# Regarding the change of names mentioned in the document, such as Hitachi Electric and Hitachi XX, to Renesas Technology Corp.

The semiconductor operations of Mitsubishi Electric and Hitachi were transferred to Renesas Technology Corporation on April 1st 2003. These operations include microcomputer, logic, analog and discrete devices, and memory chips other than DRAMs (flash memory, SRAMs etc.) Accordingly, although Hitachi, Hitachi, Ltd., Hitachi Semiconductors, and other Hitachi brand names are mentioned in the document, these names have in fact all been changed to Renesas Technology Corp. Thank you for your understanding. Except for our corporate trademark, logo and corporate statement, no changes whatsoever have been made to the contents of the document, and these changes do not constitute any alteration to the contents of the document itself.

Renesas Technology Home Page: http://www.renesas.com

Renesas Technology Corp. Customer Support Dept. April 1, 2003



#### Cautions

Keep safety first in your circuit designs!

 Renesas Technology Corporation puts the maximum effort into making semiconductor products better and more reliable, but there is always the possibility that trouble may occur with them. Trouble with semiconductors may lead to personal injury, fire or property damage. Remember to give due consideration to safety when making your circuit designs, with appropriate measures such as (i) placement of substitutive, auxiliary circuits, (ii) use of nonflammable material or (iii) prevention against any malfunction or mishap.

Notes regarding these materials

- 1. These materials are intended as a reference to assist our customers in the selection of the Renesas Technology Corporation product best suited to the customer's application; they do not convey any license under any intellectual property rights, or any other rights, belonging to Renesas Technology Corporation or a third party.
- 2. Renesas Technology Corporation assumes no responsibility for any damage, or infringement of any third-party's rights, originating in the use of any product data, diagrams, charts, programs, algorithms, or circuit application examples contained in these materials.
- 3. All information contained in these materials, including product data, diagrams, charts, programs and algorithms represents information on products at the time of publication of these materials, and are subject to change by Renesas Technology Corporation without notice due to product improvements or other reasons. It is therefore recommended that customers contact Renesas Technology Corporation or an authorized Renesas Technology Corporation product distributor for the latest product information before purchasing a product listed herein.

The information described here may contain technical inaccuracies or typographical errors. Renesas Technology Corporation assumes no responsibility for any damage, liability, or other loss rising from these inaccuracies or errors.

Please also pay attention to information published by Renesas Technology Corporation by various means, including the Renesas Technology Corporation Semiconductor home page (http://www.renesas.com).

- 4. When using any or all of the information contained in these materials, including product data, diagrams, charts, programs, and algorithms, please be sure to evaluate all information as a total system before making a final decision on the applicability of the information and products. Renesas Technology Corporation assumes no responsibility for any damage, liability or other loss resulting from the information contained herein.
- 5. Renesas Technology Corporation semiconductors are not designed or manufactured for use in a device or system that is used under circumstances in which human life is potentially at stake. Please contact Renesas Technology Corporation or an authorized Renesas Technology Corporation product distributor when considering the use of a product contained herein for any specific purposes, such as apparatus or systems for transportation, vehicular, medical, aerospace, nuclear, or undersea repeater use.
- 6. The prior written approval of Renesas Technology Corporation is necessary to reprint or reproduce in whole or in part these materials.
- 7. If these products or technologies are subject to the Japanese export control restrictions, they must be exported under a license from the Japanese government and cannot be imported into a country other than the approved destination.

Any diversion or reexport contrary to the export control laws and regulations of Japan and/or the country of destination is prohibited.

8. Please contact Renesas Technology Corporation for further details on these materials or the products contained therein.

Wide Temperature Range Version 4 M SRAM (256-kword × 16-bit)



ADE-203-1230C (Z) Rev. 3.0 Jul. 23, 2001

#### Description

The Hitachi HM62V16256CI Series is 4-Mbit static RAM organized 262,144-word  $\times$  16-bit. HM62V16256CI Series has realized higher density, higher performance and low power consumption by employing CMOS process technology (6-transistor memory cell). It offers low power standby power dissipation; therefore, it is suitable for battery backup systems. It is packaged in standard 44-pin plastic TSOPII.

