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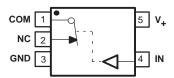
### **Description**

The TS5A4595 is a single-pole single-throw (SPST) analog switch that is designed to operate from 2 V to 5.5 V. This device can handle both digital and analog signals, and signals up to  $V_{+}$  can be transmitted in either direction.

### **Applications**

- Sample-and-Hold Circuit
- Battery-Powered Equipment (Cellular Phones, PDAs)
- Audio and Video Signal Routing
- Communication Circuits
- PCMCIA Cards

# SOT-23 OR SC-70 PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)



#### **FUNCTION TABLE**

IN	NC TO COM, COM TO NC
L	ON
Н	OFF

#### **Features**

- Low ON-State Resistance (8 Ω)
- ON-State Resistance Flatness (1.5 Ω)
- Control Inputs Are 5.5-V Tolerant
- Low Charge Injection (5 pC Max)
- 450-MHz –3-dB Bandwidth at 25°C
- Low Total Harmonic Distortion (THD) (0.04%)
- 2-V to 5.5-V Single-Supply Operation
- -82-dB OFF-Isolation at 1 MHz
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 100 mA Per JESD 78, Class II
- 0.5-nA Max OFF Leakage
- ESD Performance Tested Per JESD 22
  - 2000-V Human-Body Model (A114-B, Class II)
  - 1000-V Charged-Device Model (C101)
- TTL/CMOS-Logic Compatible

### **Summary of Characteristics**

 $V_{+} = 5 \text{ V}, T_{A} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ 

Configuration	Single Pole Single Throw (SPST)
Number of channels	1
ON-state resistance (ron)	8 Ω
ON-state resistance flatness (ron(flat))	1.5 Ω
Turn-on/turn-off time (tON/tOFF)	17 ns/14 ns
Charge injection (Q <sub>C</sub> )	5 pC
Bandwidth (BW)	450 MHz
OFF isolation (O <sub>ISO</sub> )	-82 dB at 1 MHz
Total harmonic distortion (THD)	0.04%
Leakageoument(ICOM(OFF)/INC(OFF))	±0.5 nA
Power-supply current (I+)	0.25 μΑ
Package option	5-pin SOT-23 or SC-70

#### ORDERING INFORMATION

TA	PACKAGE(1)		ORDERABLE PART NUMBER	TOP-SIDE MARKING(2)
4000 1- 0500	SOT (SOT-23) – DBV	Tape and reel	TS5A4595DBVR	JSB_
-40°C to 85°C	SOT (SC-70) - DCK	Tape and reel	TS5A4595DCKR	JT_

(1) Package drawings, standard packing quantities, thermal data, symbolization, and PCB design guidelines are available at www.ti.com/sc/package. (2) DBV/DCK: The actual top-side marking has one additional character that designates the assembly/test site.

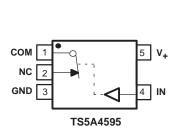


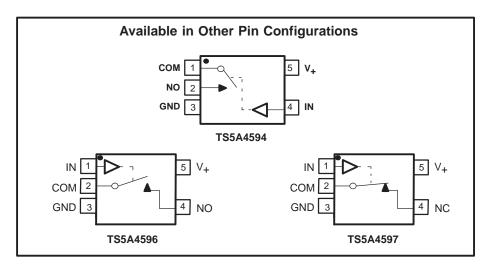
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### **Pin Configurations**





## Absolute Minimum and Maximum Ratings(1)(2)

over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

			MIN	MAX	UNIT
V <sub>+</sub>	Supply voltage range(3)			6	V
V <sub>NC</sub>	Analog voltage range(3)(4)		-0.3	V <sub>+</sub> + 0.3	V
ΙK	Analog port diode current	V <sub>NC</sub> , V <sub>COM</sub> < 0	-50		mA
I <sub>NC</sub>	On-state switch current	$V_{NC}$ , $V_{COM} = 0$ to $V_{+}$	-20	20	mA
VI	Digital input voltage range(3)(4)		-0.3	6	V
lik	Digital input clamp current	V <sub>I</sub> < 0	-50		mA
l <sub>+</sub>	Continuous current through V+			100	mA
IGND	Continuous current through GND		-100		mA
	5 (5)	DBV package		206	^ <b>Q44</b> /
θJA	Package thermal impedance(5)	DCK package		252	°C/W
T <sub>stg</sub>	Storage temperature range		-65	150	°C

<sup>(1)</sup> Stresses above these ratings may cause permanent damage. Exposure to absolute maximum conditions for extended periods may degrade device reliability. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those specified is not implied.

