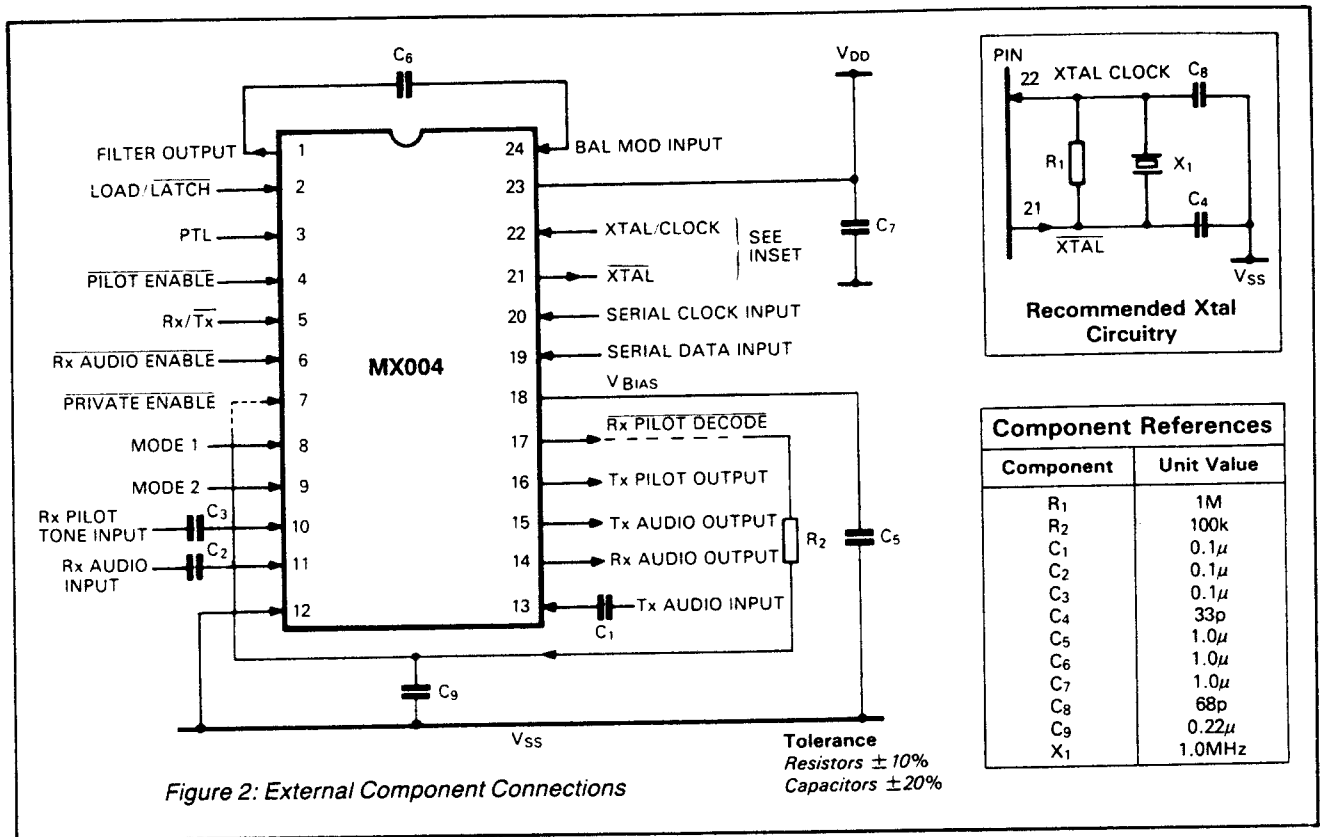


57



PRIVATE ENABLE (AUTO-CLEAR)

To minimize the effect of noise and signal strength fluctuations on the "Auto-Clear" function, the use of external integrating components between the Rx Pilot Decode output and the Private Enable input is required. Components R₂ and C₉, having a time constant of 20 ms +/- 12 ms, are recommended, as shown in Fig. 2.

AUDIO QUALITY

If it is necessary to install the MX004 Voice Band Inverter before the transmitter's existing pre-emphasis stage, an additional pre-emphasis stage before the MX004, followed by a de-emphasis stage after the MX004, will enhance the audio quality. See the "Inversion Security Devices" application note for further details.