#### Features

- Single 2.5 V and 3.0 V supply: 2.2 V to 3.6 V
- Fast access time: 70 ns (max)
- Power dissipation:
  - Active:  $5.0 \text{ mW/MHz} (\text{typ})(\text{V}_{\text{CC}} = 2.5 \text{ V})$ 
    - : 6.0 mW/MHz (typ) (V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V)
  - Standby:  $2 \mu W$  (typ) (V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.5 V)
    - : 2.4  $\mu$ W (typ) (V<sub>CC</sub> = 3.0 V)
- Completely static memory.
  - No clock or timing strobe required
- Equal access and cycle times
- Common data input and output.
  - Three state output
- Battery backup operation.
  - 2 chip selection for battery backup
- Temperature range: -40 to +85°C

## **Ordering Information**

Туре No.	Access time	Package
HM62V16256CLTTI-7	70 ns	400-mil 44-pin plastic TSOPII (normal-bend type) (TTP-44DB)

## **Pin Arrangement**

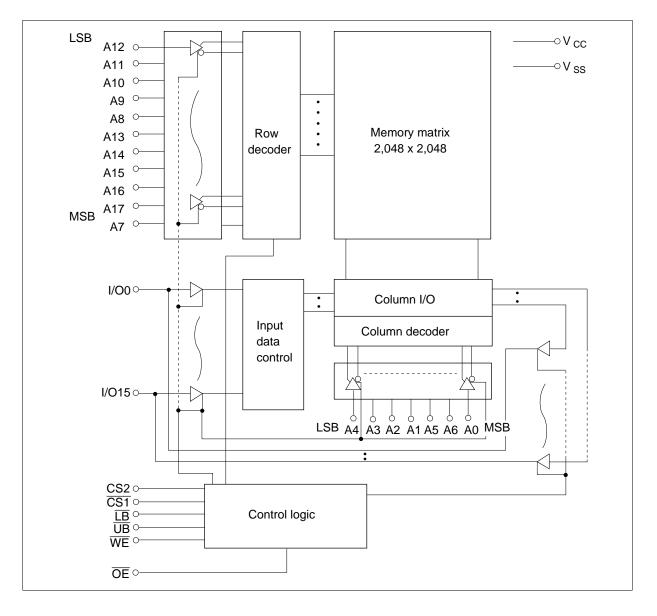
44-pin TS	OP					
44-pin TS A4 10 A3 2 A2 3 A1 4 A0 5 CS1 6 I/O0 7 I/O1 8 I/O2 9 I/O3 10	AF 44 A5 43 A6 42 A7 41 OE 40 UB 39 LB 38 I/O15 37 I/O14 36 I/O13 35 I/O12					
Vcc 11   Vss 12   I/O4 13   I/O5 14   I/O6 15   I/O7 16   WE 17   A17 18   A16 19   A15 20   A14 21   A13 22	34 Vss   33 Vcc   32 I/O11   31 I/O10   30 I/O9   29 I/O8   28 CS2   27 A8   26 A9   25 A10   24 A11   23 A12					
(Top view)						

## Pin Description

Pin name	Function
A0 to A17	Address input
I/O0 to I/O15	Data input/output
CS1	Chip select 1
CS2	Chip select 2
WE	Write enable
ŌĒ	Output enable
LB	Lower byte select
UB	Upper byte select
V <sub>cc</sub>	Power supply
V <sub>ss</sub>	Ground



#### **Block Diagram**



#### **Operation Table**

CS1	CS2	WE	ŌE	UB	LB	I/O0 to I/O7	I/O8 to I/O15	Operation
Н	×	×	×	×	×	High-Z	High-Z	Standby
×	L	×	×	×	×	High-Z	High-Z	Standby
×	×	×	×	Н	Н	High-Z	High-Z	Standby
L	Н	Н	L	L	L	Dout	Dout	Read
L	Н	Н	L	Н	L	Dout	High-Z	Lower byte read
L	Н	Н	L	L	Н	High-Z	Dout	Upper byte read
L	Н	L	×	L	L	Din	Din	Write
L	Н	L	×	Н	L	Din	High-Z	Lower byte write
L	Н	L	×	L	Н	High-Z	Din	Upper byte write
L	Н	Н	Н	×	×	High-Z	High-Z	Output disable

Note: H: V ,H, L: V ,L,  $\times$ : V H or V L

#### **Absolute Maximum Ratings**

Parameter	Symbol	Value	Unit	
Power supply voltage relative to $V_{\mbox{\scriptsize SS}}$	V <sub>cc</sub>	-0.5 to + 4.6	V	
Terminal voltage on any pin relative to $\mathrm{V}_{\mathrm{ss}}$	V <sub>T</sub>	$-0.5^{*1}$ to V <sub>cc</sub> + 0.3 <sup>*2</sup>	V	
Power dissipation	P <sub>T</sub>	1.0	W	
Storage temperature range	Tstg	-55 to +125	°C	
Storage temperature range under bias	Tbias	-40 to +85	°C	

Notes: 1.  $V_{\tau}$  min: -3.0 V for pulse half-width  $\leq$  30 ns.

