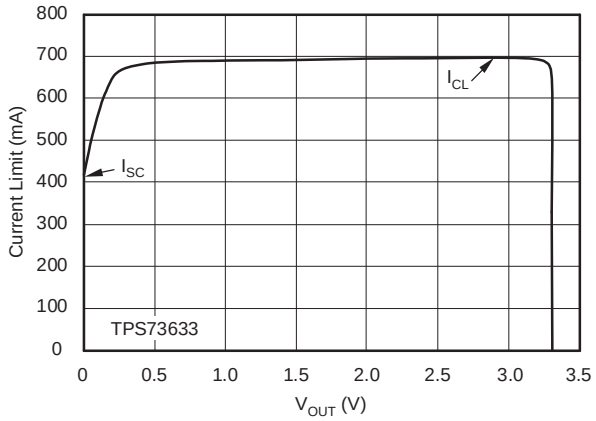


Figure 12.

CURRENT LIMIT vs V_{IN}

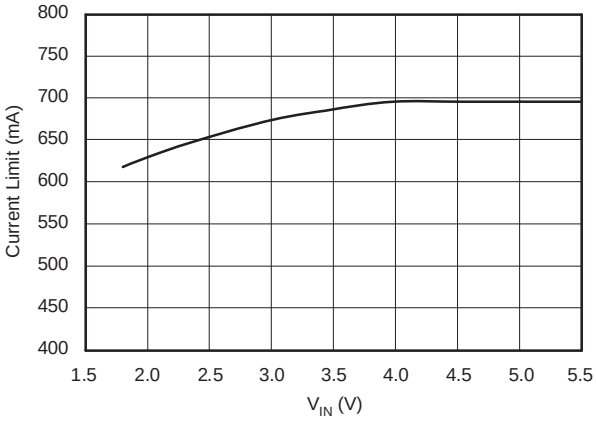


Figure 13.

CURRENT LIMIT vs TEMPERATURE

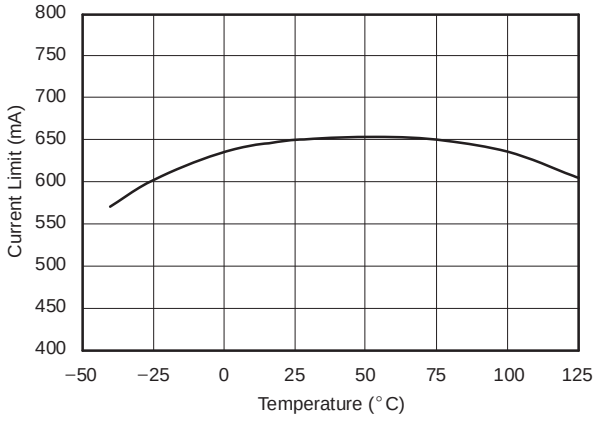


Figure 14.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

For all voltage versions, at T_J = +25°C, V_{IN} = $V_{OUT(nom)}$ + 0.5V, I_{OUT} = 10mA, V_{EN} = 1.7V, and C_{OUT} = 0.1µF, unless otherwise noted.

PSRR (RIPPLE REJECTION) vs FREQUENCY

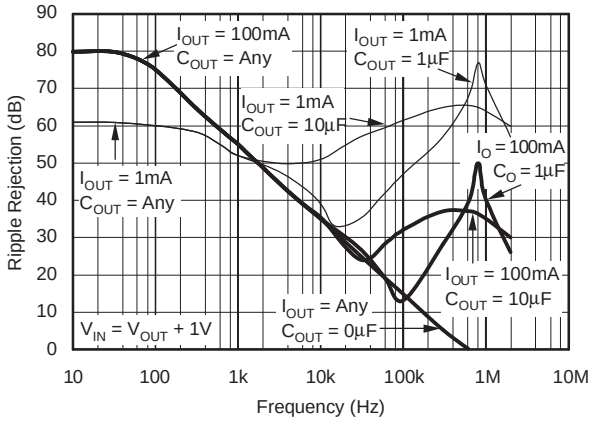


Figure 15.

PSRR (RIPPLE REJECTION) vs V_{IN} – V_{OUT}

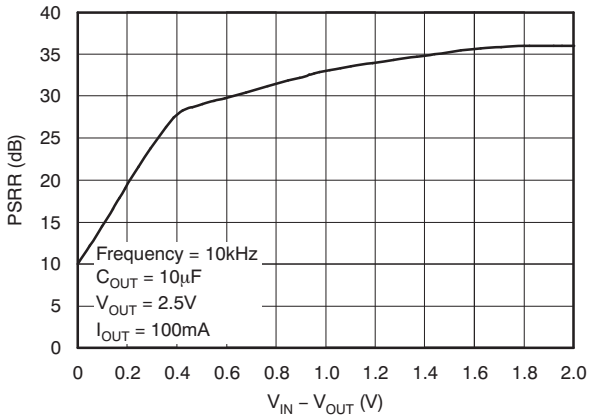


Figure 16.

NOISE SPECTRAL DENSITY
C_{NR} = 0µF

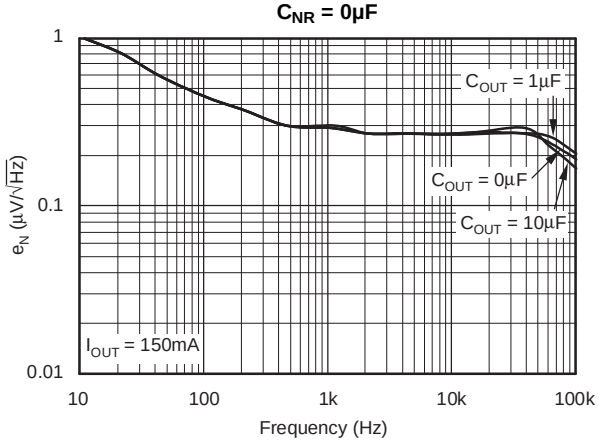


Figure 17.

NOISE SPECTRAL DENSITY
C_{NR} = 0.01µF

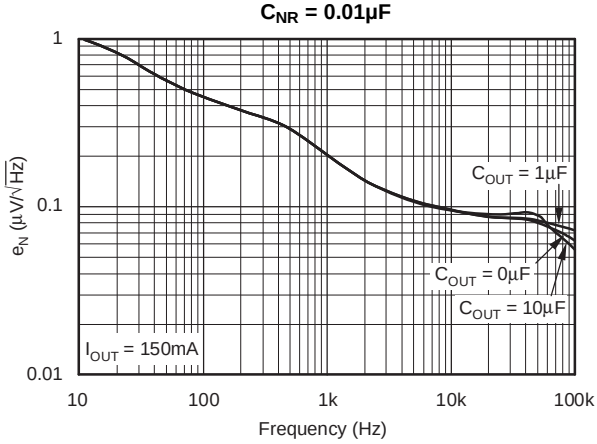


Figure 18.

RMS NOISE VOLTAGE vs C_{OUT}

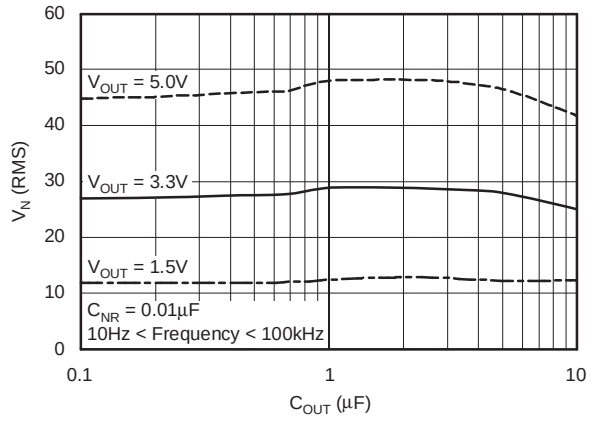


Figure 19.