Input and Output Pin Conditions									
Rx/Tx	PTL	Private Enable	Pilot Enable	Rx Audio Enable	Assumed Rx I/P	Tx I/P	Rx O/P	Tx O/P	Tx Pilot O/P
1	0	X	X	1	X	X	V _{DD} /2	V _{DD} /2	O/C
1	1	X	X	1	Signal	X	Non Inverted	V _{DD} /2	O/C
1	X	0	X	0	Frequency Inverted	X	Clear (Passband Invert)	V _{DD} /2	O/C
1	X	1	X	0	Clear	X	Clear	V _{DD} /2	O/C
0	X	1	1	X	X	Signal	V _{DD} /2	Clear (Passband Non-Invert)	O/C
0	X	1	0	X	X	Signal	V _{DD} /2	Clear (Passband Non-Invert)	Tone
0	X	0	0	X	X	Signal	V _{DD} /2	Inverted (Passband Invert)	Tone
0	X	0	1	X	X	Signal	V _{DD} /2	Inverted (Passband Invert)	O/C

Table 1 Control Truth Table (X = don't care)

MX004 PIN FUNCTION TABLE

PIN NUMBER (ALL PKGS)

FUNCTION

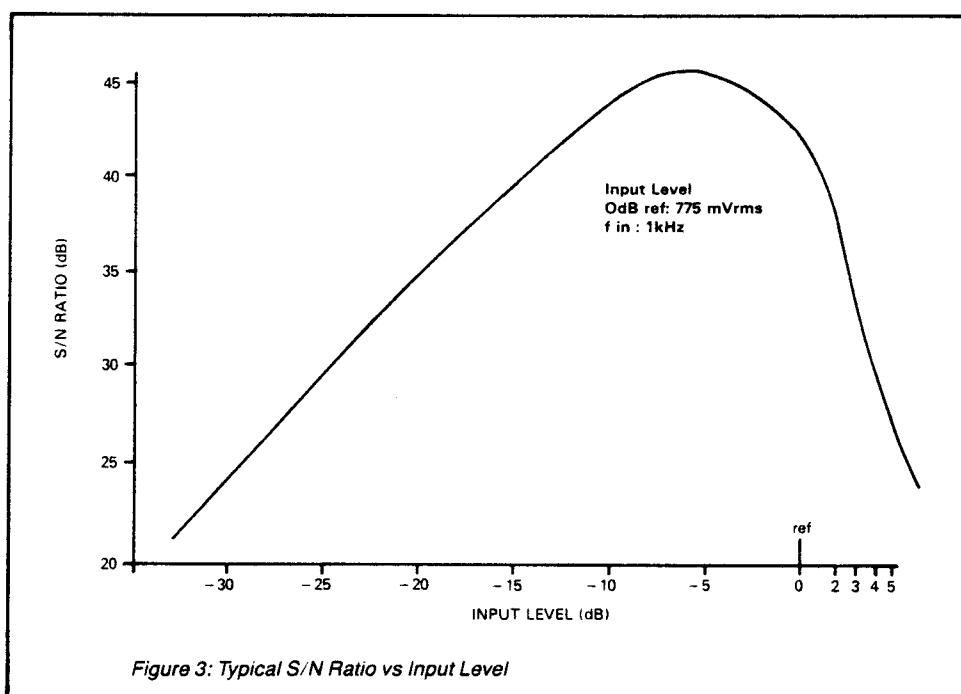
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|----|---|
| 1 | Filter Output: This is the audio bandpass filtered signal and is coupled externally to the Balanced Modulator input pin via capacitor C_6 . See Fig. 2. |
| 2 | Load/Latch: This pin is used for controlling input latches in both Parallel and Serial loading modes. In Parallel, a logic "1" makes the latches transparent and the following inputs operate directly: PTL, PILOT ENABLE, R_x/T_x , R_x AUDIO ENABLE, PRIVATE ENABLE, MODE 1 and MODE 2. When at logic "0," the data present is latched in. During Serial loading, LOAD/LATCH should be kept low until data is completely loaded. The new data is then latched in by strobing this pin 0-1-0. Internal 1 M Ω pullup. See Fig. 4. |
| 3 | PTL: A logic "1" level at this input enables the Audio Output in R_x mode when R_x AUDIO ENABLE is at logic "1." This feature enables channel checking without intercepting a private conversation. Internal 1 M Ω pullup. |
| 4 | Pilot Enable: A logic "0" at this input enables the 273.2 Hz pilot tone at the T_x PILOT TONE OUTPUT when in T_x mode. Internal 1 M Ω pullup. |
| 5 | R_x/T_x: This input selects the receive or transmit operating mode. Logic "1" is R_x , logic "0" is T_x . Internal 1 M Ω pullup. |
| 6 | R_xAudio Enable: A logic "0" at this input enables the R_x Audio path in R_x mode. May be connected to a CTCSS decoder. Internal 1 M Ω pullup. |
| 7 | Private Enable: This input controls the input action of the balanced modulator by switching the carrier clock (refer to Table 1). When audio signals are inverted, the signal path gain is adjusted automatically to compensate for the upper sideband loss. Internal 1 M Ω pullup. For an "Auto-Clear" function, this input should be connected to the R_x Pilot Decode pin via external integrating components R_2 and C_9 . See Fig. 2. |
| 8 | Mode 1: These two inputs control audio band frequency, carrier frequency, and loading control |
| 9 | Mode 2: mode. See Table 2. Internal 1 M Ω pullups. |
| 10 | R_x Pilot Tone Input: This pin is the input to the R_x pilot tone decoder. Signals should be A.C. coupled. See Fig. 2. The tone decoder is disabled in T_x mode. |
| 11 | R_x Audio Input: This is the audio input pin in R_x mode. Signals should be A.C. coupled. See Fig. 2. |
| 12 | V_{ss}: Negative Supply (GND) |
| 13 | T_x Audio Input: This is the audio input pin in T_x mode (mic). Signals should be A.C. coupled. See Fig. 2. |
| 14 | R_x Audio Output: This is the audio output in R_x mode, internally biased at $V_{DD}/2$ in T_x mode. |
| 15 | T_x Audio Output: This is the audio output in T_x mode, internally biased at $V_{DD}/2$ when T_x mode is selected. |