- (2) The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum
- (3) All voltages are with respect to ground, unless otherwise specified.
- (4) The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.
- (5) The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with JESD 51-7.

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# Electrical Characteristics for 5-V Supply<sup>(1)</sup> $V_+ = 4.5 \text{ V}$ to 5.5 V, $V_{IH} = 2.4 \text{ V}$ , $V_{IL} = 0.8 \text{ V}$ $V_A = -40 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 85 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		TA	٧+	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Analog Switch									
Analog signal range	V <sub>COM</sub> , V <sub>NC</sub>					0		٧+	<b>V</b>
ON-state	r	$V_{+} = 4.5 \text{ V}, V_{NC} = 3.5 \text{ V},$	Switch ON,	25°C	4.5 V		5	8	Ω
resistance	ron	ICOM = 10 mA,	See Figure 13	Full	4.5 V			10	52
ON-state		V <sub>NC</sub> = 1.5 V, 2.5 V, 3.5 V,	Switch ON,	25°C	4.5 V		0.5	1.5	
resistance flatness	ron(flat)	I <sub>COM</sub> = 10 mA,	See Figure 13	Full	4.5 V			2	Ω
NC OFF Is also as		V <sub>NC</sub> = 1 V, V <sub>COM</sub> = 4.5 V,	Switch OFF,	25°C		-0.5	0.01	0.5	
OFF leakage current	INC(OFF)	or V <sub>NC</sub> = 4.5 V, V <sub>COM</sub> = 1 V,	See Figure 14	Full	5.5 V	-5		5	nA
COM		V <sub>COM</sub> = 1 V, V <sub>NC</sub> = 4.5 V, Switch OFF,	Switch OFF,	25°C		-0.5	0.01	0.5	
OFF leakage current	ICOM(OFF)	$V_{COM} = 4.5 \text{ V}, V_{NC} = 1 \text{ V},$	Or Con Figure 14		5.5 V	-5		5	nA
NC ON leakage	luca (a. n	$V_{NC} = 1 \text{ V}, V_{COM} = 1 \text{ V},$ or Switch	Switch ON,	25°C	5.5 V	-1	0.01	1	- nA
current	INC(ON)	$V_{NC} = 4.5 \text{ V}, V_{COM} = 4.5 \text{ V},$ or $V_{NC} = 1 \text{ V}, 4.5 \text{ V}, V_{COM} = \text{Open},$	See Figure 15	Full		-10		10	
COM		$V_{COM} = 1 \text{ V}, V_{NC} = 1 \text{ V},$	Switch ON,	25°C		-1	0.01	1	
ON leakage current	ICOM(ON)	$V_{COM} = 4.5 \text{ V}, V_{NC} = 4.5 \text{ V},$ or $V_{COM} = 1 \text{ V}, 4.5 \text{ V}, V_{NC} = \text{Open},$	See Figure 15	Full	5.5 V	-10		10	nA
Digital Control In	put (IN)			•		•			
Input logic high	VIH			Full		2.4		5.5	V
Input logic low	VIL			Full		0		0.8	V
Input leakage current	I <sub>IH</sub> , I <sub>IL</sub>	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>+</sub> or 0		25°C Full	5.5 V	-0.5 -5	0.01	0.5 5	μΑ