2. Maximum voltage is +4.6 V.

#### **DC** Operating Conditions

Parameter		Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Note
Supply voltage		V <sub>cc</sub>	2.2	2.5/3.0	3.6	V	
		V <sub>ss</sub>	0	0	0	V	
Input high voltage	$V_{cc}$ = 2.2 V to 2.7 V	V <sub>IH</sub>	2.0		V <sub>cc</sub> + 0.3	V	
	$V_{cc}$ = 2.7 V to 3.6 V	V <sub>IH</sub>	2.2	_	V <sub>cc</sub> + 0.3	V	
Input low voltage	$V_{cc}$ = 2.2 V to 2.7 V	V <sub>IL</sub>	-0.2	_	0.4	V	1
	$V_{cc} = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}$	V <sub>IL</sub>	-0.3		0.6	V	1
Ambient temperature range		Та	-40	_	85	°C	

Note: 1.  $V_{IL}$  min: -3.0 V for pulse half-width  $\leq$  30 ns.



#### **DC** Characteristics

Parameter		Symbol	Min	Typ* <sup>1</sup>	Max	Unit	Test conditions
Input leakage current		I <sub>u</sub>	_	_	1	μΑ	Vin = $V_{ss}$ to $V_{cc}$
Output leakage current		I <sub>LO</sub>	_	_	1	μΑ	$\overline{CS1} = V_{H} \text{ or } CS2 = V_{H} \text{ or } $ $\overline{OE} = V_{H} \text{ or } \overline{WE} = V_{H} \text{ or } $ $\overline{UB} = \overline{UB} = V_{H}, $ $V_{H} = V_{SS} \text{ to } V_{CC}$
Operating cu	rrent	I <sub>cc</sub>	_	5	20	mA	$\overline{CS1} = V_{IL}, CS2 = V_{IH},$ Others = $V_{IH}/V_{IL}, I_{I/O} = 0 \text{ mA}$
Average operating current		I <sub>cc1</sub>	—	7	25	mA	
		I <sub>CC2</sub>	_	2	5	mA	$ \begin{array}{l} \mbox{Cycle time} = 1 \ \mbox{\mu s, duty} = 100\%, \\ I_{I/O} = 0 \ \mbox{mA}, \ \overline{CS1} \leq 0.2 \ \mbox{V}, \\ \mbox{CS2} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \ \mbox{V} \\ V_{IH} \geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \ \mbox{V}, \\ I_{IL} \leq 0.2 \ \mbox{V} \end{array} $
Standby curre	ent	I <sub>SB</sub>	—	0.1	0.3	mA	$CS2 = V_{IL}$
Standby curre	ent	I <sub>SB1</sub> *2	_	0.8	20	μΑ	$\begin{array}{l} 0 \ V \leq Vin \\ (1) \ 0 \ V \leq CS2 \leq 0.2 \ V \ or \\ (2) \ \overline{CS1} \geq V_{cc} - 0.2 \ V, \\ CS2 \geq V_{cc} - 0.2 \ V \ or \\ (3) \ \overline{LB} = \overline{UB} \geq V_{cc} - 0.2 \ V \\ \underline{CS2} \geq V_{cc} - 0.2 \ V \\ \overline{CS1} \leq 0.2 \ V \end{array}$
Output high voltage	$V_{cc}$ =2.2 V to 2.7 V	$V_{\rm OH}$	2.0	—	—	V	I <sub>OH</sub> = -0.5 mA
	$V_{cc}$ =2.7 V to 3.6 V	V <sub>OH</sub>	2.4		_	V	I <sub>он</sub> = –1 mA
	$V_{cc}$ =2.2 V to 3.6 V	V <sub>OH</sub>	$V_{cc} - 0$	.2—	_	V	I <sub>OH</sub> = -100 μA
Output low voltage	$V_{cc}$ =2.2 V to 2.7 V	V <sub>OL</sub>	—	—	0.4	V	I <sub>oL</sub> = 0.5 mA
	$V_{cc}$ =2.7 V to 3.6 V	V <sub>OL</sub>	_	_	0.4	V	$I_{OL} = 2 \text{ mA}$
	$V_{cc}$ =2.2 V to 3.6 V	V <sub>OL</sub>	_	_	0.2	V	I <sub>oL</sub> = 100 μA

Notes: 1. Typical values are at V<sub>cc</sub> = 2.5 V/3.0 V, Ta = +25°C and not guaranteed.

