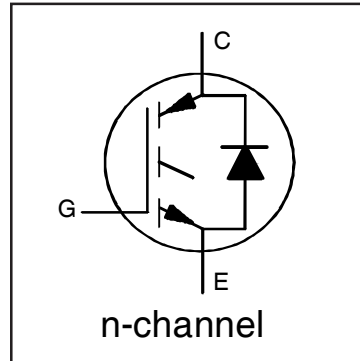


**INSULATED GATE BIPOLAR TRANSISTOR WITH ULTRA-LOW V_F DIODE
FOR INDUCTION HEATING AND SOFT SWITCHING APPLICATIONS**

**IRG7PH35UD1PbF
IRG7PH35UD1-EP**

Features

- Low $V_{CE(ON)}$ trench IGBT Technology
- Low Switching Losses
- Square RBSOA
- Ultra-Low V_F Diode
- 1300Vpk Repetitive Transient Capacity
- 100% of the Parts Tested for $I_{LM}^{①}$
- Positive $V_{CE(ON)}$ Temperature Co-Efficient
- Tight Parameter Distribution
- Lead Free Package



$$V_{CES} = 1200V$$

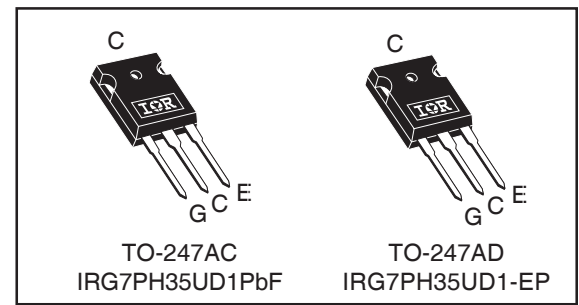
$$I_{NOMINAL} = 20A$$

$$T_{J(max)} = 150^{\circ}C$$

$$V_{CE(on)} \text{ typ.} = 1.9V$$

Benefits

- Device optimized for induction heating and soft switching applications
- High Efficiency due to Low $V_{CE(on)}$, low switching losses and Ultra-low V_F
- Rugged transient performance for increased reliability
- Excellent current sharing in parallel operation
- Low EMI



G	C	E
Gate	Collector	Emitter

Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
V_{CES}	Collector-to-Emitter Voltage	1200	V
$I_C @ T_C = 25^{\circ}C$	Continuous Collector Current	50	A
$I_C @ T_C = 100^{\circ}C$	Continuous Collector Current	25	
$I_{NOMINAL}$	Nominal Current	20	
I_{CM}	Pulse Collector Current, $V_{GE}=15V$ ④	60	
I_{LM}	Clamped Inductive Load Current, $V_{GE}=20V$ ①	80	
$I_F @ T_C = 25^{\circ}C$	Diode Continuous Forward Current	50	
$I_F @ T_C = 100^{\circ}C$	Diode Continuous Forward Current	25	V
I_{FM}	Diode Maximum Forward Current ②	80	
V_{GE}	Continuous Gate-to-Emitter Voltage	± 30	V
$P_D @ T_C = 25^{\circ}C$	Maximum Power Dissipation	179	W
$P_D @ T_C = 100^{\circ}C$	Maximum Power Dissipation	71	
T_J	Operating Junction and	-55 to +150	$^{\circ}C$
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature Range		
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 sec.	300 (0.063 in. (1.6mm) from case)	
	Mounting Torque, 6-32 or M3 Screw	10 lbf-in (1.1 N-m)	

Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$ (IGBT)	Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Case-(each IGBT) ⑤	—	—	0.70	$^{\circ}C/W$
$R_{\theta JC}$ (Diode)	Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Case-(each Diode) ⑤	—	—	1.35	
$R_{\theta CS}$	Thermal Resistance, Case-to-Sink (flat, greased surface)	—	0.24	—	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Thermal Resistance, Junction-to-Ambient (typical socket mount)	—	40	—	

Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(BR)CES}$	Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	1200	—	—	V	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 100\mu A$ ③
$V_{(BR)Transient}$	Repetitive Transient Collector-to-Emitter Voltage	—	—	1300	V	$V_{GE} = 0V, T_J = 75^\circ\text{C}, PW \leq 10\mu s$ ③
$\Delta V_{(BR)CES}/\Delta T_J$	Temperature Coeff. of Breakdown Voltage	—	1.2	—	V/°C	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 1mA (25^\circ\text{C}-150^\circ\text{C})$
$V_{CE(on)}$	Collector-to-Emitter Saturation Voltage	—	1.9	2.2	V	$I_C = 20A, V_{GE} = 15V, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
		—	2.3	—		$I_C = 20A, V_{GE} = 15V, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
$V_{GE(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	3.0	—	6.0	V	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 600\mu A$
g_{fe}	Forward Transconductance	—	22	—	S	$V_{CE} = 50V, I_C = 20A, PW = 30\mu s$
I_{CES}	Collector-to-Emitter Leakage Current	—	1.0	100	μA	$V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 1200V$
		—	120	—		$V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 1200V, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
V_{FM}	Diode Forward Voltage Drop	—	1.15	1.26	V	$I_F = 20A$
		—	1.08	—		$I_F = 20A, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
I_{GES}	Gate-to-Emitter Leakage Current	—	—	± 100	nA	$V_{GE} = \pm 30V$

