

Feathers:

- Advanced trench process technology
- Special designed for Convertors and power controls
- High density cell design for ultra low Rdson
- Fully characterized Avalanche voltage and current
- Avalanche Energy 100% test

Description:

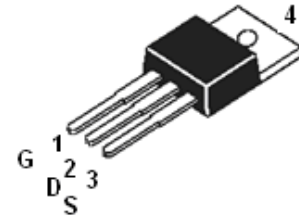
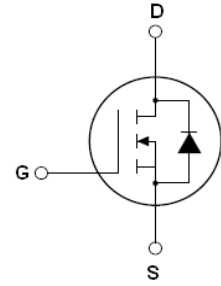
The SSF3018D is a new generation of middle voltage and high current N-Channel enhancement mode trench power MOSFET. This new technology increases the cell density and reduces the on-resistance; its typical Rdson can reduce to 11.6mohm.

Application:

- Power switching application

Absolute Maximum Ratings

ID=80A
BV=100V
Rdson=14mohm



SSF3018D TOP View (TO220)

	Parameter	Max.	Units
$I_D@T_c=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	Continuous drain current, $V_{GS}@10\text{V}$	80	A
$I_D@T_c=100^{\circ}\text{C}$	Continuous drain current, $V_{GS}@10\text{V}$	70	
I_{DM}	Pulsed drain current ①	320	
$P_D@T_c=25^{\circ}\text{C}$	Power dissipation	192	W
	Linear derating factor	2.0	W/°C
V_{GS}	Gate-to-Source voltage	± 20	V
E_{AS}	Single pulse avalanche energy ②	460	mJ
E_{AR}	Repetitive avalanche energy	TBD	
T_J T_{STG}	Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range	-55 to +150	°C

Thermal Resistance

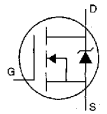
	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-case	—	0.65	—	°C/W

Electrical Characteristics @TJ=25 °C(unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
BV_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source breakdown voltage	100	—	—	V	$V_{GS}=0\text{V}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-to-Source on-resistance	—	11.6	14	mΩ	$V_{GS}=10\text{V}, I_D=30\text{A}$
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate threshold voltage	2.0	—	4.0	V	$V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=250\mu\text{A}$
g_{fs}	Forward transconductance	33	55	—	S	$V_{DS}=10\text{V}, I_D=40\text{A}$
I_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source leakage current	—	—	1	μA	$V_{DS}=100\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$
		—	—	5		$V_{DS}=100\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}, T_J=150^{\circ}\text{C}$
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source forward leakage	—	—	200	nA	$V_{GS}=20\text{V}$
	Gate-to-Source reverse leakage	—	—	-200		$V_{GS}=-20\text{V}$
Q_g	Total gate charge	—	60	—	nC	$I_D=25\text{A}$
Q_{gs}	Gate-to-Source charge	—	21	—		$V_{DS}=0.5V_{DSS}$

Q_{gd}	Gate-to-Drain("Miller") charge	—	15	—		$V_{GS}=10V$
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-on delay time	—	31	—	nS	$V_{DS}=0.5V_{DSS}$ $I_D=10A$ $R_G=15\Omega$ $V_{GS}=10V$
t_r	Rise time	—	54	—		
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off delay time	—	40	—		
t_f	Fall time	—	48	—		
C_{iss}	Input capacitance	—	3040	—	pF	$V_{GS}=0V$ $V_{DS}=25V$ $f=1.0MHz$
C_{oss}	Output capacitance	—	420	—		
C_{rss}	Reverse transfer capacitance	—	90	—		