RMS NOISE VOLTAGE vs C_{NR}

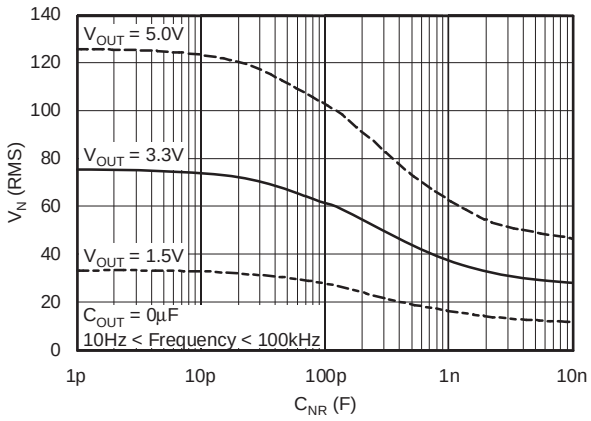


Figure 20.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

For all voltage versions, at T_J = +25°C, V_{IN} = $V_{OUT(nom)}$ + 0.5V, I_{OUT} = 10mA, V_{EN} = 1.7V, and C_{OUT} = 0.1µF, unless otherwise noted.

TPS73633
LOAD TRANSIENT RESPONSE

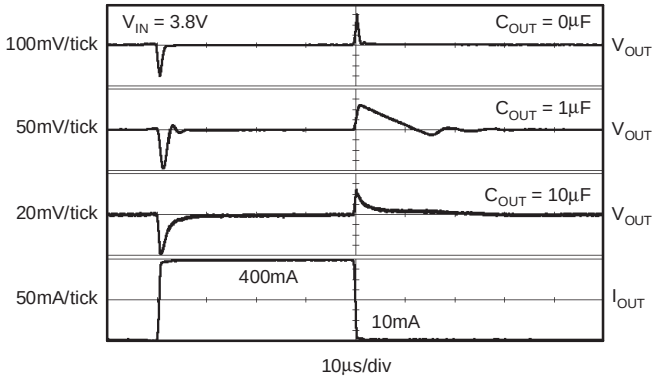


Figure 21.

TPS73633
LINE TRANSIENT RESPONSE

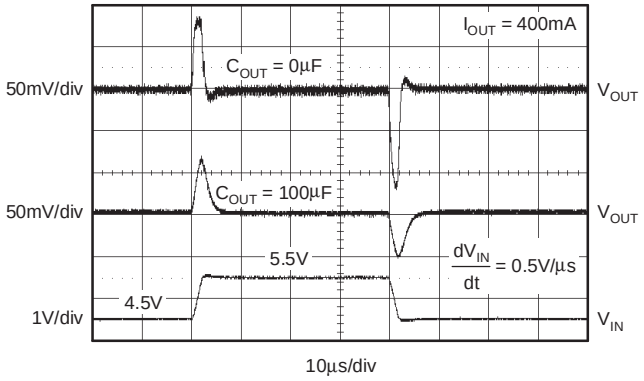


Figure 22.

TPS73633
TURN-ON RESPONSE

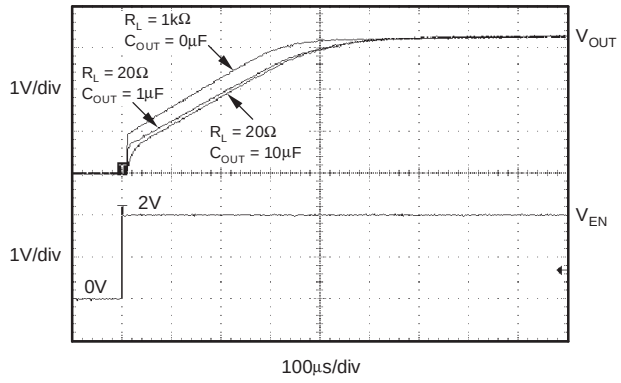


Figure 23.

TPS73633
TURN-OFF RESPONSE

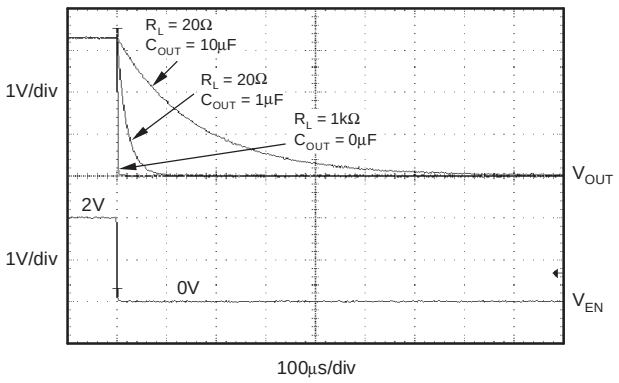


Figure 24.

TPS73633
POWER UP / POWER DOWN

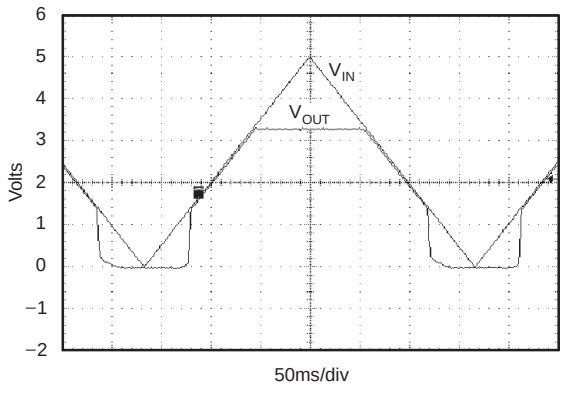


Figure 25.

I_{ENABLE} vs TEMPERATURE

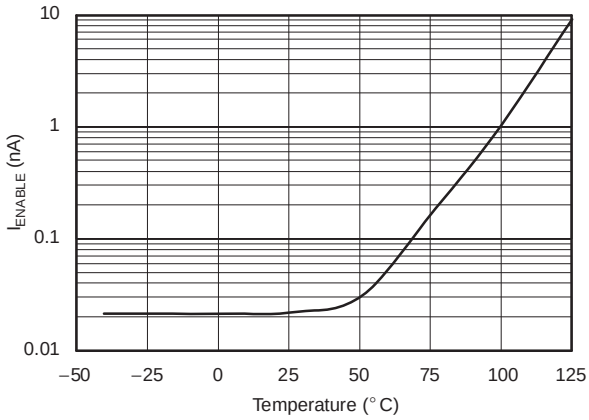


Figure 26.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

For all voltage versions, at T_J = +25°C, V_{IN} = $V_{OUT(nom)}$ + 0.5V, I_{OUT} = 10mA, V_{EN} = 1.7V, and C_{OUT} = 0.1µF, unless otherwise noted.

TPS73601
RMS NOISE VOLTAGE vs C_{FB}

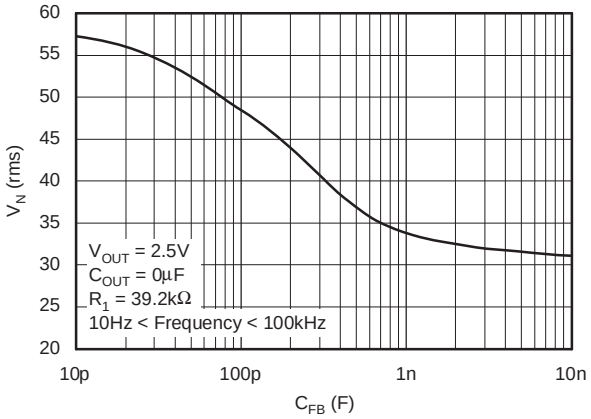


Figure 27.