Switching Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
Q_g	Total Gate Charge (turn-on)	—	85	130	nC	$I_C = 20A$
Q_{ge}	Gate-to-Emitter Charge (turn-on)	—	15	20		$V_{GE} = 15V$
Q_{gc}	Gate-to-Collector Charge (turn-on)	—	35	50		$V_{CC} = 600V$
E_{off}	Turn-Off Switching Loss	—	620	850	μJ	$I_C = 20A, V_{CC} = 600V, V_{GE} = 15V$ $R_G = 10\Omega, L = 200\mu H, L_S = 150nH, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Energy losses include tail
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off delay time	—	160	180	ns	$I_C = 20A, V_{CC} = 600V, V_{GE} = 15V$
t_f	Fall time	—	80	105		$R_G = 10\Omega, L = 200\mu H, L_S = 150nH, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$
E_{off}	Turn-Off Switching Loss	—	1120	—	μJ	$I_C = 20A, V_{CC} = 600V, V_{GE} = 15V$ $R_G = 10\Omega, L = 200\mu H, L_S = 150nH, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$ Energy losses include tail
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off delay time	—	190	—	ns	$I_C = 20A, V_{CC} = 600V, V_{GE} = 15V$
t_f	Fall time	—	210	—		$R_G = 10\Omega, L = 200\mu H, L_S = 150nH, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$
C_{ies}	Input Capacitance	—	1940	—	pF	$V_{GE} = 0V$
C_{oes}	Output Capacitance	—	120	—		$V_{CC} = 30V$
C_{res}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	40	—		$f = 1.0MHz$
RBSOA	Reverse Bias Safe Operating Area	FULL SQUARE				$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}, I_C = 80A$ $V_{CC} = 960V, V_p = 1200V$ $R_G = 10\Omega, V_{GE} = +20V \text{ to } 0V$

Notes:

- ① $V_{CC} = 80\% (V_{CES}), V_{GE} = 20V, R_G = 10\Omega$.
- ② Pulse width limited by max. junction temperature.
- ③ Refer to AN-1086 for guidelines for measuring $V_{(BR)CES}$ safely.
- ④ Rating for Hard Switching conditions. Rating is higher in Soft Switching conditions.
- ⑤ R_{θ} is measured at T_J approximately 90°C .

