

TOSHIBA CMOS Digital Integrated Circuit Silicon Monolithic

TC74HC251AP, TC74HC251AF

8-Channel Multiplexer (3-state)

The TC74HC251A is a high speed CMOS 8-CHANNEL MULTIPLEXER fabricated with silicon gate C²MOS technology.

It achieves the high speed operation similar to equivalent LSTTL while maintaining the CMOS low power dissipation.

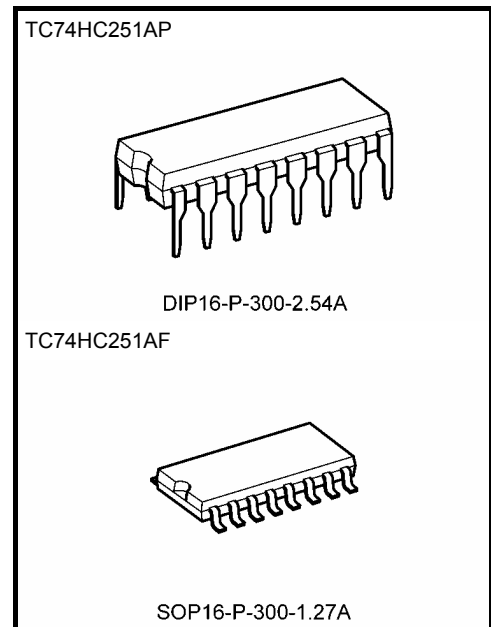
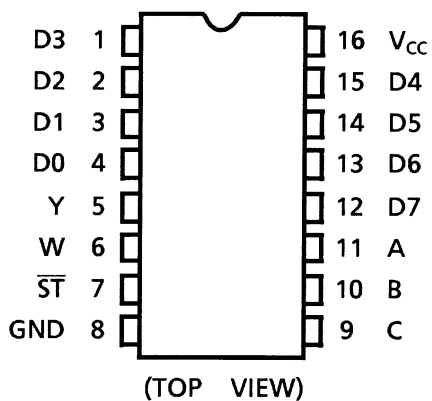
One of eight data input signals (D0-D7) is selected by decoding of the address input (A, B, C). The selected data appears on two outputs; non-inverting (Y) and inverting (W). When the strobe input is held high, both outputs are in the high-impedance state.

All inputs are equipped with protection circuits against static discharge or transient excess voltage.

Features

- High speed: $t_{pd} = 15 \text{ ns}$ (typ.) at $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$
- Low power dissipation: $I_{CC} = 4 \mu\text{A}$ (max) at $T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$
- High noise immunity: $V_{NIH} = V_{NIL} = 28\% V_{CC}$ (min)
- Output drive capability: 10 LSTTL loads
- Symmetrical output impedance: $|I_{OH}| = I_{OL} = 4 \text{ mA}$ (min)
- Balanced propagation delays: $t_{pLH} \approx t_{pHL}$
- Wide operating voltage range: $V_{CC} \text{ (opr)} = 2 \sim 6 \text{ V}$
- Pin and function compatible with 74LS251

Pin Assignment

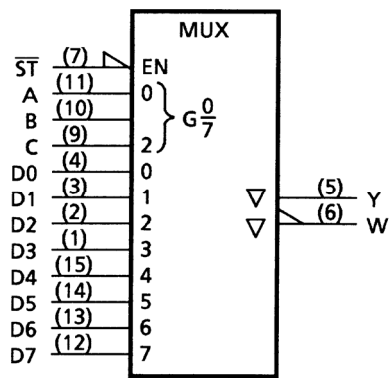


Weight

DIP16-P-300-2.54A : 1.00 g (typ.)

SOP16-P-300-1.27A : 0.18 g (typ.)

