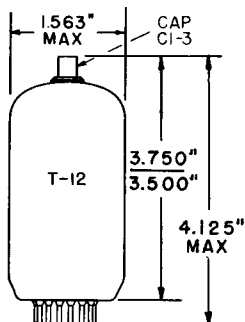
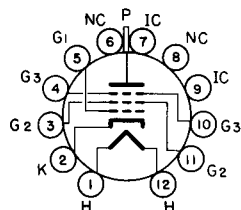


TUNG-SOL**PENTODE****COMPACTRON**

GLASS BULB
BUTTON 12 PIN
BASE E12-74
OUTLINE DRAWING
JEDEC 12-89

BEAM PENTODE
FOR
TV HORIZONTAL-DEFLECTION
AMPLIFIER APPLICATIONS

COATED UNIPOTENTIAL CATHODE
ANY MOUNTING POSITION



BOTTOM VIEW
BASING DIAGRAM
JEDEC 12FY

THE 6JS6 IS A BEAM-POWER PENTODE IN THE T-12 COMPACTRON CONSTRUCTION. IT IS DESIGNED PRIMARILY FOR USE AS THE HORIZONTAL-DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER IN TELEVISION RECEIVERS. A SEPARATE CONNECTION IS PROVIDED FOR THE BEAM PLATES (GRID 3) TO MINIMIZE "SNI-VETS".

DIRECT INTERELECTRODE CAPACITANCES

WITHOUT EXTERNAL SHIELD

GRID 1 TO PLATE: (G1 TO P)	0.7	pf
INPUT: G1 TO (H + K + G2 + G3)	0.24	pf
OUTPUT: P TO (H + K + G2 + G3)	0.10	pf

HEATER CHARACTERISTICS AND RATINGS

AVERAGE CHARACTERISTICS	6.3 VOLTS	2.25	AMPS.
LIMITS OF APPLIED VOLTAGE		6.3 ± 0.6	VOLTS
HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE			
HEATER POSITIVE WITH RESPECT TO CATHODE			
DC COMPONENT		100	VOLTS
TOTAL DC AND PEAK		200	VOLTS
HEATER NEGATIVE WITH RESPECT TO CATHODE			
TOTAL DC AND PEAK		200	VOLTS

CONTINUED ON FOLLOWING PAGE

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MAXIMUM RATINGS

DESIGN-MAXIMUM VALUES - SEE EIA STANDARD RS-239

HORIZONTAL - DEFLECTION AMPLIFIER SERVICE

DC PLATE-SUPPLY VOLTAGE (BOOST + DC POWER SUPPLY)	990	VOLTS
PEAK POSITIVE PULSE PLATE VOLTAGE - ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM	7,500	VOLTS
PEAK NEGATIVE PULSE PLATE VOLTAGE	1,100	VOLTS
POSITIVE DC GRID 3 VOLTAGE	70	VOLTS
GRID 2 VOLTAGE	190	VOLTS
PEAK NEGATIVE GRID 1 VOLTAGE	250	VOLTS
PLATE DISSIPATION ^A	28	WATTS
GRID 2 DISSIPATION	5.5	WATTS
DC CATHODE CURRENT	315	MA.
PEAK CATHODE CURRENT	1,100	MA.
GRID 1 CIRCUIT RESISTANCE	1.0	MEGOHMS
BULB TEMPERATURE AT HOTTEST POINT ON BULB	225	° C

A- IN STAGES OPERATING WITH GRID-LEAK BIAS, AN ADEQUATE CATHODE-BIAS RESISTOR OR OTHER SUITABLE MEANS IS REQUIRED TO PROTECT THE TUBE IN THE ABSENCE OF EXCITATION.

CHARACTERISTICS AND TYPICAL OPERATION

PLATE VOLTAGE	5,000	70	175	VOLTS
GRID 3 CONNECTED TO CATHODE AT SOCKET				
GRID 2 VOLTAGE	125	125	125	VOLTS
GRID 1 VOLTAGE	-	0	-25	VOLTS
PLATE CURRENT	-	570 ^B	125	MA.
GRID 2 CURRENT	-	34 ^B	4.5	MA.
GRID 1 VOLTAGE FOR $I_b = 1.0$ MA. - APPROX.	-140	-	-54	VOLTS
TRIODE AMPLIFICATION FACTOR ^C	-	-	3	

B- VALUES MEASURED BY A METHOD INVOLVING A RECURRENT WAVEFORM SUCH THAT THE PLATE AND GRID 2 DISSIPATIONS WILL BE KEPT WITHIN RATINGS IN ORDER TO PREVENT DAMAGE TO THE TUBE.

C- TRIODE CONNECTION (Grid 2 tied to plate) WITH $E_b = E_{c2} = 125$ VOLTS, AND $E_{c1} = -25$ VOLTS.