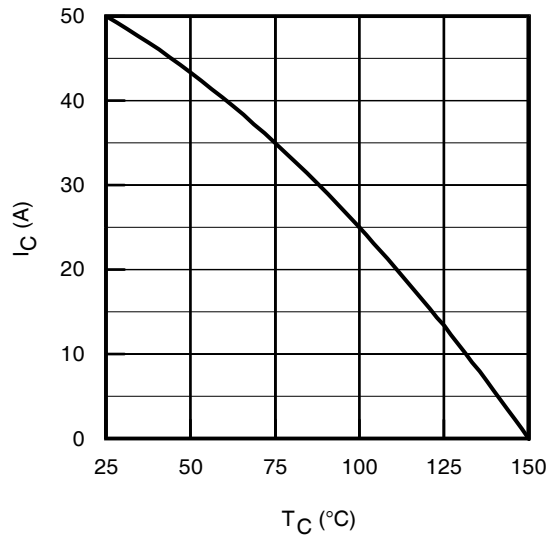


Fig. 1 - Maximum DC Collector Current vs. Case Temperature

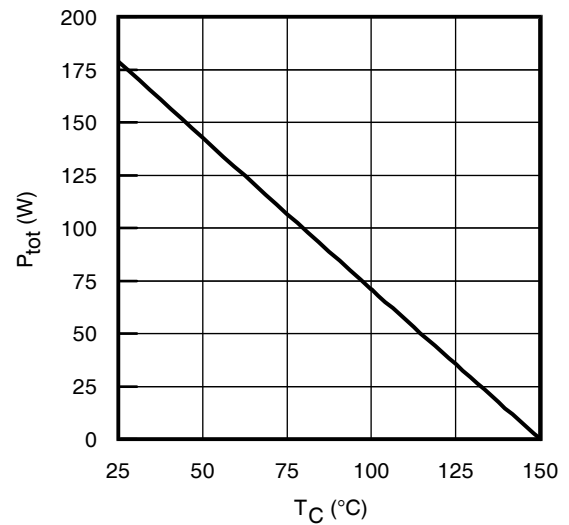


Fig. 2 - Power Dissipation vs. Case Temperature

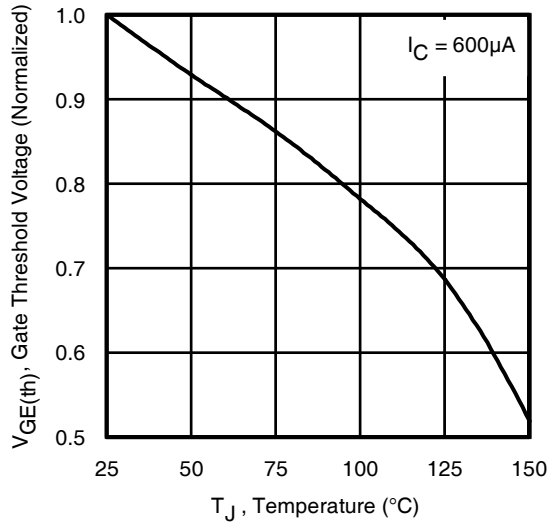


Fig. 3 - Typical Gate Threshold Voltage (Normalized) vs. Junction Temperature

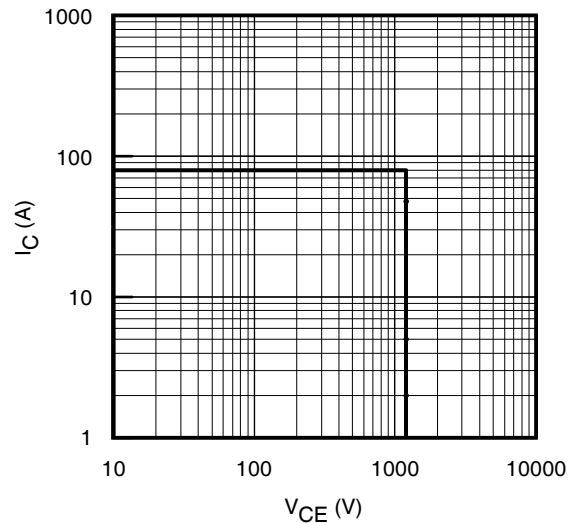


Fig. 4 - Reverse Bias SOA
 $T_J = 150^\circ C$; $V_{GE} = 20V$

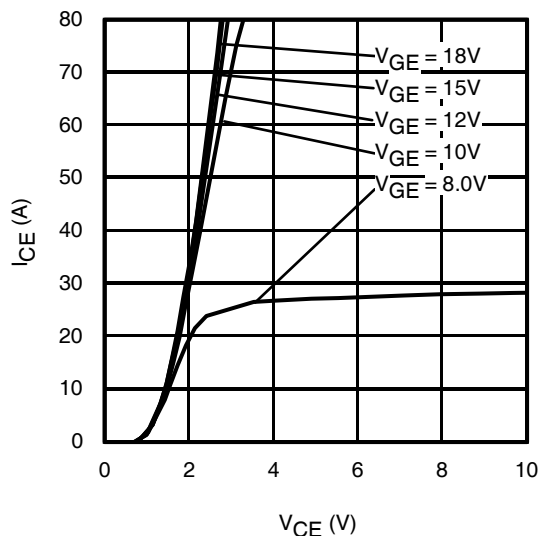


Fig. 5 - Typ. IGBT Output Characteristics
 $T_J = -40^\circ C$; $t_p = 30\mu s$

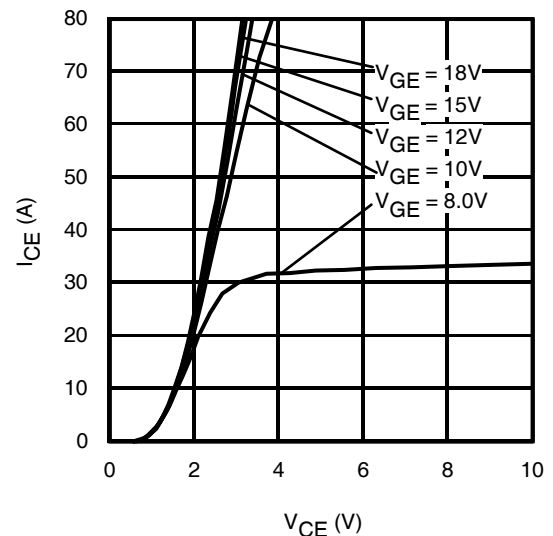


Fig. 6 - Typ. IGBT Output Characteristics
 $T_J = 25^\circ C$; $t_p = 30\mu s$

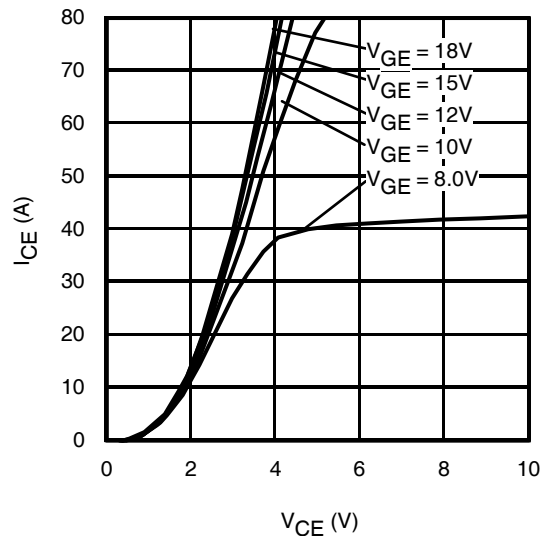


Fig. 7 - Typ. IGBT Output Characteristics
 $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$; $t_p = 30\mu\text{s}$

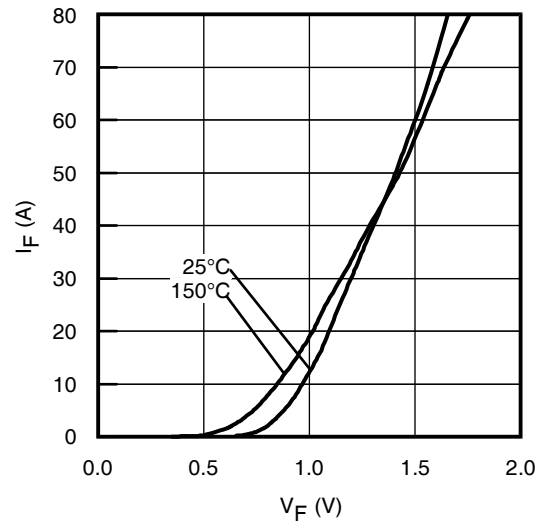


Fig. 8 - Typ. Diode Forward Voltage Drop Characteristics

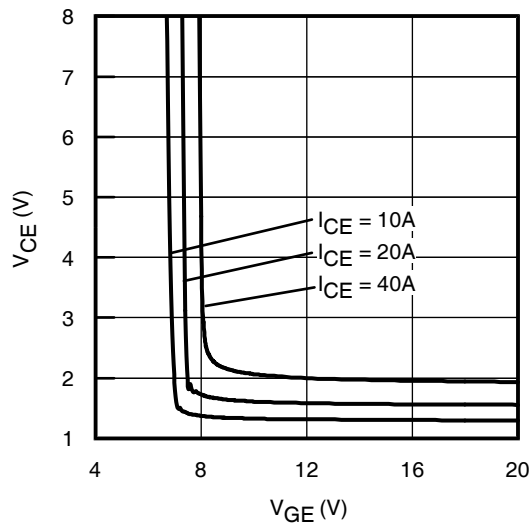


Fig. 9 - Typical V_{CE} vs. V_{GE}
 $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$