IEC Logic Symbol



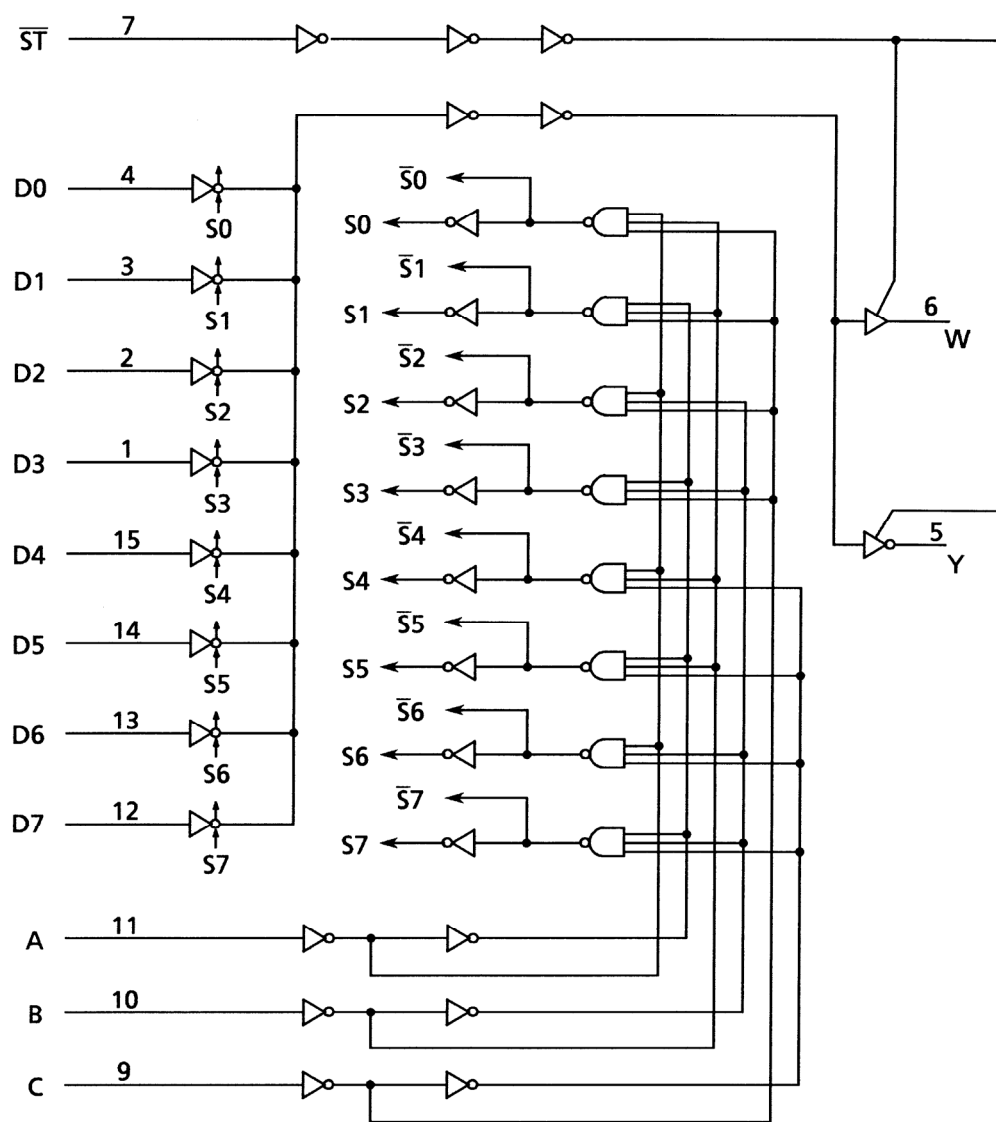
Truth Table

Inputs				Outputs	
Select			Strobe	Y	W
C	B	A	ST		
X	X	X	H	Z	Z
L	L	L	L	D0	D0
L	L	H	L	D1	D1
L	H	L	L	D2	D2
L	H	H	L	D3	D3
H	L	L	L	D4	D4
H	L	H	L	D5	D5
H	H	L	L	D6	D6
H	H	H	L	D7	D7

X: Don't care

H: High impedance

System Diagram



Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 1)

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Supply voltage range	V_{CC}	$-0.5 \sim 7$	V
DC input voltage	V_{IN}	$-0.5 \sim V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
DC output voltage	V_{OUT}	$-0.5 \sim V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
Input diode current	I_{IK}	± 20	mA
Output diode current	I_{OK}	± 20	mA
DC output current	I_{OUT}	± 25	mA
DC V_{CC} /ground current	I_{CC}	± 50	mA
Power dissipation	P_D	500 (DIP) (Note 2)/180 (SOP)	mW
Storage temperature	T_{stg}	$-65 \sim 150$	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Note 1: Exceeding any of the absolute maximum ratings, even briefly, lead to deterioration in IC performance or even destruction.