MX004 PIN FUNCTION TABLE (cont.)

PIN NUMBER (ALL PKGS)

FUNCTION

- 16 **T_x Pilot Tone Output:** This pin outputs the 273.2 Hz pilot tone and would normally be summed with the T_x Audio Output to modulate the transmitter. When not enabled or in R_x, this output is open circuit (high impedance).
- 17 **R_x Pilot Decode:** This pin is the output of the pilot tone detector. It outputs a logic "0" when a valid 273.2 Hz tone is input. Has high impedance load to V_{DD} for wired "OR" connection to other pins. For an "Auto-Clear" function, this input should be connected to the Private Enable pin via external integrating components R₂ and C₉. See Fig. 2.
- 18 **V_{BIAS}:** This is the bias pin and is set internally to V_{DD}/2. It should be externally decoupled using a capacitor of 1.0μF minimum to V_{SS}. See Fig. 2.
- 19 **Serial Data Input:** Data present at this input is clocked into the input register by the "0-1" clock transition of the Serial Clock Input. See Fig. 4. Internal 1 MΩ pullup.
- 20 **Serial Clock Input:** The timing clock pulses for serial loading are input here. Internal 1 MΩ pullup.
- 21 **Xtal:** Output of the clock oscillator inverter.
- 22 **Xtal/Clock:** This is the input to the clock oscillator inverter. 1 MHz Xtal input or externally derived clock can be injected into this input.
- 23 **V_{DD}:** Positive Supply. A single +5V power supply is required.
- 24 **Balanced Modulator Input:** This pin should be connected to the filter output pin via capacitor C₆ (See Fig. 2). It is internally biased at V_{DD}/2.