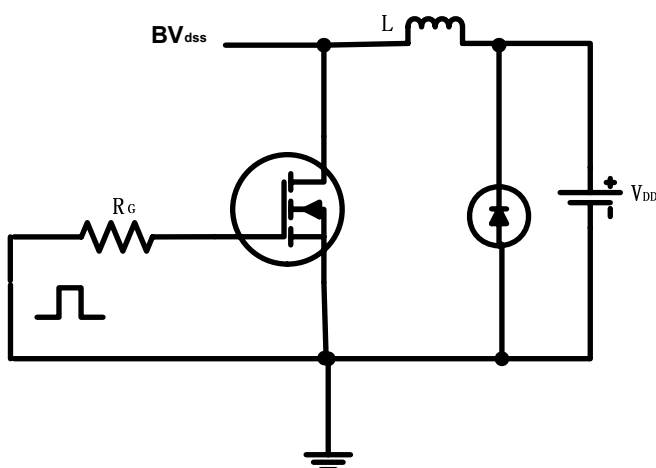
Source-Drain Ratings and Characteristics

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Test Conditions
I_S	Continuous Source Current. (Body Diode)	—	—	80	A	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode. 
I_{SM}	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ①	—	—	320		
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	1.3	V	$T_J=25^\circ C, I_S=30A, V_{GS}=0V$ ③
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	—	100	—	nS	$I_F=25A, V_R=50V, V_{GS}=0V,$ $-di/dt=100A/\mu s$ ③
t_{on}	Forward Turn-on Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by $L_S + L_D$)				

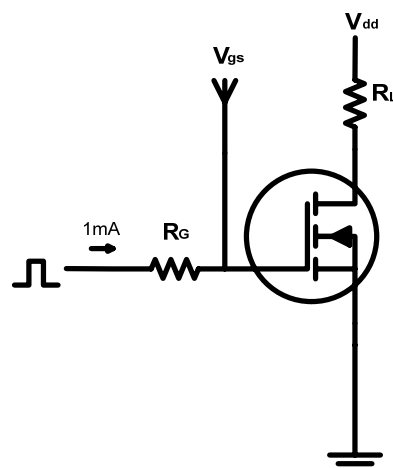
Notes:

- ① Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max junction temperature.
- ② Test condition: $L = 0.3mH, I_D = 37A, V_{DD} = 50V$
- ③ Pulse width $\leq 300\mu s$; duty cycle $\leq 1.5\%$ $R_G = 25\Omega$ Starting $T_J = 25^\circ C$

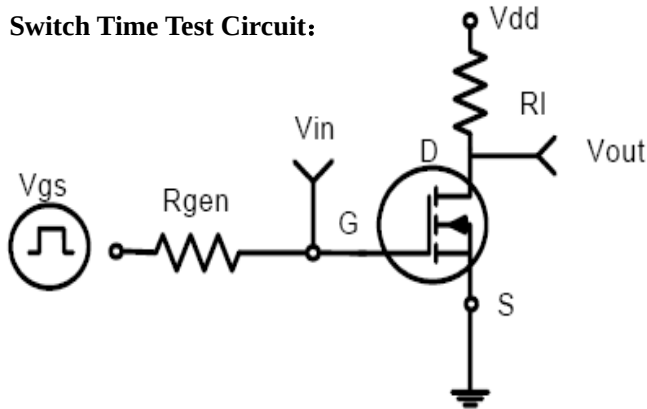
EAS test circuits:



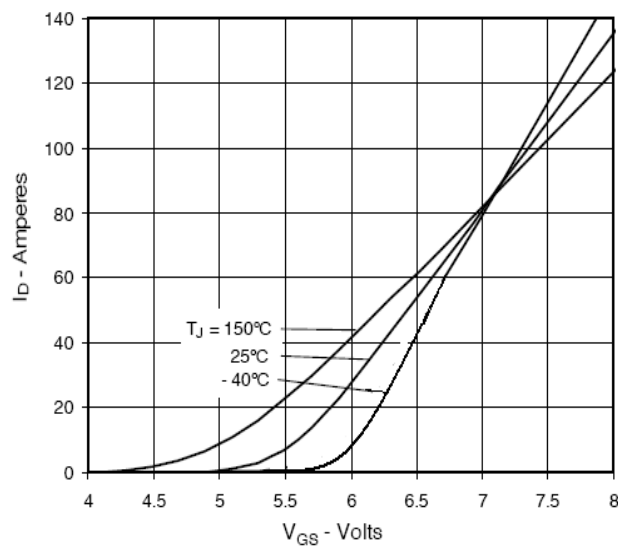
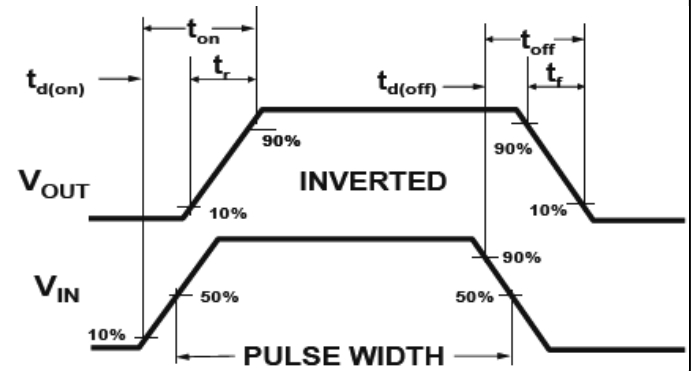
Gate charge test circuit:



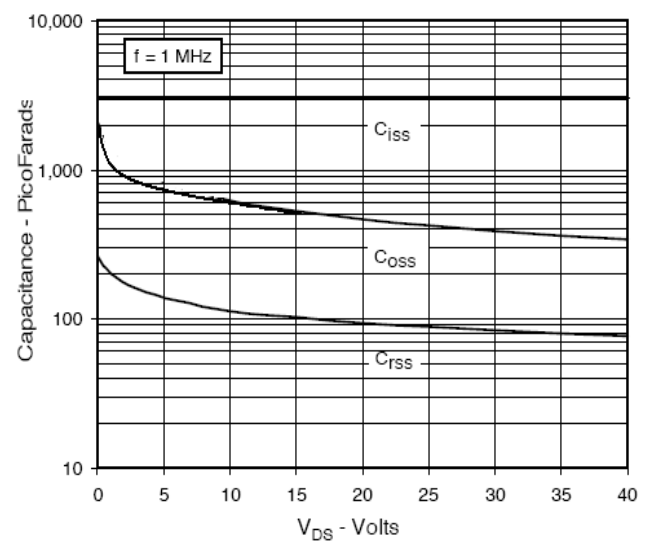
Switch Time Test Circuit:



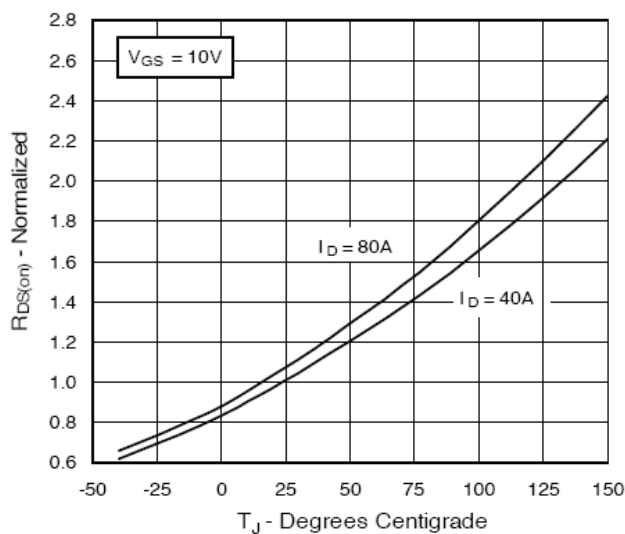
Switch Waveforms:



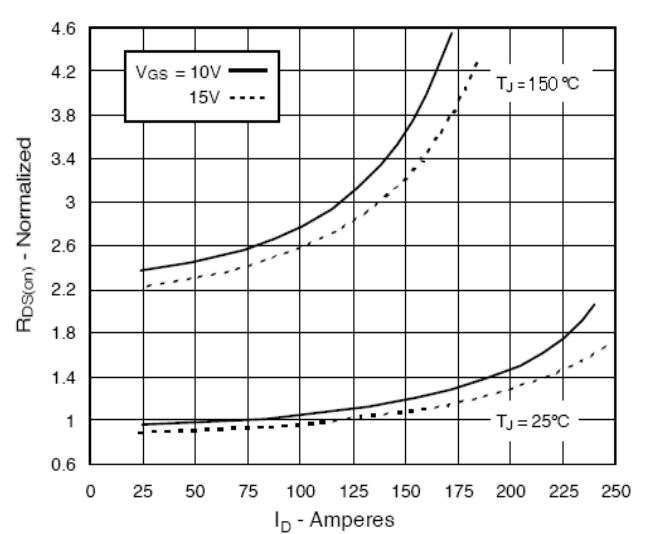
Input Admittance



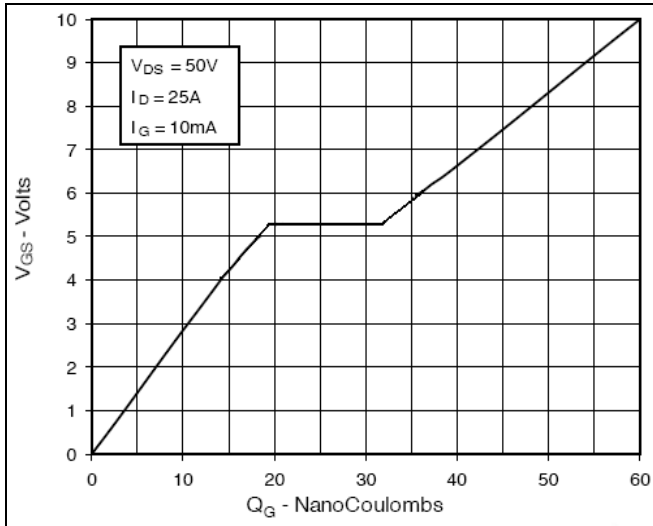
Capacitance



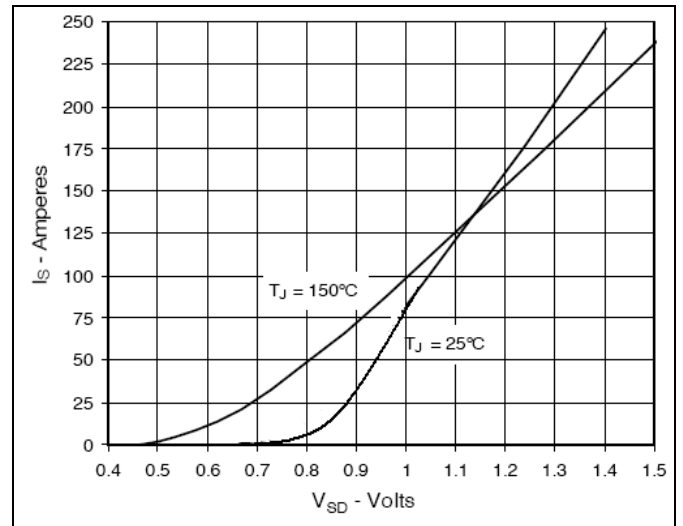
On Resistance vs. Junction Temperature



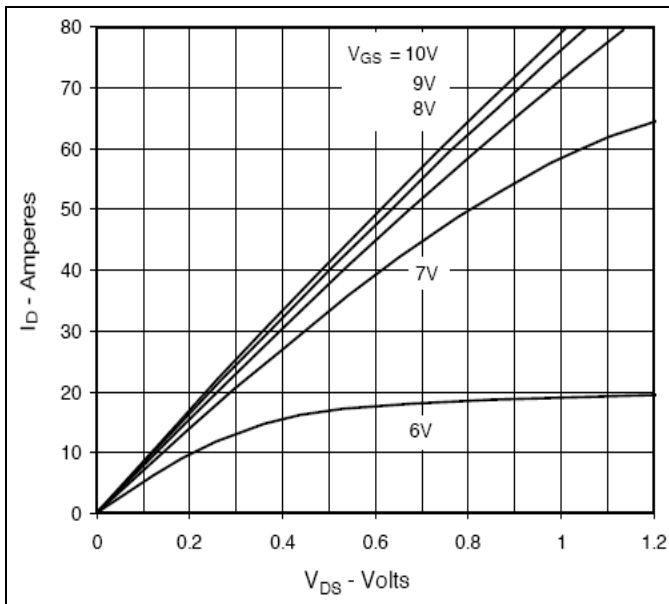
On Resistance vs. Drain Current