2. This characteristic is guaranteed only for L-version.

## **Capacitance** (Ta = $+25^{\circ}$ C, f = 1.0 MHz)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Тур	Max	Unit	Test conditions	Note
Input capacitance	Cin	_	_	8	pF	Vin = 0 V	1
Input/output capacitance	C <sub>I/O</sub>	_	_	10	pF	$V_{I/O} = 0 V$	1

Note: 1. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.



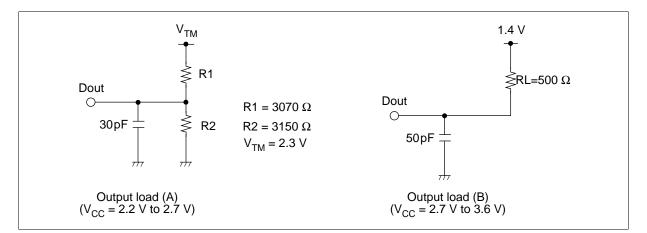
AC Characteristics (Ta = -40 to  $+85^{\circ}$ C, V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.2 V to 3.6 V, unless otherwise noted.)

#### **Test Conditions**

- Input pulse levels:  $V_{IL} = 0.4 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{IH} = 2.2 \text{ V}$  ( $V_{CC} = 2.2 \text{ V}$  to 2.7 V) :  $V_{IL} = 0.4 \text{ V}$ ,  $V_{IH} = 2.4 \text{ V}$  ( $V_{CC} = 2.7 \text{ V}$  to 3.6 V)
- Input rise and fall time: 5 ns
- Input/output timing reference levels: 1.1 V ( $V_{CC} = 2.2$  V to 2.7 V)

$$: 1.4 \text{ V} (\text{V}_{\text{CC}} = 2.7 \text{ V} \text{ to } 3.6 \text{ V})$$

• Output load: See figures (Including scope and jig)



#### Read Cycle

		HM62V	16256CI		
		-7			
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Read cycle time	t <sub>RC</sub>	70		ns	
Address access time	t <sub>AA</sub>	—	70	ns	
Chip select access time	t <sub>ACS1</sub>	—	70	ns	
	t <sub>ACS2</sub>	—	70	ns	
Output enable to output valid	t <sub>oe</sub>	—	40	ns	
Output hold from address change	t <sub>oH</sub>	10	_	ns	
LB, UB access time	t <sub>BA</sub>	—	70	ns	
Chip select to output in low-Z	t <sub>cLZ1</sub>	10	_	ns	2, 3
	t <sub>CLZ2</sub>	10	_	ns	2, 3
LB, UB enable to low-z	t <sub>BLZ</sub>	5	_	ns	2, 3
Output enable to output in low-Z	t <sub>olz</sub>	5	_	ns	2, 3
Chip deselect to output in high-Z	t <sub>CHZ1</sub>	0	25	ns	1, 2, 3
	t <sub>CHZ2</sub>	0	25	ns	1, 2, 3
LB, UB disable to high-Z	t <sub>BHZ</sub>	0	25	ns	1, 2, 3
Output disable to output in high-Z	t <sub>oHz</sub>	0	25	ns	1, 2, 3

#### Write Cycle

		HM62V	16256CI		
		-7			
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Write cycle time	t <sub>wc</sub>	70	_	ns	
Address valid to end of write	t <sub>AW</sub>	60	—	ns	
Chip selection to end of write	t <sub>cw</sub>	60	—	ns	5
Write pulse width	t <sub>wP</sub>	50	_	ns	4
LB, UB valid to end of write	t <sub>BW</sub>	55	_	ns	
Address setup time	t <sub>AS</sub>	0	_	ns	6
Write recovery time	t <sub>wR</sub>	0	—	ns	7
Data to write time overlap	t <sub>DW</sub>	30	_	ns	
Data hold from write time	t <sub>DH</sub>	0	_	ns	
Output active from end of write	t <sub>ow</sub>	5	—	ns	2
Output disable to output in High-Z	t <sub>oHz</sub>	0	25	ns	1, 2
Write to output in high-Z	t <sub>wHZ</sub>	0	25	ns	1, 2