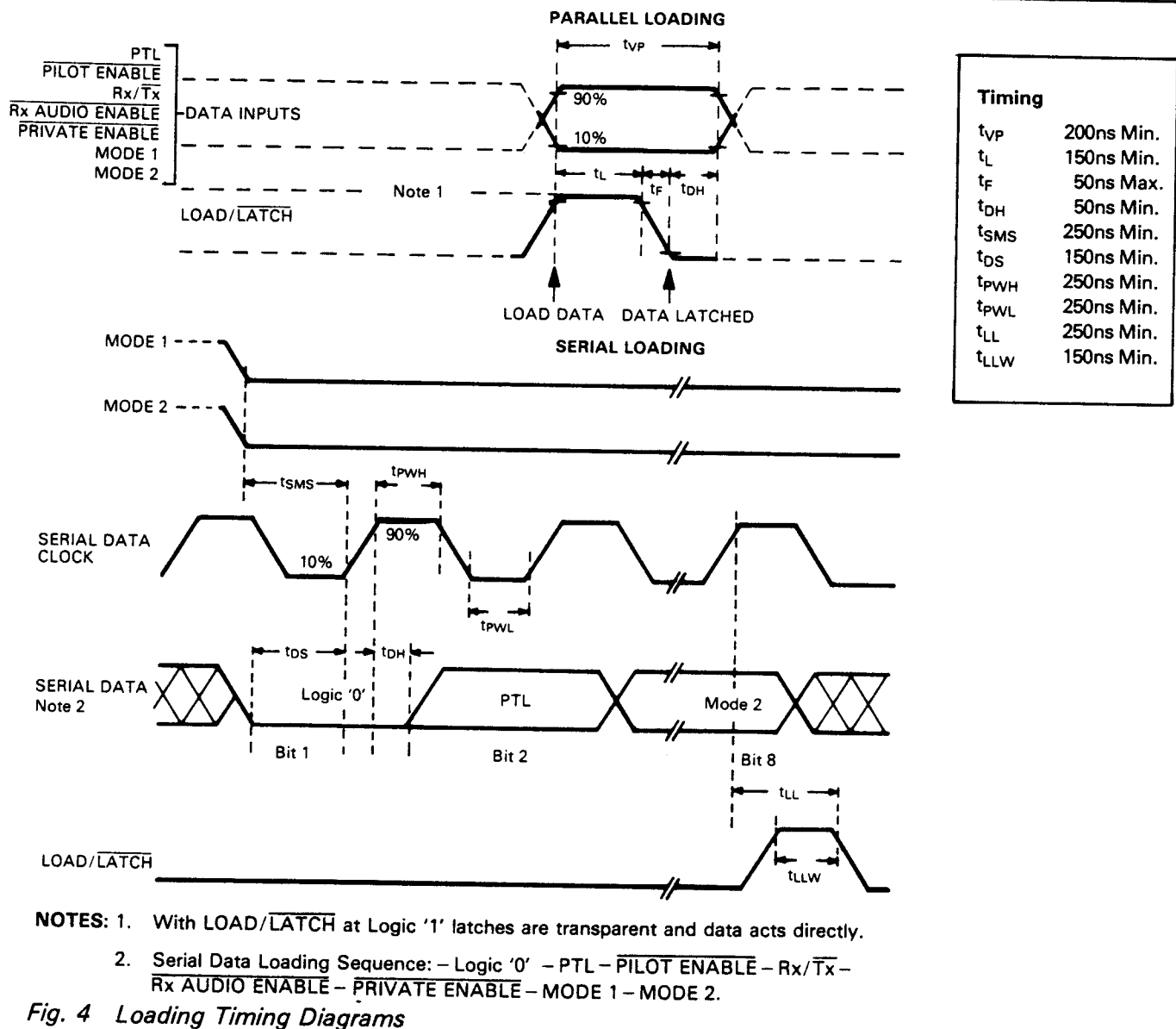
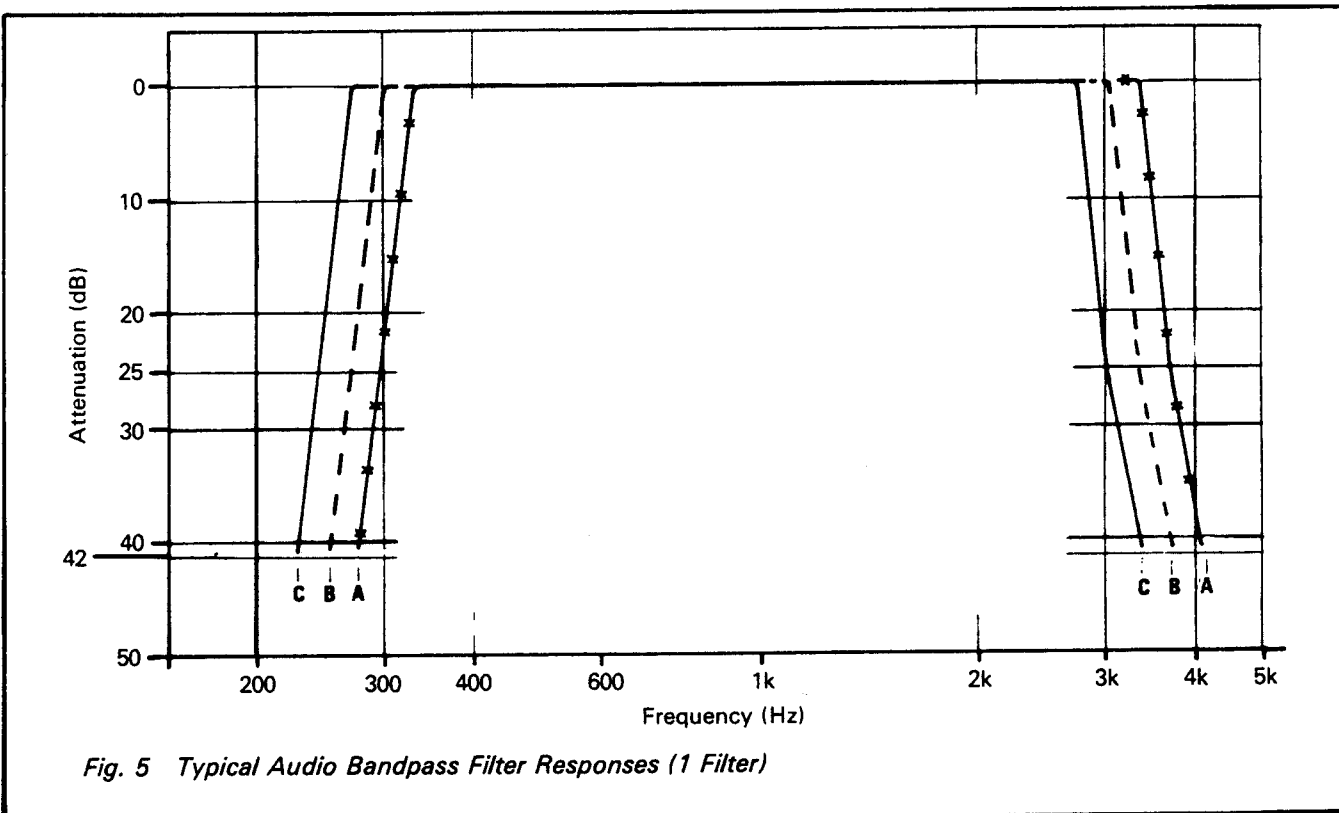