Using continuously under heavy loads (e.g. the application of high temperature/current/voltage and the significant change in temperature, etc.) may cause this product to decrease in the reliability significantly even if the operating conditions (i.e. operating temperature/current/voltage, etc.) are within the absolute maximum ratings and the operating ranges.

Please design the appropriate reliability upon reviewing the Toshiba Semiconductor Reliability Handbook ("Handling Precautions"/"Derating Concept and Methods") and individual reliability data (i.e. reliability test report and estimated failure rate, etc.).

Note 2: 500 mW in the range of $T_a = -40 \sim 65^{\circ}\text{C}$. From $T_a = 65$ to 85°C a derating factor of $-10 \text{ mW}/^{\circ}\text{C}$ shall be applied until 300 mW.

Operating Ranges (Note)

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Supply voltage	V_{CC}	2~6	V
Input voltage	V_{IN}	0~ V_{CC}	V
Output voltage	V_{OUT}	0~ V_{CC}	V
Operating temperature	T_{opr}	$-40 \sim 85$	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Input rise and fall time	t_r, t_f	0~1000 ($V_{CC} = 2.0 \text{ V}$) 0~500 ($V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V}$) 0~400 ($V_{CC} = 6.0 \text{ V}$)	ns

Note: The operating ranges must be maintained to ensure the normal operation of the device. Unused inputs must be tied to either VCC or GND.

Electrical Characteristics

DC Characteristics

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition		V _{CC} (V)	Ta = 25°C			Ta = −40~85°C		Unit
					Min	Typ.	Max	Min	Max	
High-level input voltage	V _{IH}	—		2.0 4.5 6.0	1.50 3.15 4.20	— — —	— — —	1.50 3.15 4.20	— — —	V
Low-level input voltage	V _{IL}	—		2.0 4.5 6.0	— — —	— — —	0.50 1.35 1.80	— — —	0.50 1.35 1.80	V
High-level output voltage	V _{OH}	V _{IN} = V _{IH} or V _{IL}	I _{OH} = −20 μA	2.0	1.9	2.0	—	1.9	—	V
				4.5	4.4	4.5	—	4.4	—	
				6.0	5.9	6.0	—	5.9	—	
			I _{OH} = −4 mA		4.5	4.18	4.31	—	4.13	
I _{OH} = −5.2 mA		6.0	5.68	5.80	—	5.63	—			
Low-level output voltage	V _{OL}	V _{IN} = V _{IH} or V _{IL}	I _{OL} = 20 μA	2.0	—	0.0	0.1	—	0.1	V
				4.5	—	0.0	0.1	—	0.1	
				6.0	—	0.0	0.1	—	0.1	
			I _{OL} = 4 mA		4.5	—	0.17	0.26	—	
I _{OL} = 5.2 mA		6.0	—	0.18	0.26	—	0.33			
3-state off leak current	I _{OZ}	V _{IN} = V _{IH} or V _{IL} V _{OUT} = V _{CC} or GND		6.0	—	—	±0.5	—	±5.0	μA
Input leakage current	I _{IN}	V _{IN} = V _{CC} or GND		6.0	—	—	±0.1	—	±1.0	μA
Quiescent supply current	I _{CC}	V _{IN} = V _{CC} or GND		6.0	—	—	4.0	—	40.0	μA

AC Characteristics (C_L = 15 pF, V_{CC} = 5 V, Ta = 25°C, input: t_r = t_f = 6 ns)

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Output transition time	t _{TLH} t _{THL}	—	—	4	8	ns
Propagation delay time (D-Y)	t _{pLH} t _{pHL}	—	—	14	24	ns
Propagation delay time (D-W)	t _{pLH} t _{pHL}	—	—	15	24	ns
Propagation delay time (A, B, C-Y)	t _{pLH} t _{pHL}	—	—	19	31	ns
Propagation delay time (A, B, C-W)	t _{pLH} t _{pHL}	—	—	19	31	ns
3-state output enable time	t _{pZL} t _{pZH}	—	—	10	18	ns

AC Characteristics ($C_L = 50 \text{ pF}$, input: $t_r = t_f = 6 \text{ ns}$)

