

Approved by:

Checked by:

Issued by:

# **SPECIFICATION**

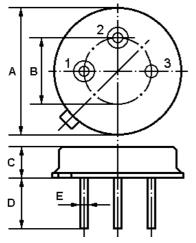
PRODUCT: SAW RESONATOR

MODEL: HB865 TO-39

# HOPE MICROELECTRONICS CO., LIMITED

Tel:+86-755-82973806 Fax:+86-755-82973550 E-mail: <u>sales@hoperf.com</u> http://www.hoperf.com Page 1 of 3 The HB865 is a two-port, 180° surface-acoustic-wave (**SAW**) resonator in a low-profile metal **TO-39** case. It provides reliable, fundamental-mode, quartz frequency stabilization i.e. in transmitters or local oscillators operating at **865.000** MHz.

#### 1.Package Dimension (TO-39)



Pin Configuration Input / Output 1 2 Output / Input 3 Case Ground Dimension Data (unit: mm) 9.30±0.20 A 5.08±0.10 В С 3.40±0.20 D 3±0.20 / 5±0.20 Е 0.45±0.20

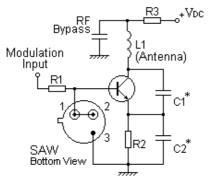
2.Marking

# HB865

Color: Black or Blue

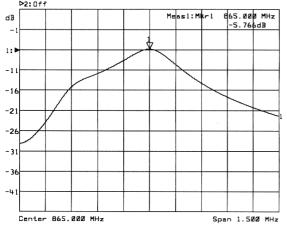
# **4.Typical Application Circuits**

1) Low-Power Transmitter Application

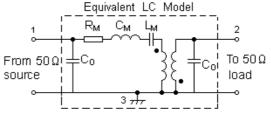


## **5.Typical Frequency Response**

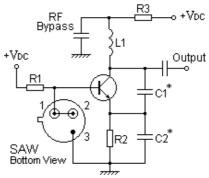
▶1:Transmission /M Log Mag 5.0 dB/ Ref -6.00 dB ▷2:Off



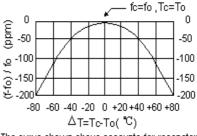
## 3. Equivalent LC Model and Test Circuit



#### 2) Local Oscillator Application



#### **6.Temperature Characteristics**



The curve shown above accounts for resonator contribution only and does not include LC component temperature characteristics.

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#### 7.Performance

#### 7-1.Maximum Ratings

Rating	Value	Unit	
CW RF Power Dissipation	Р	10	dBm
DC Voltage Between Any Two Pins	V <sub>DC</sub>	±30	V
Storage Temperature Range	T <sub>stg</sub>	-40 to +85	°C
Operating Temperature Range	T <sub>A</sub>	-10 to +60	°C

#### 7-2. Electronic Characteristics

	Characteristic	Sym	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Unit
Center Frequency (+25℃)	Absolute Frequency	fc	864.850		865.150	MHz
	Tolerance from 865.000 MHz	$\Delta f_{C}$		±150		kHz
Insertion Loss		IL		6.0	8.0	dB
Quality Factor	Unloaded Q	QU		6,400		
	50 $\Omega$ Loaded Q	QL		3,200		
Temperature Stability	Turnover Temperature	To	25		55	°C
	Turnover Frequency	f <sub>O</sub>		fc		kHz
	Frequency Temperature Coefficient	FTC		0.032		ppm/℃²
Frequency Aging	Absolute Value during the First Year	f <sub>A</sub>		≤10		ppm/yr
DC Insulation Resistance Between Any Two Pins			1.0			MΩ
RF Equivalent RLC Model	Motional Resistance	R <sub>M</sub>		99.5	151	Ω
	Motional Inductance	L <sub>M</sub>		117.5214		μH
	Motional Capacitance	См		0.2884		fF
	Shunt Static Capacitance	Co	2.10	2.40	2.70	pF

#### **(i)**CAUTION: Electrostatic Sensitive Device. Observe precautions for handling!

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- 1. The frequency  $f_C$  is the frequency of minimum IL with the resonator in the specified test fixture in a 50  $\Omega$  test system with VSWR  $\leq$  1.2:1. Typically,  $f_{OSCILLATOR}$  or  $f_{TRANSMITTER}$  is less than the resonator  $f_C$ .
- 2. Unless noted otherwise, case temperature  $T_c = +25^{\circ}C \pm 2^{\circ}C$ .
- Frequency aging is the change in f<sub>c</sub> with time and is specified at +65°C or less. Aging may exceed the specification for prolonged temperatures above +65°C. Typically, aging is greatest the first year after manufacture, decreasing in subsequent years.
- 4. Turnover temperature, T<sub>0</sub>, is the temperature of maximum (or turnover) frequency, f<sub>0</sub>. The nominal frequency at any case temperature, T<sub>c</sub>, may be calculated from: f = f<sub>0</sub> [1 FTC (T<sub>0</sub> T<sub>c</sub>)<sup>2</sup>]. Typically, oscillator T<sub>0</sub> is 20° less than the specified resonator T<sub>0</sub>.
- 5. This equivalent RLC model approximates resonator performance near the resonant frequency and is provided for reference only. The capacitance C<sub>0</sub> is the measured static (nonmotional) capacitance between either Pin 1 and ground or Pin 2 and ground. The measurement includes case parasitic capacitance.
- 6. Derived mathematically from one or more of the following directly measured parameters: f<sub>c</sub>, IL, 3 dB bandwidth, f<sub>c</sub> versus T<sub>c</sub>, and C<sub>0</sub>.
- 7. The specifications of this device are based on the test circuit shown above and subject to change or obsolescence without notice.
- 8. Typically, equipment utilizing this device requires emissions testing and government approval, which is the responsibility of the equipment manufacturer.
- 9. Our liability is only assumed for the Surface Acoustic Wave (SAW) component(s) per se, not for applications, processes and circuits implemented within components or assemblies.
- 10. For questions on technology, prices and delivery, please contact our sales offices or e-mail sales@hoperf.com.