<sup>(1)</sup> The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum



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# Electrical Characteristics for 5-V Supply<sup>(1)</sup> (continued) $V_+ = 4.5 \text{ V to } 5.5 \text{ V}, T_A = -40 ^{\circ}\text{C to } 85 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		TA	٧+	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Dynamic				•		•			
Turn-on time		V <sub>NC</sub> = 3 V,	C <sub>L</sub> = 35 pF,	25°C	5 V		12	17	
rum-on ume	tON	$R_L = 300 \Omega$	See Figure 17	Full	4.5 V to 5.5 V			19	ns
Turn-off time	torr	V <sub>NC</sub> = 3 V,	$C_L = 35  pF$ ,	25°C	5 V		9	14	ns
Turron time	tOFF	$R_L = 300 \Omega$ ,	See Figure 17	Full	4.5 V to 5.5 V			17	115
Charge injection	QC	V <sub>GEN</sub> = 0, R <sub>GEN</sub> = 0, C <sub>L</sub> = 1 nF,	See Figure 20	25°C	4.5 V to 5.5 V		2	5	рС
NC OFF capacitance	C <sub>NC(OFF)</sub>	V <sub>NC</sub> = 0, f = 1 MHz, Switch OFF,	See Figure 16	25°C	5 V		6.5		pF
COM OFF capacitance	CCOM(OFF)	V <sub>COM</sub> = 0, f = 1 MHz, Switch OFF,	See Figure 16	25°C	5 V		6.5		pF
NC ON capacitance	C <sub>NC(ON))</sub>	V <sub>NC</sub> = 0, f = 1 MHz, Switch ON,	See Figure 16	25°C	5 V		13		pF
COM ON capacitance	C <sub>COM(ON)</sub>	V <sub>COM</sub> = GND, f = 1 MHz, Switch ON,	See Figure 16	25°C	5 V		13		pF
Digital input capacitance	Cl	$V_I = V_+$ or GND,	See Figure 16	25°C	5 V		3		pF
Bandwidth	BW	$R_L = 50 \Omega$ , Switch ON, Signal = 0 dBm	See Figure 18	25°C	5 V		450		MHz
OFF isolation	O <sub>ISO</sub>	$R_L = 50 \Omega$ , $V_{NC} = 1 V_{RMS}$ $f = 1 MHz$ , $C_L = 5 pF$	Switch OFF, See Figure 19	25°C	5 V		-82		dB
Total harmonic distortion	THD	$R_L = 600 \Omega$ , $C_L = 50 pF$ , $V_{SOURCE} = 5 V_{p-p}$ ,	f = 20 Hz to 20 kHz, See Figure 21	25°C	5 V		0.04		%
Supply	•			•					
Positive supply		V. V. or CND	Switch ON or OFF	25°C	E E V		0.01	0.25	^
current	l <sub>+</sub>	$V_I = V_+ \text{ or GND},$	Switch ON or OFF	Full	5.5 V			0.5	μΑ

<sup>(1)</sup> The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

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# Electrical Characteristics for 3-V Supply<sup>(1)</sup> $V_+ = 2.7 \text{ V}$ to 3.6 V, $T_A = -40 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ to 85°C (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		TA	٧+	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Analog Switch						-			
Analog signal range	V <sub>COM</sub> , V <sub>NC</sub>					0		٧+	V
ON-state resistance	ron	V <sub>+</sub> = 3 V, V <sub>NC</sub> = 1.5 V, I <sub>COM</sub> = 10 mA,	Switch ON, See Figure 13	25°C Full	2.7 V		9.5	16 20	Ω
ON-state				25°C			1.8	6	
resistance flatness	ron(flat)	V <sub>NC</sub> = 1.5 V, 2.5 V, I <sub>COM</sub> = 10 mA,	Switch ON, See Figure 13	Full	2.7 V			7	Ω
NC OFF leakage		V <sub>NC</sub> = 1 V, V <sub>COM</sub> = 3 V,	Switch OFF,	25°C	0.01/	-0.5	0.01	0.5	A
OFF leakage current	INC(OFF)	$V_{NC} = 3 \text{ V}, V_{COM} = 1 \text{ V},$	See Figure 14	Full	3.6 V	-5		5	nA
COM OFF leakage	1	V <sub>COM</sub> = 1 V, V <sub>NC</sub> = 3 V,	Switch OFF,	25°C	261/	-0.5	0.01	0.5	A
current	ICOM(OFF)	$V_{COM} = 1 \text{ V}, V_{NC} = 3 \text{ V},$	See Figure 14	Full	3.6 V	-5		5	nA
NC ON looks as		$V_{NC} = 1 \text{ V}, V_{COM} = 1 \text{ V},$	Switch ON,	25°C	201	-1	0.01	1	A
ON leakage current	INC(ON)	V <sub>NC</sub> = 3 V, V <sub>COM</sub> = 3 V, or V <sub>NC</sub> = 1 V, 3 V, V <sub>COM</sub> = Open,	See Figure 15	Full	3.6 V	-10		10	nA
СОМ		V <sub>COM</sub> = 1 V, V <sub>NC</sub> = 1 V, or	Switch ON,	25°C		-1	0.01	1	
ON leakage current	ICOM(ON)	V <sub>COM</sub> = 3 V, V <sub>NC</sub> = 3 V, or V <sub>COM</sub> = 1 V, 3 V, V <sub>NC</sub> = Open,	See Figure 15	Full	3.6 V	-10		10	nA
Digital Control Input (IN)									
Input logic high	VIH			Full		2		5.5	V
Input logic low	V <sub>IL</sub>			Full		0		0.8	V
Input leakage current	I <sub>IH</sub> , I <sub>IL</sub>	V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>+</sub> or 0		25°C Full	3.6 V	-0.5 -5	0.01	0.5	nA