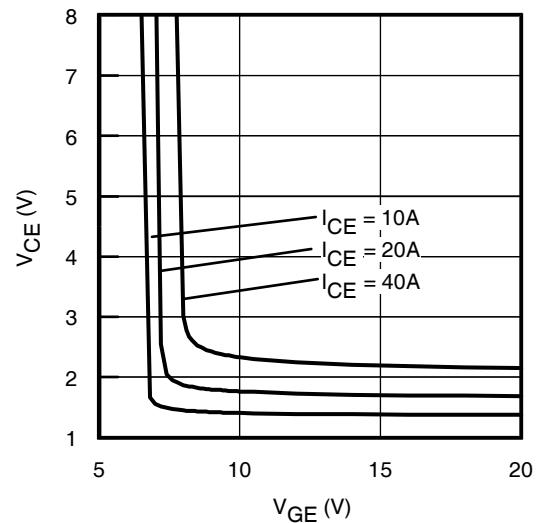


Fig. 10 - Typical V_{CE} vs. V_{GE}
 $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$

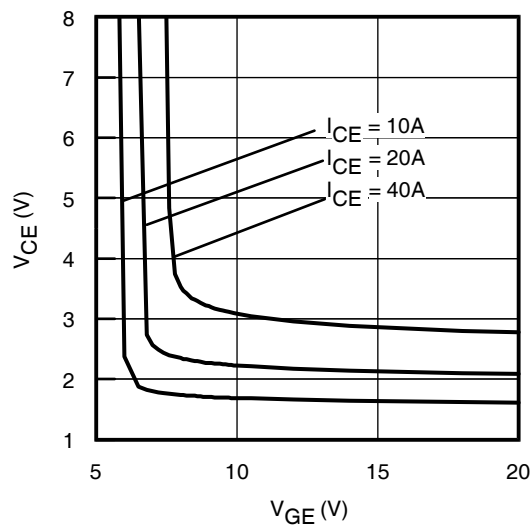


Fig. 11 - Typical V_{CE} vs. V_{GE}
 $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$

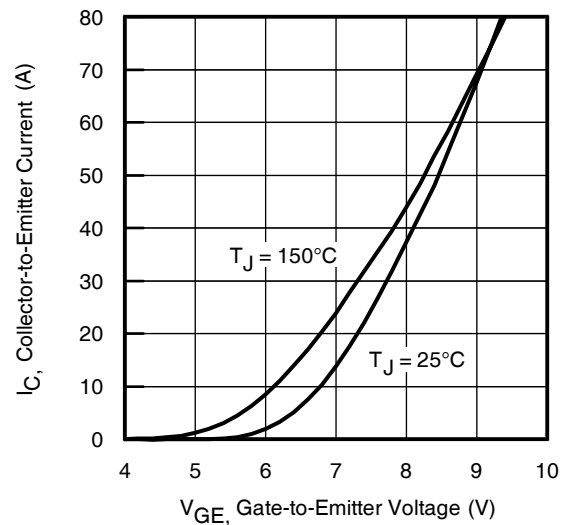


Fig. 12 - Typ. Transfer Characteristics
 $V_{CE} = 50\text{V}$; $t_p = 30\mu\text{s}$

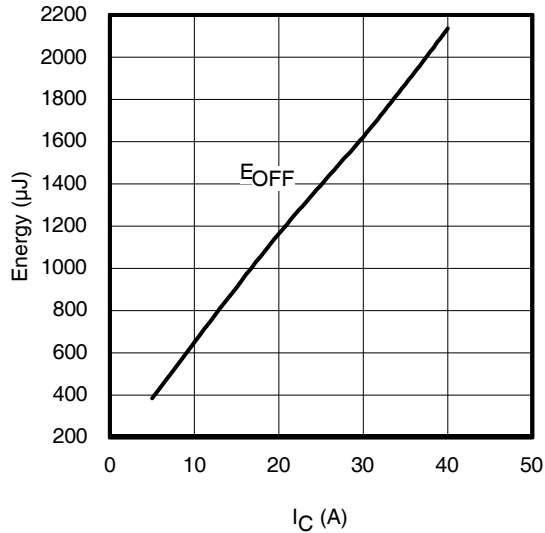


Fig. 13 - Typ. Energy Loss vs. I_C
 $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$; $L = 680\mu\text{H}$; $V_{CE} = 600\text{V}$; $R_G = 10\Omega$; $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$

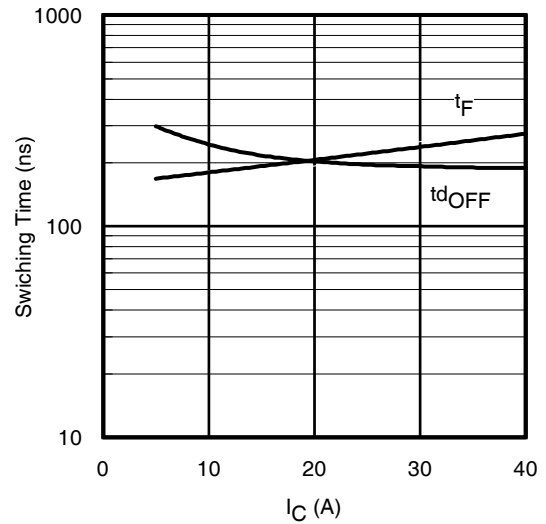


Fig. 14 - Typ. Switching Time vs. I_C
 $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$; $L = 680\mu\text{H}$; $V_{CE} = 600\text{V}$; $R_G = 10\Omega$; $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$