TPS73601
I_{FB} vs TEMPERATURE

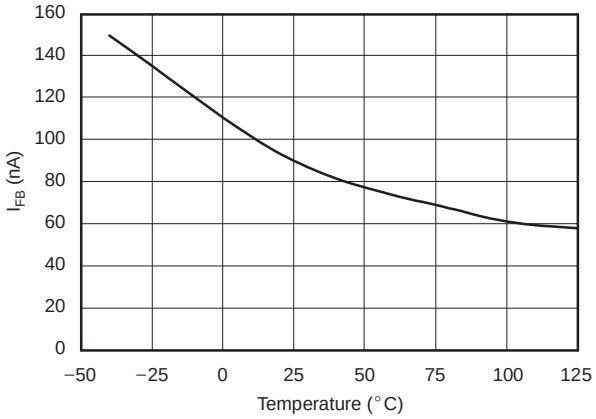


Figure 28.

TPS73601
LOAD TRANSIENT, ADJUSTABLE VERSION

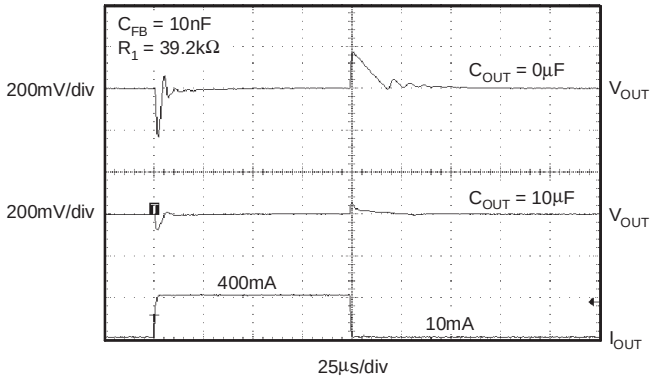


Figure 29.

TPS73601
LINE TRANSIENT, ADJUSTABLE VERSION

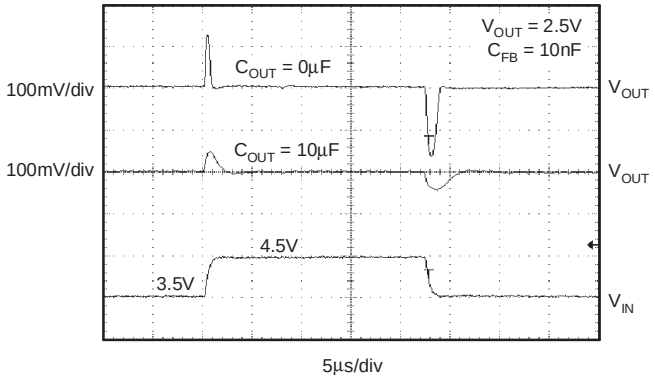


Figure 30.

APPLICATION INFORMATION

The TPS736xx belongs to a family of new generation LDO regulators that use an NMOS pass transistor to achieve ultra-low-dropout performance, reverse current blockage, and freedom from output capacitor constraints. These features, combined with low noise and an enable input, make the TPS736xx ideal for portable applications. This regulator family offers a wide selection of fixed output voltage versions and an adjustable output version. All versions have thermal and over-current protection, including foldback current limit.

Figure 31 shows the basic circuit connections for the fixed voltage models. Figure 32 gives the connections for the adjustable output version (TPS73601).

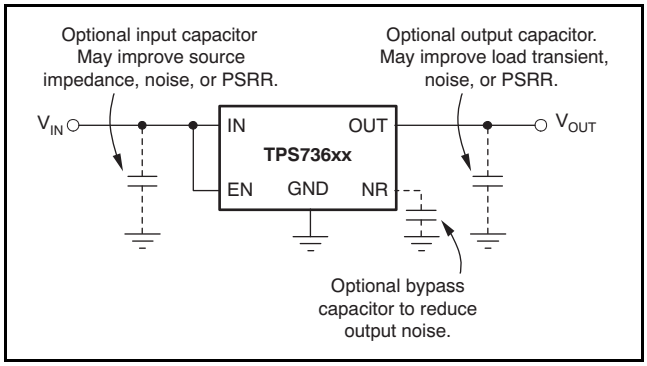


Figure 31. Typical Application Circuit for Fixed-Voltage Versions

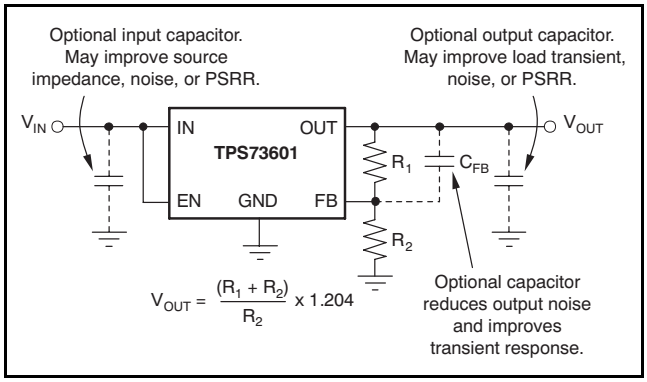


Figure 32. Typical Application Circuit for Adjustable-Voltage Version

R_1 and R_2 can be calculated for any output voltage using the formula shown in Figure 32. Sample resistor values for common output voltages are shown in Figure 2.

For best accuracy, make the parallel combination of R_1 and R_2 approximately euqal to 19kΩ. This 19kΩ, in addition to the internal 8kΩ resistor, presents the same impedance to the error amp as the 27kΩ bandgap reference output. This impedance helps compensate for leakages into the error amp terminals.

Input and Output Capacitor Requirements

Although an input capacitor is not required for stability, it is good analog design practice to connect a 0.1μF to 1μF low ESR capacitor across the input supply near the regulator. This counteracts reactive input sources and improves transient response, noise rejection, and ripple rejection. A higher-value capacitor may be necessary if large, fast rise-time load transients are anticipated or the device is located several inches from the power source.

The TPS736xx does not require an output capacitor for stability and has maximum phase margin with no capacitor. It is designed to be stable for all available types and values of capacitors. In applications where $V_{IN} - V_{OUT} < 0.5V$ and multiple low ESR capacitors are in parallel, ringing may occur when the product of C_{OUT} and total ESR drops below 50nΩF. Total ESR includes all parasitic resistances, including capacitor ESR and board, socket, and solder joint resistance. In most applications, the sum of capacitor ESR and trace resistance will meet this requirement.

Output Noise

A precision band-gap reference is used to generate the internal reference voltage, V_{REF}. This reference is the dominant noise source within the TPS736xx and it generates approximately $32\mu V_{RMS}$ (10Hz to 100kHz) at the reference output (NR). The regulator control loop gains up the reference noise with the same gain as the reference voltage, so that the noise voltage of the regulator is approximately given by:

$$V_N = 32\mu V_{RMS} \times \frac{(R_1 + R_2)}{R_2} = 32\mu V_{RMS} \times \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{REF}} \quad (1)$$

Since the value of V_{REF} is 1.2V, this relationship reduces to:

$$V_N(\mu V_{RMS}) = 27\left(\frac{\mu V_{RMS}}{V}\right) \times V_{OUT}(V) \quad (2)$$

for the case of no C_{NR}.

An internal 27kΩ resistor in series with the noise reduction pin (NR) forms a low-pass filter for the voltage reference when an external noise reduction capacitor, C_{NR}, is connected from NR to ground. For C_{NR} = 10nF, the total noise in the 10Hz to 100kHz bandwidth is reduced by a factor of ~3.2, giving the approximate relationship:

$$V_N(\mu V_{RMS}) = 8.5\left(\frac{\mu V_{RMS}}{V}\right) \times V_{OUT}(V) \quad (3)$$

for C_{NR} = 10nF.

This noise reduction effect is shown as RMS Noise Voltage vs C_{NR} in the Typical Characteristics section.

The TPS73601 adjustable version does not have the noise-reduction pin available. However, connecting a feedback capacitor, C_{FB}, from the output to the FB pin reduces output noise and improves load transient performance.

The TPS736xx uses an internal charge pump to develop an internal supply voltage sufficient to drive the gate of the NMOS pass element above V_{OUT}. The charge pump generates ~250μV of switching noise at ~4MHz; however, charge-pump noise contribution is negligible at the output of the regulator for most values of I_{OUT} and C_{OUT}.