<sup>(1)</sup> The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum



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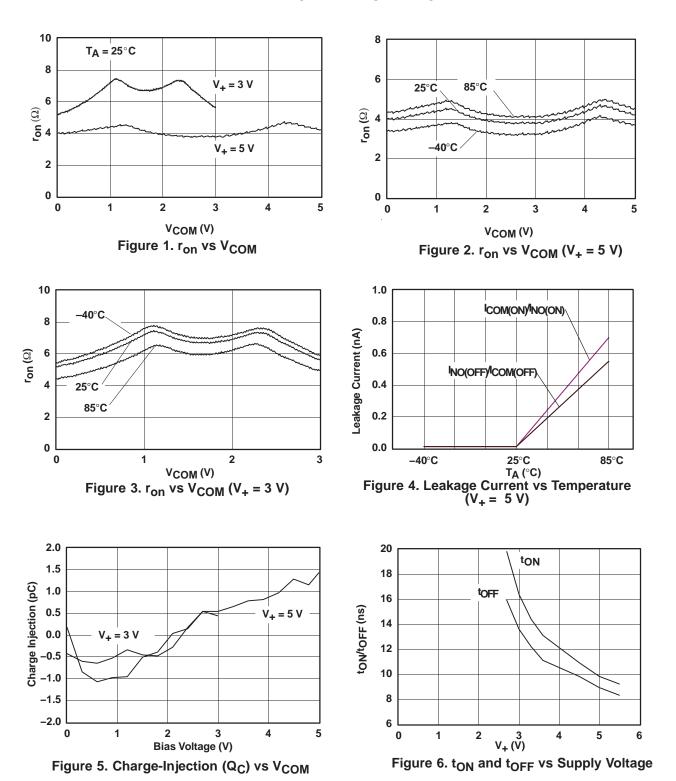
# Electrical Characteristics for 3-V Supply<sup>(1)</sup> (continued) $V_+ = 2.7 \text{ V to } 3.6 \text{ V}, T_A = -40 ^{\circ}\text{C to } 85 ^{\circ}\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	TEST CONDITIONS		TA	٧+	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Dynamic									
Turn-on time		V <sub>NC</sub> = 2 V,	C <sub>L</sub> = 35 pF,	25°C	3 V		20	30	
rum-on time	tON	$R_L = 300 \Omega$ ,	See Figure 17	Full	2.7 V to 3.6 V			35	ns
Turn-off time	4	V <sub>NC</sub> = 2 V,	C <sub>L</sub> = 35 pF,	25°C	3 V		15	25	20
rum-on ume	tOFF	$R_L = 300 \Omega$ ,	See Figure 17	Full	2.7 V to 3.6 V			30	ns
Charge injection	QC	$V_{GEN} = 0, R_{GEN} = 0,$ $C_{L} = 1 nF,$	See Figure 20	25°C	3 V		1	4	рС
NC OFF capacitance	C <sub>NC(OFF)</sub>	V <sub>NC</sub> = 0, f = 1 MHz, Switch OFF,	See Figure 16	25°C	3 V		6.5		pF
COM OFF capacitance	CCOM(OFF)	V <sub>COM</sub> = 0, f = 1 MHz, Switch OFF,	See Figure 16	25°C	3 V		6.5		pF
NC ON capacitance	C <sub>NC(ON)</sub>	V <sub>NC</sub> = 0, f = 1 MHz, Switch ON,	See Figure 16	25°C	3 V		13		pF
COM ON capacitance	C <sub>COM(ON)</sub>	V <sub>COM</sub> = 0, f = 1 MHz, Switch ON,	See Figure 16	25°C	3 V		13		pF
Digital input capacitance	CI	$V_I = V_+ \text{ or GND},$	See Figure 16	25°C	3 V		3		pF
Bandwidth	BW	$R_L = 50 \Omega$ , Signal = 0 dBm,	Switch ON, See Figure 18	25°C	3 V		450		MHz
OFF isolation	O <sub>ISO</sub>	$R_L = 50 \Omega$ , $C_L = 5 pF$ , $f = 1 MHz$ , $V_{NC} = 1 V_{RMS}$ ,	Switch OFF, See Figure 19	25°C	3 V		-82		dB
Total harmonic distortion	THD	R <sub>L</sub> = 600 Ω, C <sub>L</sub> = 50 pF, V <sub>SOURCE</sub> = 3 V <sub>p-p</sub> ,	f = 20 Hz to 20 kHz, See Figure 21	25°C	3 V		0.09		%
Supply									
Positive supply	,	W. W. an CND	Cuitab ON as OFF	25°C	261/		0.01	0.25	
current	1+	$V_I = V_+ \text{ or GND},$	Switch ON or OFF	Full	3.6 V			0.5	μΑ