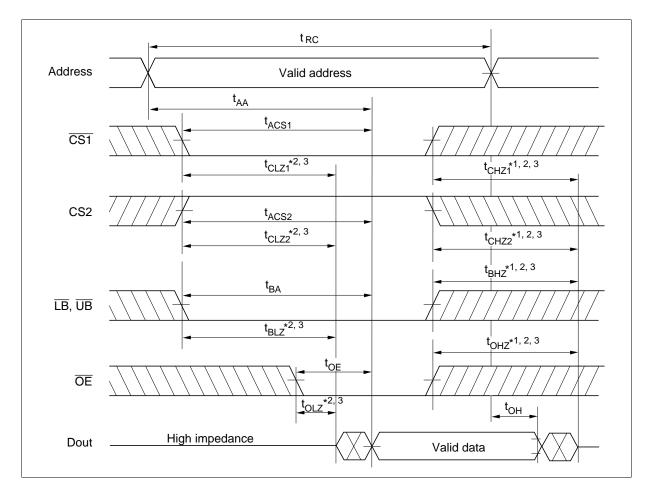
Notes: 1. t<sub>CHZ</sub>, t<sub>OHZ</sub>, t<sub>WHZ</sub> and t<sub>BHZ</sub> are defined as the time at which the outputs achieve the open circuit conditions and are not referred to output voltage levels.

- 2. This parameter is sampled and not 100% tested.
- At any given temperature and voltage condition, t<sub>HZ</sub> max is less than t<sub>LZ</sub> min both for a given device and from device to device.
- 4. A write occures during the overlap of a low CS1, a high CS2, a low WE and a low LB or a low UB. A write begins at the latest transition among CS1 going low, CS2 going high, WE going low and LB going low or UB going low. A write ends at the earliest transition among CS1 going high, CS2 going low, WE going high and LB going high or UB going high. t<sub>wP</sub> is measured from the beginning of write to the end of write.
- 5.  $t_{cw}$  is measured from the later of  $\overline{CS1}$  going low or CS2 going high to the end of write.
- 6.  $t_{AS}$  is measured from the address valid to the beginning of write.
- t<sub>wR</sub> is measured from the earliest of CS1 or WE going high or CS2 going low to the end of write cycle.