Board Layout Recommendation to Improve PSRR and Noise Performance

To improve ac performance such as PSRR, output noise, and transient response, it is recommended that the board be designed with separate ground planes for V_{IN} and V_{OUT}, with each ground plane connected only at the GND pin of the device. In addition, the ground connection for the bypass capacitor should connect directly to the GND pin of the device.

Internal Current Limit

The TPS736xx internal current limit helps protect the regulator during fault conditions. Foldback current limit helps to protect the regulator from damage during output short-circuit conditions by reducing current limit when V_{OUT} drops below 0.5V. See Figure 12 in the Typical Characteristics section.

Shutdown

The Enable pin is active high and is compatible with standard TTL-CMOS levels. V_{EN} below 0.5V (max) turns the regulator off and drops the ground pin current to approximately 10nA. When shutdown capability is not required, the Enable pin can be connected to V_{IN}. When a pull-up resistor is used, and operation down to 1.8V is required, use pull-up resistor values below 50kΩ. To ensure all charge is removed from the gate of the pass element, the Enable pin must be driven low before the input voltage is removed. If the Enable pin is not driven low, the pass element may be left on because of stored charge on the gate.

Dropout Voltage

The TPS736xx uses an NMOS pass transistor to achieve extremely low dropout. When (V_{IN} – V_{OUT}) is less than the dropout voltage (V_{DO}), the NMOS pass device is in its linear region of operation and the input-to-output resistance is the R_{DS-ON} of the NMOS pass element.

For large step changes in load current, the TPS736xx requires a larger voltage drop from V_{IN} to V_{OUT} to avoid degraded transient response. The boundary of this transient dropout region is approximately twice the dc dropout. Values of V_{IN} – V_{OUT} above this line ensure normal transient response.

Operating in the transient dropout region can cause an increase in recovery time. The time required to recover from a load transient is a function of the magnitude of the change in load current rate, the rate of change in load current, and the available headroom (V_{IN} to V_{OUT} voltage drop). Under worst-case conditions [full-scale instantaneous load change with (V_{IN} – V_{OUT}) close to dc dropout levels], the TPS736xx can take a couple of hundred microseconds to return to the specified regulation accuracy.

Transient Response

The low open-loop output impedance provided by the NMOS pass element in a voltage follower configuration allows operation without an output capacitor for many applications. As with any regulator, the addition of a capacitor (nominal value 1μF) from the output pin to ground will reduce undershoot magnitude but increase its duration. In the adjustable version, the addition of a capacitor, C_{FB}, from the output to the adjust pin will also improve the transient response.

The TPS736xx does not have active pull-down when the output is over-voltage. This allows applications that connect higher voltage sources, such as alternate power supplies, to the output. This also results in an output overshoot of several percent if load current quickly drops to zero when a capacitor is connected to the output. The duration of overshoot can be reduced by adding a load resistor. The overshoot decays at a rate determined by output capacitor C_{OUT} and the internal/external load resistance. The rate of decay is given by:

(Fixed Voltage Version)

$$dV/dt = \frac{V_{OUT}}{C_{OUT} \times 80k\Omega \parallel R_{LOAD}} \quad (4)$$

(Adjustable Voltage Version)

$$dV/dt = \frac{V_{OUT}}{C_{OUT} \times 80k\Omega \parallel (R_1 + R_2) \parallel R_{LOAD}} \quad (5)$$

Reverse Current

The NMOS pass element of the TPS736xx provides inherent protection against current flow from the output of the regulator to the input when the gate of the pass device is pulled low. To ensure that all charge is removed from the gate of the pass element, the enable pin must be driven low before the input voltage is removed. If this is not done, the pass element may be left on due to stored charge on the gate.

After the enable pin is driven low, no bias voltage is needed on any pin for reverse current blocking. Note that reverse current is specified as the current flowing out of the IN pin due to voltage applied on the OUT pin. There will be additional current flowing into the OUT pin due to the 80kΩ internal resistor divider to ground (see Figure 1 and Figure 2).

For the TPS73601, reverse current may flow when V_{FB} is more than 1.0V above V_{IN}.

Thermal Protection

Thermal protection disables the output when the junction temperature rises to approximately +160°C, allowing the device to cool. When the junction temperature cools to approximately +140°C, the output circuitry is again enabled. Depending on power dissipation, thermal resistance, and ambient temperature, the thermal protection circuit may cycle on and off. This limits the dissipation of the regulator, protecting it from damage due to overheating.

Any tendency to activate the thermal protection circuit indicates excessive power dissipation or an inadequate heat sink. For reliable operation, junction temperature should be limited to +125°C maximum. To estimate the margin of safety in a complete design (including heat sink), increase the ambient temperature until the thermal protection is triggered; use worst-case loads and signal conditions. For good reliability, thermal protection should trigger at least +35°C above the maximum expected ambient condition of your application. This produces a worst-case junction temperature of +125°C at the highest expected ambient temperature and worst-case load.

The internal protection circuitry of the TPS736xx has been designed to protect against overload conditions. It was not intended to replace proper heat sinking. Continuously running the TPS736xx into thermal shutdown degrades device reliability.

Power Dissipation

The ability to remove heat from the die is different for each package type, presenting different considerations in the PCB layout. The PCB area around the device that is free of other components moves the heat from the device to the ambient air. Performance data for JEDEC low- and high-K boards are shown in the Power Dissipation Ratings table. Using heavier copper will increase the effectiveness in removing heat from the device. The addition of plated through-holes to heat-dissipating layers will also improve the heat-sink effectiveness.

Power dissipation depends on input voltage and load conditions. Power dissipation (P_D) is equal to the product of the output current times the voltage drop across the output pass element (V_{IN} to V_{OUT}):

$$P_D = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) \times I_{OUT} \quad (6)$$

Power dissipation can be minimized by using the lowest possible input voltage necessary to assure the required output voltage.

Package Mounting

Solder pad footprint recommendations for the TPS736xx are presented in Application Bulletin *Solder Pad Recommendations for Surface-Mount Devices* (SBFA015), available from the Texas Instruments web site at www.ti.com.

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp (3)
TPS73601DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS73601DBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS73601DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS73601DBVTG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS73601DCQ	ACTIVE	SOT-223	DCQ	6	78	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
TPS73601DCQG4	ACTIVE	SOT-223	DCQ	6	78	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
TPS73601DCQR	ACTIVE	SOT-223	DCQ	6	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
TPS73601DCQRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-223	DCQ	6	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
TPS73601DRBR	ACTIVE	SON	DRB	8	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
TPS73601DRBRG4	ACTIVE	SON	DRB	8	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
TPS73601DRBT	ACTIVE	SON	DRB	8	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
TPS73601DRBTG4	ACTIVE	SON	DRB	8	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
TPS736125DRBR	ACTIVE	SON	DRB	8	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
TPS736125DRBRG4	ACTIVE	SON	DRB	8	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
TPS736125DRBT	ACTIVE	SON	DRB	8	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
TPS736125DRBTG4	ACTIVE	SON	DRB	8	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
TPS73615DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS73615DBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS73615DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS73615DBVTG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS73615DCQ	ACTIVE	SOT-223	DCQ	6	78	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
TPS73615DCQG4	ACTIVE	SOT-223	DCQ	6	78	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
TPS73615DCQR	ACTIVE	SOT-223	DCQ	6	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
TPS73615DCQRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-223	DCQ	6	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
TPS73615DRBR	ACTIVE	SON	DRB	8	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp (3)
TPS73615DRBRG4	ACTIVE	SON	DRB	8	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
TPS73615DRBT	ACTIVE	SON	DRB	8	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
TPS73615DRBTG4	ACTIVE	SON	DRB	8	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
TPS73618DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS73618DBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS73618DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS73618DBVTG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS73618DCQ	ACTIVE	SOT-223	DCQ	6	78	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
TPS73618DCQG4	ACTIVE	SOT-223	DCQ	6	78	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
TPS73618DCQR	ACTIVE	SOT-223	DCQ	6	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
TPS73618DCQRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-223	DCQ	6	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
TPS73625DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS73625DBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS73625DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS73625DBVTG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS73625DCQ	ACTIVE	SOT-223	DCQ	6	78	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
TPS73625DCQG4	ACTIVE	SOT-223	DCQ	6	78	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
TPS73625DCQR	ACTIVE	SOT-223	DCQ	6	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
TPS73625DCQRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-223	DCQ	6	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
TPS73630DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS73630DBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS73630DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS73630DBVTG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS73630DCQ	ACTIVE	SOT-223	DCQ	6	78	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
TPS73630DCQG4	ACTIVE	SOT-223	DCQ	6	78	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
TPS73630DCQR	ACTIVE	SOT-223	DCQ	6	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR

Orderable Device	Status [1]	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan [2]	Lead/Ball Finish	MSL Peak Temp [3]
TPS73630DCQRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-223	DCQ	6	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
TPS73632DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS73632DBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS73632DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS73632DBVTG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS73633DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS73633DBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS73633DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS73633DBVTG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM
TPS73633DCQ	ACTIVE	SOT-223	DCQ	6	78	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
TPS73633DCQG4	ACTIVE	SOT-223	DCQ	6	78	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
TPS73633DCQR	ACTIVE	SOT-223	DCQ	6	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
TPS73633DCQRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-223	DCQ	6	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
TPS73633DRBR	ACTIVE	SON	DRB	8	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
TPS73633DRBRG4	ACTIVE	SON	DRB	8	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
TPS73633DRBT	ACTIVE	SON	DRB	8	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
TPS73633DRBTG4	ACTIVE	SON	DRB	8	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
TPS73643DBVR	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
TPS73643DBVRG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	3000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
TPS73643DBVT	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR
TPS73643DBVTG4	ACTIVE	SOT-23	DBV	5	250	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR

[1] The marketing status values are defined as follows:
ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.
LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.
NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.
PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.
OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

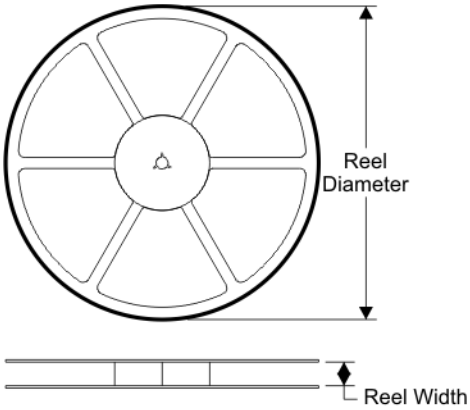
[2] Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check http://www.ti.com/productcontent for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.
Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.
Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.
Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

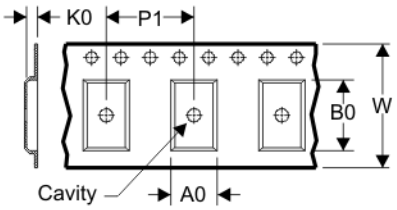
(3) MSL, Peak Temp. -- The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

TAPE AND REEL BOX INFORMATION

REEL DIMENSIONS

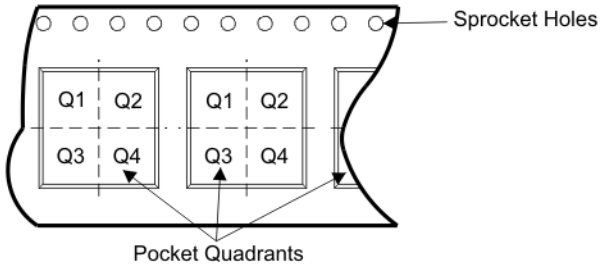


TAPE DIMENSIONS



A0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component width
B0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component length
K0	Dimension designed to accommodate the component thickness
W	Overall width of the carrier tape
P1	Pitch between successive cavity centers

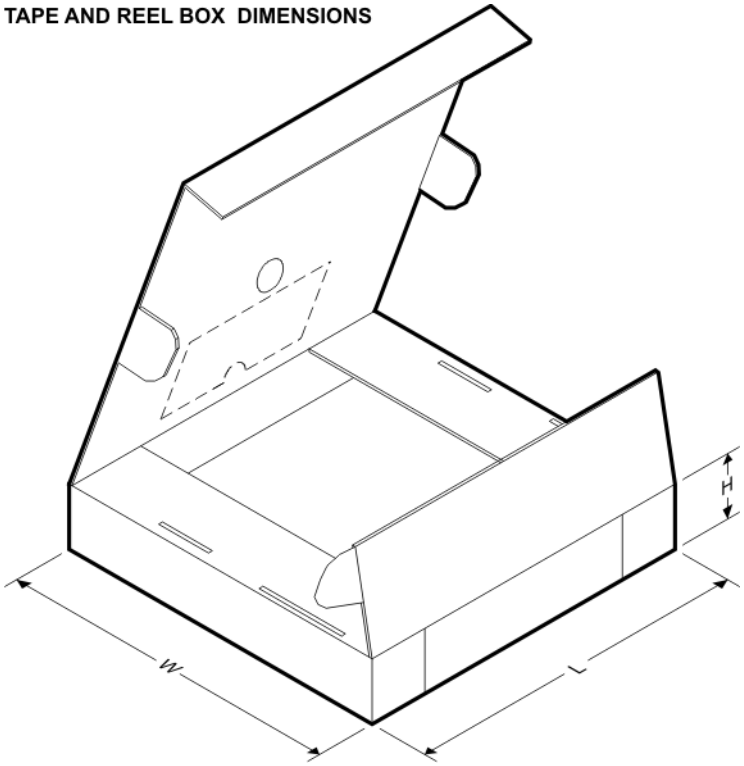
QUADRANT ASSIGNMENTS FOR PIN 1 ORIENTATION IN TAPE



Device	Package	Pins	Site	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TPS73601DBVR	DBV	5	SITE 48	179	8	3.2	3.2	1.4	4	8	Q3
TPS73601DBVT	DBV	5	SITE 48	179	8	3.2	3.2	1.4	4	8	Q3
TPS73601DCQR	DCQ	6	SITE 35	330	12	6.8	7.3	1.88	8	12	Q3
TPS73601DRBR	DRB	8	SITE 48	330	12	3.3	3.3	1.0	8	12	Q2
TPS73601DRBR	DRB	8	SITE 41	330	12	3.3	3.3	1.1	8	12	Q2
TPS73601DRBT	DRB	8	SITE 48	180	12	3.3	3.3	1.0	8	12	Q2
TPS73601DRBT	DRB	8	SITE 41	180	12	3.3	3.3	1.1	8	12	Q2
TPS736125DRBR	DRB	8	SITE 48	330	12	3.3	3.3	1.0	8	12	Q2
TPS736125DRBR	DRB	8	SITE 41	330	12	3.3	3.3	1.1	8	12	Q2
TPS736125DRBT	DRB	8	SITE 41	180	12	3.3	3.3	1.1	8	12	Q2
TPS736125DRBT	DRB	8	SITE 48	330	12	3.3	3.3	1.0	8	12	Q2
TPS73615DBVR	DBV	5	SITE 48	179	8	3.2	3.2	1.4	4	8	Q3
TPS73615DBVT	DBV	5	SITE 48	179	8	3.2	3.2	1.4	4	8	Q3
TPS73615DCQR	DCQ	6	SITE 35	330	12	6.8	7.3	1.88	8	12	Q3
TPS73615DRBR	DRB	8	SITE 48	330	12	3.3	3.3	1.0	8	12	Q2
TPS73615DRBR	DRB	8	SITE 41	330	12	3.3	3.3	1.1	8	12	Q2
TPS73615DRBT	DRB	8	SITE 48	180	12	3.3	3.3	1.0	8	12	Q2
TPS73615DRBT	DRB	8	SITE 41	180	12	3.3	3.3	1.1	8	12	Q2
TPS73618DBVR	DBV	5	SITE 48	179	8	3.2	3.2	1.4	4	8	Q3