<sup>(1)</sup> The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive value is a maximum

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### **TYPICAL PERFORMANCE**







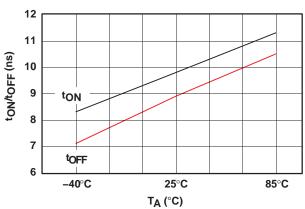


Figure 7.  $t_{ON}$  and  $t_{OFF}$  vs Temperature (V<sub>+</sub> = 5 V)

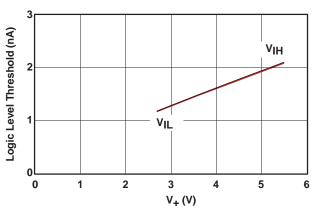


Figure 8. Logic-Level Threshold vs V<sub>+</sub>

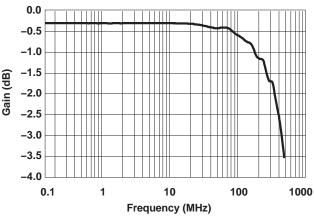


Figure 9. Bandwidth (Gain vs Frequency)  $(V_+ = 5 \text{ V})$ 

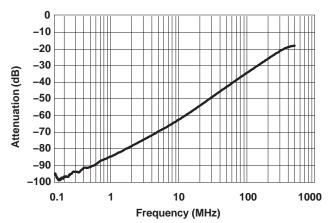


Figure 10. OFF Isolation vs Frequency

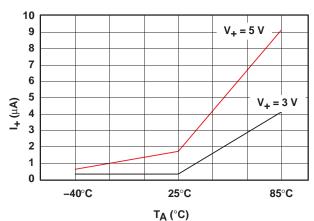


Figure 11. Power-Supply Current vs Temperature

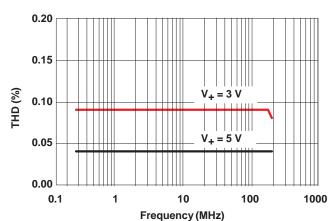


Figure 12. Total Harmonic Distortion vs Frequency



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### **PIN DESCRIPTION**

PIN NUMBER	NAME	DESCRIPTION
1	COM	Common
2	NC	Normally closed
3	GND	Digital ground
4	IN	Digital control pin to connect COM to NC
5	V <sub>+</sub>	Power supply

### PARAMETER DESCRIPTION

SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION  DESCRIPTION
VCOM	Voltage at COM
VNC	Voltage at NC
r <sub>on</sub>	Resistance between COM and NC ports when the channel is ON
ron(flat)	Difference between the maximum and minimum value of ron in a channel over the specified range of conditions
INC(OFF)	Leakage current measured at the NC port, with the corresponding channel (NC to COM) in the OFF state
INC(ON)	Leakage current measured at the NC port, with the corresponding channel (NC to COM) in the ON state and the output (COM) open
ICOM(OFF)	Leakage current measured at the COM port, with the corresponding channel (COM to NC) in the OFF state
ICOM(ON)	Leakage current measured at the COM port, with the corresponding channel (COM to NC) in the ON state and the output (NC) open
VIH	Minimum input voltage for logic high for the control input (IN)
V <sub>IL</sub>	Maximum input voltage for logic low for the control input (IN)
VI	Voltage at the control input (IN)
I <sub>IH</sub> , I <sub>IL</sub>	Leakage current measured at the control input (IN)
tON	Turn-on time for the switch. This parameter is measured under the specified range of conditions and by the propagation delay between the digital control (IN) signal and analog output (COM or NC) signal when the switch is turning ON.
<sup>t</sup> OFF	Turn-off time for the switch. This parameter is measured under the specified range of conditions and by the propagation delay between the digital control (IN) signal and analog output (COM or NC) signal when the switch is turning OFF.
QC	Charge injection is a measurement of unwanted signal coupling from the control (IN) input to the analog (NC or COM) output. This is measured in coulomb (C) and measured by the total charge induced due to switching of the control input. Charge injection, $Q_C = C_L \times \Delta V_{COM}$ , $C_L$ is the load capacitance, and $\Delta V_{COM}$ is the change in analog output voltage.
C <sub>NC(OFF)</sub>	Capacitance at the NC port when the corresponding channel (NC to COM) is OFF
C <sub>NC(ON)</sub>	Capacitance at the NC port when the corresponding channel (NC to COM) is ON
C <sub>COM(OFF)</sub>	Capacitance at the COM port when the corresponding channel (COM to NC) is OFF
C <sub>COM(ON)</sub>	Capacitance at the COM port when the corresponding channel (COM to NC) is ON
Cl	Capacitance of control input (IN)
O <sub>ISO</sub>	OFF isolation of the switch is a measurement of OFF-state switch impedance. This is measured in dB in a specific frequency, with the corresponding channel (NC to COM) in the OFF state.
BW	Bandwidth of the switch. This is the frequency in which the gain of an ON channel is -3 dB below the DC gain.
THD	Total harmonic distortion describes the signal distortion caused by the analog switch. This is defined as the ratio of root mean square (RMS) value of the second, third, and higher harmonic to the absolute magnitude of the fundamental harmonic.
l <sub>+</sub>	Static power-supply current with the control (IN) pin at V <sub>+</sub> or GND



### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

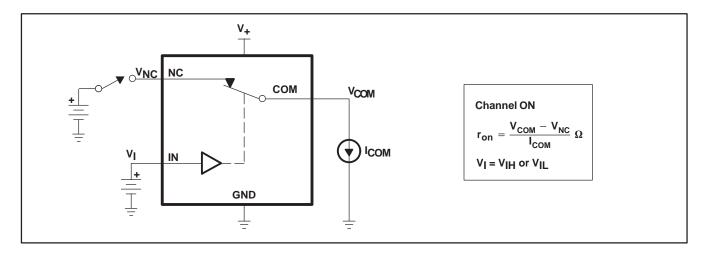


Figure 13. ON-State Resistance (ron)

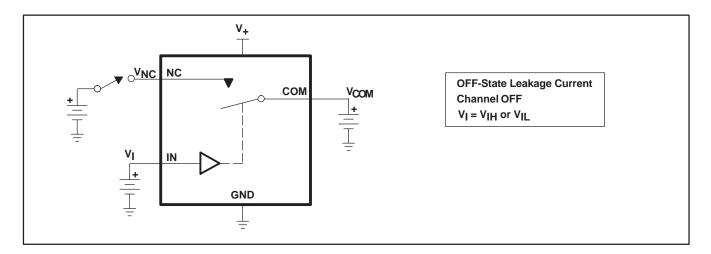


Figure 14. OFF-State Leakage Current ( $I_{COM(OFF)}$ ,  $I_{NC(OFF)}$ )

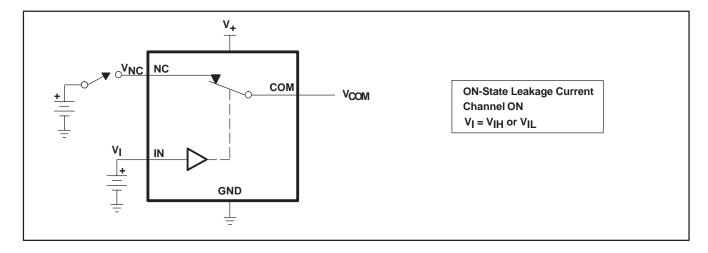


Figure 15. ON-State Leakage Current ( $I_{COM(ON)}$ ,  $I_{NC(ON)}$ )



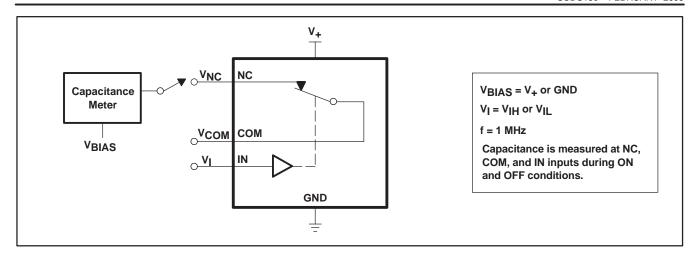
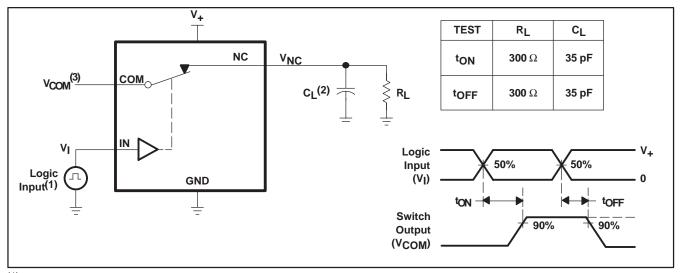


Figure 16. Capacitance (C<sub>I</sub>, C<sub>COM(OFF)</sub>, C<sub>COM(ON)</sub>, C<sub>NC(OFF)</sub>, C<sub>NC(ON)</sub>)



- (1) All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz,  $Z_O$  = 50  $\Omega$ ,  $t_f$  < 5 ns.
- (2) C<sub>L</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.
- (3) See Electrical Characteristics for V<sub>COM</sub>.

Figure 17. Turn-On (t<sub>ON</sub>) and Turn-Off Time (t<sub>OFF</sub>)

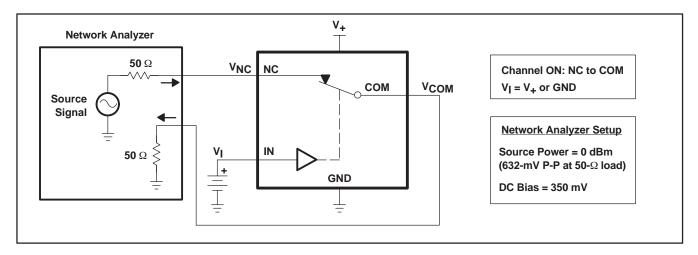


Figure 18. Bandwidth (BW)



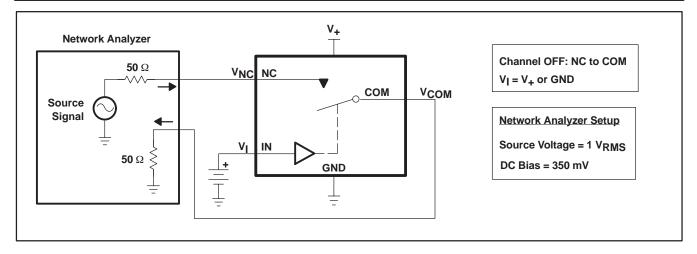
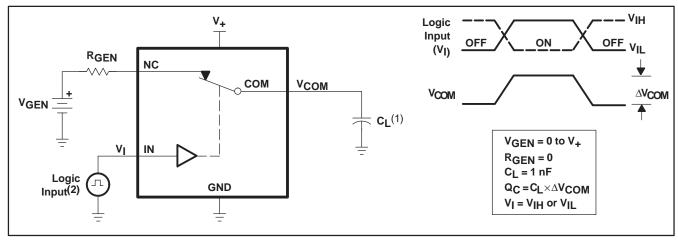
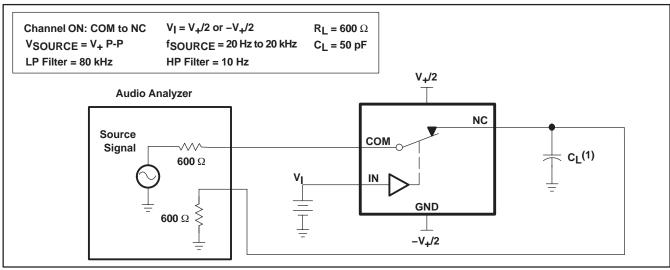


Figure 19. OFF Isolation (O<sub>ISO</sub>)



- (1)  $C_L$  includes probe and jig capacitance.
- (2) All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz,  $Z_O = 50 \Omega$ ,  $t_f < 5 \text{ ns}$ ,  $t_f < 5 \text{ ns}$ .

Figure 20. Charge Injection (Q<sub>C</sub>)



(1) C<sub>I</sub> includes probe and jig capacitance.

Figure 21. Total Harmonic Distortion (THD)

### **IMPORTANT NOTICE**

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