Table 2 Loading Mode/Audio Band Control								
Parallel Loading Mode						Serial Loading Mode		
Mode 1 I/P	Mode 2 I/P	Audio Band-Freq. (Hz)	Carrier Freq. (Hz)	Divisor (f_{clk}/x)	Control Mode	Serial Data In		Audio Band
						Bit 7	Bit 8	
0	1	C 273 – 2757	3030	$X = 330$	Parallel	0	1	C
1	0	A 333 – 3370	3703	$X = 270$	Parallel	1	0	A
1	1	B 300 – 3033	3333	$X = 300$	Parallel	1	1	B
0	0	—	—	—	Serial	0	0	B

Audio Bands

The audio band/modulation frequency relationships with their division ratios are shown in Table 2 and are produced with a X_{tal} /clock frequency (f_{clk}) of 1MHz. The modulation frequency and band limits will alter proportionally with X_{tal} frequency.

Table 3 Bandwidths						
Audio Band	Stopband @ ≥ -42 dB. F max	Passband		Attenuation at Carrier Frequency		Stopband @ ≥ -42 dB. F min.
A	278Hz	333Hz	3370Hz	3703Hz	20dB	4036Hz
B	250Hz	300Hz	3033Hz	3333Hz	20dB	3633Hz
C	227Hz	273Hz	2757Hz	3030Hz	20dB	3302Hz



MX004 ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATION

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Exceeding the maximum rating can result in device damage. Operation of the device outside the operating limits is not implied.

Supply voltage		- 0.3V to 7.0V
Input voltage at any pin (ref. $V_{SS} = 0V$)		- 0.3V to ($V_{DD} + 0.3V$)
Output sink/source current (supply pins)		$\pm 30mA$
(other pins)		$\pm 20mA$
Total Device Dissipation ($\alpha 25^{\circ}C$)		800mW Max.
Derating		10mW/ $^{\circ}C$
Operating Temperature Range:	MX004J	- 30 $^{\circ}C$ + 85 $^{\circ}C$ (Ceramic)
	MX004P,LH	- 30 $^{\circ}C$ + 70 $^{\circ}C$ (Plastic)
Storage Temperature Range:	MX004J	- 55 $^{\circ}C$ to + 125 $^{\circ}C$ (Ceramic)
	MX004P,LH	- 40 $^{\circ}$ to + 85 $^{\circ}C$ (Plastic)

Operating Limits:

All characteristics measured using the following parameters unless otherwise specified:

$V_{DD} = 5V$, $T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}C$, Clock 1 MHz, Audio Level Ref: 0dB = 775 mVrms.