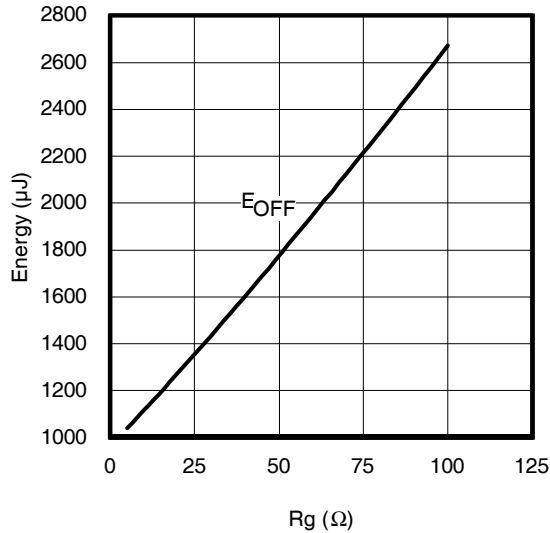


Fig. 15 - Typ. Energy Loss vs. R_G
 $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$; $L = 680\mu\text{H}$; $V_{CE} = 600\text{V}$; $I_{CE} = 20\text{A}$; $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$

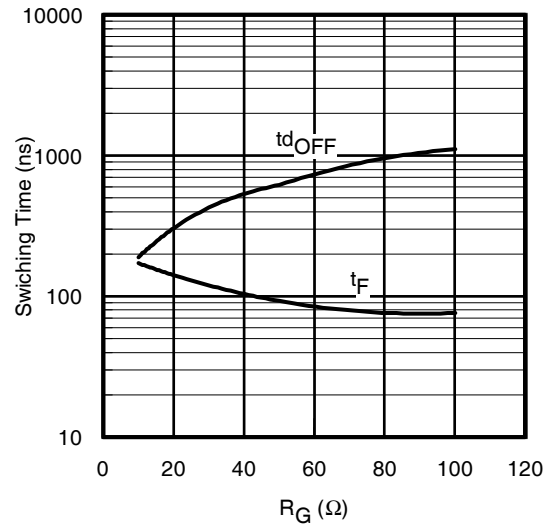


Fig. 16 - Typ. Switching Time vs. R_G
 $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$; $L = 680\mu\text{H}$; $V_{CE} = 600\text{V}$; $I_{CE} = 20\text{A}$; $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$

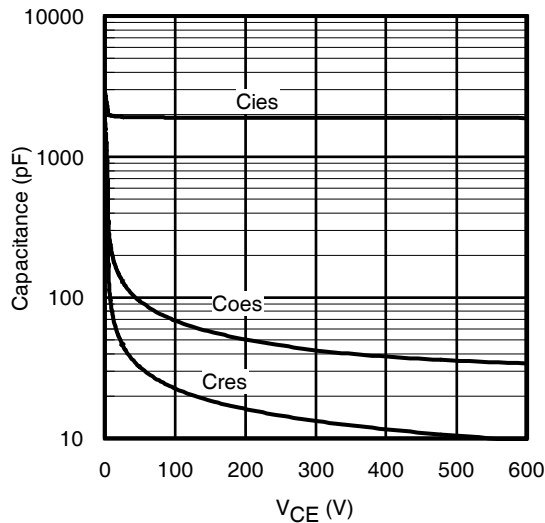


Fig. 17 - Typ. Capacitance vs. V_{CE}
 $V_{GE} = 0\text{V}$; $f = 1\text{MHz}$

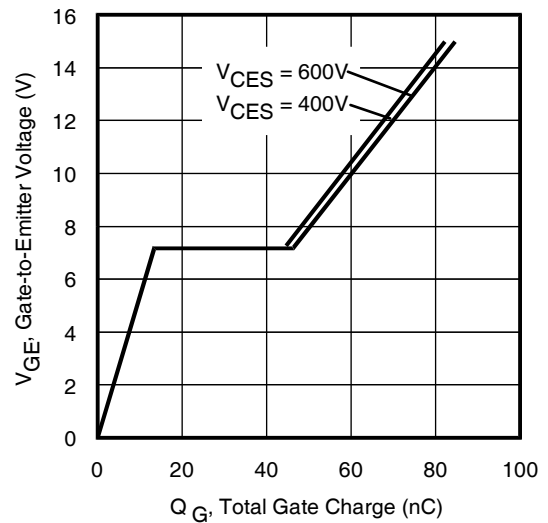


Fig. 18 - Typical Gate Charge vs. V_{GE}
 $I_{CE} = 20\text{A}$; $L = 2.4\text{mH}$