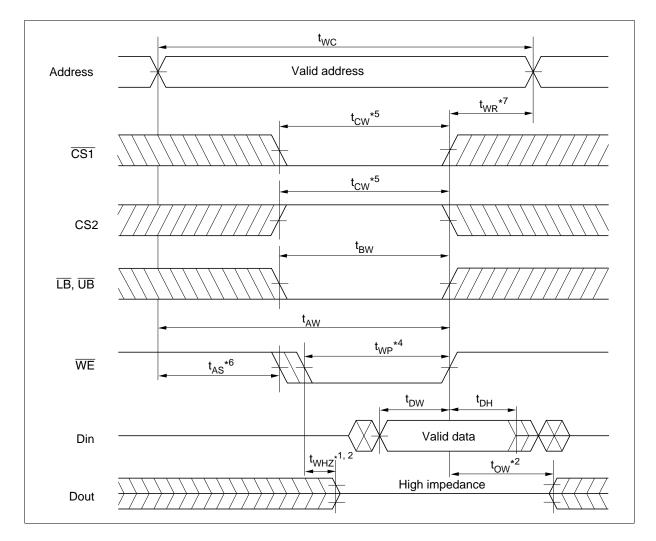


#### **Timing Waveform**

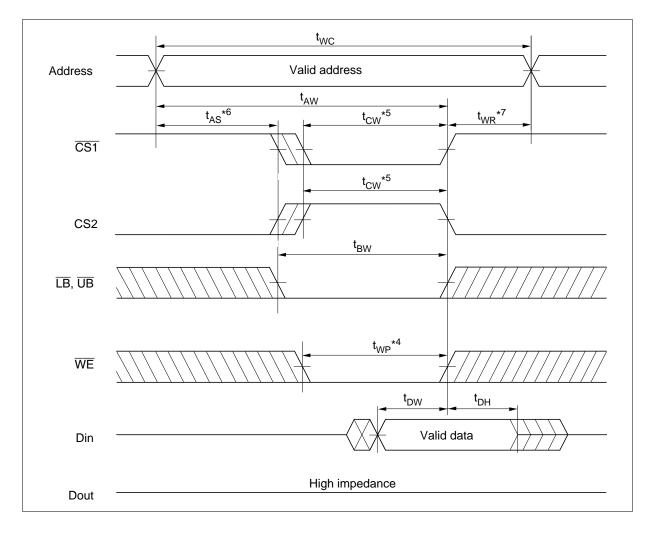
#### Read Cycle



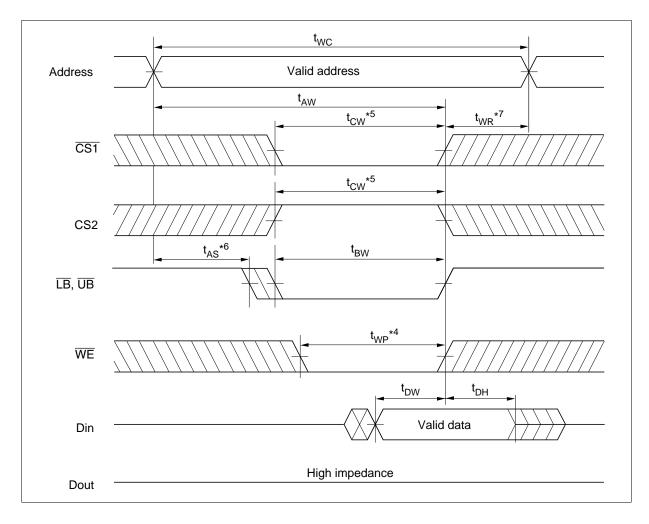
#### Write Cycle (1) (WE Clock)



#### Write Cycle (2) ( $\overline{CS}$ Clock, $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$ )



Write Cycle (3) ( $\overline{LB}$ ,  $\overline{UB}$  Clock,  $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$ )



Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ* <sup>3</sup>	Max	Unit	Test conditions*2
$V_{cc}$ for data retention	V <sub>DR</sub>	2.0	_	3.6	V	$ \begin{array}{l} \mbox{Vin} \geq 0 \mbox{V} \\ (1) \ 0 \ V \leq CS2 \leq 0.2 \ V \ or \\ (2) \ CS2 \geq V_{\rm cc} - 0.2 \ V, \\ \hline CS1 \geq V_{\rm cc} - 0.2 \ V \ or \\ (3) \ \overline{LB} = \overline{UB} \geq V_{\rm cc} - 0.2 \ V, \\ \hline CS2 \geq V_{\rm cc} - 0.2 \ V, \\ \hline CS1 \leq 0.2 \ V \\ \hline CS1 \leq 0.2 \ V \\ \end{array} $
Data retention current	I <sub>CCDR</sub> *1	_	0.8	20	μA	$\begin{array}{l} V_{\text{CC}} = 3.0 \; V, \; Vin \geq 0V \\ (1) \;\; 0 \; V \leq CS2 \leq 0.2 \; V \; or \\ (2) \;\; \underbrace{CS2}_{CS} \geq V_{\text{cc}} - 0.2 \; V, \\ &  &  \underbrace{CS1}_{EB} \geq V_{\text{cc}} - 0.2 \; V \; or \\ (3) \;\; \overleftarrow{LB} = \overleftarrow{UB} \geq V_{\text{cc}} - 0.2 \; V, \\ &  &  \underbrace{CS2}_{CS1} \geq V_{\text{cc}} - 0.2 \; V, \\ &  &  \underbrace{CS1}_{CS1} \leq 0.2 \; V \end{array}$
Chip deselect to data retention time	$t_{CDR}$	0	—	_	ns	See retention waveform
Operation recovery time	t <sub>R</sub>	t <sub>RC</sub> *4	_	_	ns	

#### Low $V_{cc}$ Data Retention Characteristics (Ta = -40 to +85°C)

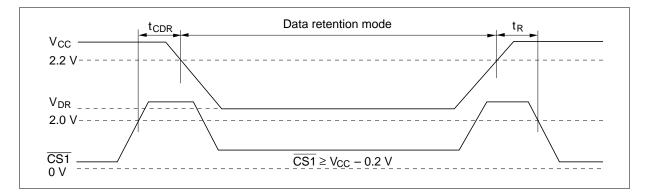
Notes: 1. This characteristic is guaranteed only for L-version, 10  $\mu$ A max. at Ta = -40 to +40°C.