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Condition	V_{CC} (V)	$T_a = 25^\circ\text{C}$			$T_a = -40\sim 85^\circ\text{C}$		Unit
				Min	Typ.	Max	Min	Max	
Output transition time	t_{TLH} t_{THL}	—	2.0	—	30	75	—	95	ns
			4.5	—	8	15	—	19	
			6.0	—	7	13	—	16	
Propagation delay time (D-Y)	t_{pLH} t_{pHL}	—	2.0	—	65	140	—	175	ns
			4.5	—	17	28	—	35	
			6.0	—	14	24	—	30	
Propagation delay time (D-W)	t_{pLH} t_{pHL}	—	2.0	—	70	140	—	175	ns
			4.5	—	18	28	—	35	
			6.0	—	15	24	—	30	
Propagation delay time (A, B, C-Y)	t_{pLH} t_{pHL}	—	2.0	—	80	180	—	225	ns
			4.5	—	23	36	—	45	
			6.0	—	19	31	—	38	
Propagation delay time (A, B, C-W)	t_{pLH} t_{pHL}	—	2.0	—	80	180	—	225	ns
			4.5	—	23	36	—	45	
			6.0	—	19	31	—	38	
3-state output enable time	t_{pZL} t_{pZH}	—	2.0	—	40	105	—	130	ns
			4.5	—	13	21	—	26	
			6.0	—	10	19	—	22	
3-state output disable time	t_{pLZ} t_{pHZ}	—	2.0	—	25	105	—	130	ns
			4.5	—	13	21	—	26	
			6.0	—	11	19	—	22	
Input capacitance	C_{IN}	—		—	5	10	—	10	pF
Power dissipation capacitance	C_{PD} (Note)	—		—	69	—	—	—	pF

Note: C_{PD} is defined as the value of the internal equivalent capacitance which is calculated from the operating current consumption without load.

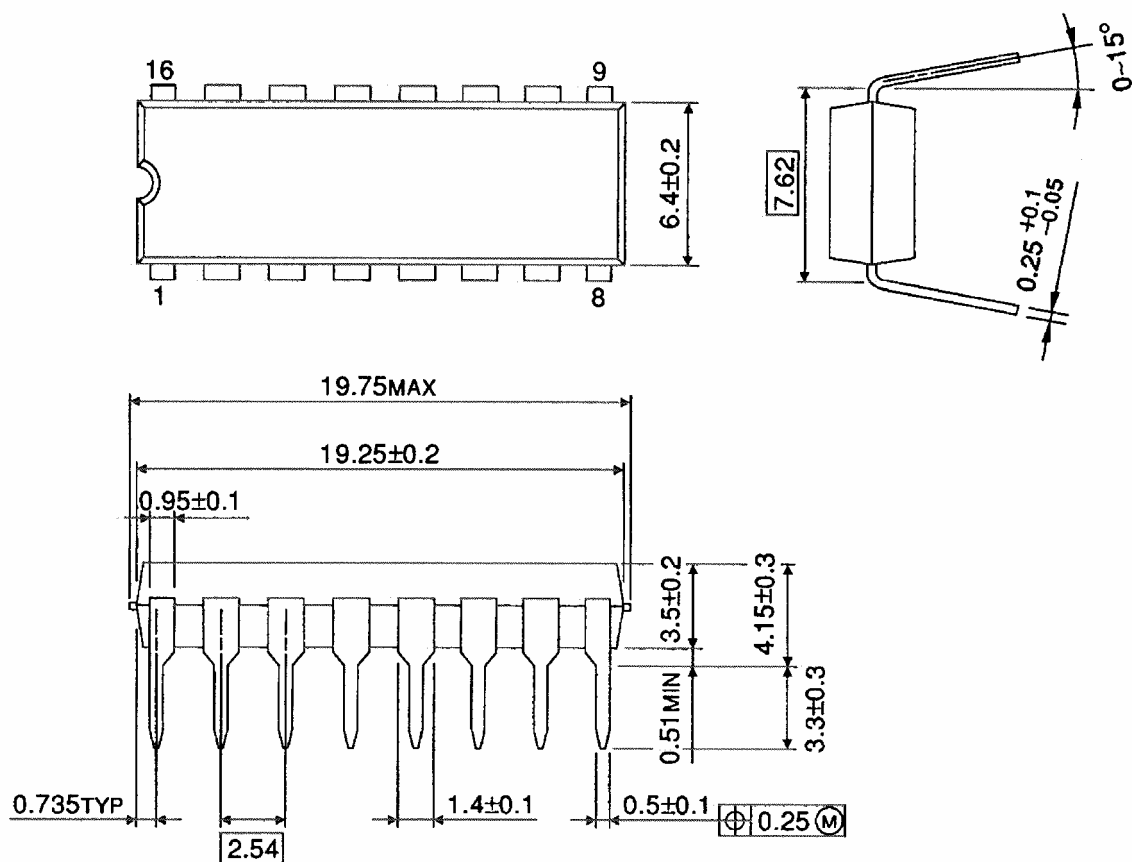
Average operating current can be obtained by the equation:

$$I_{CC}(\text{opr}) = C_{PD} \cdot V_{CC} \cdot f_{IN} + I_{CC}$$

Package Dimensions

DIP16-P-300-2.54A

Unit : mm

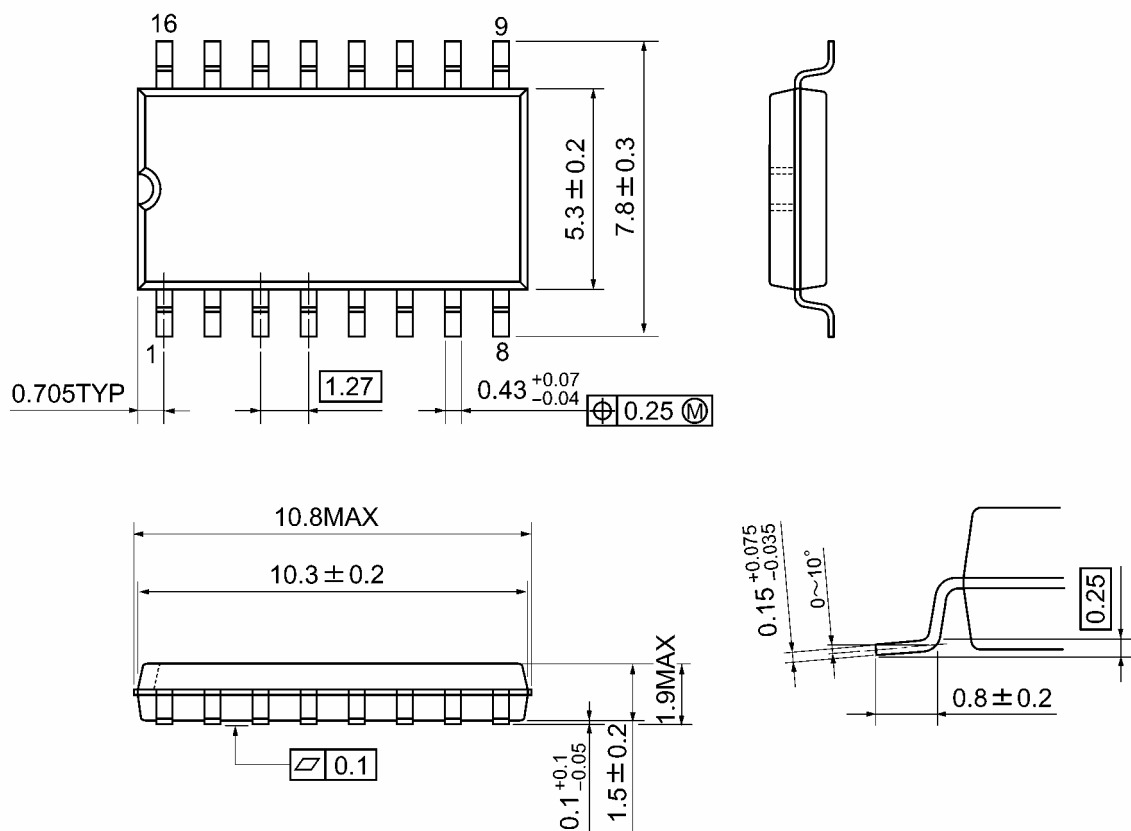


Weight: 1.00 g (typ.)

Package Dimensions

SOP16-P-300-1.27A

Unit: mm



Weight: 0.18 g (typ.)

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20070701-EN GENERAL

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