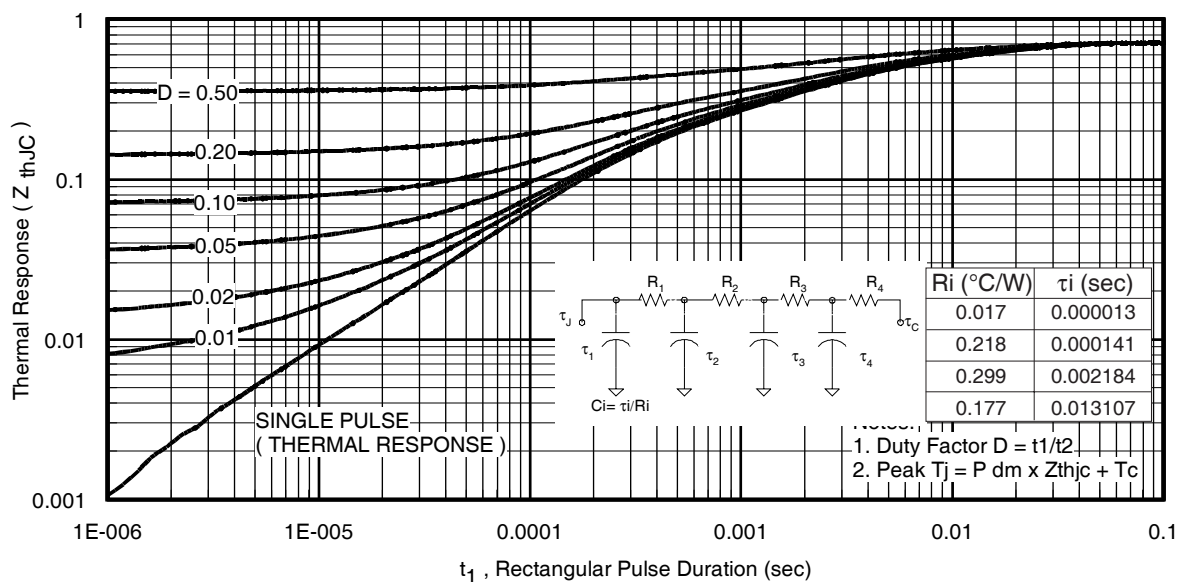


Fig 19. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case (IGBT)

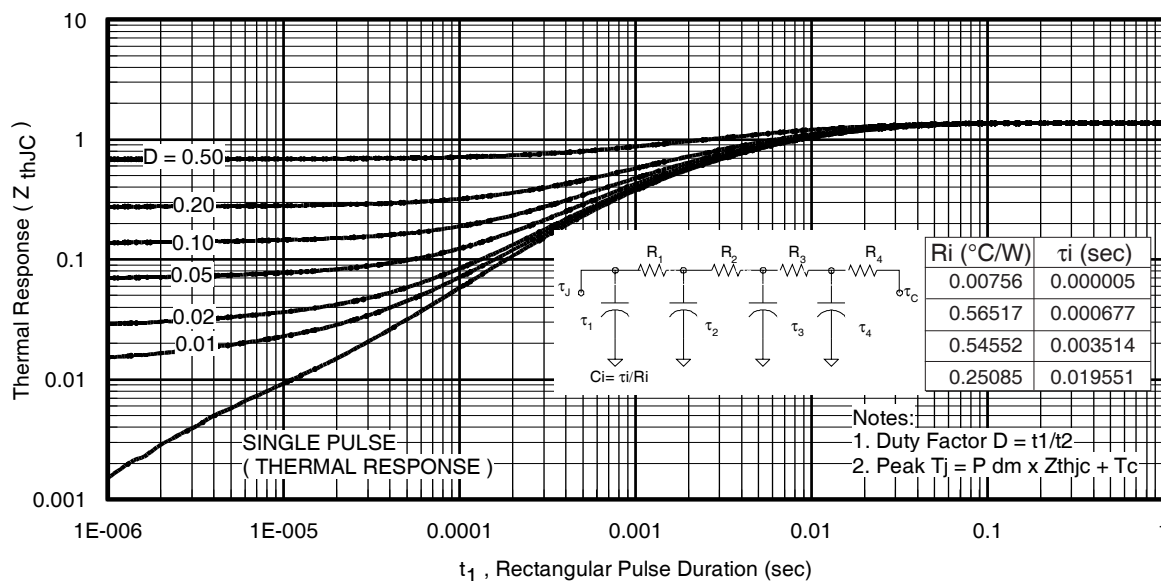


Fig. 20. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case (DIODE)

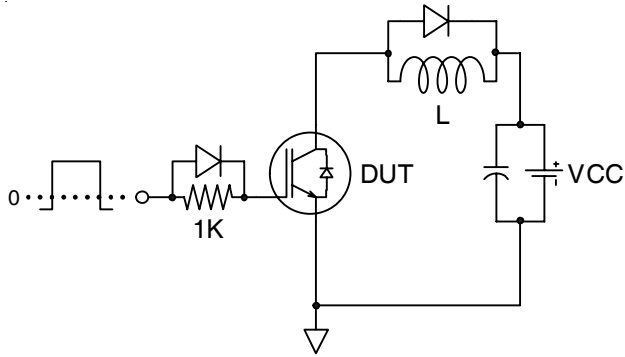


Fig.C.T.1 - Gate Charge Circuit (turn-off)