2. CS2 controls address buffer,  $\overline{WE}$  buffer,  $\overline{CS1}$  buffer,  $\overline{OE}$  buffer,  $\overline{LB}$ ,  $\overline{UB}$  buffer and Din buffer. If CS2 controls data retention mode, Vin levels (address,  $\overline{WE}$ ,  $\overline{OE}$ ,  $\overline{CS1}$ ,  $\overline{LB}$ ,  $\overline{UB}$ , I/O) can be in the high impedance state. If  $\overline{CS1}$  controls data retention mode, CS2 must be  $CS2 \ge V_{cc} - 0.2 \text{ V}$  or  $0 \text{ V} \le CS2 \le 0.2 \text{ V}$ . The other input levels (address,  $\overline{WE}$ ,  $\overline{OE}$ ,  $\overline{LB}$ ,  $\overline{UB}$ , I/O) can be in the high impedance state.

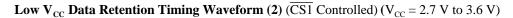
3. Typical values are at  $V_{cc}$  = 3.0 V, Ta = +25 °C and not guaranteed.

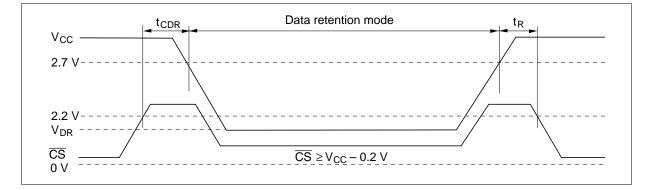
4.  $t_{RC}$  = read cycle time.



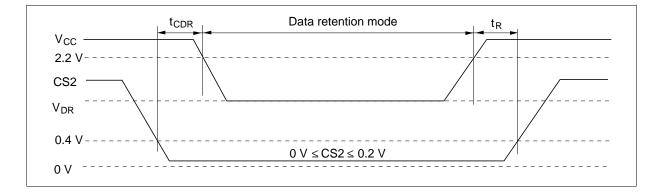


Low V<sub>CC</sub> Data Retention Timing Waveform (1) ( $\overline{\text{CS1}}$  Controlled) (V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.2 V to 2.7 V)

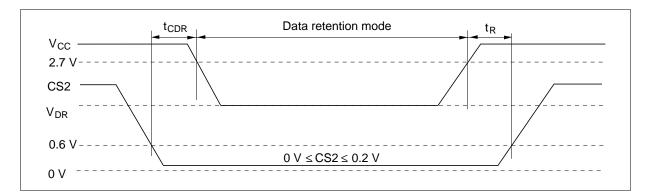




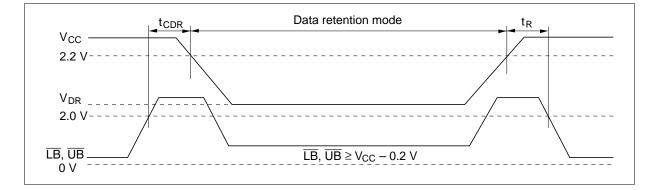
Low V<sub>CC</sub> Data Retention Timing Waveform (3) (CS2 Controlled) (V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.2 V to 2.7 V)



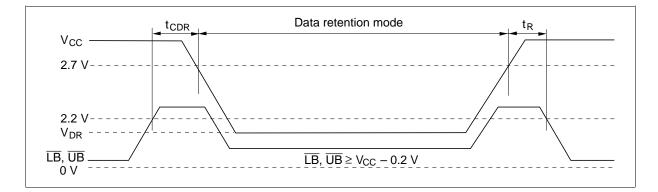
Low V<sub>CC</sub> Data Retention Timing Waveform (4) (CS2 Controlled) ( $V_{CC} = 2.7$  V to 3.6 V)



Low V<sub>CC</sub> Data Retention Timing Waveform (5) ( $\overline{LB}$ ,  $\overline{UB}$  Controlled) (V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.2 V to 2.7 V)