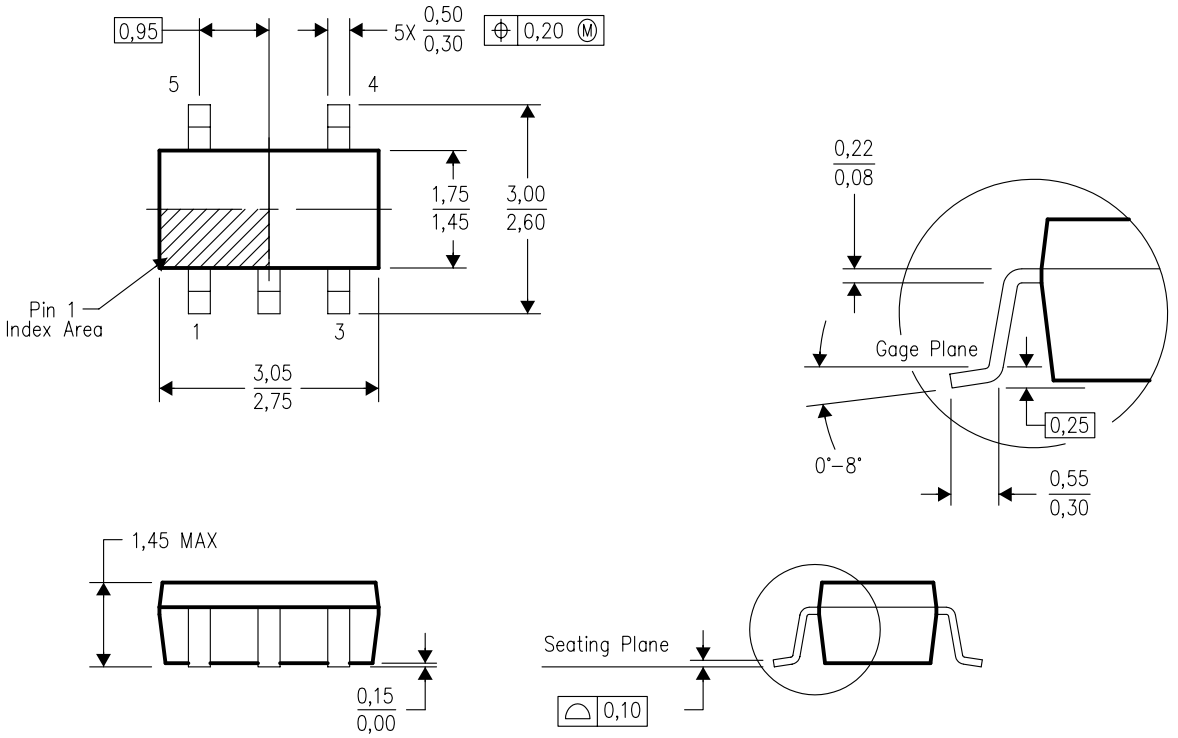
Device	Package	Pins	Site	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
TPS73618DBVT	DBV	5	SITE 48	179	8	3.2	3.2	1.4	4	8	Q3
TPS73618DCQR	DCQ	6	SITE 35	330	12	6.8	7.3	1.88	8	12	Q3
TPS73625DBVR	DBV	5	SITE 48	179	8	3.2	3.2	1.4	4	8	Q3
TPS73625DBVT	DBV	5	SITE 48	179	8	3.2	3.2	1.4	4	8	Q3
TPS73625DCQR	DCQ	6	SITE 35	330	12	6.8	7.3	1.88	8	12	Q3
TPS73630DBVR	DBV	5	SITE 48	179	8	3.2	3.2	1.4	4	8	Q3
TPS73630DBVT	DBV	5	SITE 48	179	8	3.2	3.2	1.4	4	8	Q3
TPS73630DCQR	DCQ	6	SITE 35	330	12	6.8	7.3	1.88	8	12	Q3
TPS73632DBVR	DBV	5	SITE 48	179	8	3.2	3.2	1.4	4	8	Q3
TPS73632DBVT	DBV	5	SITE 48	179	8	3.2	3.2	1.4	4	8	Q3
TPS73633DBVR	DBV	5	SITE 48	179	8	3.2	3.2	1.4	4	8	Q3
TPS73633DBVT	DBV	5	SITE 48	179	8	3.2	3.2	1.4	4	8	Q3
TPS73633DCQR	DCQ	6	SITE 35	330	12	6.8	7.3	1.88	8	12	Q3
TPS73633DRBR	DRB	8	SITE 48	330	12	3.3	3.3	1.0	8	12	Q2
TPS73633DRBR	DRB	8	SITE 41	330	12	3.3	3.3	1.1	8	12	Q2
TPS73633DRBT	DRB	8	SITE 41	180	12	3.3	3.3	1.1	8	12	Q2
TPS73633DRBT	DRB	8	SITE 48	330	12	3.3	3.3	1.0	8	12	Q2
TPS73643DBVR	DBV	5	SITE 48	179	8	3.2	3.2	1.4	4	8	Q3
TPS73643DBVT	DBV	5	SITE 48	179	8	3.2	3.2	1.4	4	8	Q3

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS



Device	Package	Pins	Site	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
TPS73601DBVR	DBV	5	SITE 48	195.0	200.0	45.0
TPS73601DBVT	DBV	5	SITE 48	195.0	200.0	45.0
TPS73601DCQR	DCQ	6	SITE 35	358.0	335.0	35.0
TPS73601DRBR	DRB	8	SITE 48	370.0	355.0	55.0
TPS73601DRBR	DRB	8	SITE 41	346.0	346.0	29.0
TPS73601DRBT	DRB	8	SITE 48	220.0	205.0	50.0
TPS73601DRBT	DRB	8	SITE 41	190.5	212.7	31.75
TPS736125DRBR	DRB	8	SITE 48	370.0	355.0	55.0
TPS736125DRBR	DRB	8	SITE 41	346.0	346.0	29.0
TPS736125DRBT	DRB	8	SITE 41	342.9	345.9	31.75
TPS736125DRBT	DRB	8	SITE 48	370.0	355.0	55.0
TPS73615DBVR	DBV	5	SITE 48	195.0	200.0	45.0
TPS73615DBVT	DBV	5	SITE 48	195.0	200.0	45.0
TPS73615DCQR	DCQ	6	SITE 35	358.0	335.0	35.0
TPS73615DRBR	DRB	8	SITE 48	370.0	355.0	55.0
TPS73615DRBR	DRB	8	SITE 41	346.0	346.0	29.0
TPS73615DRBT	DRB	8	SITE 48	220.0	205.0	50.0
TPS73615DRBT	DRB	8	SITE 41	190.5	212.7	31.75
TPS73618DBVR	DBV	5	SITE 48	195.0	200.0	45.0
TPS73618DBVT	DBV	5	SITE 48	195.0	200.0	45.0
TPS73618DCQR	DCQ	6	SITE 35	358.0	335.0	35.0
TPS73625DBVR	DBV	5	SITE 48	195.0	200.0	45.0
TPS73625DBVT	DBV	5	SITE 48	195.0	200.0	45.0
TPS73625DCQR	DCQ	6	SITE 35	358.0	335.0	35.0
TPS73630DBVR	DBV	5	SITE 48	195.0	200.0	45.0
TPS73630DBVT	DBV	5	SITE 48	195.0	200.0	45.0
TPS73630DCQR	DCQ	6	SITE 35	358.0	335.0	35.0
TPS73632DBVR	DBV	5	SITE 48	195.0	200.0	45.0
TPS73632DBVT	DBV	5	SITE 48	195.0	200.0	45.0
TPS73633DBVR	DBV	5	SITE 48	195.0	200.0	45.0
TPS73633DBVT	DBV	5	SITE 48	195.0	200.0	45.0
TPS73633DCQR	DCQ	6	SITE 35	358.0	335.0	35.0
TPS73633DRBR	DRB	8	SITE 48	370.0	355.0	55.0
TPS73633DRBR	DRB	8	SITE 41	346.0	346.0	29.0
TPS73633DRBT	DRB	8	SITE 41	190.5	212.7	31.75
TPS73633DRBT	DRB	8	SITE 48	370.0	355.0	55.0
TPS73643DBVR	DBV	5	SITE 48	195.0	200.0	45.0
TPS73643DBVT	DBV	5	SITE 48	195.0	200.0	45.0