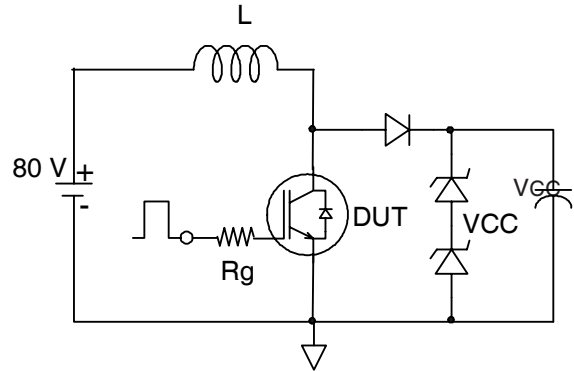


Fig.C.T.2 - RBSOA Circuit

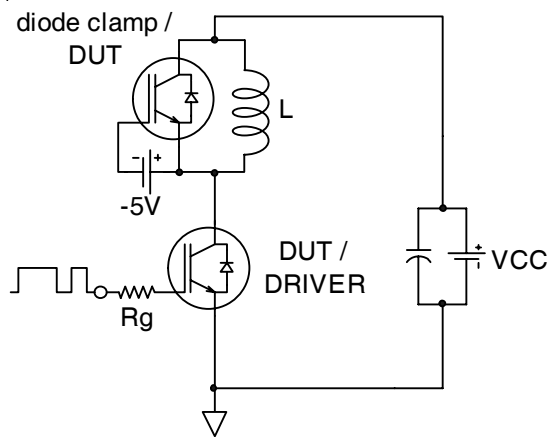


Fig.C.T.3 - Switching Loss Circuit

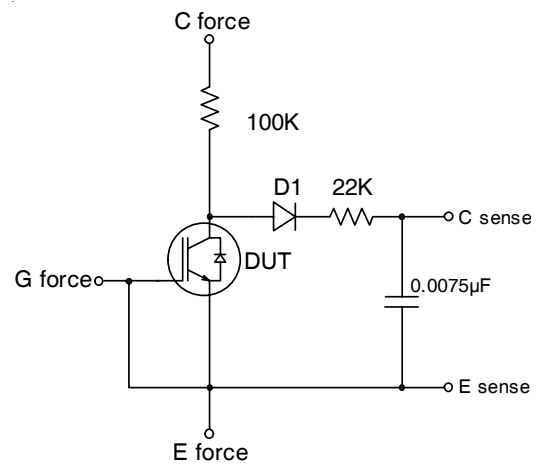


Fig.C.T.4 - BVCES Filter Circuit

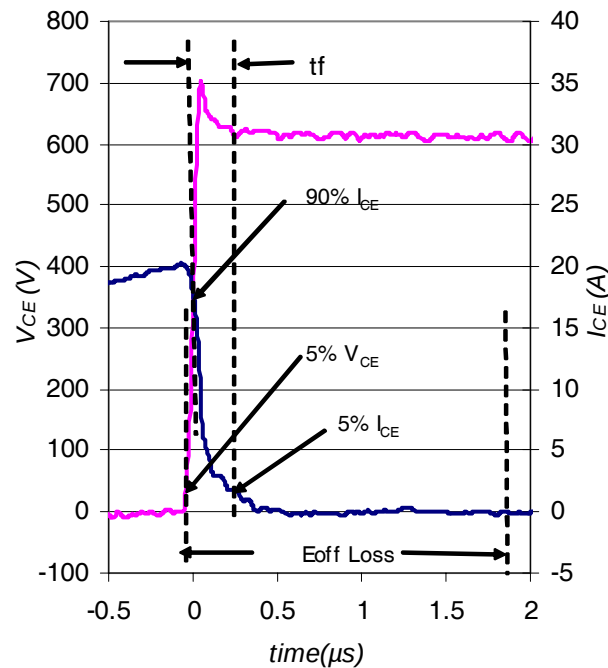


Fig. WF1 - Typ. Turn-off Loss Waveform
@ T_J = 150°C using Fig. CT.3

International
IOR Rectifier

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING AS PER ASME Y14.5M 1994.
2. DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN INCHES.
3. CONTOUR OF SLOT OPTIONAL.
4. DIMENSION D & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED .005" (0.127) PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTERMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY.
5. THERMAL PAD CONTOUR OPTIONAL WITHIN DIMENSIONS D1 & E1.
6. LEAD FINISH UNCONTROLLED IN L1.
7. ØP TO HAVE A MAXIMUM DRAFT ANGLE OF 1.5 ° TO THE TOP OF THE PART WITH A MAXIMUM HOLE DIAMETER OF .154 INCH.
8. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE TO-247AC .

SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS				NOTES
	INCHES		MILLIMETERS		
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
A	.183	.209	4.65	5.31	
A1	.087	.102	2.21	2.59	
A2	.059	.098	1.50	2.49	
b	.039	.055	0.99	1.40	
b1	.039	.053	0.99	1.35	
b2	.065	.094	1.65	2.39	
b3	.065	.092	1.65	2.34	
b4	.102	.135	2.59	3.43	
b5	.102	.133	2.59	3.38	
c	.015	.035	0.38	0.89	
c1	.015	.033	0.38	0.84	4
D	.776	.815	19.71	20.70	
D1	.515	—	13.08	—	
D2	.020	.053	0.51	1.35	5
E	.602	.625	15.29	15.87	
E1	.530	—	13.46	—	
E2	.178	.216	4.52	5.49	
e	.215 BSC		5.46 BSC		4
øk	.010		0.25		
L	.559	.634	14.20	16.10	4
L1	.146	.169	3.71	4.29	
øP	.140	.144	3.56	3.66	4
øP1	—	.291	—	7.39	
Q	.209	.224	5.31	5.69	4
S	.217 BSC		5.51 BSC		

HEXFET

- 1.- GATE
- 2.- DRAIN
- 3.- SOURCE
- 4.- DRAIN

IGBTs, CoPACK

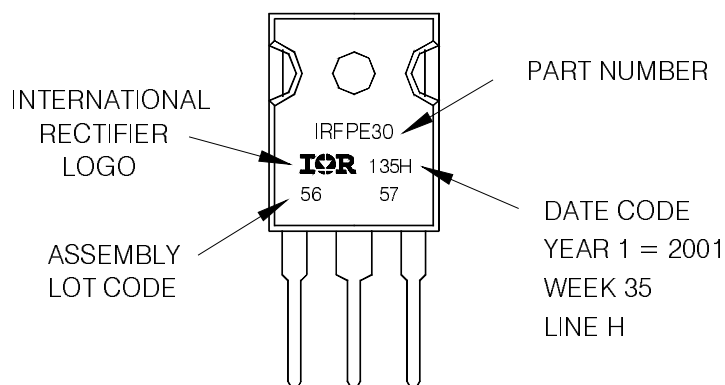
- 1.- GATE
- 2.- COLLECTOR
- 3.- EMITTER
- 4.- COLLECTOR

DIODES

- 1.- ANODE/OPEN
- 2.- CATHODE
- 3.- ANODE

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRFPE30
WITH ASSEMBLY
LOT CODE 5657
ASSEMBLED ON WW 35, 2001
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "H"

Note: "P" in assembly line position indicates "Lead-Free"

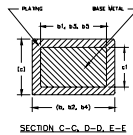
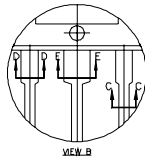
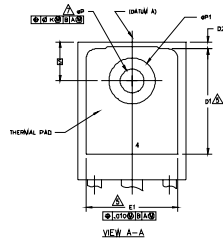
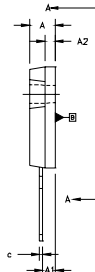
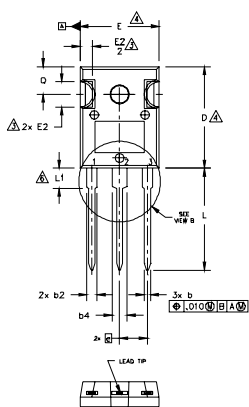


TO-247AC package is not recommended for Surface Mount Application.

Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at <http://www.irf.com/package/>

TO-247AD Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING AS PER ASME Y14.5M 1994.
2. DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN INCHES.
3. CONTOUR OF SLOT OPTIONAL.
4. DIMENSION D & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED .005" (0.127) PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTERMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY.
5. THERMAL PAD CONTOUR OPTIONAL WITHIN DIMENSIONS D1 & E1.
6. LEAD FINISH UNCONTROLLED IN L1.
7. #P TO HAVE A MAXIMUM DRAFT ANGLE OF 1.5° TO THE TOP OF THE PART WITH A MAXIMUM HOLE DIAMETER OF .154 INCH.
8. OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC OUTLINE TO-247AD.

SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS				NOTE
	INCHES		MILLIMETERS		
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
A	.183	.209	4.65	5.31	
A1	.087	.102	2.21	2.59	
A2	.059	.098	1.50	2.49	
b	.039	.055	0.99	1.40	
b1	.039	.053	0.99	1.35	
b2	.065	.094	1.65	2.39	
b3	.065	.092	1.65	2.34	
b4	.102	.135	2.59	3.43	
b5	.102	.133	2.59	3.38	
c	.015	.035	0.38	0.89	
c1	.015	.033	0.38	0.84	
D	.776	.815	19.71	20.70	4
D1	.515	-	13.08	-	5
D2	.020	.053	0.51	1.35	
E	.602	.625	15.29	15.87	4
E1	.530	-	13.46	-	
E2	.178	.216	4.52	5.49	
e	.215 BSC		5.46 BSC		
ek	.010		0.25		
L	.780	.827	19.57	21.00	
L1	.146	.169	3.71	4.29	
#P1	.140	.144	3.56	3.66	
Q	-	.291	-	7.39	
Q	.209	.224	5.31	5.69	
S	.217 BSC		5.51 BSC		

LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

HEXFET

1. GATE
2. DRAIN
3. SOURCE
4. DRAIN

IGBTs, CoPACK

1. GATE
2. COLLECTOR
3. EMITTER
4. COLLECTOR

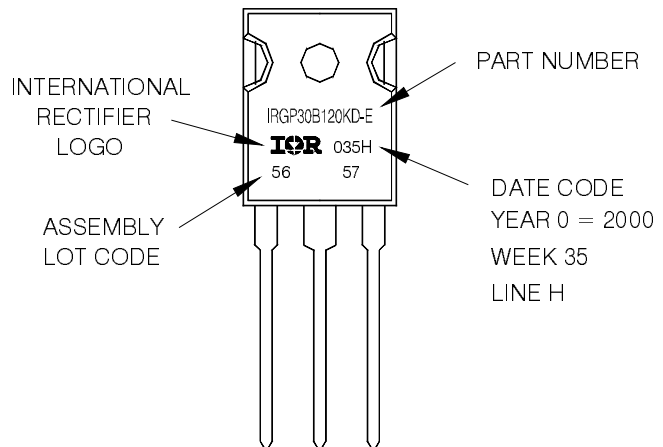
DIODES

1. ANODE/OPEN
2. CATHODE
3. ANODE

TO-247AD Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRGP30B120KD-E
WITH ASSEMBLY
LOT CODE 5657
ASSEMBLED ON WW 35, 2000
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "H"

Note: "P" in assembly line position
indicates "Lead-Free"



TO-247AD package is not recommended for Surface Mount Application.

Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at <http://www.irf.com/package/>

Data and specifications subject to change without notice.
This product has been designed and qualified for Industrial market.
Qualification Standards can be found on IR's Web site.

International
IR Rectifier

IR WORLD HEADQUARTERS: 233 Kansas St., El Segundo, California 90245, USA Tel: (310) 252-7105

TAC Fax: (310) 252-7903

Visit us at www.irf.com for sales contact information. 02/2010