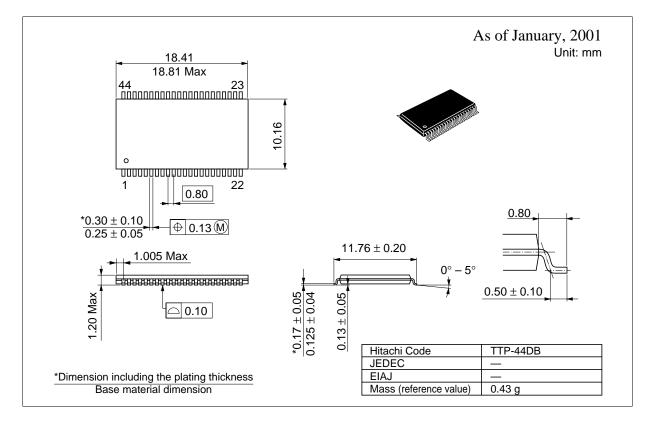
Low V<sub>CC</sub> Data Retention Timing Waveform (6) ( $\overline{\text{LB}}$ ,  $\overline{\text{UB}}$  Controlled) (V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.7 V to 3.6 V)



#### RENESAS

#### **Package Dimensions**

#### HM62V16256CLTTI Series (TTP-44DB)





#### Cautions

- Hitachi neither warrants nor grants licenses of any rights of Hitachi's or any third party's patent, copyright, trademark, or other intellectual property rights for information contained in this document. Hitachi bears no responsibility for problems that may arise with third party's rights, including intellectual property rights, in connection with use of the information contained in this document.
- 2. Products and product specifications may be subject to change without notice. Confirm that you have received the latest product standards or specifications before final design, purchase or use.
- 3. Hitachi makes every attempt to ensure that its products are of high quality and reliability. However, contact Hitachi's sales office before using the product in an application that demands especially high quality and reliability or where its failure or malfunction may directly threaten human life or cause risk of bodily injury, such as aerospace, aeronautics, nuclear power, combustion control, transportation, traffic, safety equipment or medical equipment for life support.
- 4. Design your application so that the product is used within the ranges guaranteed by Hitachi particularly for maximum rating, operating supply voltage range, heat radiation characteristics, installation conditions and other characteristics. Hitachi bears no responsibility for failure or damage when used beyond the guaranteed ranges. Even within the guaranteed ranges, consider normally foreseeable failure rates or failure modes in semiconductor devices and employ systemic measures such as fail-safes, so that the equipment incorporating Hitachi product does not cause bodily injury, fire or other consequential damage due to operation of the Hitachi product.
- 5. This product is not designed to be radiation resistant.
- 6. No one is permitted to reproduce or duplicate, in any form, the whole or part of this document without written approval from Hitachi.
- 7. Contact Hitachi's sales office for any questions regarding this document or Hitachi semiconductor products.

## HITACHI

#### Hitachi, Ltd.

Semiconductor & Integrated Circuits Nippon Bldg., 2-6-2, Ohte-machi, Chiyoda-ku, Tokyo 100-0004, Japan Tel: (03) 3270-2111 Fax: (03) 3270-5109

Fax: <49> (89) 9 29 30 00

URL http://www.hitachisemiconductor.com/

#### For further information write to:

Hitachi Semiconductor Hitachi Europe Ltd. Hitachi Asia Ltd. Hitachi Asia (Hong Kong) Ltd. (America) Inc. Electronic Components Group Hitachi Tower Group III (Electronic Components) 179 East Tasman Drive Whitebrook Park 16 Collyer Quay #20-00 7/F North Tower San Jose, CA 95134 Lower Cookham Road Singapore 049318 World Finance Centre. Tel: <1> (408) 433-1990 Maidenhead Tel : <65>-538-6533/538-8577 Harbour City, Canton Road Fax: <1>(408) 433-0223 Berkshire SL6 8YA, United Kingdom Fax : <65>-538-6933/538-3877 Tsim Sha Tsui, Kowloon Hong Kong URL : http://semiconductor.hitachi.com.sg Tel : <852>-(2)-735-9218 Fax : <852>-(2)-730-0281 Tel: <44> (1628) 585000 Fax: <44> (1628) 585200 Hitachi Asia Ltd URL : http://semiconductor.hitachi.com.hk Hitachi Europe GmbH (Taipei Branch Office) Electronic Components Group 4/F, No. 167, Tun Hwa North Road Dornacher Straße 3 Hung-Kuo Building D-85622 Feldkirchen Taipei (105), Taiwan Postfach 201, D-85619 Feldkirchen Tel: <886>-(2)-2718-3666 Germany Fax : <886>-(2)-2718-8180 Tel: <49> (89) 9 9180-0 Telex : 23222 HAS-TP

> Copyright © Hitachi, Ltd., 2001. All rights reserved. Printed in Japan. Colophon 5.0



URL : http://www.hitachi.com.tw