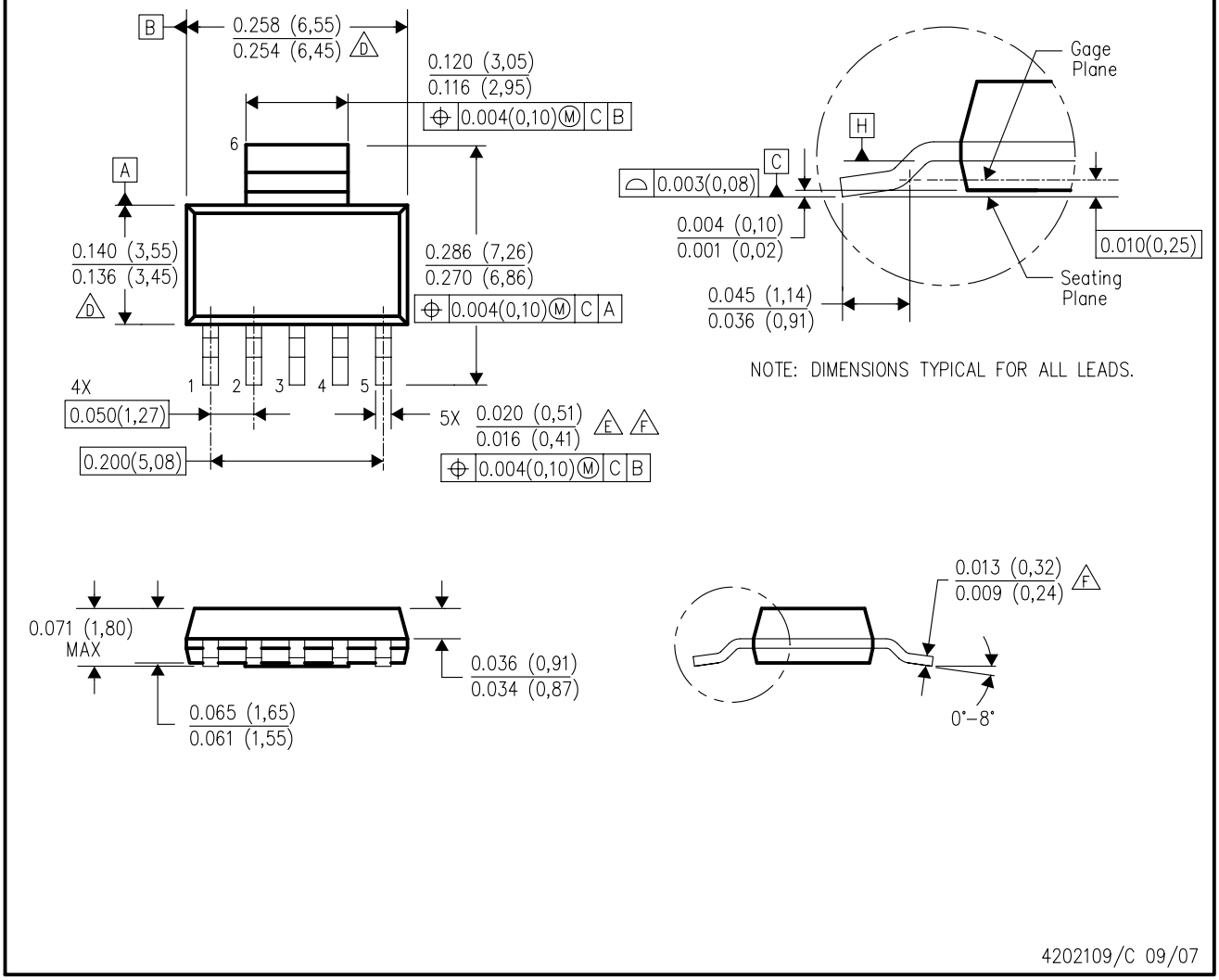
DBV (R–PDSO–G5) PLASTIC SMALL–OUTLINE PACKAGE



4073253–4/K 03/2006

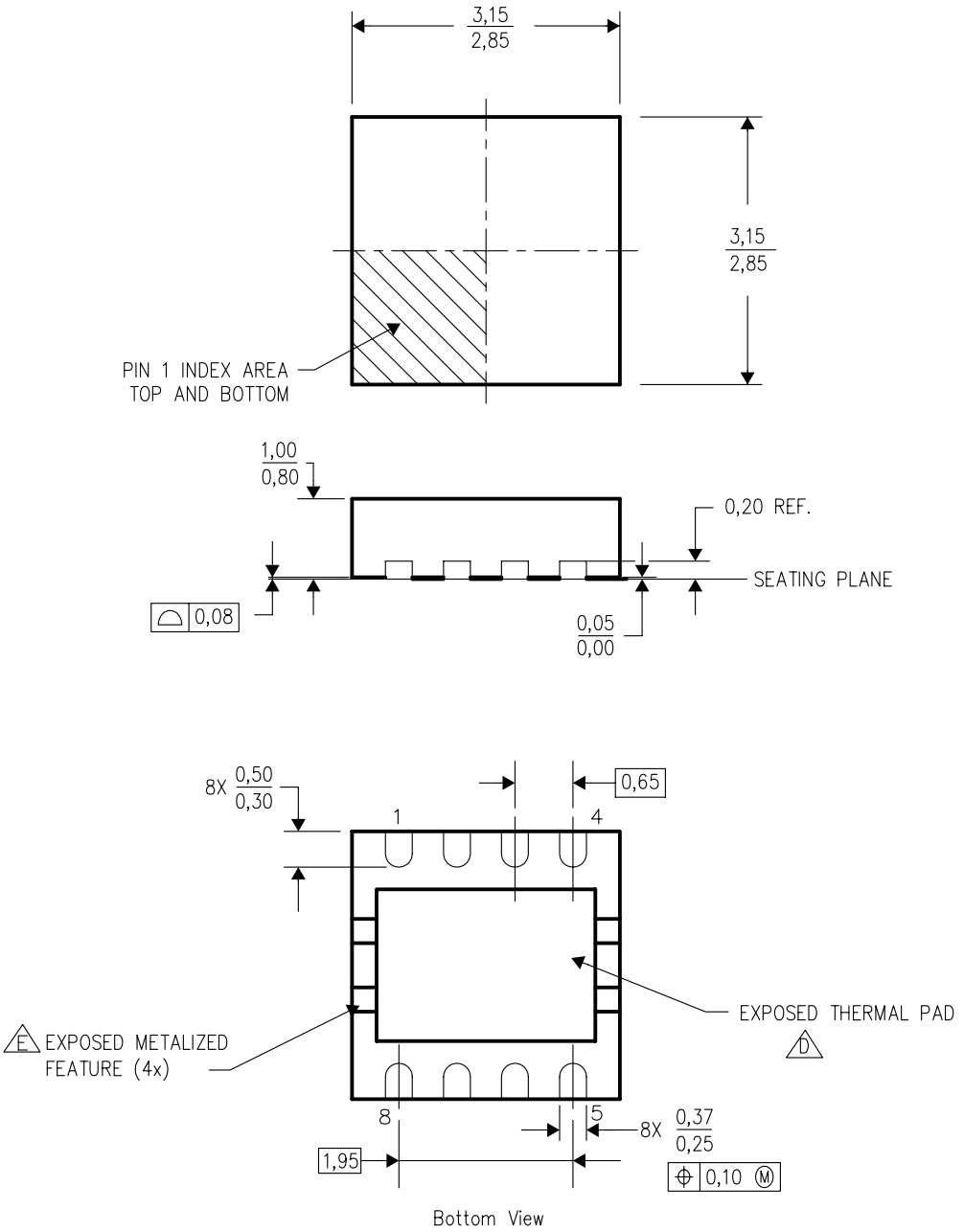
NOTES:
A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Body dimensions do not include mold flash or protrusion. Mold flash and protrusion shall not exceed 0.15 per side.
D. Falls within JEDEC MO–178 Variation AA.

DCQ (R–PDSO–G6) PLASTIC SMALL–OUTLINE



NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- C. Controlling dimension in inches.
- D. Body length and width dimensions are determined at the outermost extremes of the plastic body exclusive of mold flash, tie bar burrs, gate burrs, and interlead flash, but including any mismatch between the top and the bottom of the plastic body.
- E. Lead width dimension does not include dambar protrusion.
- F. Lead width and thickness dimensions apply to solder plated leads.
- G. Interlead flash allow 0.008 inch max.
- H. Gate burr/protrusion max. 0.006 inch.
- I. Datums A and B are to be determined at Datum H.

DRB (S–PDSO–N8) PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



4203482/G 11/04

NOTES:
A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M–1994.
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Small Outline No–Lead (SON) package configuration.
D. The package thermal pad must be soldered to the board for thermal and mechanical performance. See the Product Data Sheet for details regarding the exposed thermal pad dimensions.
E. Metalized features are supplier options and may not be on the package.

THERMAL PAD MECHANICAL DATA

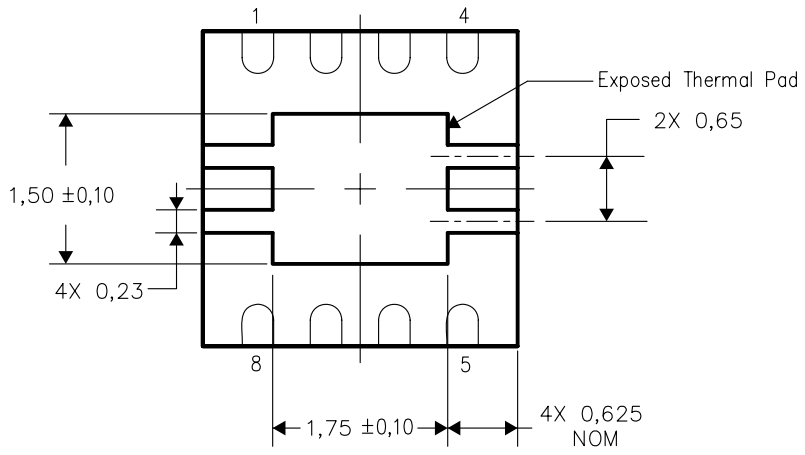
DRB (S–PDSO–N8)

THERMAL INFORMATION

This package incorporates an exposed thermal pad that is designed to be attached directly to an external heatsink. The thermal pad must be soldered directly to the printed circuit board (PCB). After soldering, the PCB can be used as a heatsink. In addition, through the use of thermal vias, the thermal pad can be attached directly to the appropriate copper plane shown in the electrical schematic for the device, or alternatively, can be attached to a special heatsink structure designed into the PCB. This design optimizes the heat transfer from the integrated circuit (IC).

For information on the Quad Flatpack No–Lead (QFN) package and its advantages, refer to Application Report, Quad Flatpack No–Lead Logic Packages, Texas Instruments Literature No. SCBA017. This document is available at www.ti.com.

The exposed thermal pad dimensions for this package are shown in the following illustration.

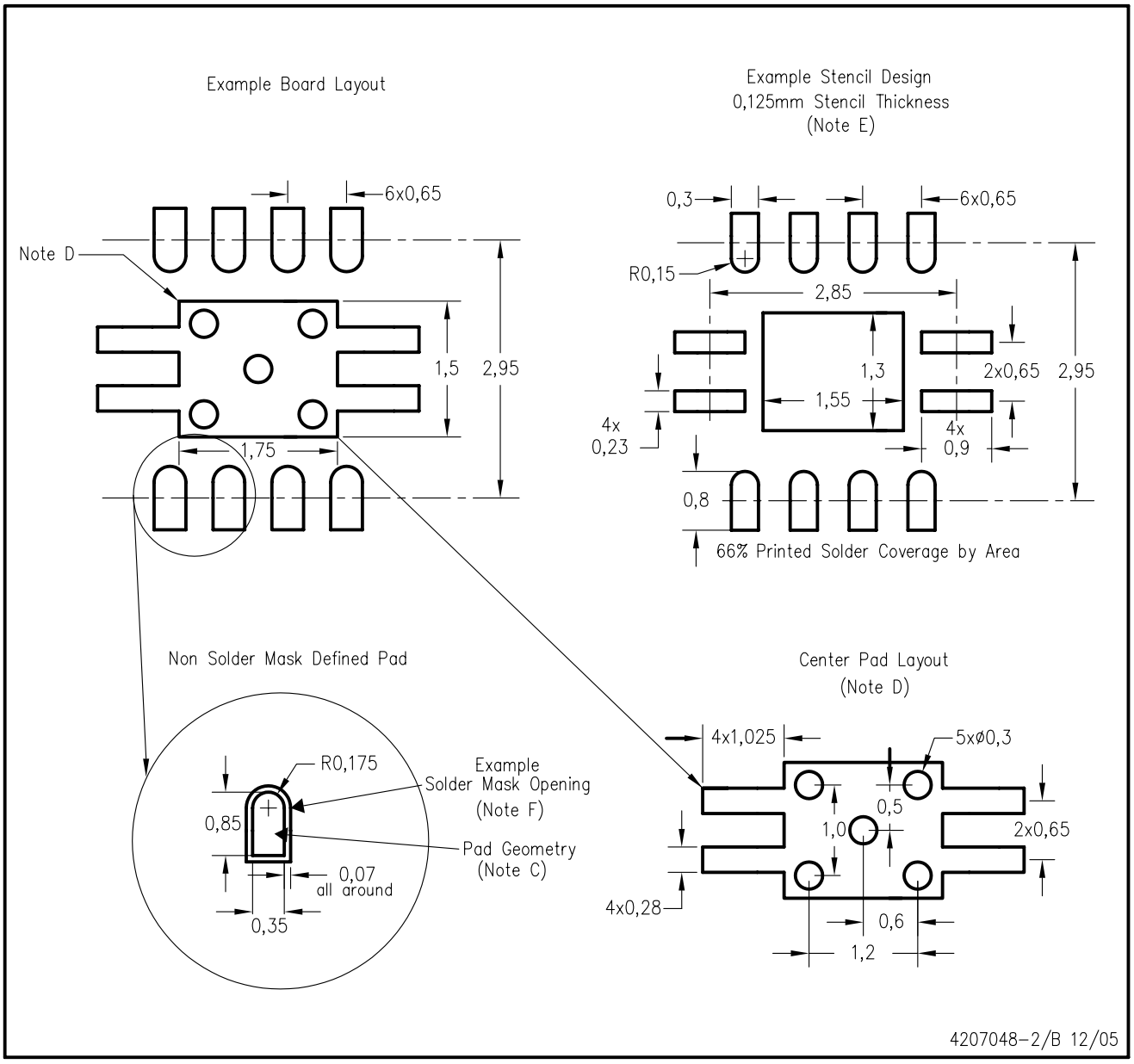


Bottom View

NOTE: All linear dimensions are in millimeters

Exposed Thermal Pad Dimensions

DRB (S–PDSO–N8)



NOTES:
A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
C. Publication IPC–7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
D. This package is designed to be soldered to a thermal pad on the board. Refer to Application Note, QFN Packages, Texas Instruments Literature No. SCBA017, SLUA271, and also the Product Data Sheets for specific thermal information, via requirements, and recommended board layout. These documents are available at www.ti.com <http://www.ti.com>.
E. Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC 7525 for stencil design considerations.
F. Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances.

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