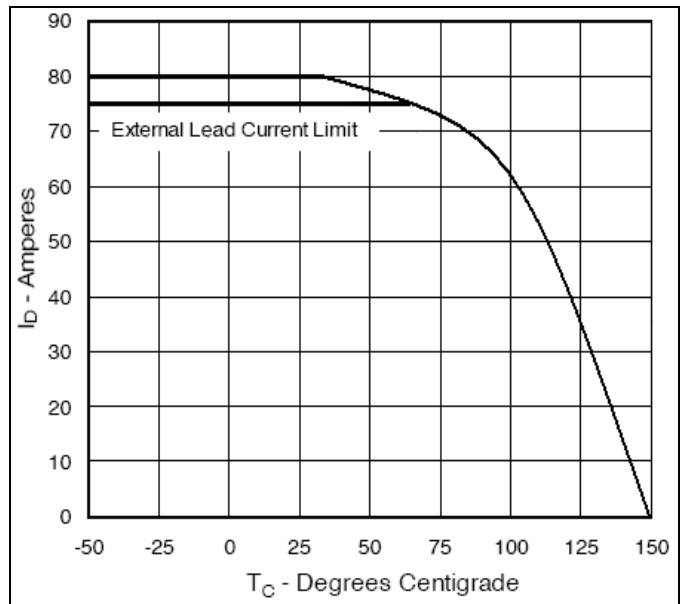
Gate Charge



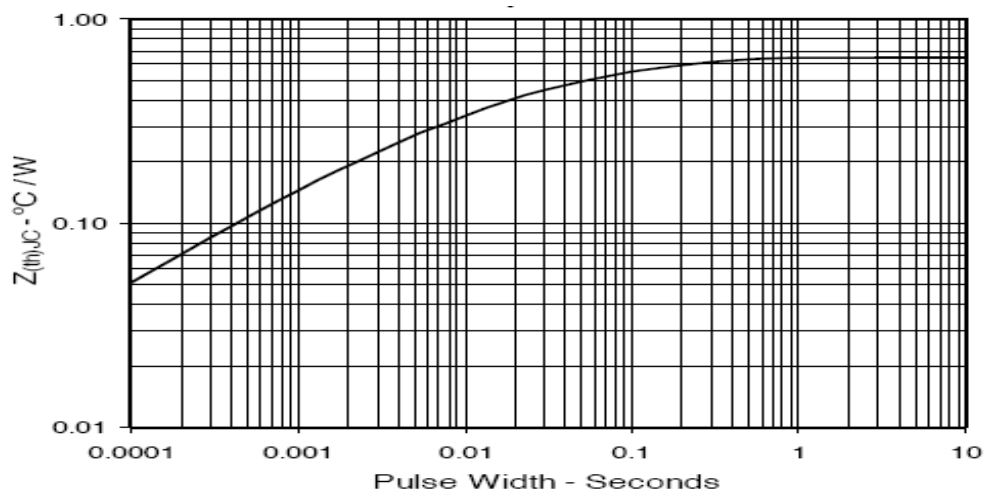
Forward Voltage Drop of Intrinsic Diode



Output Characteristics@25°C



Drain Current vs. Case Temperature



Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance

TO220 MECHANICAL DATA:

