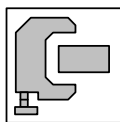


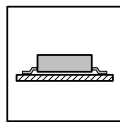
Key Features



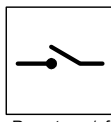
- Efficiency up to 83%
- High Power Density
- 4:1 Input Range
- I / O Isolation 1500VDC
- Remote on/off Control
- SMT Technology
- Short Circuit Protection
- EMI Complies With EN55022 Class A
- MTBF > 1,000,000 Hours



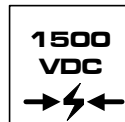
Low Profile



SMD



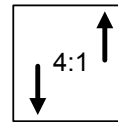
Remote on/off



I/O Isolation



EN55022



Wide Range

Minmax's MSKW3000-Series are in "gull-wing" SMT package. The series consists of 14 models with input voltage ranges of 9–36VDC and 18–75VDC which provide precisely regulated output voltages of 3.3V, 5V, 12V, 15V, $\pm 5V$, $\pm 12V$ and $\pm 15VDC$.

The $-40^{\circ}C$ to $+71^{\circ}C$ operating temperature range makes it ideal for data communication equipments, mobile battery driven equipments, distributed power systems, telecommunication equipments, mixed analog/digital subsystems, process/machine control equipments, computer peripheral systems and industrial robot systems.

The modules have a maximum power rating of 5W and a typical full-load efficiency of 83%, continuous short circuit, Remote on/off EN55022 Class A conducted noise compliance minimize design-in time, cost and eliminate the need for external filtering.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter		Min.	Max.	Unit
Input Surge Voltage (1000 mS)	24VDC Input Models	-0.7	50	VDC
	48VDC Input Models	-0.7	100	VDC
Lead Temperature (1.5mm from case for 10 Sec.)		---	260	$^{\circ}C$
Internal Power Dissipation		---	2,500	mW

Exceeding the absolute maximum ratings of the unit could cause damage.
These are not continuous operating ratings.

Environmental Specifications

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Max.	Unit
Operating Temperature	Ambient	-40	+71	$^{\circ}C$
Operating Temperature	Case	-40	+90	$^{\circ}C$
Storage Temperature		-40	125	$^{\circ}C$
Humidity		---	95	%
Cooling	Free-Air Convection			
Conducted EMI	EN55022 Class A			

Leadfree Reflow Solder Process as per IPC/JEDEC
J-STD-020C peak temp. 245C/10 sec.

Model Selection Guide

Model Number	Input Voltage	Output Voltage	Output Current		Input Current		Reflected Ripple Current	Efficiency
			Max.	Min.	@Max. Load	@No Load		@Max. Load
	VDC	VDC	mA	mA	mA (Typ.)	mA (Typ.)	mA (Typ.)	% (Typ.)
MSKW3021	24 (9 ~ 36)	3.3	1200	120	217	20	15	76
MSKW3022		5	1000	100	260			80
MSKW3023		12	417	41.7	251			83
MSKW3024		15	333	33.3	251			83
MSKW3025		±5	±500	±50	260			80
MSKW3026		±12	±208	±20.8	251			83
MSKW3027		±15	±167	±16.7	252			83
MSKW3031	48 (18 ~ 75)	3.3	1200	120	109	10	10	76
MSKW3032		5	1000	100	130			80
MSKW3033		12	417	41.7	126			83
MSKW3034		15	333	33.3	125			83
MSKW3035		±5	±500	±50	130			80
MSKW3036		±12	±208	±20.8	125			83
MSKW3037		±15	±167	±16.7	126			83

Capacitive Load

Models by Vout	3.3V	5V	12V	15V	±5V #	±12V #	±15V #	Unit
Maximum Capacitive Load	2000	2000	470	330	680	330	220	uF

For each output

Input Fuse Selection Guide

24V Input Models	48V Input Models
1500mA Slow-Blow type	750mA Slow-Blow type

Input Specifications

Parameter	Model	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Start Voltage	24V Input Models	7	8	9	VDC
	48V Input Models	14	16	18	
Under Voltage Shutdown	24V Input Models	6	7	8	
	48V Input Models	13	15	17	
Reverse Polarity Input Current	All Models	---	---	1	A
Short Circuit Input Power		---	1000	3000	mW
Input Filter		Pi Filter			

Output Specifications

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Output Voltage Accuracy		---	± 0.5	± 2.0	%
Output Voltage Balance	Dual Output, Balanced Loads	---	± 0.5	± 3.0	%
Line Regulation	V_{in} =Min. to Max.	---	± 0.2	± 1.0	%
Load Regulation	I_o =10% to 100%	---	± 0.3	± 1.0	%
Ripple & Noise (20MHz)		---	50	85	mV P-P
Ripple & Noise (20MHz)	Over Line, Load & Temp.	---	---	100	mV P-P
Ripple & Noise (20MHz)		---	---	15	mV rms
Over Power Protection		115	---	---	%
Transient Recovery Time	25% Load Step Change	---	250	500	μ S
Transient Response Deviation		---	± 2	± 6	%
Temperature Coefficient		---	± 0.01	± 0.02	%/ $^{\circ}$ C
Output Short Circuit	Continuous				

General Specifications

Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Isolation Voltage Rated	60 Seconds	1500	---	---	VDC
Isolation Voltage Test	Flash Tested for 1 Second	1650	---	---	VDC
Isolation Resistance	500VDC	1000	---	---	M Ω
Isolation Capacitance	100KHz, 1V	---	650	750	pF
Switching Frequency		---	340	---	KHz
MTBF	MIL-HDBK-217F @ 25 $^{\circ}$ C, Ground Benign	1000	---	---	K Hours

Remote On/Off Control

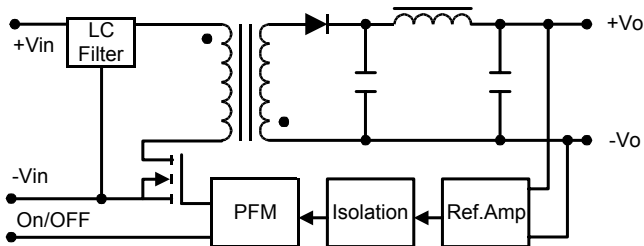
Parameter	Conditions	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Supply On	2.5 to 5.5 VDC or Open Circuit				
Supply off		-0.7	---	0.8	VDC
Device Standby Input Current		---	---	10	mA
Control Input Current (on)	V_{in} =Min. to Max.	---	---	-600	μ A
Control Input Current (off)	V_{in} =Min. to Max.	---	---	-700	μ A
Control Common	Referenced to Negative Input				

Notes:

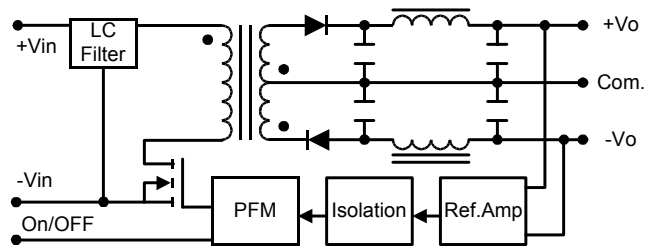
1. Specifications typical at T_a =+25 $^{\circ}$ C, resistive load, nominal input voltage, rated output current unless otherwise noted.
2. Transient recovery time is measured to within 1% error band for a step change in output load of 75% to 100%.
3. Ripple & Noise measurement bandwidth is 0-20 MHz.
4. These power converters require a minimum output loading to maintain specified regulation.
5. Operation under no-load conditions will not damage these modules; however, they may not meet all specifications listed.
6. All DC/DC converters should be externally fused at the front end for protection
7. Other input and output voltage may be available, please contact factory.
8. Specifications subject to change without notice.
9. It is not recommended to use water-washing process on SMT units.

Block Diagram

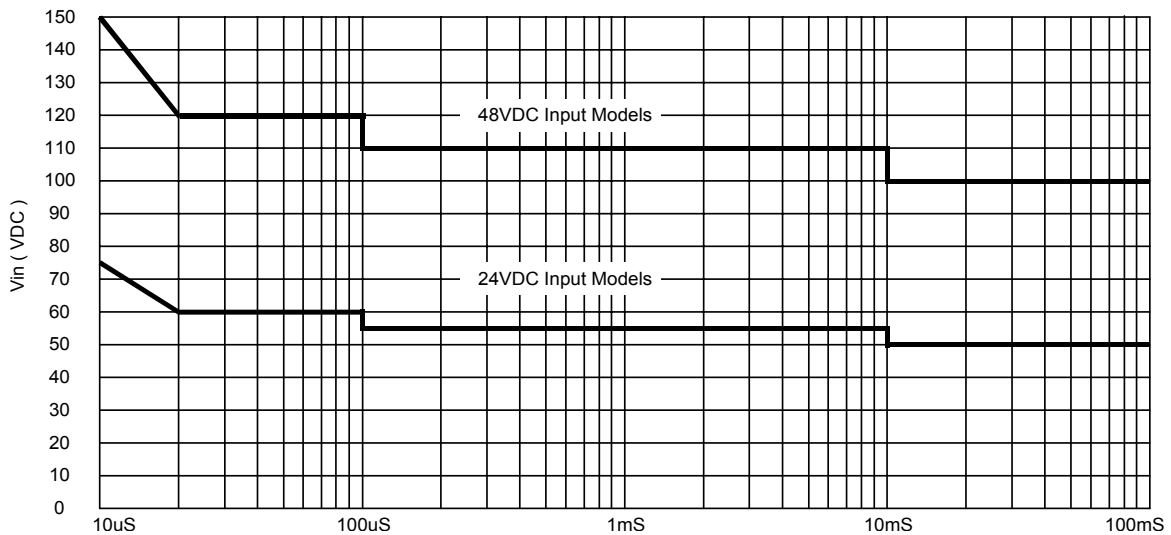
Single Output

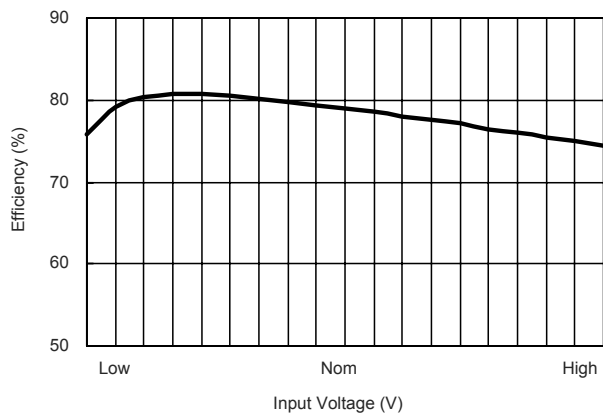


Dual Output

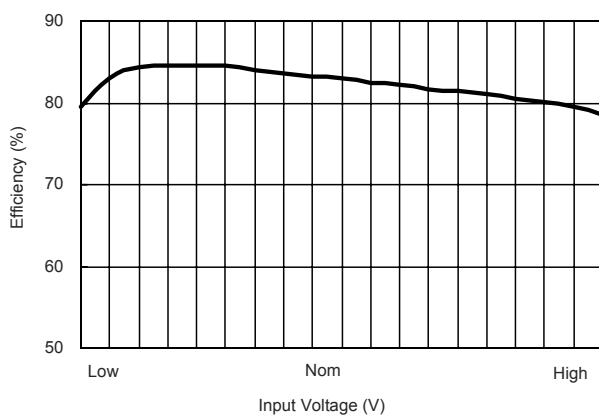


Input Voltage Transient Rating

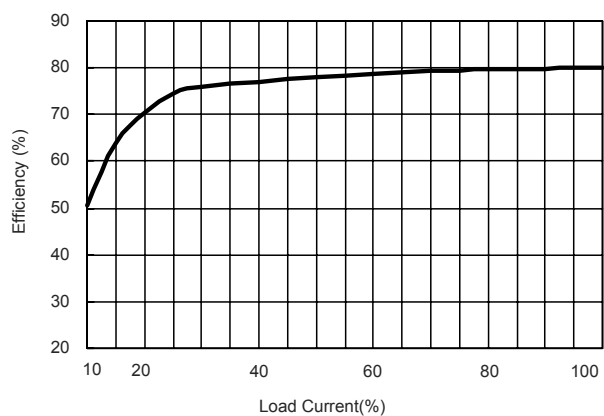




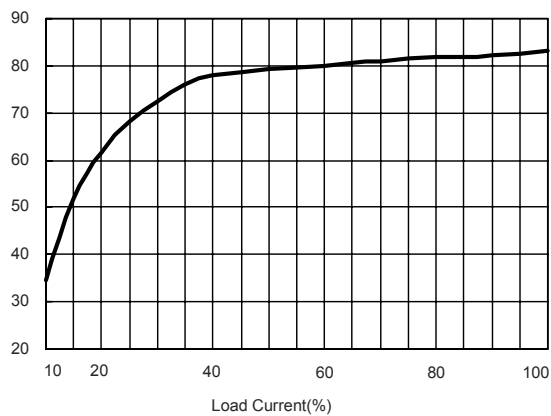
Efficiency vs Input Voltage (Single Output)



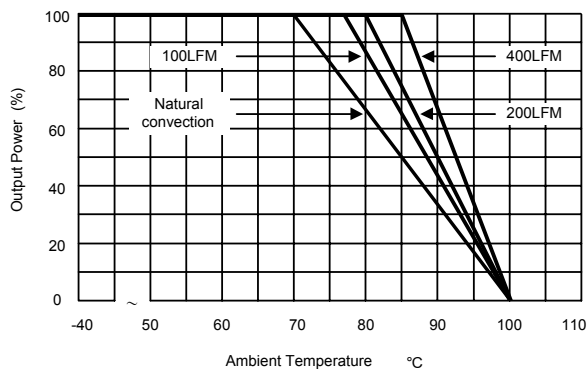
Efficiency vs Input Voltage (Dual Output)



Efficiency vs Output Load (Single Output)



Efficiency vs Output Load (Dual Output)



Derating Curve

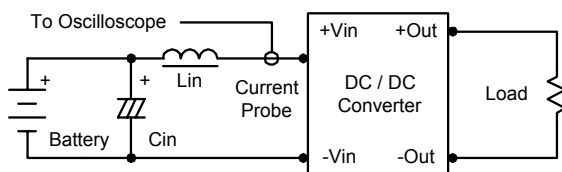
Test Configurations

Input Reflected-Ripple Current Test Setup

Input reflected-ripple current is measured with an inductor L_{in} (4.7 μ H) and C_{in} (220 μ F, ESR < 1.0 Ω at 100 KHz) to simulate source impedance.

Capacitor C_{in} , offsets possible battery impedance.

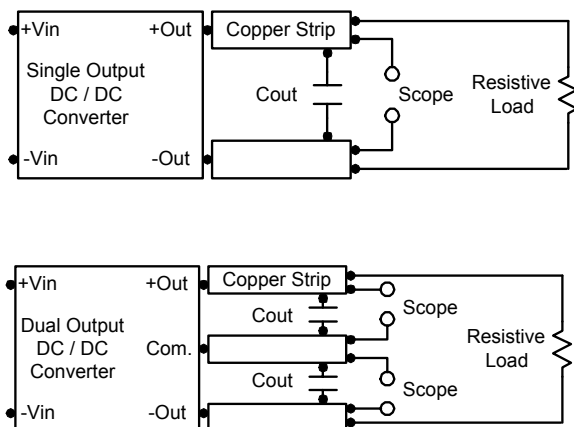
Current ripple is measured at the input terminals of the module, measurement bandwidth is 0–500 KHz.



Peak-to-Peak Output Noise Measurement Test

Use a C_{out} 0.47 μ F ceramic capacitor.

Scope measurement should be made by using a BNC socket, measurement bandwidth is 0–20 MHz. Position the load between 50 mm and 75 mm from the DC/DC Converter.



Design & Feature Considerations

Input Source / Remote On/Off

Positive logic remote on/off turns the module on during a logic high voltage on the remote on/off pin, and off during a logic low.

To turn the power module on and off, the user must supply a switch to control the voltage between the on/off terminal and the $-V_{in}$ terminal.

The switch can be an open collector or equivalent.

A logic low is -0.7 V to 0.8 V.

A logic high is 2.5 V to 5.5 V.

The maximum sink current of the switch at on/off terminal during a logic low is 300 μ A.

The maximum sink current of the switch at on/off terminal = 2.5 to 5.5 V is 200 μ A or open.

Maximum Capacitive Load

The MSKW2000 series has limitation of maximum connected capacitance at the output.

The power module may be operated in current limiting mode during start-up, affecting the ramp-up and the startup time.

For optimum performance we recommend 100 μ F maximum capacitive load for dual outputs and 680 μ F capacitive load for single outputs.

The maximum capacitance can be found in the data sheet.

Overcurrent Protection

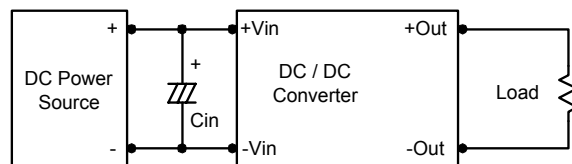
To provide protection in a fault (output overload) condition, the unit is equipped with internal current limiting circuitry and can endure current limiting for an unlimited duration. At the point of current-limit inception, the unit shifts from voltage control to current control. The unit operates normally once the output current is brought back into its specified range.

Input Source Impedance

The power module should be connected to a low ac-impedance input source. Highly inductive source impedances can affect the stability of the power module.

In applications where power is supplied over long lines and output loading is high, it may be necessary to use a capacitor at the input to ensure startup.

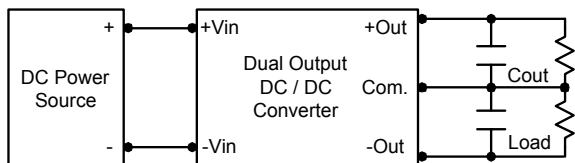
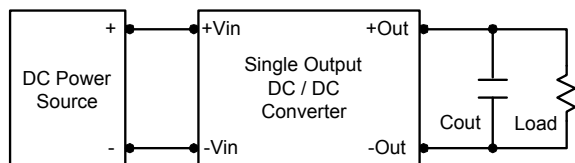
Capacitor mounted close to the power module helps ensure stability of the unit, it is recommended to use a good quality low Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR < 1.0 Ω at 100 KHz) capacitor of a 3.3 μ F for the 12V input devices and a 2.2 μ F for the 24V and 48V devices.



Output Ripple Reduction

A good quality low ESR capacitor placed as close as practicable across the load will give the best ripple and noise performance.

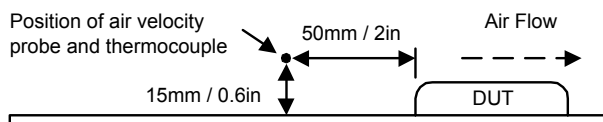
To reduce output ripple, it is recommended to use 3.3uF capacitors at the output.



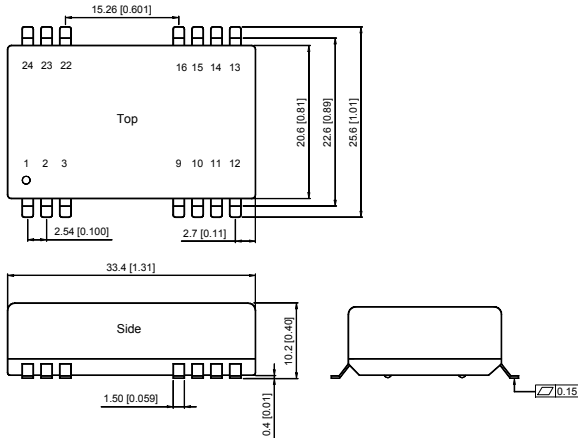
Thermal Considerations

Many conditions affect the thermal performance of the power module, such as orientation, airflow over the module and board spacing. To avoid exceeding the maximum temperature rating of the components inside the power module, the case temperature must be kept below 90°C.

The derating curves are determined from measurements obtained in an experimental apparatus.

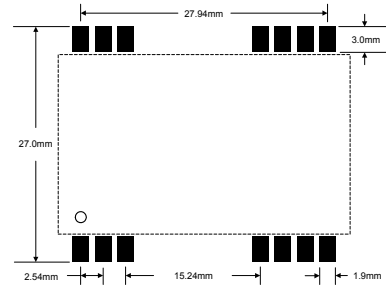


Mechanical Dimensions



Connecting Pin Patterns

Top View (2.54 mm / 0.1 inch grids)



Tolerance	Millimeters	Inches
	$X.X \pm 0.25$	$X.XX \pm 0.01$
	$X.XX \pm 0.13$	$X.XXX \pm 0.005$
Pin	± 0.05	± 0.002

Pin Connections

Pin	Single Output	Dual Output
1	Remote On/Off	Remote On/Off
2	-Vin	-Vin
3	-Vin	-Vin
9	NC	Common
10	NC	NC
11	NC	-Vout
12	NC	NC
13	NC	NC
14	+Vout	+Vout
15	NC	NC
16	-Vout	Common
22	+Vin	+Vin
23	+Vin	+Vin
24	NC	NC

NC: No Connection

Physical Characteristics

Case Size	:	33.4×20.6×10.2 mm 1.31×0.81×0.40 inches
Case Material	:	Non-Conductive Black Plastic
Weight	:	14g
Flammability	:	UL94V-0