Characteristics	See Note	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Static Values					
Supply Voltage	1	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
Supply Current		—	8.0	—	mA
Audio Input Impedance		—	500	—	k Ω
Audio Output Impedance		—	500	—	Ω
Logic Input Impedance		—	1.0	—	M Ω
Logic Output Impedance		—	100	—	k Ω
(R_x Pilot Decode) To V_{DD}		—	500	—	Ω
To V_{SS}		—	—	—	—
Input Logic "1"	1	3.5	—	—	V
Input Logic "0"	1	—	—	1.5	V
Output Logic "1"	1	4	—	—	V
Output Logic "0"	1	—	—	1	V
Dynamic Values					
Audio Input Levels R_x/T_x	8	—	- 8	—	dB
Audio Output Levels R_x/T_x		—	- 8	—	dB
Audio Bandpass Filtter (in clear):					
Passband Frequencies Band A	2	333	—	3370	Hz
Passband Frequencies Band B	2	300	—	3033	Hz
Passband Frequencies Band C	2	273	—	2757	Hz
Passband Gain	5	—	0	—	dB
Passband Ripple	5	—	+/- 1	—	dB
Output Noise Level	3	—	-51	—	dB
Insertion Loss		—	0	—	dB
Total Harmonic Distortion	9	—	2	5	%

MX004 ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATION (CONT.)

Characteristics	See Note	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Pilot Tone Detector					
Sensitivity		—	13	—	mVrms
Response Time	6	—	50	—	ms
Talk off and Falsing	4				
Pilot Tone Output					
Tone Output Level		-2	0	+2	dB
Distortion		—	—	5	%
Tone Frequency	7	—	273.2	—	Hz
Parallel/Serial Inputs (Fig. 4)					
Parallel Set-up Time t_{SP}		400	—	—	ns
Load/Latch Pulse Width t_1		400	—	—	ns
Serial Clock Pulse Width t_c		400	—	—	ns
Serial Set-up Time t_{SS}		400	—	—	ns
Serial Data Clock Frequency		—	1	—	MHz

Notes: 1. Characteristics specified at 5V V_{DD} .

2. Bandpass limits at -1 dB of mean passband level.

3. Measured at the R_x audio output in Private with R_x audio input A.C. short circuit.

4. Talk off: For 30 mV pilot tone (273 Hz), 5 kHz white noise at -3dB on tone, 1 drop out per minute is expected. Typically 5 ms/drop out.

Falsing: For 380 mVrms (not clipping), 5 MHz white noise, 25 falses per minute are expected (10ms/false). Measured without integration components.

5. All bandpass filters display similar performances. See Figure 5.

6. Tested with composite signal of 300 mVrms, 1 kHz tone. Pilot tone of 30 mVrms in white noise of 5kHz at 75 mVrms.

7. Accurate T_x only

8. See figure 3 with respect to signal noise ratio.

9. For -3 dB, 1 kHz input.

CML Product Data

In the process of creating a more global image, the three standard product semiconductor companies of CML Microsystems Plc (*Consumer Microcircuits Limited (UK)*, *MX-COM, Inc (USA)* and *CML Microcircuits (Singapore) Pte Ltd*) have undergone name changes and, whilst maintaining their separate new names (*CML Microcircuits (UK) Ltd*, *CML Microcircuits (USA) Inc* and *CML Microcircuits (Singapore) Pte Ltd*), now operate under the single title **CML Microcircuits**.

These companies are all 100% owned operating companies of the CML Microsystems Plc Group and these changes are purely changes of name and do not change any underlying legal entities and hence will have no effect on any agreements or contacts currently in force.

CML Microcircuits Product Prefix Codes

Until the latter part of 1996, the differentiator between products manufactured and sold from MXCOM, Inc. and Consumer Microcircuits Limited were denoted by the prefixes MX and FX respectively. These products use the same silicon etc. and today still carry the same prefixes. In the latter part of 1996, both companies adopted the common prefix: CMX.

This notification is relevant product information to which it is attached.

CML Microcircuits (USA) [formerly MX-COM, Inc.] Product Textual Marking

On CML Microcircuits (USA) products, the '**MX-COM**' textual logo is being replaced by a '**CML**' textual logo.

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